

Prob 2. Given an array `arr[]`, the task is to reverse the array. Reversing an array means rearranging the elements such that the first element becomes the last, the second element becomes second last and so on

Solve:

```
.#include <stdio.h>

void reverseArray(int arr[], int n) {
    int start = 0, end = n - 1;
    while (start < end) {
        int temp = arr[start];
        arr[start] = arr[end];
        arr[end] = temp;
        start++;
        end--;
    }
}

int main() {
    int arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

    printf("Original array: \n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }

    reverseArray(arr, n);

    printf("\nReversed array: \n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```