```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   2 #include <stdlib.h>
  3 #include <limits.h>
  5 //working
   6 void printArray(int rows, int cols, int** array) {
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
   8
                printf("%d\t", array[i][j]);
   9
 10
  11
            printf("\n");
 12
        }
 13 }
 14
 15 //working
  16 int** input(int* rows, int cols) {
       cols = 4;
 17
       printf("This will take input row wise.\n");
 19
        printf("The usual format is: \n Process #\t:\tArrival time\t:\tBurst time\t:\tCompletion time\n");
  20
 2.1
        printf("Enter the number of rows (Processes): ");
 22
        scanf("%d", rows);
 23
        //Dynamic memory allocation is when the data structure is changed at runtime.
 24
         int** array = (int**)malloc(*rows * sizeof(int*)); //refer to malloc.c
  25
        for (int i = 0; i < *rows; i++) {</pre>
            array[i] = (int*)malloc(cols * sizeof(int));
 26
  27
 28
  29
        printf("Enter the arrival and burst times:\n");
 30
        for (int i = 0; i < *rows; i++) {</pre>
  31
            array[i][0] = i;
 32
 33
            printf("Process %d Arrival time: ", i);
  34
             scanf("%d", &array[i][1]);
 35
 36
            printf("Process %d Burst time: ", i);
            scanf("%d", &array[i][2]);
 37
  38
 39
             array[i][3] = 0; //initialize completion time to 0
  40
  41
  42
        printf("Original array: \nPID\tAT\tBT\tCT\n");
  43
  44
        printArray(*rows, cols, array);
  45
  46
        return array;
  47 }
 48
  49 // Not workig: row int ptr issue
 50 void sortRowsBySecondColumn(int** array, int rows) {
       for (int i = 0; i < rows - 1; i++) {</pre>
 51
  52
            for (int j = 0; j < rows - i - 1; j++) {
 53
                if (array[j][1] > array[j + 1][1]){
                     for (int k = 0; k < 4; k++) {
  55
                         int temp = array[j][k];
  56
                         array[j][k] = array[j + 1][k];
 57
                         array[j + 1][k] = temp;
  58
  59
  60
            }
  61
        }
  62 }
  64 \text{ //working} : manage how to pass an array here
  65 void ganttChart(int* arr, int length){
  66
       //top:
        for(int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
  67
  68
            for(int j = 0; j < arr[i]; j++) {</pre>
  69
                printf("__");
  70
  71
 72
        printf("\n");
 73
  74
        //inside block:
 75
        for(int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
76 printf("|");
```

```
for(int j = 0; j < arr[i]; j++) {</pre>
 78
                if(j == arr[i]/2){
 79
                    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
 80
                    if(arr[i] >= 10){     //for two digit numbers
 81
                         j++;
 82
 83
 84
                else{
 85
                    printf(" ");
 86
 87
 88
       printf("|\n");
 89
 90
 91
        //bottom:
        for(int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
 92
 93
            printf("|");
            for(int j = 0; j < arr[i]; j++) {</pre>
 94
 95
                printf(" ");
 96
 97
 98
        printf("|\n");
 99 }
100
101 //Not working, change it from 2D array to a ptr
102 void nonPreemption(){
       // Logic : sort the array according to arrival time. Then, directly display the order in which they are.
103
104
        int rows;
       int cols = 4;
105
106
       int** matrix = input(&rows, cols);
107
108
       sortRowsBySecondColumn(matrix, rows);
109
110
       //printing the sorted array
111
       printf("Sorted array by Arrival Time (AT):\n");
112
       printArray(rows, cols, matrix);
113
114
        int currentTime = 0;
115
       for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
116
            if(currentTime < matrix[i][1]){</pre>
117
                currentTime = matrix[i][1];
118
            currentTime += matrix[i][2];
119
120
            matrix[i][3] = currentTime; // update completion time
121
       }
122
123
        printf("Final order with which processes run: ");
124
        for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
125
            printf("%d --> ", matrix[i][0]);
126
        printf("END\n");
127
128
129
        // Free allocated memory
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
130
131
            free(matrix[i]);
132
133
        free (matrix);
134 }
135
136 void preemptionSRTF() {
       int rows;
137
138
        int cols = 4;
139
        int** matrix = input(&rows, cols);
140
141
       int* remainingTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
142
       int* completionTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
143
        int* startTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
144
        int* waitingTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
145
146
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
            remainingTime[i] = matrix[i][2]; // Initialize remaining time with burst time
147
148
            completionTime[i] = 0;
149
            startTime[i] = 0;
150
            waitingTime[i] = 0;
151
152
     int completed = 0. currentTime = 0. minRurstTime = INT MAX:
153
```

```
154
      int shortest = 0, finishTime;
       int check = 0;
155
156
157
       while (completed != rows) {
158
           for (int j = 0; j < rows; j++) {
               159
160
                   minBurstTime = remainingTime[j];
161
                   shortest = j;
162
                   check = 1;
163
               }
164
           }
165
166
           if (check == 0) {
167
               currentTime++;
168
               continue;
169
           }
170
171
           remainingTime[shortest]--;
172
173
           minBurstTime = remainingTime[shortest];
174
           if (minBurstTime == 0) {
175
               minBurstTime = INT MAX;
176
177
178
           if (remainingTime[shortest] == 0) {
179
               completed++;
180
               check = 0;
181
182
               finishTime = currentTime + 1;
183
               completionTime[shortest] = finishTime;
               startTime[shortest] = finishTime - matrix[shortest][2] - matrix[shortest][1];
184
185
               if (startTime[shortest] < 0) {</pre>
186
                   startTime[shortest] = 0;
187
188
189
           currentTime++;
190
      }
191
192
       printf("Final order with which processes run: ");
193
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
           printf("%d --> ", matrix[i][0]);
194
195
       }
196
       printf("END\n");
197
198
       printf("Process completion times:\nPID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
199
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
200
           int tat = completionTime[i] - matrix[i][1];
           int wt = tat - matrix[i][2];
201
           printf("\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t^*d, matrix[i][0], matrix[i][1], matrix[i][2], completionTime[i], tat, wt);
202
203
204
205
       //free allocated memory
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
206
207
           free(matrix[i]);
208
209
       free (matrix);
210
       free(remainingTime);
211
       free(completionTime);
212
       free(startTime);
213
       free (waitingTime);
214 }
215
216 void roundRobin(int** matrix, int rows, int quantum) {
       int* remainingTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
217
218
       int* completionTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
       int* waitingTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
219
220
       int* turnaroundTime = (int*)malloc(rows * sizeof(int));
221
222
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
223
           remainingTime[i] = matrix[i][2]; // Initialize remaining time with burst time
224
           completionTime[i] = 0;
225
           waitingTime[i] = 0;
226
           turnaroundTime[i] = 0;
227
       }
228
229
       int currentTime = 0;
```

```
int compieted = 0;
23U
231
                  int index = 0;
232
233
                  while (completed != rows) {
234
                            int done = 1;
                            for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
235
                                     if (remainingTime[i] > 0) {
236
237
                                                done = 0;
238
                                                if (remainingTime[i] > quantum) {
239
                                                          currentTime += quantum;
240
                                                          remainingTime[i] -= quantum;
241
242
                                                          currentTime += remainingTime[i];
243
                                                          completionTime[i] = currentTime;
                                                          remainingTime[i] = 0;
2.44
245
                                                         completed++;
246
                                                }
247
                                      }
248
249
                            if (done == 1) {
250
                                     break;
251
                            }
252
                 }
253
254
                  printf("Final order with which processes run: ");
255
                  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
256
                            printf("%d --> ", matrix[i][0]);
257
258
                  printf("END\n");
259
                  printf("Process completion times:\nPID\tAT\tBT\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n");
260
261
                  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
2.62
                            turnaroundTime[i] = completionTime[i] - matrix[i][1];
263
                            waitingTime[i] = turnaroundTime[i] - matrix[i][2];
2.64
                            printf("\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t\$d\t^*, matrix[i][0], matrix[i][1], matrix[i][2], completionTime[i], turnaroundTime[i], turnaroun
265
266
267
                  //free allocated memory
268
                  free(remainingTime);
269
                  free(completionTime);
270
                   free(waitingTime);
271
                  free (turnaroundTime);
272 }
273
274
275 int main() {
276
                  nonPreemption();
277
                  //int array[] = {5,3,7,2};
278
                 //int length = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
279
                // ganttChart(array,length);
280
                 //int rows, cols;
281
                 //int** processArray = input(&rows, cols);
282
283
                  //printArray(rows, cols, processArray);
2.84
                  return 0;
285
286 }
```