

# Multivariate\_Data\_Selection

December 12, 2021

## 0.1 How to select dataframe subsets from multivariate data

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 100) # Show all columns when looking at dataframe
```

```
In [3]: # Download NHANES 2015-2016 data
df = pd.read_csv("nhanes_2015_2016.csv")
```

```
In [4]: df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	SEQN	ALQ101	ALQ110	ALQ130	SMQ020	RIAGENDR	RIDAGEYR	RIDRETH1	\
0	83732	1.0	NaN	1.0	1	1	62	3	
1	83733	1.0	NaN	6.0	1	1	53	3	
2	83734	1.0	NaN	NaN	1	1	78	3	
3	83735	2.0	1.0	1.0	2	2	56	3	
4	83736	2.0	1.0	1.0	2	2	42	4	

  

	DMDCITZN	DMDEDUC2	DMDMARTL	DMDHHSIZ	WTINT2YR	SDMVPSU	SDMVSTRA	\
0	1.0	5.0	1.0	2	134671.37	1	125	
1	2.0	3.0	3.0	1	24328.56	1	125	
2	1.0	3.0	1.0	2	12400.01	1	131	
3	1.0	5.0	6.0	1	102718.00	1	131	
4	1.0	4.0	3.0	5	17627.67	2	126	

  

	INDFMPIR	BPXSY1	BPXDI1	BPXSY2	BPXDI2	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	\
0	4.39	128.0	70.0	124.0	64.0	94.8	184.5	27.8	43.3	
1	1.32	146.0	88.0	140.0	88.0	90.4	171.4	30.8	38.0	
2	1.51	138.0	46.0	132.0	44.0	83.4	170.1	28.8	35.6	
3	5.00	132.0	72.0	134.0	68.0	109.8	160.9	42.4	38.5	
4	1.23	100.0	70.0	114.0	54.0	55.2	164.9	20.3	37.4	

  

	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST	HIQ210
0	43.6	35.9	101.1	2.0
1	40.0	33.2	107.9	NaN
2	37.0	31.0	116.5	2.0
3	37.7	38.3	110.1	2.0
4	36.0	27.2	80.4	2.0

### 0.1.1 Keep only body measures columns, so only columns with “BMX” in the name

```
In [5]: # get column names
```

```
col_names = df.columns
col_names
```

```
Out[5]: Index(['SEQN', 'ALQ101', 'ALQ110', 'ALQ130', 'SMQ020', 'RIAGENDR', 'RIDAGEYR',
              'RIDRETH1', 'DMDCITZN', 'DMDEDUC2', 'DMDMARTL', 'DMDHHSIZ', 'WTINT2YR',
              'SDMVPSU', 'SDMVSTRA', 'INDFMPIR', 'BPXSY1', 'BPXDI1', 'BPXSY2',
              'BPXDI2', 'BMXWT', 'BMXHT', 'BMXBMI', 'BMXLEG', 'BMXARML', 'BMXARMC',
              'BMXWAIST', 'HIQ210'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [6]: # One way to get the column names we want to keep is simply by copying from the above
keep = ['BMXWT', 'BMXHT', 'BMXBMI', 'BMXLEG', 'BMXARML', 'BMXARMC',
        'BMXWAIST']
```

```
In [7]: # Another way to get only column names that include 'BMX' is with list comprehension
# [keep x for x in list if condition met]
[column for column in col_names if 'BMX' in column]
```

```
Out[7]: ['BMXWT', 'BMXHT', 'BMXBMI', 'BMXLEG', 'BMXARML', 'BMXARMC', 'BMXWAIST']
```

```
In [10]: keep = [column for column in col_names if 'BMX' in column]
```

```
In [11]: # use [] notation to keep columns
df_BMX = df[keep]
```

```
In [12]: df_BMX.head()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
0	94.8	184.5	27.8	43.3	43.6	35.9	101.1
1	90.4	171.4	30.8	38.0	40.0	33.2	107.9
2	83.4	170.1	28.8	35.6	37.0	31.0	116.5
3	109.8	160.9	42.4	38.5	37.7	38.3	110.1
4	55.2	164.9	20.3	37.4	36.0	27.2	80.4

There are two methods for selecting by row and column. # link for pandas cheat sheets \*  
df.loc[row labels or bool, col labels or bool] \* df.iloc[row int or bool, col int or bool]

### 0.1.2 From pandas docs:

- [] column indexing
- .loc is primarily label based, but may also be used with a boolean array.
- .iloc is primarily integer position based (from 0 to length-1 of the axis), but may also be used with a boolean array.

```
In [13]: df.loc[:, keep].head()
```

```
Out [13]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
0	94.8	184.5	27.8	43.3	43.6	35.9	101.1
1	90.4	171.4	30.8	38.0	40.0	33.2	107.9
2	83.4	170.1	28.8	35.6	37.0	31.0	116.5
3	109.8	160.9	42.4	38.5	37.7	38.3	110.1
4	55.2	164.9	20.3	37.4	36.0	27.2	80.4

```
In [14]: index_bool = np.isin(df.columns, keep)
```

```
In [15]: index_bool
```

```
Out [15]: array([False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
        False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
        False, False, True, True, True, True, True, True, True, True,
        False])
```

```
In [16]: df.iloc[:,index_bool].head() # Indexing with boolean list
```

```
Out [16]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
0	94.8	184.5	27.8	43.3	43.6	35.9	101.1
1	90.4	171.4	30.8	38.0	40.0	33.2	107.9
2	83.4	170.1	28.8	35.6	37.0	31.0	116.5
3	109.8	160.9	42.4	38.5	37.7	38.3	110.1
4	55.2	164.9	20.3	37.4	36.0	27.2	80.4

### 0.1.3 Selection by conditions

```
In [17]: # Lets only look at rows who 'BMXWAIST' is larger than the median
        waist_median = pd.Series.median(df_BMX['BMXWAIST']) # get the median of 'BMXWAIST'
```

```
In [18]: waist_median
```

```
Out [18]: 98.3
```

```
In [19]: df_BMX[df_BMX['BMXWAIST'] > waist_median].head()
```

```
Out [19]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
0	94.8	184.5	27.8	43.3	43.6	35.9	101.1
1	90.4	171.4	30.8	38.0	40.0	33.2	107.9
2	83.4	170.1	28.8	35.6	37.0	31.0	116.5
3	109.8	160.9	42.4	38.5	37.7	38.3	110.1
9	108.3	179.4	33.6	46.0	44.1	38.5	116.0

```
In [20]: # Lets add another condition, that 'BMXLEG' must be less than 32
        condition1 = df_BMX['BMXWAIST'] > waist_median
        condition2 = df_BMX['BMXLEG'] < 32
        df_BMX[condition1 & condition2].head() # Using [] method
        # Note: can't use 'and' instead of '&'
```

```
Out [20]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
15	80.5	150.8	35.4	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
27	75.6	145.2	35.9	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
39	63.7	147.9	29.1	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
52	105.9	157.7	42.6	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
55	77.5	148.3	35.2	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6

```
In [21]: df_BMX.loc[condition1 & condition2, :].head() # Using df.loc[] method
# note that the conditiona are describing the rows to keep
```

```
Out [21]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
15	80.5	150.8	35.4	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
27	75.6	145.2	35.9	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
39	63.7	147.9	29.1	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
52	105.9	157.7	42.6	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
55	77.5	148.3	35.2	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6

```
In [22]: # Lets make a small dataframe and give it a new index so can more clearly see the dif
tmp = df_BMX.loc[condition1 & condition2, :].head()
tmp.index = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e'] # If you use different years than 2015-2016, th
tmp
```

```
Out [22]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
a	80.5	150.8	35.4	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
b	75.6	145.2	35.9	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
c	63.7	147.9	29.1	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
d	105.9	157.7	42.6	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
e	77.5	148.3	35.2	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6

```
In [23]: tmp.loc[['a', 'b'], 'BMXLEG']
```

```
Out [23]: a    31.6
b    31.0
Name: BMXLEG, dtype: float64
```

```
In [24]: tmp.iloc[[0, 1], 3]
```

```
Out [24]: a    31.6
b    31.0
Name: BMXLEG, dtype: float64
```

#### 0.1.4 Common errors and how to read them

```
In [25]: tmp[:, 'BMXBMI']
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```

<ipython-input-25-83067c5cae7c> in <module>()
----> 1 tmp[:, 'BMXBMI']

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py in __getitem__(self, key)
2925         if self.columns.nlevels > 1:
2926             return self._getitem_multilevel(key)
-> 2927         indexer = self.columns.get_loc(key)
2928         if is_integer(indexer):
2929             indexer = [indexer]

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in get_loc(self, key)
2654             'backfill or nearest lookups')
2655         try:
-> 2656             return self._engine.get_loc(key)
2657         except KeyError:
2658             return self._engine.get_loc(self._maybe_cast_indexer(key))

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

TypeError: '(slice(None, None, None), 'BMXBMI')' is an invalid key

```

### 0.1.5 Problem

The above gives: `TypeError: unhashable type: 'slice'`

The `[]` method uses hashes to identify the columns to keep, and each column has an associated hash. A 'slice' (a subset of rows and columns) does not have an associated hash, thus causing this `TypeError`.

```
In [26]: tmp.loc[:, 'BMXBMI']
```

```
Out[26]: a    35.4
         b    35.9
         c    29.1
         d    42.6
         e    35.2
         Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64
```

```
In [27]: tmp.loc[:, 'BMXBMI'].values
```

```
Out[27]: array([35.4, 35.9, 29.1, 42.6, 35.2])
```

In [33]: *#you should pass numbers, not labels or booleans*

```
tmp.iloc[:, 'BMXBMI']
```

```
-----

ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _has_valid_tuple(self, tup)
222             try:
--> 223                 self._validate_key(k, i)
224             except ValueError:

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _validate_key(self, key, i)
2083             raise ValueError("Can only index by location with "
-> 2084                             "a [{types}]"
2085                             .format(types=self._valid_types))
```

ValueError: Can only index by location with a [integer, integer slice (START point is

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

<ipython-input-33-93ee76fba8d6> in <module>()
      1 #you should pass numbers, not labels or booleans
      2
----> 3 tmp.iloc[:, 'BMXBMI']

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in __getitem__(self, key, tup)
1492         except (KeyError, IndexError, AttributeError):
1493             pass
-> 1494         return self._getitem_tuple(key)
1495     else:
1496         # we by definition only have the 0th axis

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _getitem_tuple(self, tup)
2141     def _getitem_tuple(self, tup):
2142
-> 2143         self._has_valid_tuple(tup)
2144         try:
```

```

2145             return self._getitem_lowerdim(tup)

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _has_valid_tuple(self, tup)
225             raise ValueError("Location based indexing can only have "
226                                "[{types}] types"
--> 227                                .format(types=self._valid_types))
228
229     def _is_nested_tuple_indexer(self, tup):

```

ValueError: Location based indexing can only have [integer, integer slice (START point

### 0.1.6 Problem

The above gives: ValueError: Location based indexing can only have [integer, integer slice (START point is INCLUDED, END point is EXCLUDED), listlike of integers, boolean array] types

'BMXBMI' is not an integer that is less than or equal number of columns -1, or a list of boolean values, so it is the wrong value type.

```
In [34]: tmp.iloc[:, 2]
```

```

Out[34]: a    35.4
         b    35.9
         c    29.1
         d    42.6
         e    35.2
         Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64

```

```
In [35]: #you should pass labels or booleans, not numbers
         tmp.loc[:, 2]
```

```

-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)

```

```

<ipython-input-35-40c16ef12e98> in <module>()
      1 #you should pass labels or booleans, not numbers
----> 2 tmp.loc[:, 2]

```

```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in __getitem__(self, key)
1492     except (KeyError, IndexError, AttributeError):
1493         pass
-> 1494     return self._getitem_tuple(key)
1495     else:
1496         # we by definition only have the 0th axis

```

```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _getitem_tuple(self,
866     def _getitem_tuple(self, tup):
867         try:
--> 868             return self._getitem_lowerdim(tup)
869         except IndexingError:
870             pass

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _getitem_lowerdim(self,
986         for i, key in enumerate(tup):
987             if is_label_like(key) or isinstance(key, tuple):
--> 988                 section = self._getitem_axis(key, axis=i)
989
990                 # we have yielded a scalar ?

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _getitem_axis(self,
1910
1911     # fall thru to straight lookup
-> 1912     self._validate_key(key, axis)
1913     return self._get_label(key, axis=axis)
1914

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _validate_key(self,
1797
1798     if not is_list_like_indexer(key):
-> 1799         self._convert_scalar_indexer(key, axis)
1800
1801     def _is_scalar_access(self, key):

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py in _convert_scalar_indexer(self,
260         ax = self.obj._get_axis(min(axis, self.ndim - 1))
261         # a scalar
--> 262         return ax._convert_scalar_indexer(key, kind=self.name)
263
264     def _convert_slice_indexer(self, key, axis):

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in _convert_scalar_indexer(self,
2878         elif kind in ['loc'] and is_integer(key):
2879             if not self.holds_integer():
-> 2880                 return self._invalid_indexer('label', key)
2881
2882         return key

```



```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in _invalid_indexer
3064         "indexers [{key}] of {kind}".format(
3065             form=form, klass=type(self), key=key,
-> 3066             kind=type(key)))
3067
3068     # -----

```

TypeError: cannot do label indexing on <class 'pandas.core.indexes.base.Index'> with t

### 0.1.7 Problem

The above code gives: `TypeError: cannot do label indexing on <class 'pandas.core.indexes.base.Index'> with these indexers [2] of <class 'int'>`  
 2 is not one of the labels (i.e. column names) in the dataframe

```

In [51]: # Here is another example of using a boolean list for indexing columns
        tmp.loc[:, [False, False, True] + [False]*4]

```

```

Out[51]:    BMXBMI
a         1.0
b         1.0
c         1.0
d        42.6
e        35.2

```

```

In [52]: tmp.iloc[:, 2]

```

```

Out[52]: a         1.0
        b         1.0
        c         1.0
        d        42.6
        e        35.2
        Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64

```

```

In [53]: # We can use the .loc and .iloc methods to change values within the dataframe
        # alterando os valores da coluna 2 para zero nas 3 primeiras linhas
        tmp.iloc[0:3,2] = [0]*3

```

```

In [54]: tmp.iloc[:,0:3]

```

```

Out[54]:    BMXWT  BMXHT  BMXBMI
a     80.5   150.8     0.0
b     75.6   145.2     0.0
c     63.7   147.9     0.0
d    105.9   157.7    42.6
e     77.5   148.3    35.2

```

```
In [55]: tmp.iloc[0:3,2]
```

```
Out[55]: a    0.0  
        b    0.0  
        c    0.0  
        Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64
```

```
In [56]: # alterando os valores da coluna BMXBMI para 1 nas 3 primeiras linhas  
        tmp.loc['a':'c', 'BMXBMI']
```

```
Out[56]: a    0.0  
        b    0.0  
        c    0.0  
        Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64
```

```
In [57]: tmp.loc['a':'c', 'BMXBMI'] = [1]*3  
        tmp.loc[:, 'BMXBMI']
```

```
Out[57]: a    1.0  
        b    1.0  
        c    1.0  
        d   42.6  
        e   35.2  
        Name: BMXBMI, dtype: float64
```

```
In [58]: # We can use the [] method when changing all the values of a column  
        tmp['BMXBMI'] = range(0, 5)  
        tmp
```

```
Out[58]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
a	80.5	150.8	0	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
b	75.6	145.2	1	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
c	63.7	147.9	2	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
d	105.9	157.7	3	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
e	77.5	148.3	4	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6

```
In [59]: # We will get a warning when using the [] method with conditions to set new values in  
        tmp[tmp.BMXBMI > 2]['BMXBMI'] = [10]*2 # Setting new values to a copy of tmp, but not  
        tmp  
        # You can see that the above code did not change our dataframe 'tmp'. This
```

```
Out[59]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
a	80.5	150.8	0	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
b	75.6	145.2	1	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
c	63.7	147.9	2	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
d	105.9	157.7	3	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
e	77.5	148.3	4	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6

```
In [60]: # The correct way to do the above is with .loc or .iloc  
        tmp.loc[tmp.BMXBMI > 2, 'BMXBMI'] = [10]*2  
        tmp # Now contains the changes
```

```
Out[60]:
```

	BMXWT	BMXHT	BMXBMI	BMXLEG	BMXARML	BMXARMC	BMXWAIST
a	80.5	150.8	0	31.6	32.7	33.7	113.5
b	75.6	145.2	1	31.0	33.1	36.0	108.0
c	63.7	147.9	2	26.0	34.0	31.5	110.0
d	105.9	157.7	10	29.2	35.0	40.7	129.1
e	77.5	148.3	10	30.5	34.0	34.4	107.6