

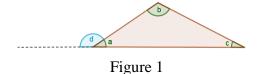


Fundamental Mathematics Elementary Geometry

Sum of the amplitudes of the exterior angles of a triangle

▶ How to calculate the sum of the exterior angles of a triangle?

What can you conclude about the amplitude of an exterior (or external) angle? Justify your answer.



We know that the sum of the amplitudes of the interior (or internal) angles of a triangle is equal to 180°.

Angle d is an external angle, because the sum of the amplitudes of angles d and a is equal to 180°.

Thus, the amplitude of the external angle d is equal to the sum of the amplitudes of angles b and c.

What can you conclude about the sum of the amplitudes of the exterior angles, from 3 different vertices, of a triangle. Justify your answer.

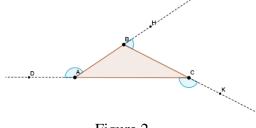


Figure 2

The sum of the amplitudes of the interior angles of a triangle is equal to 180°.

The sum of the amplitudes of the interior and exterior angles of 3 different vertices of a triangle is equal to $3 \times 180^{\circ}$, or 540° .

Thus, the sum of the exterior angles is equal to the difference between 540° and 180°, that is, 360°.

To go further:

How do you calculate the sum of the amplitudes of the exterior angles of other polygons?