

Accessing Elements of a Single-dimensional List

- A **single-dimensional list** is a list where elements are listed one after the other.
- Each element is allotted a unique number called **index**.

Example: A list containing multiples of 5 up to 20.

```
my_list = [5, 10, 15, 20]
```

my_list	5	10	15	20
	0	1	2	3

```
my_list[0] = 5
```

```
my_list[2] = 15
```



Negative Indexing

- Accessing elements from the **last**.

Example: A list containing multiples of 5 up to 20.

```
my_list = [5, 10, 15, 20]
```

my_list	5	10	15	20
	0	1	2	3
	-4	-3	-2	-1

```
my_list[-1] = 20
```

```
my_list[-4] = 5
```

Accessing Elements of a Multi-dimensional List

- Multi-dimensional list is a list containing another list.

Example: `my_list2 = [[1, 2, 3], "Neso", [4, 5, 6]]`

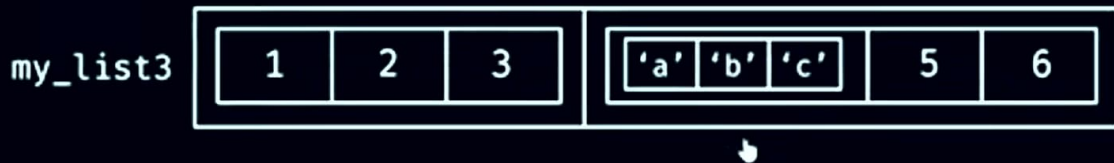
my_list2	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr></table>			1	2	3	0	1	2	"Neso"	<table><tr><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr></table>			4	5	6	0	1	2
	1	2	3																
	0	1	2																
4	5	6																	
0	1	2																	
0			1																
			2																

`my_list2[0][0] = 1`

`my_list2[2] = [4, 5, 6]`



HW: Consider the following list



How to access the value 'b' in the above list?

`my_list3[1][0][1]`