```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
   from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
   from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
   from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
   from math import sqrt
   from sklearn.svm import SVR
   from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
   from datetime import datetime, timedelta
   from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
```

In [2]: data = pd.read_csv(r"JaipurFinalCleanData.csv")
data

Out[2]:

	date	meantempm	maxtempm	mintempm	meantempm_1	meantempm_2	meantempm_3	meandewptm_1	meandev
0	2016- 05-04	34	41	27	35.0	36.0	34.0	6.0	
1	2016- 05-05	31	38	24	34.0	35.0	36.0	7.0	
2	2016- 05-06	28	34	21	31.0	34.0	35.0	11.0	
3	2016- 05-07	30	38	23	28.0	31.0	34.0	13.0	
4	2016- 05-08	34	41	26	30.0	28.0	31.0	10.0	
671	2018- 03-07	24	32	15	22.0	23.0	25.0	4.0	
672	2018- 03-08	24	32	15	24.0	22.0	23.0	2.0	
673	2018- 03-09	26	33	19	24.0	24.0	22.0	1.0	
674	2018- 03-10	26	34	19	26.0	24.0	24.0	3.0	
675	2018- 03-11	26	34	18	26.0	26.0	24.0	4.0	

676 rows × 40 columns

4

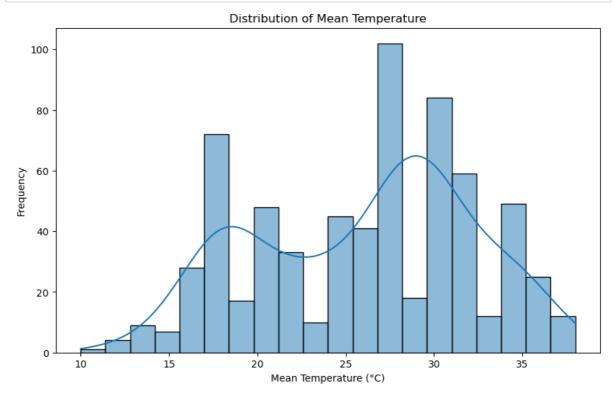
In [3]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 676 entries, 0 to 675
Data columns (total 40 columns):

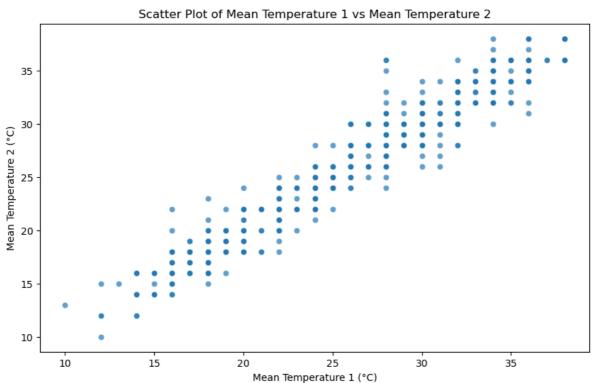
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	 date	676 non-null	object
1	meantempm	676 non-null	int64
2	maxtempm	676 non-null	int64
3	mintempm	676 non-null	int64
4	meantempm_1	676 non-null	float64
5	meantempm 2	676 non-null	float64
6	meantempm_3	676 non-null	float64
7	meandewptm_1	676 non-null	float64
8	meandewptm_2	676 non-null	float64
9	meandewptm_3	676 non-null	float64
10	meanpressurem_1	676 non-null	float64
11	meanpressurem_2	676 non-null	float64
12	meanpressurem_3	676 non-null	float64
13	maxhumidity_1	676 non-null	float64
14	maxhumidity_2	676 non-null	float64
15	maxhumidity_3	676 non-null	float64
16	minhumidity_1	676 non-null	float64
17	minhumidity_2	676 non-null	float64
18	<pre>minhumidity_3</pre>	676 non-null	float64
19	maxtempm_1	676 non-null	float64
20	maxtempm_2	676 non-null	float64
21	maxtempm_3	676 non-null	float64
22	mintempm_1	676 non-null	float64
23	mintempm_2	676 non-null	float64
24	mintempm_3	676 non-null	float64
25	maxdewptm_1	676 non-null	float64
26	maxdewptm_2	676 non-null	float64
27	maxdewptm_3	676 non-null	float64
28	mindewptm_1	676 non-null	float64
29	mindewptm_2	676 non-null	float64
30	mindewptm_3	676 non-null	float64
31	maxpressurem_1	676 non-null	float64
32	maxpressurem_2	676 non-null	float64
33	maxpressurem_3	676 non-null	float64
34	minpressurem_1	676 non-null	float64
35	minpressurem_2	676 non-null	float64
36	minpressurem_3	676 non-null	float64
37	precipm_1	676 non-null	float64
38 39	precipm_2	676 non-null	float64
_	precipm_3 es: float64(36).	676 non-null int64(3). object	float64
$u \cup v \cup e$:s. IIUalD4(3D).	THEORES IN ODIRECT	(I)

dtypes: float64(36), int64(3), object(1)
memory usage: 211.4+ KB

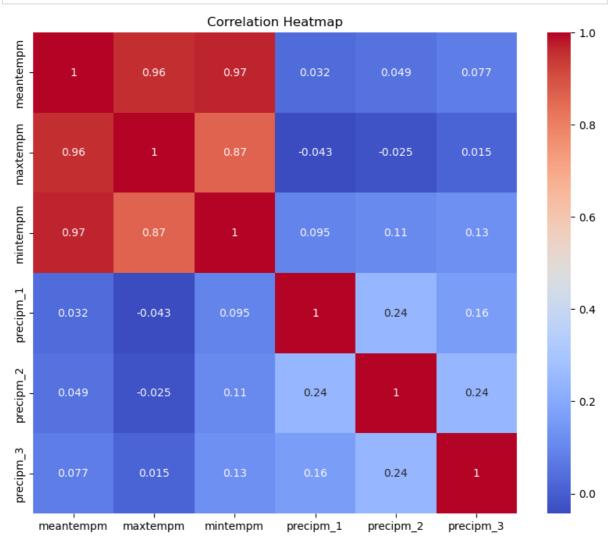
```
In [4]: # Plot a histogram of 'meantempm' column
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.histplot(data['meantempm'], bins=20, kde=True)
    plt.xlabel('Mean Temperature (°C)')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.title('Distribution of Mean Temperature')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [5]: # Plot a scatter plot of 'meantempm_1' vs 'meantempm_2'
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.scatterplot(data=data, x='meantempm_1', y='meantempm_2', alpha=0.7)
    plt.xlabel('Mean Temperature 1 (°C)')
    plt.ylabel('Mean Temperature 2 (°C)')
    plt.title('Scatter Plot of Mean Temperature 1 vs Mean Temperature 2')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [6]: # Create a correlation heatmap for selected columns
selected_columns = ['meantempm', 'maxtempm', 'mintempm', 'precipm_1', 'precipm_2', 'precipm_3']
correlation_matrix = data[selected_columns].corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



Train and Test

```
In [7]: # Select features and target variable
X = data[['maxtempm', 'mintempm', 'precipm_1', 'precipm_2', 'precipm_3']]
y = data['meantempm']
```

```
In [8]: # Split the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
In [9]: # Create and train the linear regression model
         model = LinearRegression()
         model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Make predictions on the test set
         y_pred_lr = model.predict(X_test)
         # Evaluate the model
         mse_lr = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_lr)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse_lr}")
         # Calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
         mae_lr = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_lr)
         print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae_lr}")
         # Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
         rmse lr = sqrt(mse lr)
         print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse_lr}")
         Mean Squared Error: 0.1394095149754047
         Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 0.28960402166786614
         Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.373375836089328
In [10]: # Create and train the Support Vector Machine (SVM) model
         svm model = SVR(kernel='linear') # You can choose the kernel type, e.g., 'linear', 'rbf', etc.
         svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Make predictions on the test set
         y_pred_svm = svm_model.predict(X_test)
         # Evaluate the SVM model
         mse_svm = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_svm)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error (SVM): {mse_svm}")
         # Calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
         mae_svm = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_svm)
         print(f"Mean Absolute Error (SVM): {mae_svm}")
         # Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
         rmse_svm = sqrt(mse_svm)
         print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (SVM): {rmse_svm}")
         Mean Squared Error (SVM): 0.14710477899688937
         Mean Absolute Error (SVM): 0.31979718029585025
         Root Mean Squared Error (SVM): 0.38354240834214065
In [11]: # Create and train the Decision Tree model
         decision_tree_model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
         decision_tree_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
         # Make predictions on the test set
         y_pred_dt = decision_tree_model.predict(X_test)
         # Evaluate the Decision Tree model
         mse_dt = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_dt)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error (Decision Tree): {mse_dt}")
         # Calculate Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
         mae dt = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_dt)
         print(f"Mean Absolute Error (Decision Tree): {mae_dt}")
         # Calculate Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
         rmse_dt = sqrt(mse_dt)
         print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (Decision Tree): {rmse_dt}")
         Mean Squared Error (Decision Tree): 0.19852941176470587
         Mean Absolute Error (Decision Tree): 0.13970588235294118
```

Root Mean Squared Error (Decision Tree): 0.4455663943395034

```
In [12]: # Create a dictionary to store the performance metrics
performance_dict = {
    'Model': ['Linear Regression', 'Support Vector Machine', 'Decision Tree'],
    'Mean Squared Error (MSE)': [mse_lr, mse_svm, mse_dt],
    'Mean Absolute Error (MAE)': [mae_lr, mae_svm, mae_dt],
    'Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)': [rmse_lr, rmse_svm, rmse_dt]
}

# Create a pandas DataFrame from the dictionary
performance_df = pd.DataFrame(performance_dict)

# Display the performance table
performance_df
```

Out[12]:

	Model	Mean Squared Error (MSE)	Mean Absolute Error (MAE)	Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)
0	Linear Regression	0.139410	0.289604	0.373376
1	Support Vector Machine	0.147105	0.319797	0.383542
2	Decision Tree	0.198529	0.139706	0.445566

```
In [13]: # Data
         models = ['Linear Regression', 'Support Vector Machine', 'Decision Tree']
         mse_values = [mse_lr, mse_svm, mse_dt]
         mae_values = [mae_lr, mae_svm, mae_dt]
         rmse_values = [rmse_lr, rmse_svm, rmse_dt]
         # Create subplots
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=3, figsize=(15, 5))
         # Plot MSE
         axes[0].bar(models, mse_values, color='skyblue')
         axes[0].set_title('Mean Squared Error (MSE)')
         axes[0].set_xlabel('Models')
         axes[0].set_ylabel('Value')
         # Plot MAE
         axes[1].bar(models, mae_values, color='lightcoral')
         axes[1].set_title('Mean Absolute Error (MAE)')
         axes[1].set_xlabel('Models')
         axes[1].set_ylabel('Value')
         # Plot RMSE
         axes[2].bar(models, rmse_values, color='lightgreen')
         axes[2].set_title('Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE)')
         axes[2].set_xlabel('Models')
         axes[2].set_ylabel('Value')
         # Adjust Layout
         plt.tight_layout()
         # Show the plot
         plt.show()
```

