$\int \frac{\ln(x)}{x} dx$ Evaluate At first, checking if the necessary

Conditions to use Fundamental theorem of calculus are fulfilled or not. conditions: I = [1,e] is a closed interval. · f(x): In3(x) is continous on I. · F(x) = \int f(x) dx = \int \left[ \left[ \left[ \frac{1}{2} \right] \dx A.C.I As we know,  $\int f' f' dx = \underbrace{f' f'}_{OG} + C$ In this case, f = ln(x) $\frac{A.c.1}{z} \int \frac{1}{n} \cdot \ln^3(x) dx$   $\int f$ Now, using Fundamental theorem of calculus  $\frac{e \ln^{3}(x)}{x} dx = \left[\frac{\ln^{4}(x)}{4}\right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$ In (e) - In (1)