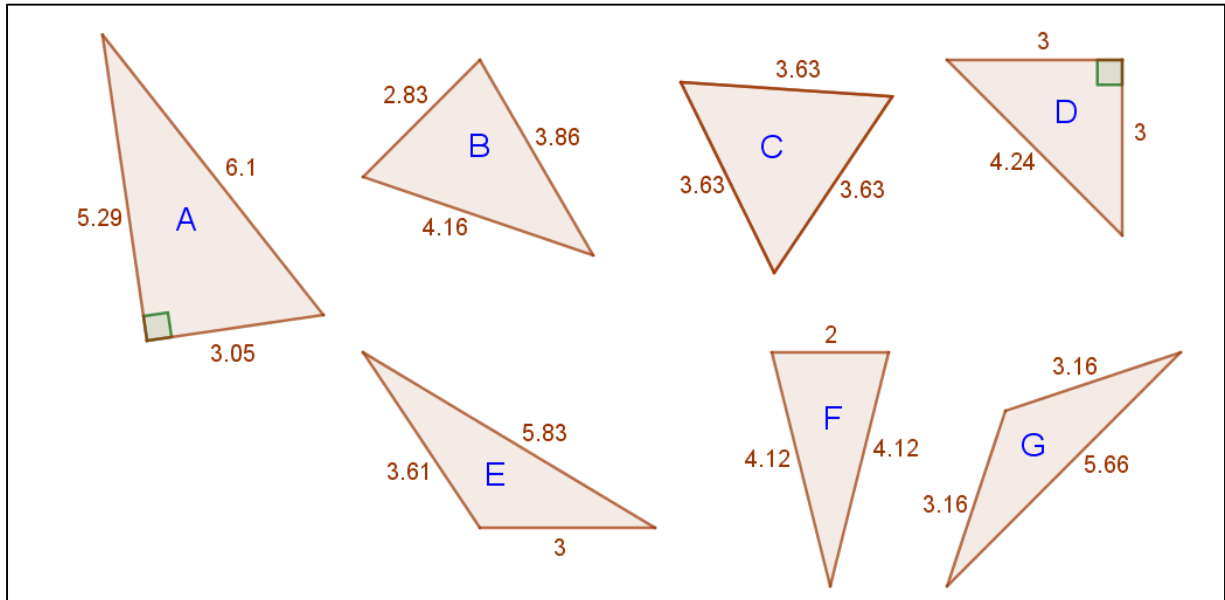# *Classifying triangles*

➢ **What criteria can we use to classify the triangles of the figure?**

Considering the length of the sides

Isosceles triangle – The triangle has at least two sides with the same length.

Triangles: C, D, F and G

❖ Particular case: **Equilateral triangle** – The triangle has all sides with the same length.

Triangle: C

Scalene triangle – The triangle has all sides with different length.

Triangles: A, B and E

Considering the amplitude of the angles

Acute triangle – The internal angles of the triangle are all acute.

Triangles: B, C and F

Right triangle – The triangle has one right internal angle.

Triangles: A and D

Obtuse triangle – The triangle has one obtuse internal angle.

Triangles: E and G