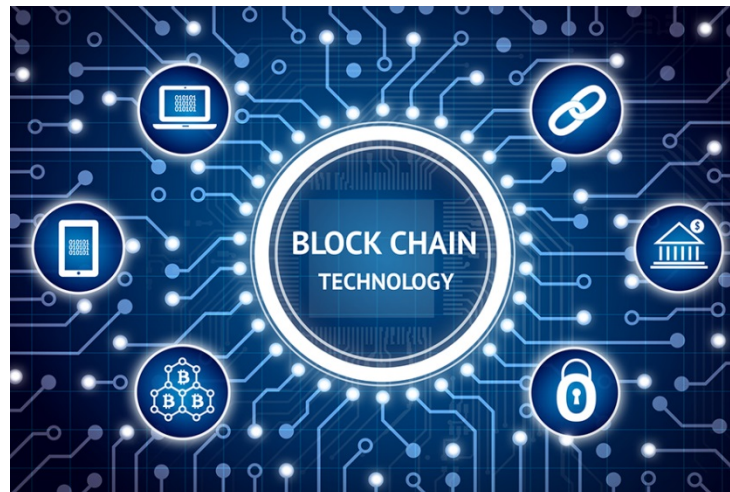


Where are computer networks now?



CE3005/CZ3006 Computer Networks

Lecture 1 Course Logistics and Internet History



Contents

- **Course Logistics**
 - Teaching staff
 - Lecture
 - Tutorial
 - Lab
 - Exam
- **A Brief History of Internet**
 - How this thing gets started

Course Logistics

Teaching Philosophy

TEACH LESS, LEARN MORE

TEACH HOW, LEARN WHAT

Teaching Staff

- **Lecturers**

- Dr. Jun LUO (Part I)
- Dr. Rui TAN



- Dr. Francis LEE (Part II)



Lecture

- **Time/Location**

- Tuesday 10:30 – 12:30, Online

- **Two Parts**

- Part I: week 1-3 (Jun Luo)
 week 5-6 (Rui Tan)
- E-Learning: week 7 (makeup lecture)
- Part II: week 8-13 (Francis Lee)

- **References**

- James K. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, *Computer Networking – A Top-Down Approach* (CN)
- Douglas E. Comer, *Computer Networks and Internets* (CNI)



CE3005/CZ3006 - Part I

- **Focusing on Underlying Layers**
 - Physical layer resilience
 - Data link layer
 - Flow control
 - Error control
 - Local area network
 - MAC
 - Wireless LAN
 - Mobile access
 - Network architecture and performance
 - Network design patterns

Part I Syllabus - Fundamental Underlying Layers

Lecture	Date	Subject
1	11/08/2020	Introduction
		Network layer & physical resilience
2	18/08/2020	Data link layer – Flow control
		Data link layer – Error control
3	25/08/2020	Local area network – Introduction
4	01/09/2020	Local area network – MAC
		Local area network – Ethernet
5	08/09/2020	Local area network – WLAN
		Mobile Access Networks: From 1G to 5G
6	22/09/2020	Packet switch network – Network paradigm

CE3005/CZ3006 – Part II

- **Covering Higher-Level Layers**
 - Applications
 - TCP protocol
 - IP protocol (main emphasis)
 - Routing process

Tutorial

- **Starting from the 3rd week**
 - Try all the problems before the session
- **7 Tutorials for the whole course**
 - 6 for regular sessions
 - 1 for E-learning
- **Problems & Questions**
 - Exam questions from previous years
 - Problems asked by you



Lab

- **Lab schedule**

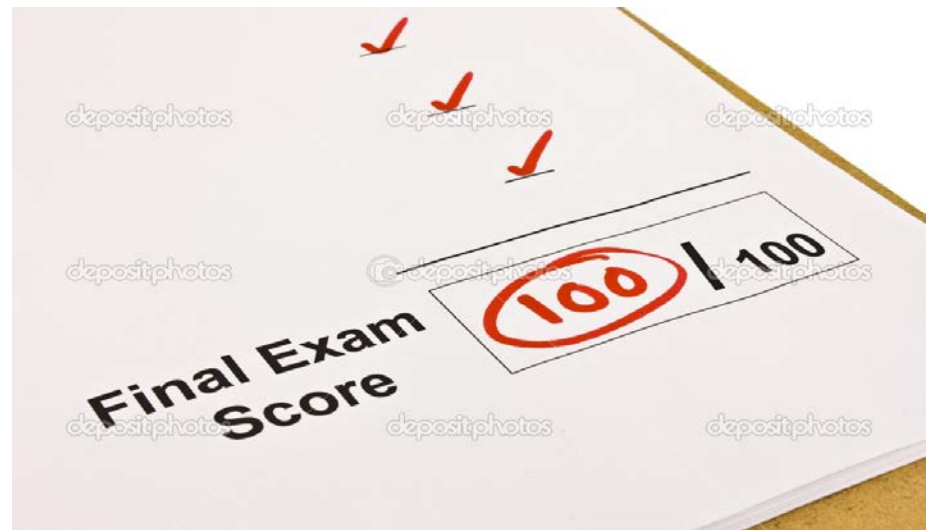
- Hardware Lab (CE) and Software Lab (CZ)
- Starting from 5th week
- Check your schedule ASAP

- **Lab contents**

- 3 Lab experiments
- Labs 3 is the most intriguing: mining Internet traffic data with Python
- Detailed lab organizations are elaborated in extra slides; please **carefully check them** on course site.

Exam/Grade

- **Two quizzes (0.5 hour each; 40%)**
 - Weeks 7 and 12/13; details will be announced at least two weeks in advance.
 - Each accounts of **20%** of the final mark
- **Five labs (60%)**
 - Labs 1 and 2: each **15%** of the final mark
 - Labs 3: **30%** of the final mark

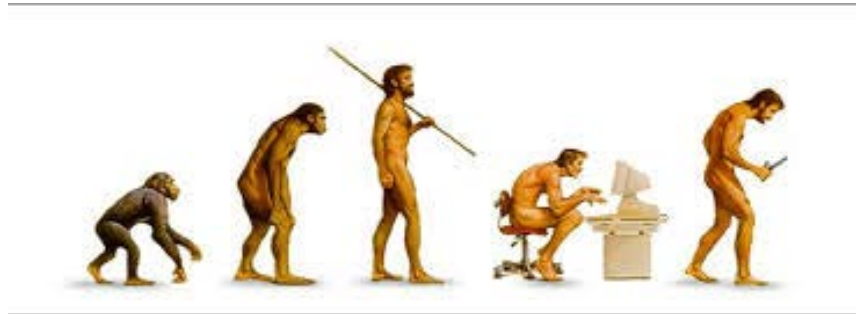


How to **ACE** this course

- Attend Tutorial
- Attend Lab
- Attend Lectures
- Keep your eyes open
- Keep your ears open
- Ask questions
 - You just talked about ..., I am confused about ..., can you explain again about ...?

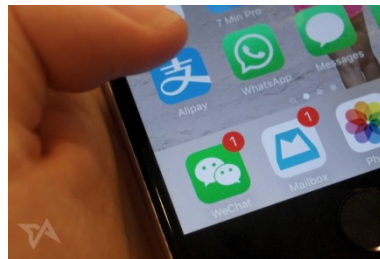


History of Internet



What is the Internet?

- WWW
- ftp
- telnet
- Email
- MSN/Skype
- P2P
- Social networking



An inter-connected infrastructure for information exchanging via standard protocols

Where Did It Come From?

- Early 1960's - DARPA (ARPA in 1960's) project headed by Licklider
- Late 1960's - ARPANET & research on packet switching by Lawrence Roberts
 - 02/09/1969 – Leonard Kleinrock's computer at UCLA became first node on the ARPANET
 - 29/10/1969 – First packets sent; Charlie Kline attempted use of remote login from UCLA to SRI; system crashed as "G" was entered
 - 05/12/1969 - Four nodes: UCLA, SRI, UCSB, University of Utah



12900169 100 LOADED OP. PROGRAM CSK
FOR BEN BARKER
BRV
22:30 Talked to SRI CSK
Host to Host
Left op. program CSK
running after sending
a host dead message
to imp.



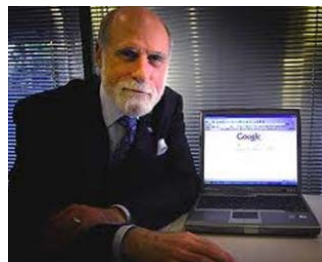
Get more info at:

<http://www.isoc.org/internet/history/>

<http://www.packet.cc/internet.html>

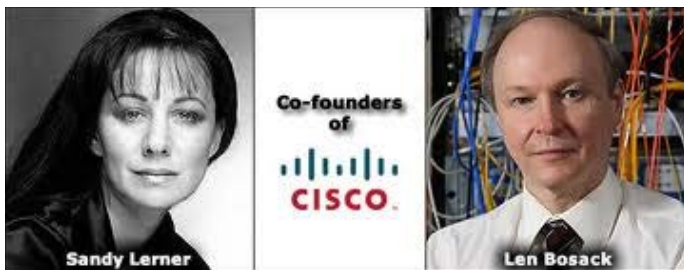
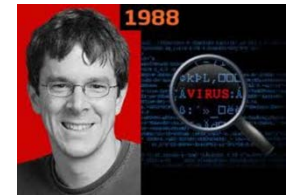
History of Internet

- **1969 – First RFCs by Steve Crocker (<http://rfc.sunsite.dk/>)**
- **1971 – Email by Ray Tomlinson @ BBN**
- **1970's – Protocol development**
 - 1972-1974 TCP/IP developed by Vint Cerf & Bob Kahn
 - 1973 – Ethernet by Metcalfe @ PARC
 - 1974 TCP draft produced, split into TCP and IP in 1978
- **DNS – Distributed and scalable mechanism for resolving host names into IP addresses**
- **UC Berkeley implements TCP/IP into Unix BSD**
- **1985 – Internet used by researchers and developers**

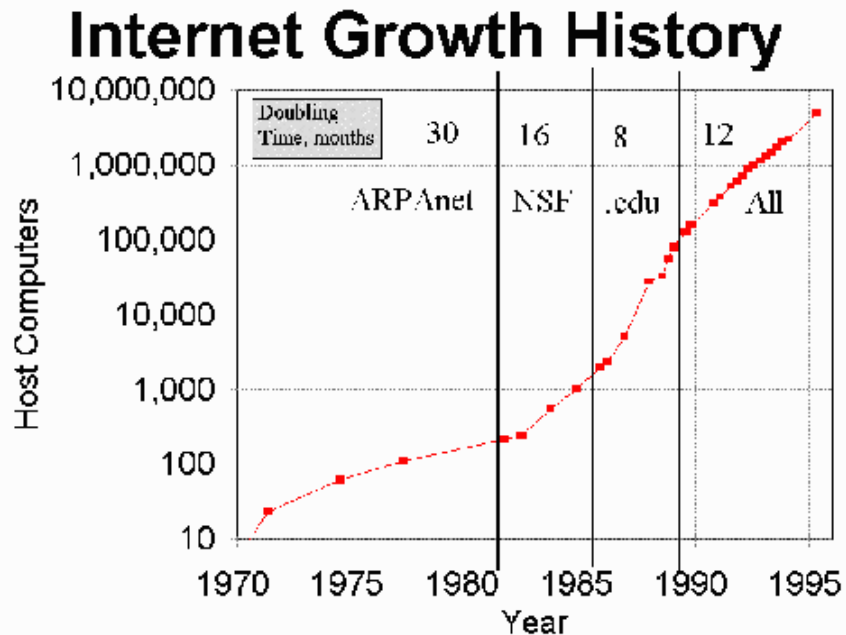


History of Internet

- **November 1988 – Internet worm affecting about 10% of the 60000 computers on the Internet (Robert Morris, Cornell)**
- **Tim Berners-Lee at CERN in 1989**
 - Proposal for WWW in 1990
 - First web page on November 13, 1990
- **Cisco(1984), Google (1998), Facebook(2004), Twitter(2006), Dropbox(2008) ...**



Internet Growth Trends



← THE INTERNET GROWTH →

North America

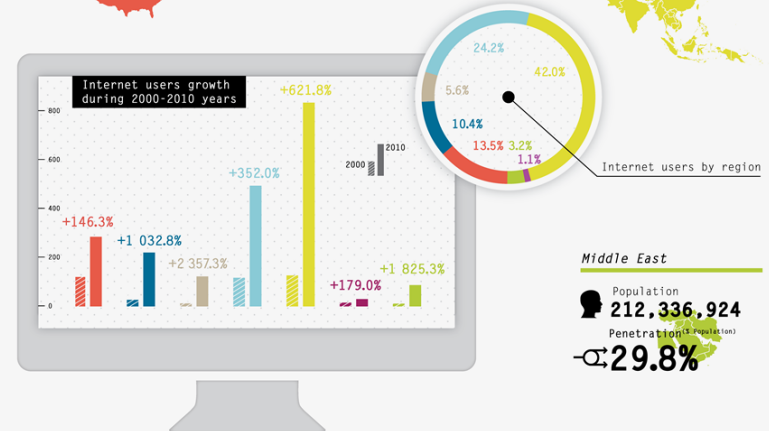
Population
344 124 450
Penetration (% Population)
77.4%

Europe

Population
813 319 511
Penetration (% Population)
58.4%

Asia

Population
3 834 792 852
Penetration (% Population)
21.5%



Latin America/Caribbean

Population
592 556 972
Penetration (% Population)
34.5%

Africa

Population
1 013 779 050
Penetration (% Population)
10.9%

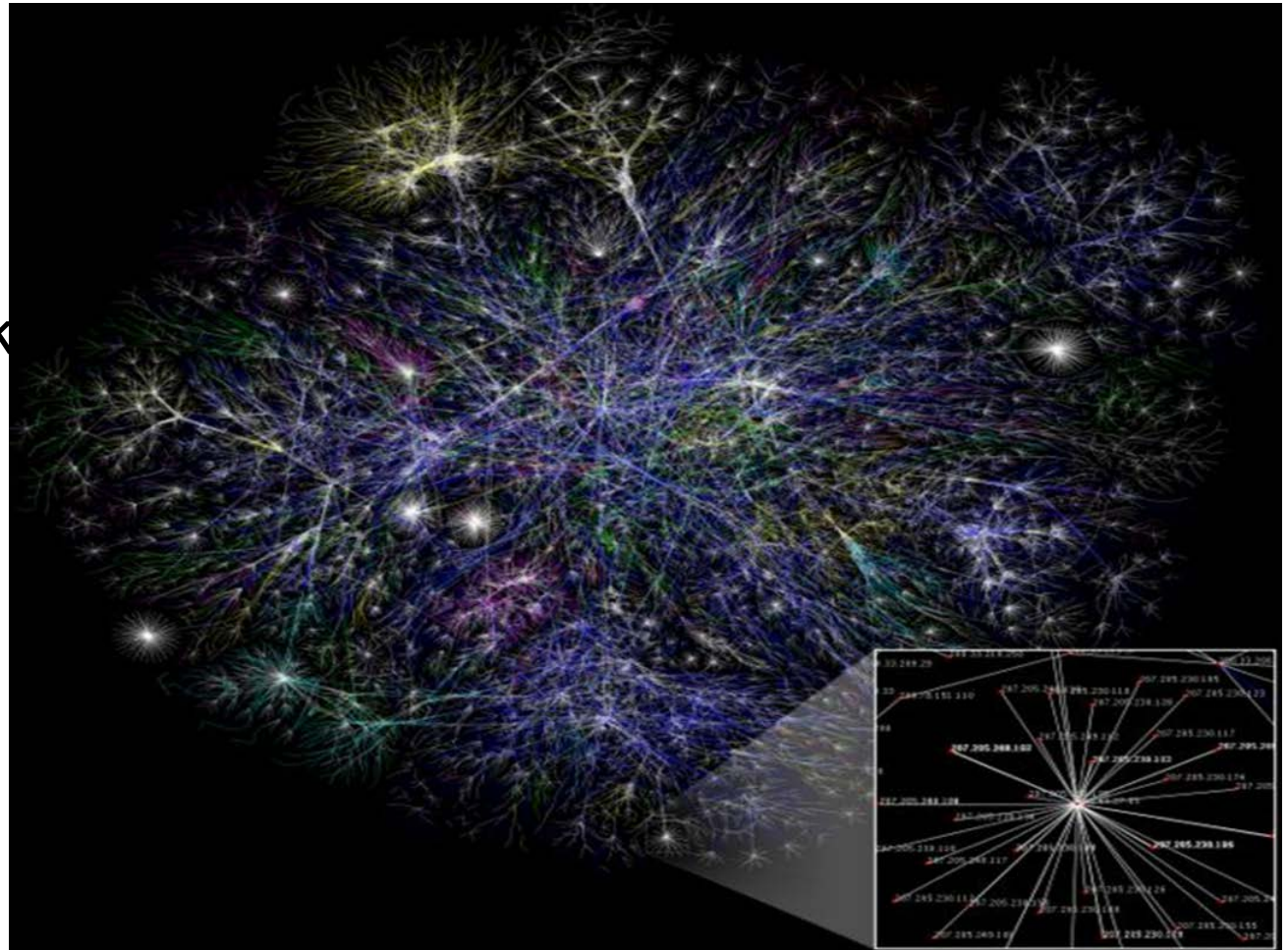
Oceania/Australia

Population
34 700 201
Penetration (% Population)
61.3%

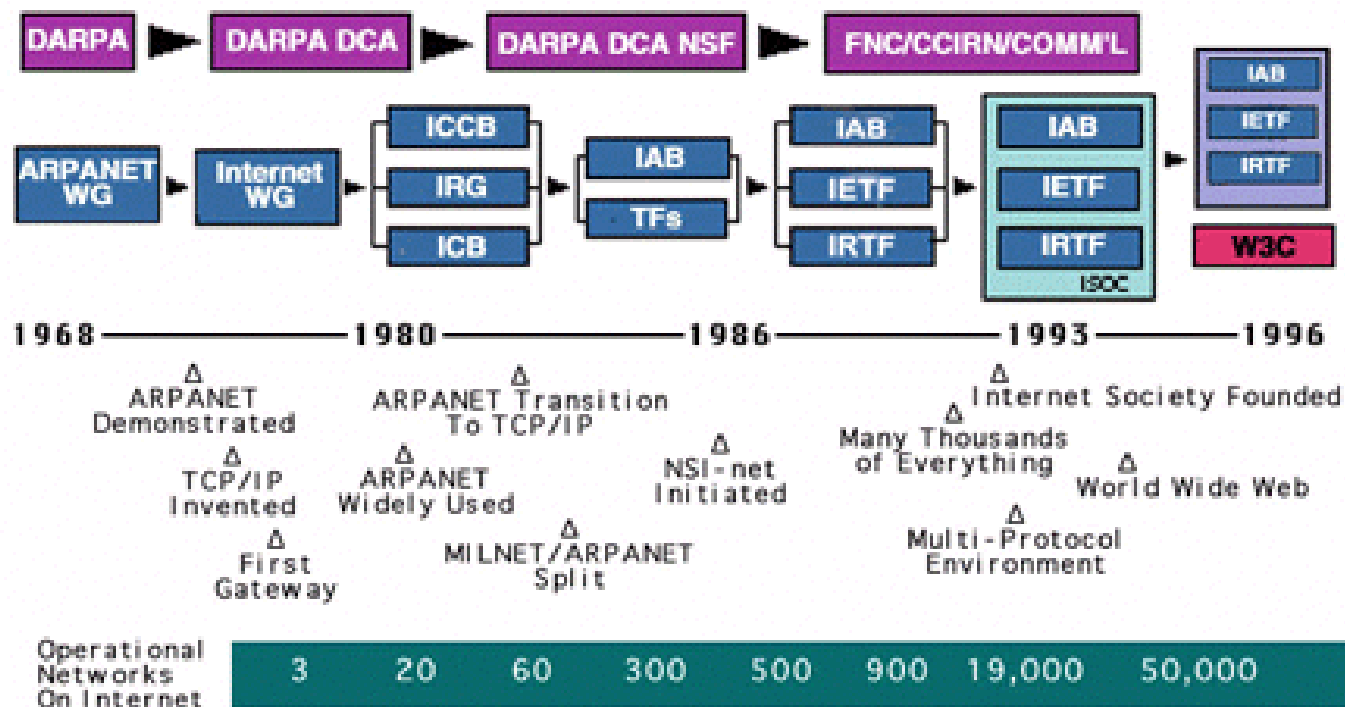
© WebHostingGeeks.com

Internet Map

- **Father**
 - Cerf
 - Kahn
 - Kleinrock
 - Metcalfe
 - Gore
- **Mother**
 - Sally Floyd ?



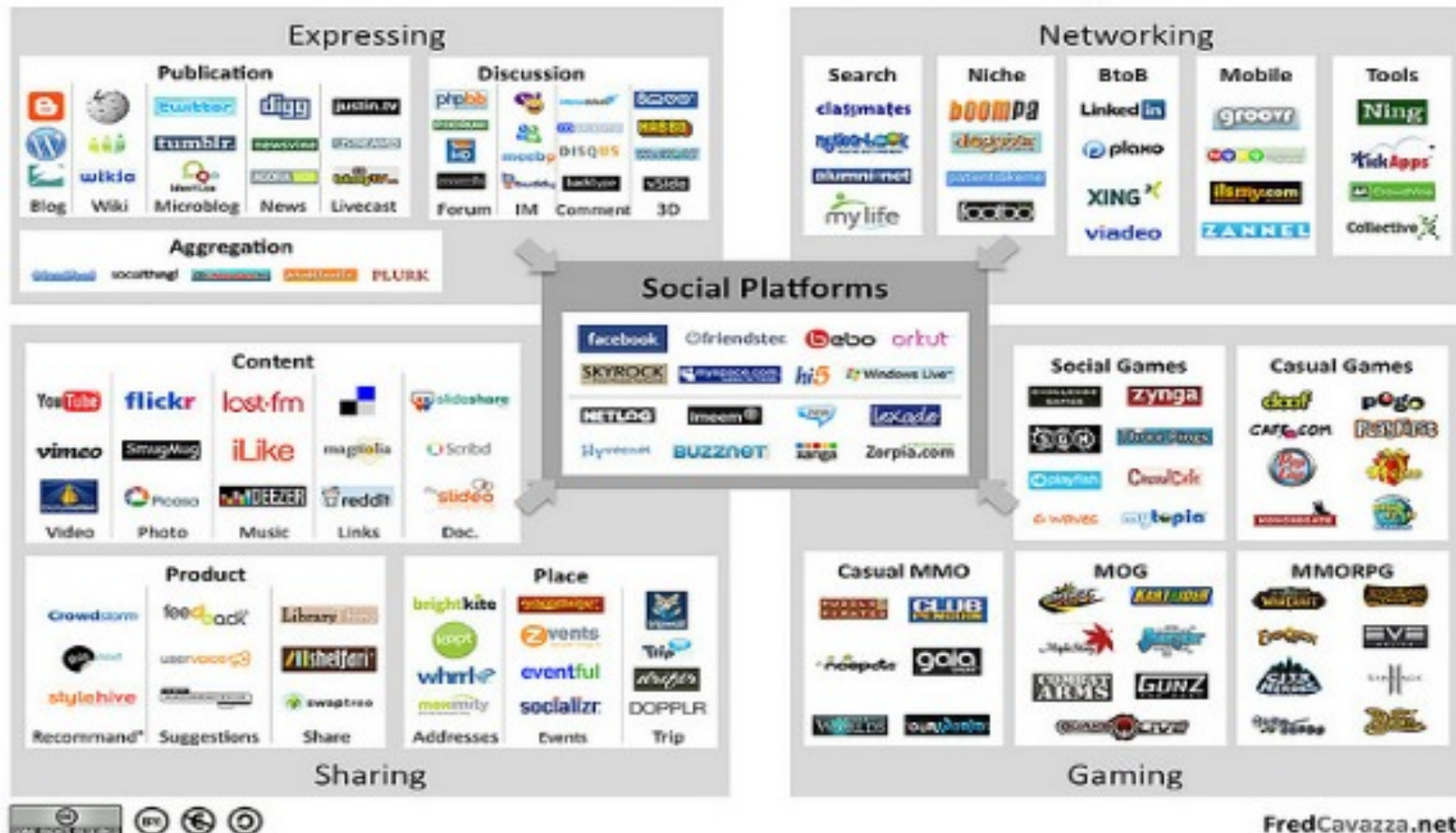
Brief History of the Internet



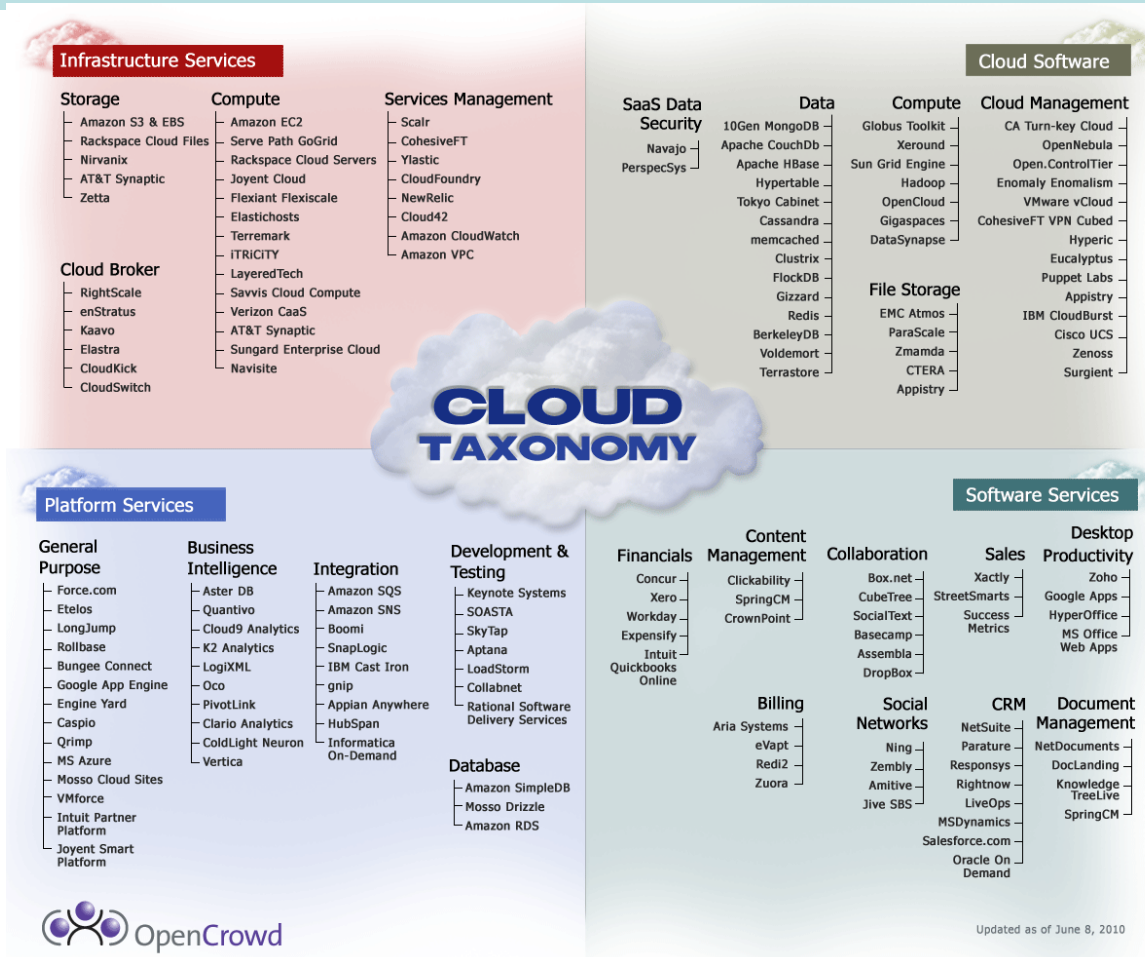
http://www.internetsociety.org/sites/default/files/Brief_History_of_the_Internet.pdf

Internet Trends: Social Media

Social Media Landscape

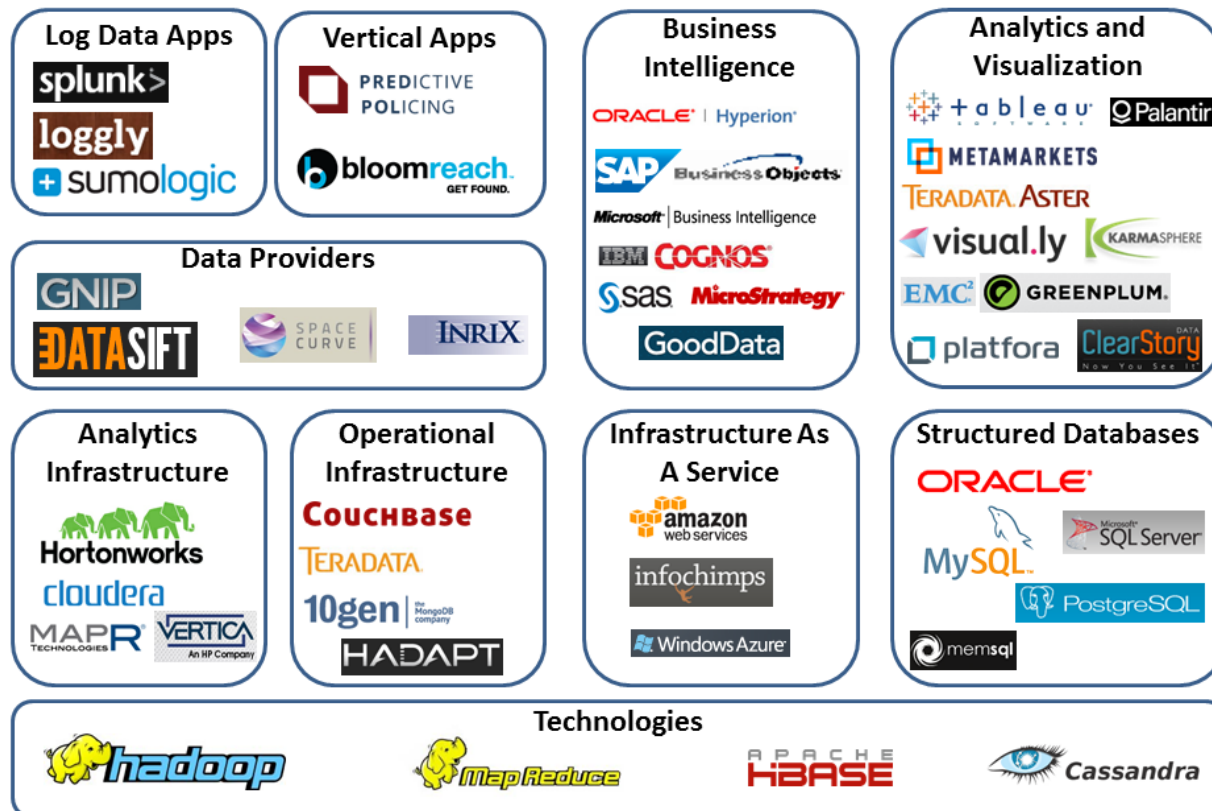


Internet Trends: Cloud Computing



Internet Trends: Big Data

Big Data Landscape

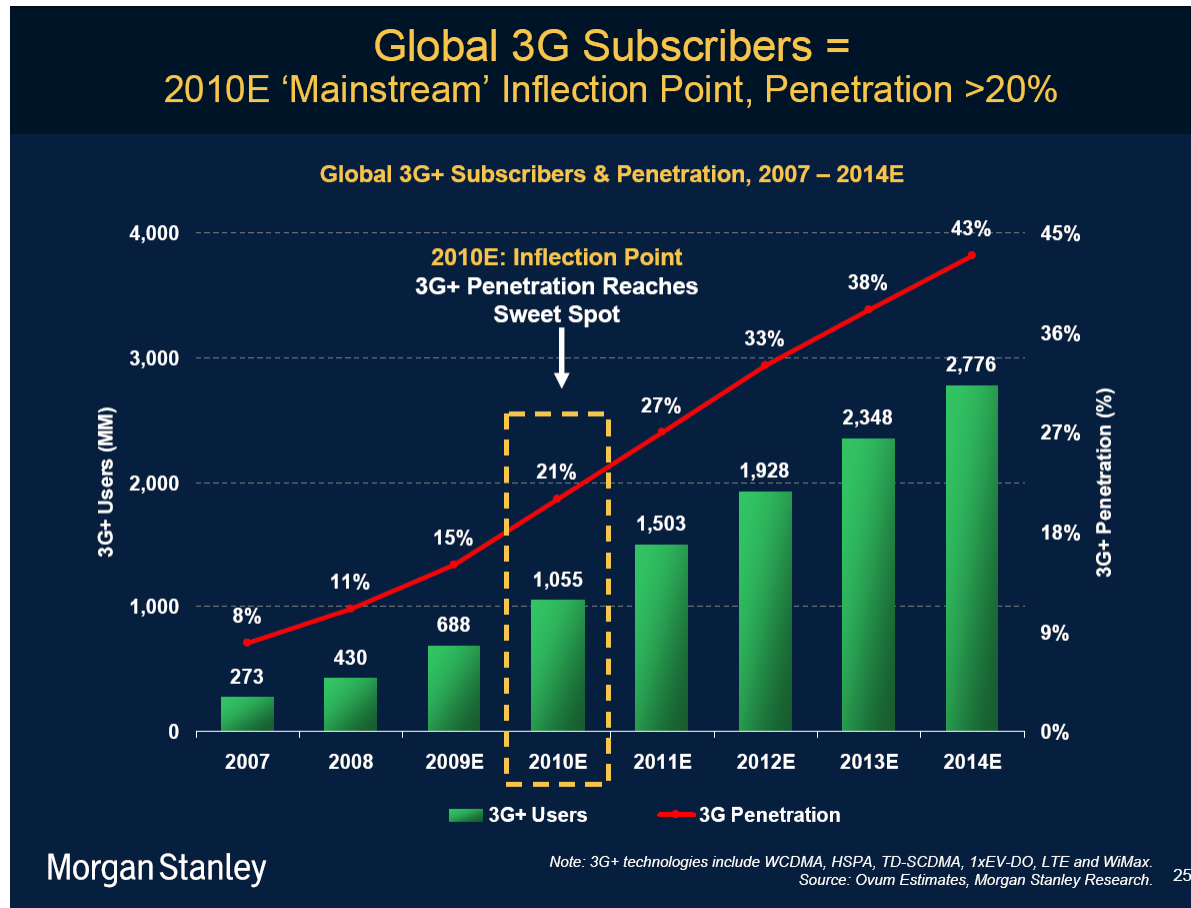


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<http://blogs.forbes.com/davefeinleib/>

Internet Trends: Mobile Internet



Hot Spot: Silicon Valley



Lessons Learned



- The Internet (and World Wide Web) we have today was created by some very bright, talented people who either had vision, or were inspired by other talented people's visions.
- Though their ideas were not always popular, they pressed ahead.
- Their perseverance and hard work brought us to where we are today.
- There is a lot to be learned by studying these people, their early work and keeping in mind what they had to work with.
- We, engineers, should aim to solve practical problems. Luckily, we might become rich.

