Assignment 1

Siwei Tang (siweitang) sw.tang@mail.utoronto.ca

Changyan Xu (xuchangy) changyan.xu@mail.utoronto.ca

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Reference

Not applicable.

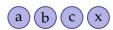
Question 4

Tree implementation of the disjoint set ADT.

- T1 use union-by-weight without path compression
- T2 use union-by-weight with path compression
- T3 use union-by-rank with path compression
- a) n = 8

Since both *T*1 and *T*2 are of the same union approach – union-by-weight, and only difference is with or without path compression, we shall make difference on both trees when it comes to a FIND-SET operation.

Step1: call MAKE-SET 4 times



Step2 :call UNION 3 times

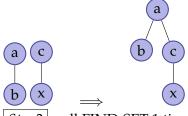
 $\overline{\text{UNION}}(a,b)$

UNION(c, x)

(by now, two sets formed and each weight are of 2.)

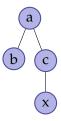
UNION(a, c)

(since both *T*1 and *T*2 are of the same union approach – union-by-weight, there is no difference of change before any FIND-SET operation takes.)



Step3: call FIND-SET 1 time

T1: since no path compression taken placed, FIND-SET would not change the tree representation.



T2: since path compression is needed, FIND-SET would change the tree representation when FIND-SET(x).



b) n = 9

Since *T*2 and *T*3 have different UNION approaches while both use path compression, all we need to make sure is to use UNION operation to make difference on *T*2 and *T*3, and no FIND-SET operation is needed.

Step1: call MAKE-SET 5 times



Step2: call UNION 3 times

UNION(a, b)

UNION(c, d)

UNION(c,e)

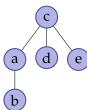
(so far, both T2 and T3 are of the same shape.)



Step3 : call UNION once again

 $\overline{\text{UNION}}(a,c)$

T2: Since set *a* has lighter weight than the set *c*, *c* becomes the new representative, and it results into a tree as followed:



T3: Since set a has the same rank as the set c, while both rank are of 1. However, a is alphabetically ranked ahead than c, a becomes the new representative, and it results into a tree as followed:

