TrackMe: Acceptance testing document Software Engineer 2 - 2018/2019

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 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Version}~1.0 \\ {\rm TODO~LINKS~HERE} \end{array}$

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1 Introduction and group reference

In this document, the acceptance testing performed on the TrackMe project of the following people is presented and explained.

Name of the authors: Avila, Schiatti and Virdi. Link to the repository: https://github.com/lauricdd/AvilaSchiattiVirdi. Document considered for the acceptance testing:

- Design document 2, present in the delivery folder
- Requirements and analysis document 2, present in the delivery folder
- Implementation and testing document, present in the delivery folder

2 Installation setup

For installing and running the project, the section 7.1 of the implementation document has been followed. A comment on this could be that the instructions presented are not much detailed and consists of only three steps. Furthermore, one may notice that having performed this initial release with docker, forces a user having a windows non-pro/ultimate version to install a virtual machine with an operative system that supports docker. However, this is considered to be reasonable, but some comments on this not-so-exceptional case would have been welcome.

However, the docker environment allows to setup the whole system really fast, and without any problem encountered.

3 Acceptance tests

The approach to acceptance testing, for both data for help and automated SOS, has been conducted in the following way. First of all, it has been decided to test all the possible use cases that are described in the second version of the requirements and analysis document (of course, only the scenarios that regards the implemented requirements and goals have been considered).

The exceptions of the various use cases have been considered too, since the system should behave properly, also, in these conditions.

Secondly, due to the fact that an user may behave in non-predicted way, other cases, for some requirements have been considered.

The procedure is presented in the following two subsections, each of which first exposes the tests performed on the use cases, divided by goal; after that, special cases and more strange behaviours are considered.

Finally, at the end of this chapter, it is possible to find some brief conclusions.

- 3.1 Data for help tests
- 3.2 Automated SOS tests
- 3.3 Conclusion

4 Additional comments

Here it follows a list of consideration and comments, that we would like to point out:

- The implementation and testing document, in our opinion, misses some points. In particular, a discussion on how the frameworks adopted match, in some sense, the requirements and the goal of the project is not present at all: what is possible to find is only a list of advantages and disadvantages of the framework, and most of them are not related to the system developed, but very general
- Motivations regarding the choice of implemented features of automated SOS is not present at all
- In the section regarding the test, it is said that "tests were done by hand"
 This choice has not been motivated and, of course, it presents obvious
 disadvantages: it is necessary to repeat all the tests as soon as an update
 or fix is released
- Most of the code that we looked at, in particular the backend, misses most
 of the documentation. For very few methods, some sort of comments is
 present
- Even if is present a sort of domain assumptions regarding security (i.e. D2 TrackMe addresses data protection and integrity against possible attacks), it is not clear what this concerns. Therefore, since we considered important, as users, to don't access APIs that concerns other users, we have tested also this possibility.
 - One should also note that password are saved in clear.
- It is not clear why, for accepting a request, it is requested to use also the SSN: the token should be the only thing relevant, from a API design point of view
- The code of aos.js misses, for some reason, all sort of indentation