

Integration by substitution

If $u = g(x)$ is a continuous and differentiable function in the interval I then

$$\int f(g(x))g'(x) dx = \int f(t) dt$$

Useful

- 1 to simplify the integrand.
- 2 when the integrand involve irrational fractions.
- 3 when a particular expression is repeated.

Integration by substitution

Example

$$\int e^{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int e^t 2t dt = \dots$$

Do the substitution:

$$\begin{aligned} t &= \sqrt{x} \\ \Rightarrow dt &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx \\ \Rightarrow 2t dt &= dx \end{aligned}$$
