

K -linear extension of $e_i \mapsto v_i$

Need only show continuity at 0!

Suppose $\phi^{-1}(u)$ is not continuous, at 0
 \uparrow contains 0!

Every ε -ball about 0 contains sth in $K^n \setminus \phi^{-1}(u)$

Sequence $(d_n)_n \rightarrow 0$ in K^n

$$(x_n^i e_i) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0 \quad \forall i$$

$$(x_n^i) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

Cont. scalar mult. $x_n^i v_i \rightarrow 0 \quad \forall i$

Fin. Dim. hypothesis $\sum_{i=1}^n x_n^i v_i \rightarrow 0$

Possible alternative solution!

$$\phi: \sum_{n=1}^N x^n e_n \mapsto x^n \mapsto x^n v_n$$

iii) $\mathcal{S}^{n+1} \subset K^n$ is compact closed

$\phi(\mathcal{S}^{n+1})$ is compact, + V Hausdorff = closed too

$V \setminus \phi(\mathcal{S}^{n+1})$ open nbhd of 0

\exists balanced open nbhd $U_0 \subset V \setminus \phi(\mathcal{S}^{n+1})$

Want: $U_0 \subset \phi(B_r(0))$

Assume $\exists u \in U_0 \cap V \setminus \phi(B_r(0)^c) \Rightarrow \|\phi^{-1}(u)\| > r$

$$\frac{1}{\|\phi^{-1}(u)\|} u \in U_0 \cap \phi(\mathcal{S}^{n+1}) \rightarrow \kappa$$

Use continuity of scalar multiplication to extend to $B_r(0)$ for any r

1. A is closed, complement open

$p \in M \setminus A_n(\varepsilon)$ and let $k \geq n$

$$|f_n(p) - f_k(p)| = \varepsilon + \delta, \quad \delta \geq 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Reverse } \Delta \text{ inequality } |f_n(q) - f_k(q)| &\geq |f_n(p) - f_k(p)| - |f_n(q) - f_n(p) + f_k(p) - f_k(q)| \\ &\geq |f_n(p) - f_k(p)| - |f_n(q) - f_n(p)| - |f_k(p) - f_k(q)| \\ &\geq \varepsilon + \delta' \end{aligned}$$

$$A_n(\varepsilon) = A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ} \cup \partial A_n(\varepsilon)$$

$$\underbrace{(A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ} \cup \partial A_n(\varepsilon))^{\circ}}_{A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ}} \supseteq A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ} \cup \underbrace{\partial A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ}}_{\text{empty!}}$$

(ii) Pointwise convergence implies $M = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n(\varepsilon)$
and $A_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ} \subseteq C_n(\varepsilon)^{\circ}$

$$M \setminus C = \bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} M \setminus C\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \quad \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} |f_k - f_k^{(n)}| \leq \varepsilon$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\subseteq \bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \left(M \setminus \underbrace{\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^{\circ}}_{\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)} \right) \subseteq \bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \left(A_n\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) \setminus A_n\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^{\circ} \right) \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

n) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable

$$f'_n(x) := n \left(f\left(x + \frac{1}{n}\right) - f(x) \right) = \frac{f\left(x + \frac{1}{n}\right) - f(x)}{x + \frac{1}{n} - x}$$

f'_n converges pointwise to f'