

Software Architecture and Techniques

Verify Functional Features

Characteristics

- Change should be cheap
- You should have a feedback loop, software design and development are an **empirical** activity
- Do not use speculation to add extra complexity
- Always think three things that might go **wrong**
- Work in **smaller teams** to produce **good software**

Agile Architecture Rules

- Features should be validated through tests
- Tests should be automated
- Tests should be run before each release to avoid regression errors
- Releases are performed multiple times per Sprint

Functional Requirements (1/2)

- **S** – Specific
- **M** – Measurable → **acceptance criteria**
- **A** – Attainable
- **R** – Realizable → within a sprint
- **T** – Traceable → **acceptance tests**

Stories as Functional Requirements (2/2)

I

NDEPENDENT

Stories should be as independent as possible

N

EGOTIABLE

A story is not a contract

V

ALUABLE

If a story does not have discernible value, it should not be done

E

STIMATABLE

A story has to be understood well enough to be estimated

S

MALL

Stories are small chunks of work

T

ESTABLE

Stories need to be testable in order to be 'done'

Stories

- As [role] *I can* [function] *so that* [rationale]
- As a student, *I can* find my grades online *so that* I don't have to wait until the next day to know whether I passed.
- Acceptance Criteria → Specification by Example
- A story should be **told** and trigger a **discussion**

Use Cases

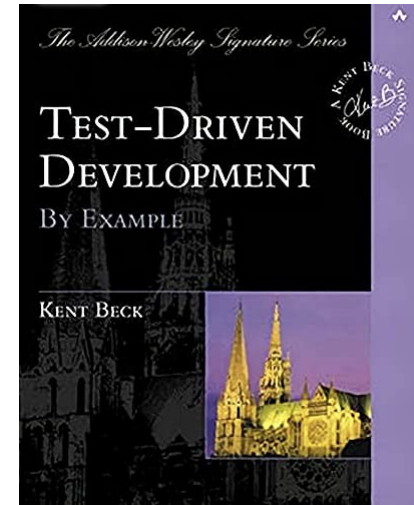
- Use Cases are dead. Just forget them.
 - Related Use Cases → Epics (*and use story maps*)
 - Primary Actors → Personas
 - Main Scenario → Story
 - Flow in Scenario → Discussion e.g. through refinement or event storming
 - Alternative Scenarios → Acceptance Criteria

Validation

- TDD
 - Safety net for refactoring and documentation by example
- ATDD
 - Subsystem level
 - System level – Java Modules or ArchUnit for architecture validation –
- User Interface Tests
 - Selenium – *try to minimize their number -, they are brittle*

Test Driven Tests *TDD*

- Validate the behavior of a class or a package
- Security net empowering you to refactor
- Should be part of definition of done
DoD in Scrum

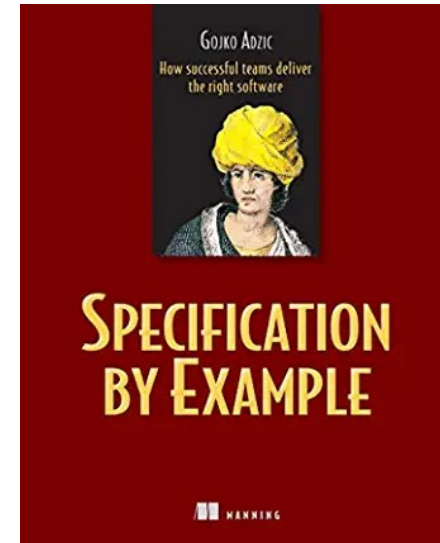


TDD Tools

- JUnit 5
- AssertJ
- Mockito
- Part of CI/CD

Acceptance Test Driven Tests *ATDD*

- Part of any story are acceptance criteria.
 - Acceptance criteria should be implemented as automated tests
 - All acceptance criteria should be executed before a release to mitigate regression issues
- Part of specification by example approach



ATTD Tools

- Same as with TDD: JUnit 5, AssertJ, Mockito
- Cucumber, Jbehave: *tools are stagnating*
- Own libraries and approaches

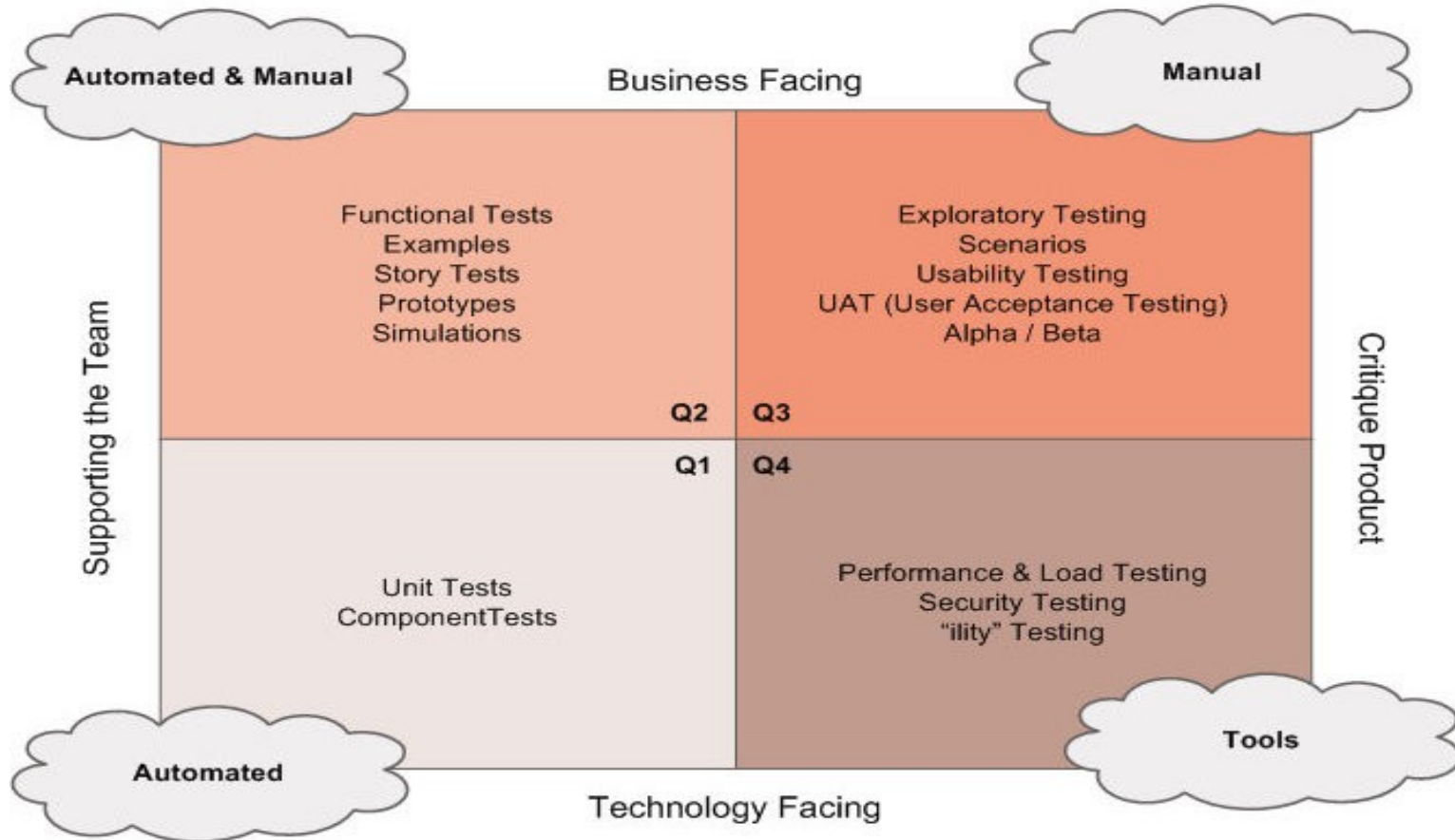
Interface Tests

- Interface are often either user interface or some REST services
- REST services define a contract with users and shall be tested as acceptance tests
- User interface are the window to your application

Interface Test Tools

- Services
 - Swagger, Postman, Jmeter
- User Interface
 - Selenium

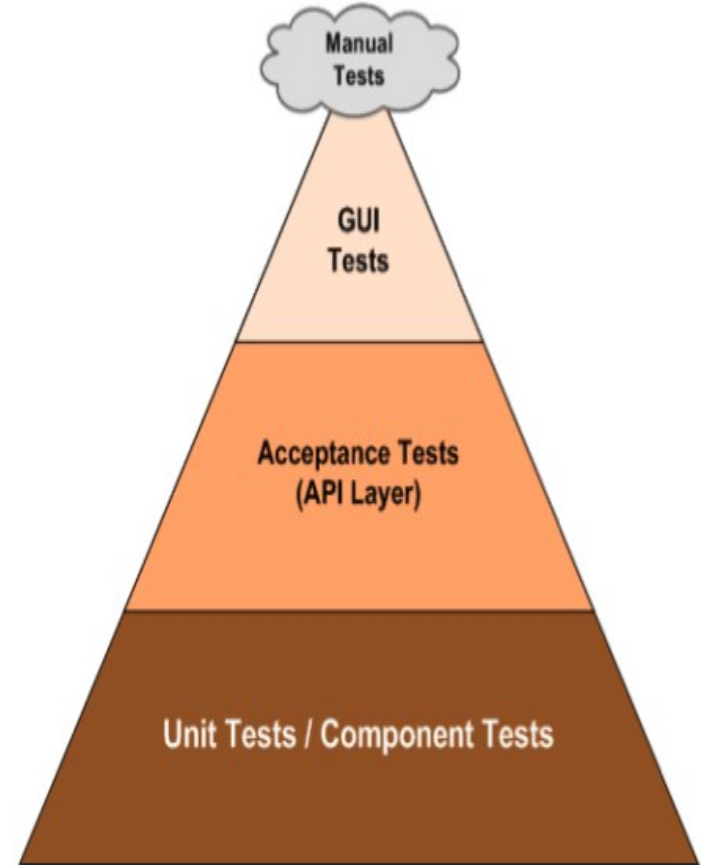
Testing Quadrants



Testing Pyramid

Automate all your tests:

- 4000 Unit Tests, 800 Acceptance Tests, 150 GUI Tests, 30 Manual Tests, 1 week “-ility” tests with 12 scenarios
- 2 weeks iteration, 1 year duration => 26 tests campaigns for a potentially shippable product
- 4 releases => 4 test campaigns for deployed product
- *Code is refactored in each sprint, every two weeks*



3 Verification Report

3.1 Summary

Number of test cases	passed	25
	failed	0
Total number of test cases performed		25

3.2 List of Test Results

TC ID	TC Name	Author	Reviewer	Date / Time	Result	
UTC291	RunDailyAndWeeklyMaintenance	Peter Rey / pr	n/a	4/24/2009 10:31:58	PASSED	
UTC292	AddInstrument	5.8 UTC298 - InstrumentInitializationMaintenanceRequired			:59	PASSED
UTC293	Connect				:01	PASSED
UTC294	DisconnectPhoenix				:02	PASSED
UTC295	Implement				:02	PASSED
UTC296	InstrumentNotifyIns				:02	PASSED
UTC297	Instrument				:02	PASSED
UTC298	InstrumentMaintenance					SED
UTC299	Instrument					SED
UTC300	LogException					SED
UTC301	LogMethod					SED

ID	UTC298
Name	InstrumentInitializationMaintenanceRequired
Author	Peter Rey / pr
Reviewer	n/a
Description	If the ML_STAR instrument is switched on, the initialization of the ML_STAR instrument and the heater shaker was successful but there is outstanding maintenance, the instrument view shall be notified with the instrument status maintenance required
Test Methods	- Normal Case
Execution Date	4/24/2009 10:32:00 AM
Time	USP742
Host ID	OLOS
User	peterrey
Environment	NUnit with Test
Pre-Condition	None
Details	Description: SPI co Expected Outcome Outcome: Object is PASSED

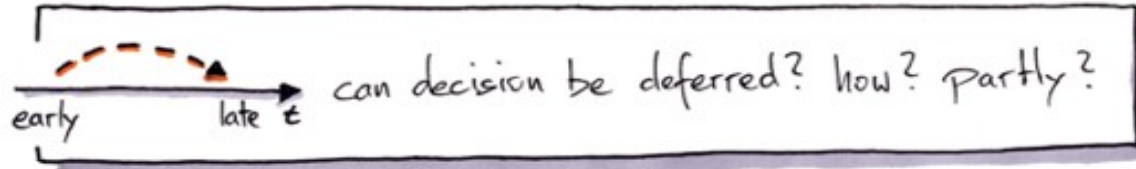
UTC298	InstrumentInitializationMaintenanceRequired	Criticality: Low
UTC299	InstrumentInitializationMaintenanceRequired	Criticality: Low
UTC300	UnexpectedErrorOnInstrument	Criticality: High
UTC301	UnexpectedErrorOnInstrument	Criticality: Low

Architecture Goals

- **Reduce** Complexity
- **Increase** Changeability
- **Enable** Parallel Development

You have three programming paradigms: structured, object-oriented, and functional

Architecture Questions



- persist data of your system to survive restart
- how to translate UI and data
- communication between parts of your system
- scaling (run on multiple threads, processes, machines)
- security (how to authenticate, authorize)
- journaling (Activities, data)
- reporting
- data migration / data import
- releasability
- backwards compatibility
- response times
- Archiving data

design to be independent
on decision

Quality Attributes

- Loose Coupling
- High Cohesion
- Design for Change
- Separation of Concerns
- Information Hiding
- *Good Practices: DDD, legibility of artifacts, git for traceability, infrastructure as code*

Quality Attributes

- Abstraction
- Modularity
- Traceability
- Decrease operating costs – *tracing, logging, monitoring* -
- Self documenting – *clean code* – **and** JavaDoc
- Incremental design

How Can You Reach These Goals?

- Spikes
- Experience and ask experts
- Codified knowledge – e.g. Java API, slf4j -
- Copy, modify, mutate, improve
- Refactor
- Unlock collective wisdom – *ask questions in forums!* -

Quality Citations

Lowering quality lengthens development time.

- **First Law Of Programming**

The quality of Code is inversely proportional to the effort it takes to understand it.

When I wrote this, only God and I understood what I was doing. Now God only knows.

Prefer good code over clever code.

Those who sacrifice quality to get performance may end up getting neither.

Reflection

- How can you learn faster?
- What should you change in your team to improve?
- How can you deliver better products?
- How can you improve quality of your products?

Exercises (1/2)

- Unit Testing
- Module Testing
- Integration Testing
- Story Map Testing

Exercises (2/2)

- Read the optional architecture document
- Coding dojos
 - Implement and refactor a pattern – e.g. Builder, Factory Method, Factory -
 - Show your logging approach and associated code