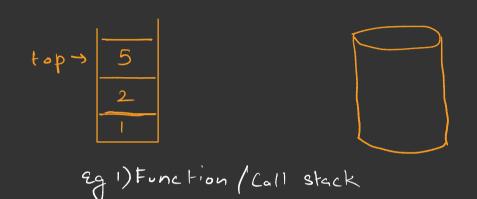
STACK Linear Data Structure LIFO (Last In First Out)



2) Undo/Redo

3) Forward / Back in a browser

Functions of Stack

1) Push -s add at top

2 Pop -> remove top

3 Peek -s returns top

y size - size of stack

3 Is Empty -> saturns s==0;

AgrayList 1 2 3 4 5 6 remove First O(n) add First O(n) add Last OLI) 0(1) remove Last class Stack ? AssocyList < Integers Rist; p void push (int val) & Dist addLost(val); int pop() ?

oraturn Dist. removelast();

3

b int peck() ?

oraturn Dist. get(Dist. size - 1)

3

Dist

Qist

Linked List Dramova First OU) add First Ou) gemova Last O(h) add Last Och) is tail O(1) Agray 3/5/9//// Class Stack & buch (3) push(s) int corr []; pash(9) int top; //-/ pop() peck() p void push (int val) z aere[++top] = Val;

acra [++top] = Val;

Size ()

preturn top+1;

preturn are [top--];

Ques Duplicate brackets ((a+6)+c) // false (((a+6)) + c) 11 town

Ques Balanced Bracket

2 at (b+c) + [(d+e) + 8] 11 true 2 C J 3 (2 C 3) golse

C 2 J 2

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1$$

$$\left((A + B) - \left((C+D) / E \right) \right)$$

Dur Newest smaller element (on left)

4 5 6 10 8 5 1 7

-1 4 5 6 6 4 -1

Tc= O(n)