

Assignment 2

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/tanmaygoyal258/AI1103---Probability/blob/main/Assignment2/code.py>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/tanmaygoyal258/AI1103---Probability/blob/main/Assignment2/main.tex>

Also, the following values are known:

$$\Pr(S) = \frac{2000}{2000 + 4000 + 6000} = \frac{1}{6} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\Pr(C) = \frac{4000}{2000 + 4000 + 6000} = \frac{1}{3} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\Pr(T) = \frac{6000}{2000 + 4000 + 6000} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\Pr(A|S) = 0.01 \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\Pr(A|C) = 0.03 \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\Pr(A|T) = 0.15 \quad (2.0.8)$$

1 PROBLEM

(Prob 5.18) An insurance company insured 2000 scooter drivers, 4000 car drivers and 6000 truck drivers. The probability of accident is 0.01, 0.03 and 0.15 respectively. One of the insured persons meets with an accident. What is the probability that it is a scooter driver?

We have to find:

$$\Pr(S|A) = \frac{\Pr(SA)}{\Pr(A)} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Using (2.0.1) and (2.0.2), we get:

$$\Pr(S|A) = \frac{\Pr(A|S) \Pr(S)}{\Pr(A|S) \Pr(S) + \Pr(A|C) \Pr(C) + \Pr(A|T) \Pr(T)} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{0.01}{6}}{\frac{0.01}{6} + \frac{0.03}{3} + \frac{0.15}{2}} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \frac{1}{52} \quad (2.0.12)$$

2 SOLUTION

By definition

$$\Pr(A|B) = \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(B)} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Also, by Bayes' Theorem

$$\Pr(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr(A|E_i) \Pr(E_i) \quad (2.0.2)$$

where $E_1, E_2 \dots E_n$ are partitions of the complete sample set.

The following symbols would be used:

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| S | Scooter Drivers |
| C | Car Drivers |
| T | Truck Drivers |
| A | Involved in an Accident |

where S, C and T represent all the partitions of the sample set.