

Kaggle Shopping Data Exploration

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Import Data

text

```
# Use here() to make it dynamic
raw_data <- read_csv(here("shopping", "data", "raw_data","kaggle_shopping.csv"))
```

```
Rows: 1500 Columns: 9
-- Column specification -----
Delimiter: ","
dbl (9): Age, Gender, AnnualIncome, NumberOfPurchases, ProductCategory, Time...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
raw_data
```

```
# A tibble: 1,500 x 9
  Age   Gender AnnualIncome NumberOfPurchases ProductCategory
  <dbl>   <dbl>      <dbl>          <dbl>           <dbl>
1    40     1       66120.          8            0
2    20     1       23580.          4            2
3    27     1      127821.         11            2
4    24     1      137799.         19            3
5    31     1      99301.          19            1
6    66     1      37758.          14            4
7    39     1      126883.         16            3
8    64     1      39707.          13            2
9    43     0      102797.         20            1
```

```

10      20      1      63855.          16          0
# i 1,490 more rows
# i 4 more variables: TimeSpentOnWebsite <dbl>, LoyaltyProgram <dbl>,
#   DiscountsAvailed <dbl>, PurchaseStatus <dbl>

raw_data <- raw_data %>%
  mutate(across(c(Gender, ProductCategory, LoyaltyProgram, PurchaseStatus), as.factor))

summary(raw_data)

```

	Age	Gender	AnnualIncome	NumberOfPurchases	ProductCategory
Min.	:18.0	0:743	Min. : 20002	Min. : 0.00	0:289
1st Qu.	:31.0	1:757	1st Qu.: 53029	1st Qu.: 5.00	1:331
Median	:45.0		Median : 83700	Median :11.00	2:273
Mean	:44.3		Mean : 84249	Mean :10.42	3:286
3rd Qu.	:57.0		3rd Qu.:117168	3rd Qu.:15.00	4:321
Max.	:70.0		Max. :149785	Max. :20.00	
	TimeSpentOnWebsite	LoyaltyProgram	DiscountsAvailed	PurchaseStatus	
Min.	: 1.037	0:1010	Min. :0.000	0:852	
1st Qu.	:16.157	1: 490	1st Qu.:1.000	1:648	
Median	:30.940		Median :3.000		
Mean	:30.469		Mean :2.555		
3rd Qu.	:44.370		3rd Qu.:4.000		
Max.	:59.991		Max. :5.000		

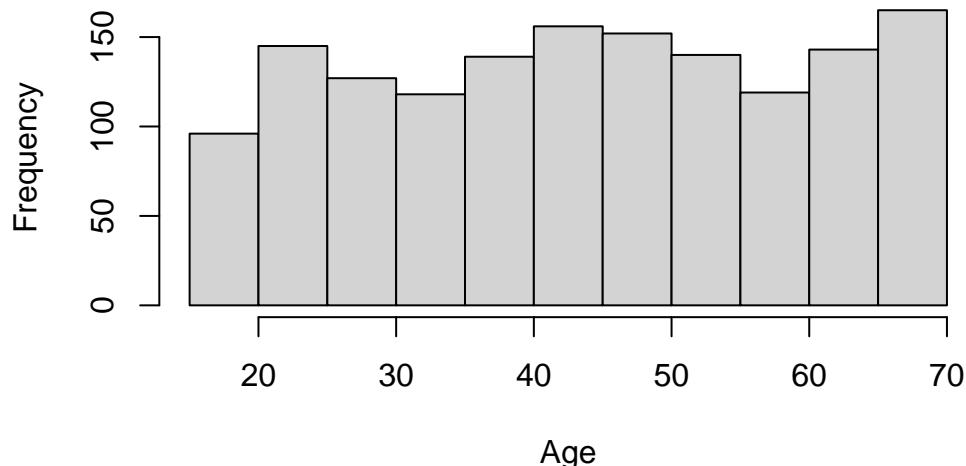
```

## Histogram of continuous variables
continuous_var <- c("Age", "AnnualIncome", "NumberOfPurchases", "TimeSpentOnWebsite", "DiscountsAvailed")

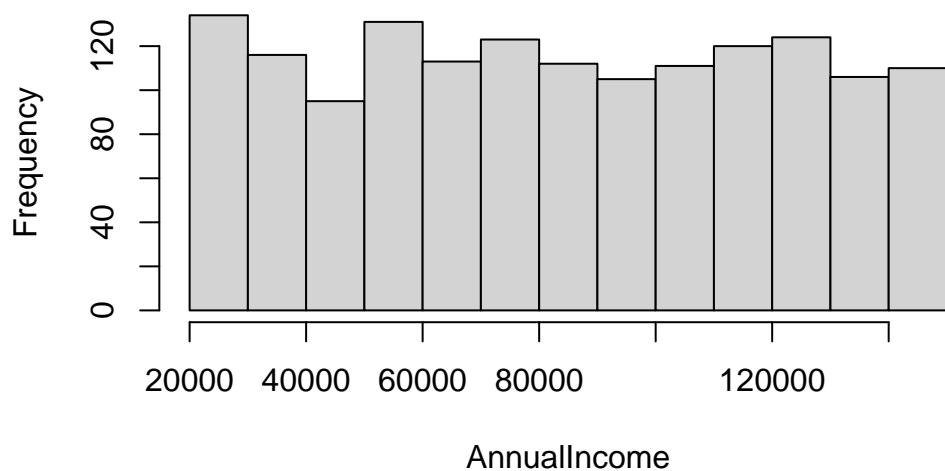
for (i in 1:length(continuous_var)) {
  hist(raw_data[[continuous_var[i]]], xlab = continuous_var[i],
    main = paste("Histogram of", continuous_var[i]))
}

```

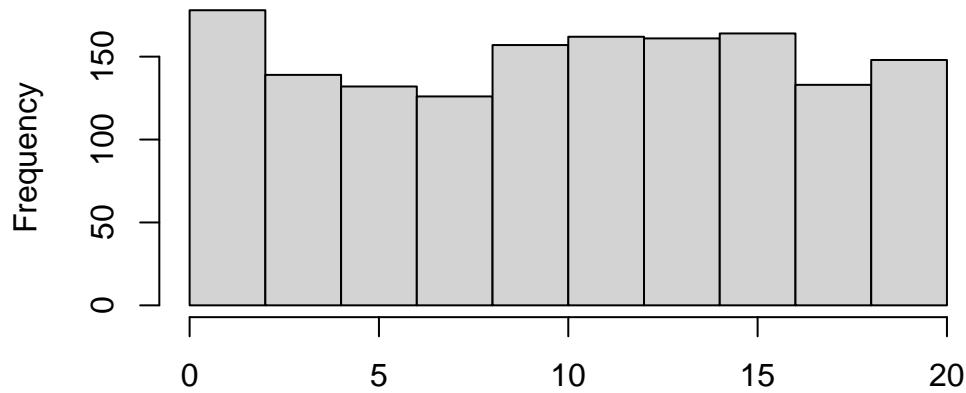
Histogram of Age



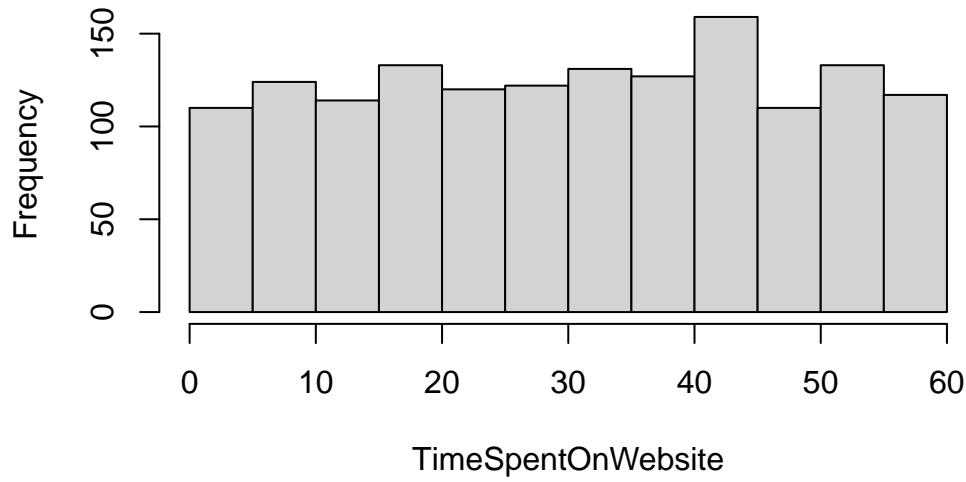
Histogram of AnnualIncome



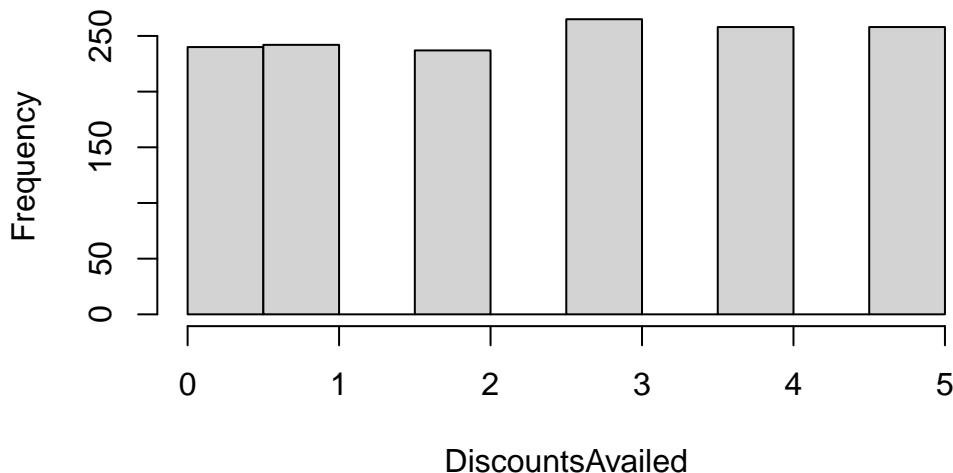
Histogram of NumberOfPurchases



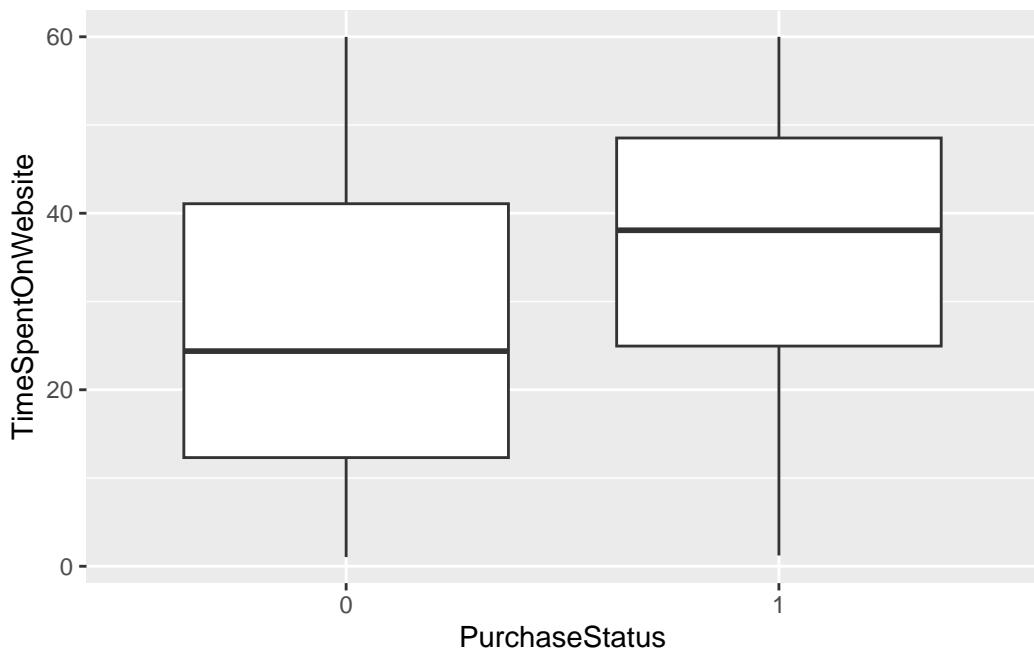
NumberOfPurchases
Histogram of TimeSpentOnWebsite



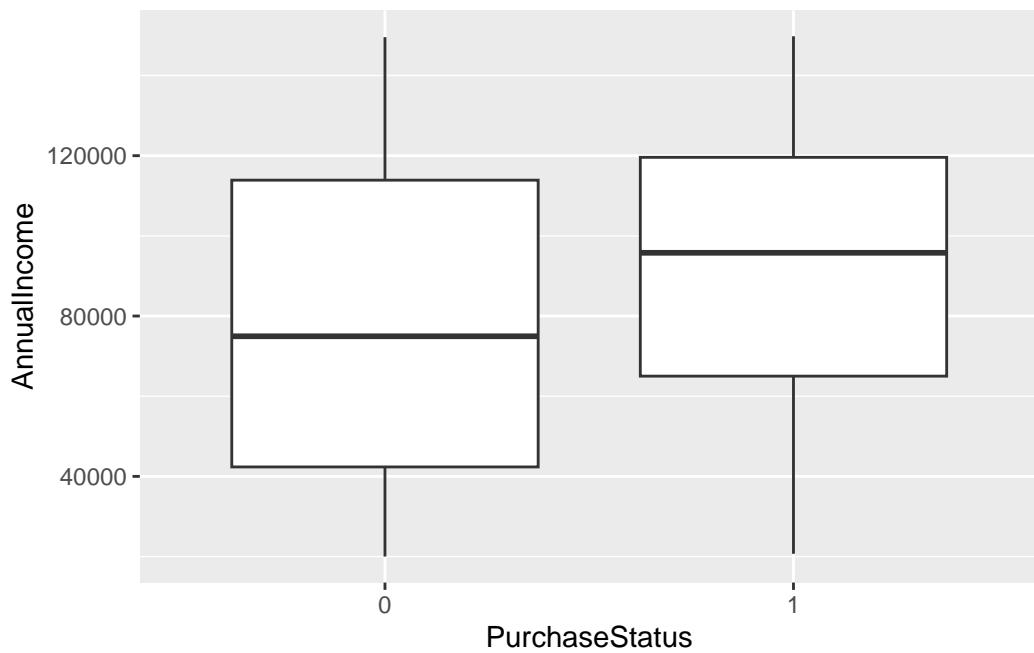
Histogram of DiscountsAvailed



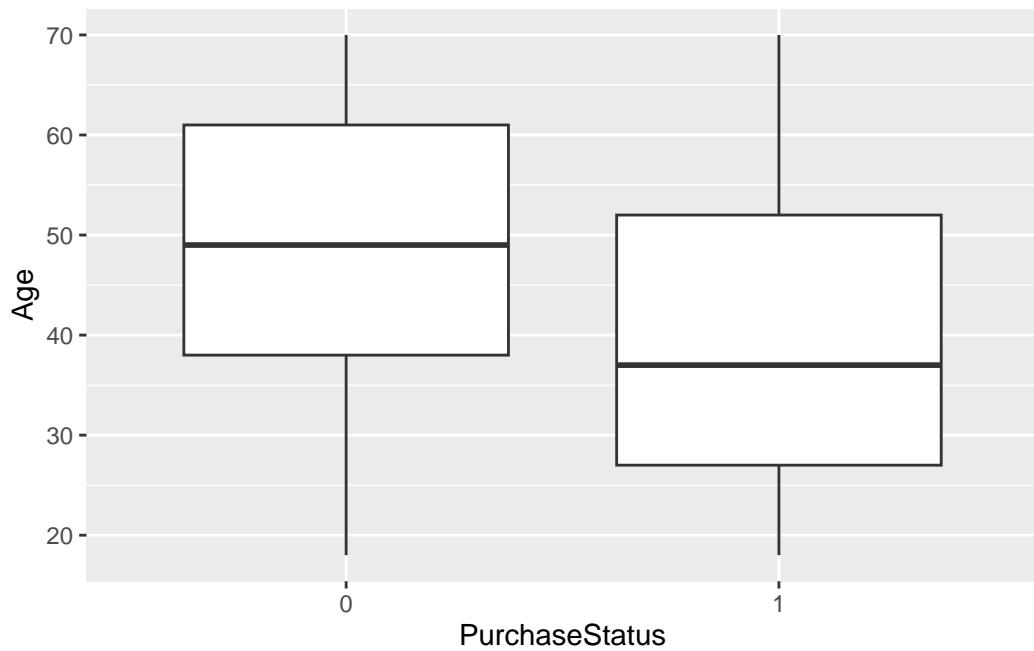
```
## Box plots
ggplot(data = raw_data, mapping = aes(x = PurchaseStatus, y = TimeSpentOnWebsite)) +
  geom_boxplot()
```



```
ggplot(data = raw_data, mapping = aes(x = PurchaseStatus, y = AnnualIncome)) +
  geom_boxplot()
```



```
ggplot(data = raw_data, mapping = aes(x = PurchaseStatus, y = Age)) +  
  geom_boxplot()
```



```
## Frequency tables  
prop.table(table(raw_data$LoyaltyProgram, raw_data$PurchaseStatus))
```

	0	1
0	0.4546667	0.2186667
1	0.1133333	0.2133333

```
## NEXT STEP: create a new column that introduces censoring (1 if customer bought something,  
## and 0 if the customer didn't buy something and if time spent is longer than cut off period)
```