



Large-Scale Optimization of Last-Mile Drone Delivery Network: Column  
Generation to Solve a VRP-D

# Optimizing emergency responses: developing operations research tools for Flood response in Bangladesh

Date: Sep 02, 2024

- For now, we are focusing on Case Study 1. So, you can skip next few slides and concentrate from Slides 08-14

# Research Outline

- Introduction
  - Background
  - RQ
- Method
  - Proposed methodology
  - Solution algorithm
- Computational Result
- Discussion



# Background & Motivation

- Last-mile delivery is the most time-consuming and costly part of the supply chain, making its optimization crucial for competitive advantage.
- To meet rising e-commerce demands, logistics companies are turning to innovative solutions like drone delivery to improve efficiency.
- This paper addresses the challenges of optimizing large-scale last-mile drone delivery by using a column generation approach to solve the Vehicle Routing Problem with Drone (VRP-D).
- Extensive experiments show that the proposed method improves delivery efficiency and reduces costs, offering valuable insights for optimizing last-mile logistics with advanced technologies.



# Research Questions

## Model itself

1. What novel mathematical models can be developed to incorporate multi-modal transportation (e.g., combining trucks, drones, bikes) into the VRP for last-mile delivery?
2. How can models for drones be adapted to handle dynamic, real-time conditions, such as sudden changes in delivery locations, or unexpected drone failures?

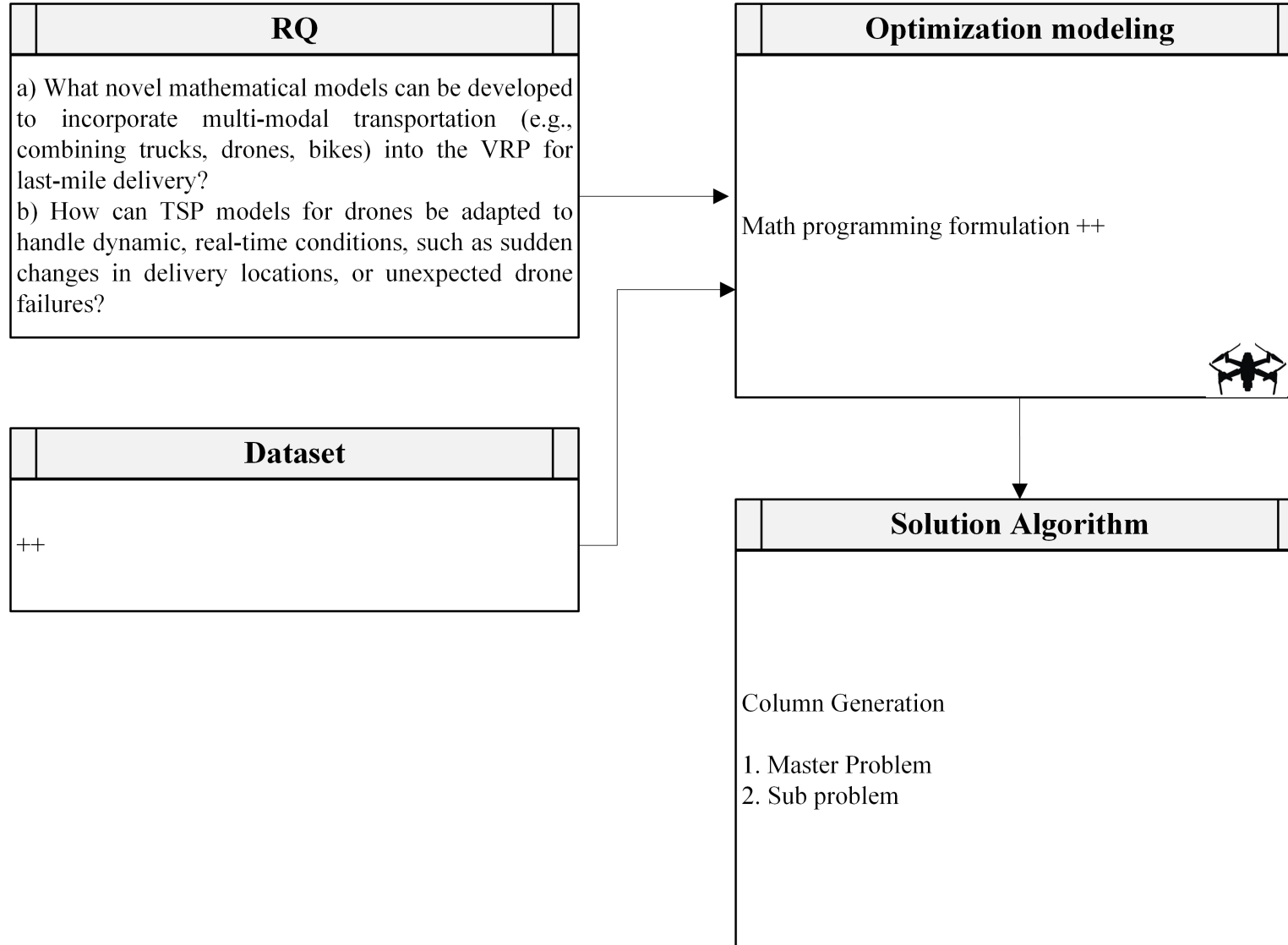
## Solution algorithm

3. How can the pricing problem in column generation be optimized to generate routes more effectively for last-mile delivery?
4. How can heuristics or metaheuristics be integrated with column generation to improve solution quality for last-mile delivery optimization?

## Sensitivity

5. What are the impacts of various problem parameters (e.g., number of customers, geographic distribution) on the performance of VRP models for last-mile delivery?
6. What are the trade-offs between solution quality and computational time when using heuristic-based column generation?
7. What are the impacts of varying problem parameters (e.g., number of deliveries, geographic distribution) on the performance of VRP algorithms in drone delivery?

# Proposed Method



# Solution algorithm

- Column Generation ++
- Relevance to large-scale optimization??

# Case study 1

## Optimizing emergency responses: developing operations research tools for Flood response in Bangladesh



# Problem Statement

- How we can maximize the coverage of shelter points given:
  - Disrupted road network
  - Resource constraints
  - Limited capacity of vehicles
- Coverage: delivering reliefs from warehouse to shelters

# Data

- Quick intro (of data collected so far)
- Add data table
- **Warehouse:** need to assume
- **Shelters:** capacity, geo-location
- **Road network:** national & regional highway, other roads, disrupted (can we get flood elevation or other info++ Riad)
- **Demand:** resource needed, Location of people,
- **Resource/relief:** Quantity and warehouse location

# Data Exploration

# Optimization model

## Conceptual Model

1. Objective: maximizing coverage of shelter (demand) points
2. DV: no. of vehicles (# of drone, helicopter, truck), capacity of these vehicle
  - a. Vehicle level:  $x_{ijk}$ , from where to where
  - b. Routing level: road selection (disrupted, non-disrupted routes)
3. Input parameters: packages.
  - a. Disrupted vs non-disrupted networks
4. Constraint
  - a. Travel each demand points only once
  - b. Capacity constraints: for each vehicle
  - c. Travelling distance: helicopter (max coverage), every vehicle (truck refuel), other practical limits
  - d. Time-window

## Math model

# Results



# Results (Continued)

# Computational Result: Dataset

- Dataset 1 ( [Wu et al., 2024](#)):
- Dataset 2 (US Arctic emergency response related VRP):  
summary of the dataset+

# Implementation

- Modeling: Python/Pyomo
- Solver: CPLEX/Gurobi
- Simulation: AnyLogic
- Versioning: Github
- Packaging: Docker & Streamlit