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#### Batch 4

**Coding Challenge: Ecommerce** 

### **Tables:**

```
create database ecommerce;
use ecommerce;
1.
create table customers(
         customer_id INT primary key,
         f_name varchar(20),
         I_name varchar(20),
         email varchar(30),
         c_add varchar(40));
insert into customers values (1, "John", "Doe", "johndoe@example.com", "123 Main St,City"),
(2, "Jane", "Smith", "janesmith@example.com", "456 Eim St, Town"),
(3, "Robert", "Johnson", "robert@example.com", "789 Oak St, Village"),
(4, "Sarah", "Brown", "sarah@example.com", "101 Pine St, Suburb"),
(5, "David", "Lee", "david@example.com", "234 Cedar St, District"),
(6, "Laura", "Hall", "laura@example.com", "567 Birch St County"),
(7, "Michael", "Davis", "michael@example.com", "890 Maple St, State"),
(8, "Emma", "Wilson", "emma@example.com", "321 Redwood St,Country"),
(9, "William", "Taylor", "william@example.com", "432 Spouce St, Province"),
(10, "Olivia", "Adams", "olovia@example.com", "765 Fir St, Territory");
```

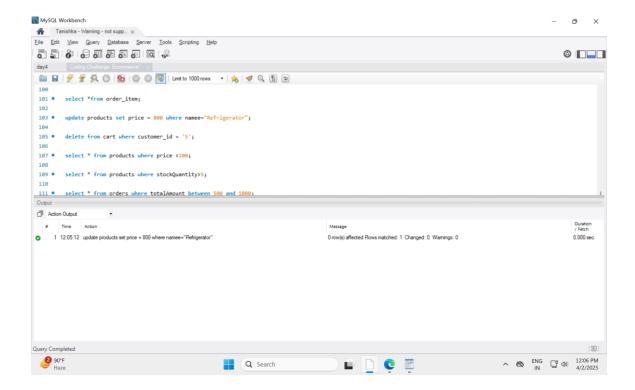
```
create table products(
               product_id int primary key,
         namee varchar(30),
         descriptionn varchar(30),
         price double,
         stockQuantity int);
insert into products (product_id, namee, descriptionn, price, stockQuantity) values
        (1, "Laptop", "High-Performance Laptop", 800, 10),
    (2,"Smartphone","latest smartphone",600,15),
    (3,"Tablet","Portable tablet", 300,20),
    (4,"Headphones","Noice-cancelling",150,30),
    (5, "TV", "4K Smart TV",900,5),
    (6,"Coffee Maker", "Automatic coffee maker", 50, 25),
    (7,"Refrigerator","Energy-efficient", 700,10),
    (8,"Microwave over","Countertop microwave",80,15),
    (9,"Blender","High-speed blender",70, 20),
    (10,"Vaccum cleaner","Bagless vaccum cleaner",120,10);
select *from products;
create table cart(
               cart id int primary key,
         customer_id int,
         product_id int,
         quantity int);
insert into cart(cart id, customer id, product id, quantity) values
        (1,1,1,2),
```

```
(2,1,3,1),
    (3,2,2,3),
    (4,3,4,4),
    (5,3,5,2),
    (6,4,6,1),
    (7,5,1,1),
    (8,6,10,2),
    (9,6,9,3),
    (10,7,7,2);
select *from cart;
create table orders(
               order_id int primary key,
         customer_id int,
         order_date date,
         totalAmount double);
insert into orders values
(1,1,"2023-01-05",1200.00),
(2,2,"2023-02-10",900.00),
(3, 3, "2023-03-15", 300.00),
(4,4,"2023-04-20",150.00),
(5,5,"2023-05-25",1800.00),
(6,6,"2023-06-30",400.00),
(7,7,"2023-07-05",700.00),
(8,8,"2023-08-10",160.00),
(9,9,"2023-09-15",140.00),
(10, 10, "2023-10-20", 1400.00);
```

```
select *from orders;
create table order_item(
              order_item_id int primary key,
        order_id int,
         product_id int,
        quantity int,
        itemAmount double);
Insert into order_item values
(1,1,1,2,1600.00),
(2,1,3,1,300.00),
(3,2,2,3,1800.00),
(4,3,5,2,1800.00),
(5, 4, 4, 4, 600.00),
(6,4,6,1,50.00),
(7,5,1,1,800.00),
(8,5,2,2,1200.00),
(9,6,10,2,240.00),
(10,6,9,3,210.00);
```

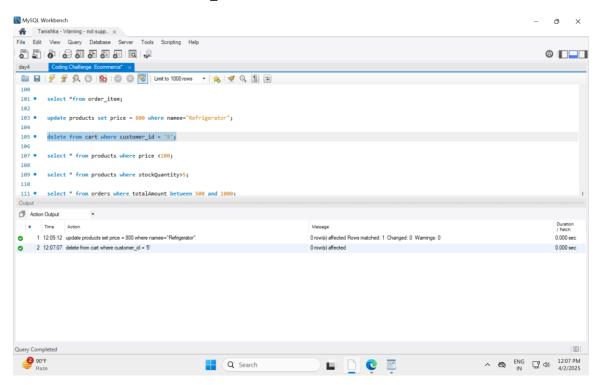
# 1. Update refrigerator product price to 800.

update products set price = 800 where namee="Refrigerator";



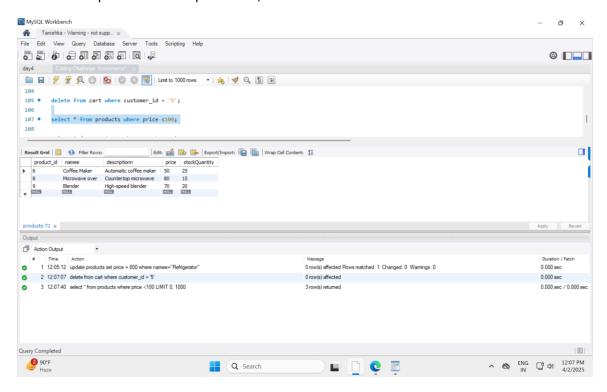
#### 2. Remove all cart items for a specific customer.

delete from cart where customer\_id = '5';



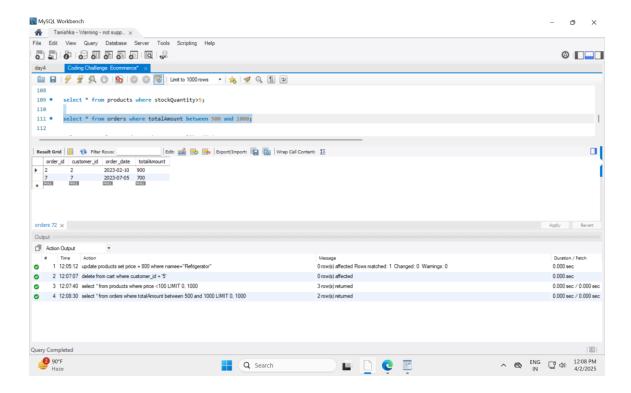
### 3. Retrieve Products Priced Below \$100.

select \* from products where price <100;



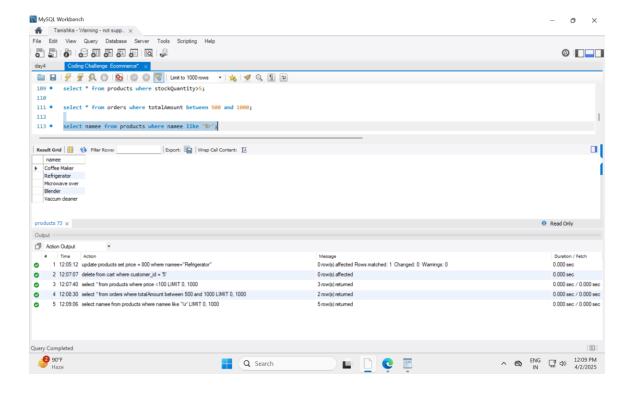
# 4. Find Products with Stock Quantity Greater Than 5

select \* from products where stockQuantity>5;



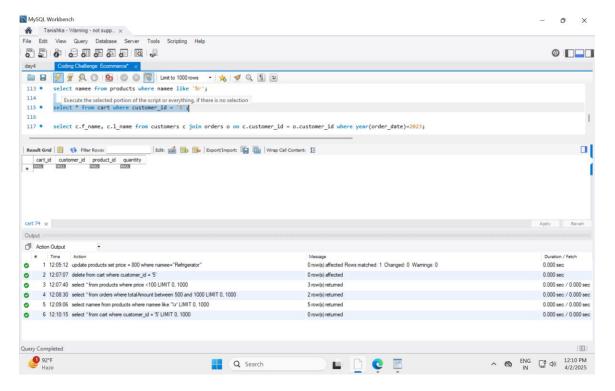
## 5. Retrieve Orders with Total Amount Between \$500 and \$1000.

select \* from orders where totalAmount between 500 and 1000;



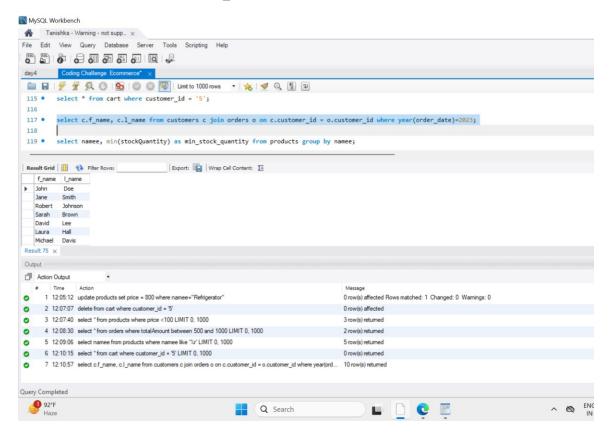
#### 6. Find Products which name end with letter 'r'.

select namee from products where namee like '%r';



# 7. Retrieve Cart Items for Customer 5.

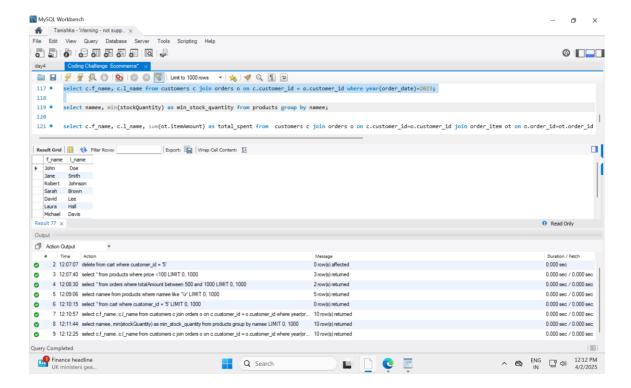
select \* from cart where customer\_id = '5';



### 8. Find Customers Who Placed Orders in 2023.

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name from customers c

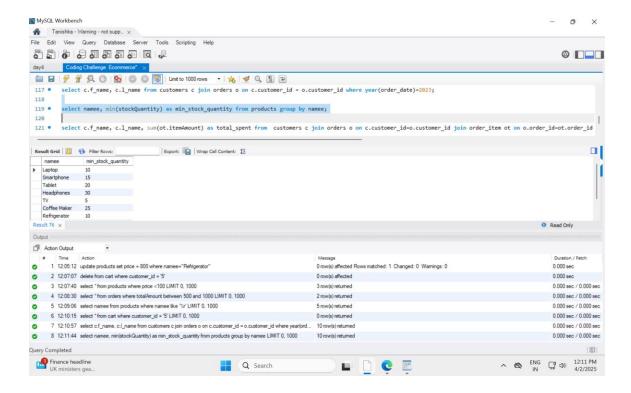
join orders o on c.customer\_id = o.customer\_id where year(order\_date)=2023;



### 9. Determine the Minimum Stock Quantity for Each Product Category.

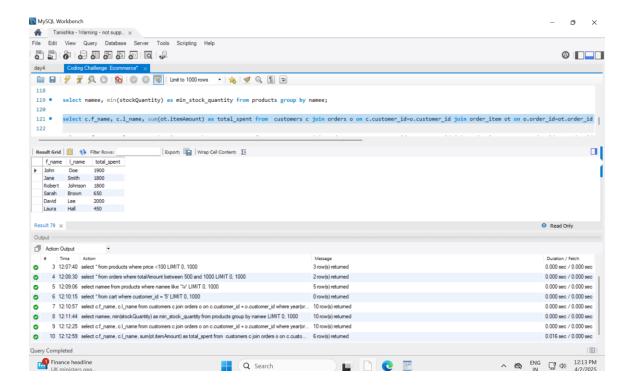
select namee, min(stockQuantity) as min\_stock\_quantity

from products group by namee;



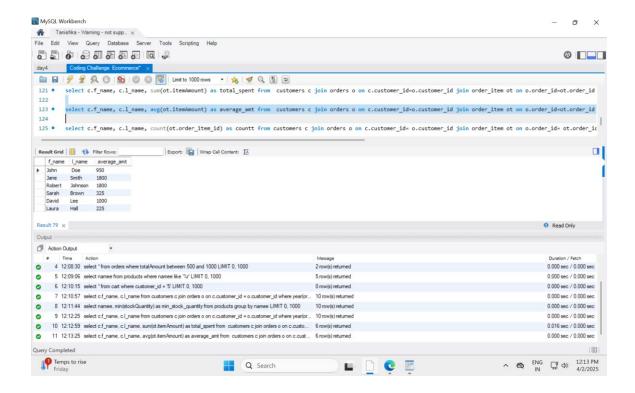
### 10. Calculate the Total Amount Spent by Each Customer.

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, sum(ot.itemAmount) as total\_spent from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id=o.customer\_id join order\_item ot on o.order\_id=ot.order\_id group by o.order\_id;



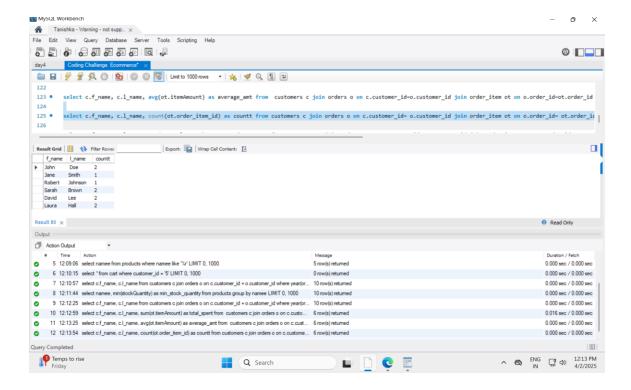
## 11. Find the Average Order Amount for Each Customer.

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, avg(ot.itemAmount) as average\_amt from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id=o.customer\_id join order\_item ot on o.order\_id=ot.order\_id group by o.order\_id;



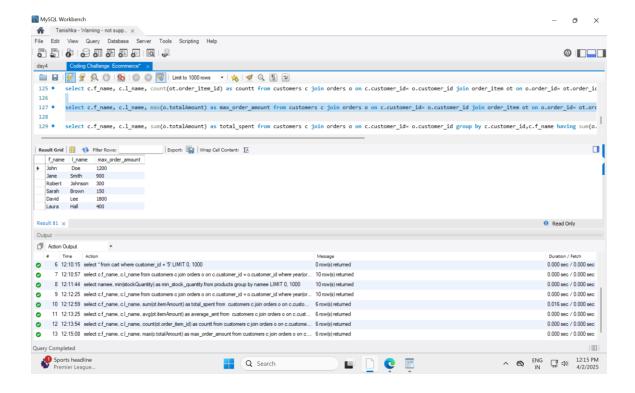
### 12. Count the Number of Orders Placed by Each Customer.

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, count(ot.order\_item\_id) as countt from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id= o.customer\_id join order\_item ot on o.order\_id= ot.order\_id group by c.customer\_id;



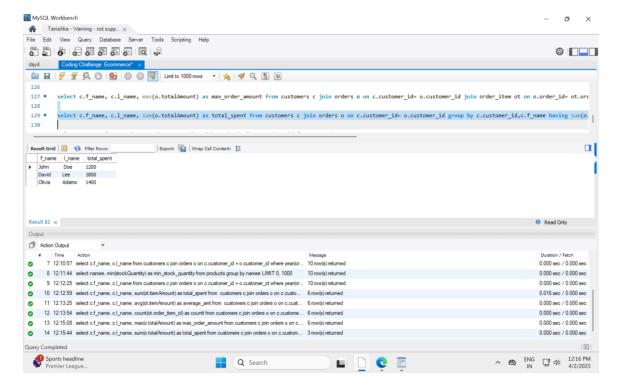
#### 13. Find the Maximum Order Amount for Each Customer.

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, max(o.totalAmount) as max\_order\_amount from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id= o.customer\_id join order\_item ot on o.order\_id= ot.order\_id group by c.customer\_id;



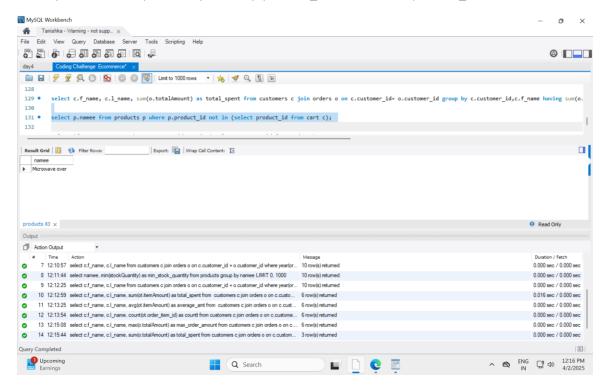
### 14. Get Customers Who Placed Orders Totaling Over \$1000

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, sum(o.totalAmount) as total\_spent from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id= o.customer\_id group by c.customer\_id,c.f\_name having sum(o.totalAmount)>1000;



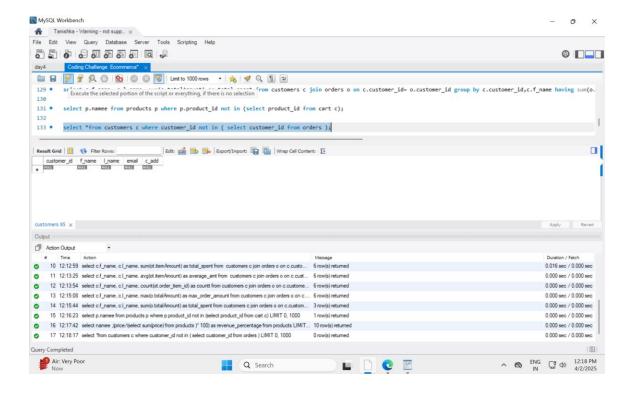
## 15. Subquery to Find Products Not in the Cart.

select p.namee from products p where p.product\_id not in (select product\_id from cart c);



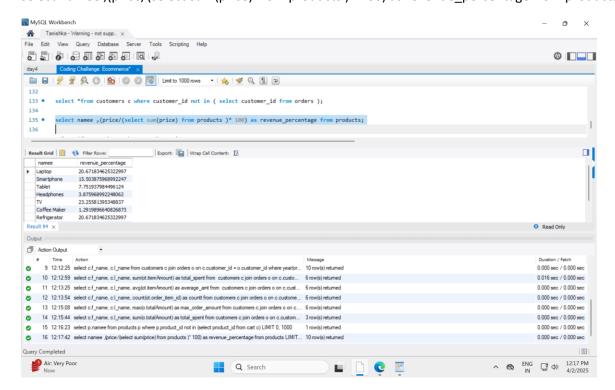
# 16. Subquery to Find Customers Who Haven't Placed Orders.

select \*from customers c where customer\_id not in ( select customer\_id from orders );



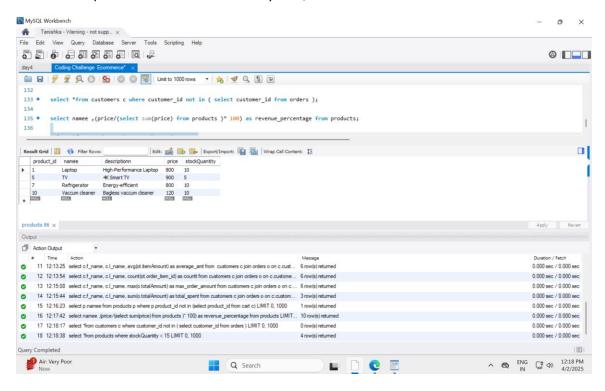
#### 17. Subquery to Calculate the Percentage of Total Revenue for a Product.

select namee, (price/(select sum(price) from products)\* 100) as revenue\_percentage from products;



#### 18. Subquery to Find Products with Low Stock.

select \*from products where stockQuantity < 15;



## 19. Subquery to Find Customers Who Placed High-Value Orders

select c.f\_name, c.l\_name, sum(o.totalAmount) as total\_spent from customers c join orders o on c.customer\_id= o.customer\_id group by c.customer\_id,c.f\_name having sum(o.totalAmount)>1000;

