Answer of Assignment 7-18.01.2021

SUBJECT-PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURE USING C (PDSC)

LECTURE-M. Thangavel

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1. read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
printf("array in actual order :: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");
printf("array in reverse order :: ");
for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
return 0;
```

enter size of array :: 5

Input number :: 3

Input number :: 6

Input number :: 4

Input number :: 8

Input number :: 9

array in actual order :: 3 6 4 8 9 array in reverse order :: 9 8 4 6 3

2. find the sum of all elements of the array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,sum=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  sum += arr[i];
printf("Sum of all elements of the array is %d",sum);
return 0;
Output:
enter size of array :: 4
Input number::5
Input number:: 5
Input number:: 5
Input number:: 5
Sum of all elements of the array is 20
```

3. copy the elements of one array into another array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,sum=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n],arrcopy[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in first array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  arrcopy[i] = arr[i];
printf("Elements copy in second array :: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("%d ",arrcopy[i]);
}
return 0;
Output:
enter size of array :: 4
Input number in first array :: 2
Input number in first array :: 5
Input number in first array :: 3
Input number in first array :: 6
Elements copy in second array :: 2 5 3 6
```

4. count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,j,c=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  j=i;
  for(j+=1;j<n;j++){
    if(arr[i]==arr[j]){
       C ++;
       break;
     }
  }
}
printf("Here total %d duplicate elements",c);
return 0;
}
Output:
enter size of array :: 6
Input number in array :: 4
Input number in array :: 4
```

Input number in array :: 2
Input number in array :: 2
Input number in array :: 3
Input number in array :: 3

Here total 3 duplicate elements

4. find the maximum and minimum element in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,j,temp=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
    if(arr[i] < arr[j]){</pre>
       temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
    }
  }
printf("minimum element = %d \nmaximum element = %d",arr[0],arr[n-
1]);
return 0;
}
Output:
enter size of array :: 5
Input number in array :: 3
Input number in array :: 2
Input number in array :: 5
Input number in array :: 6
Input number in array:: 4
```

minimum element = 2 maximum element = 6

5. separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,j=0,k=0,c=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n],odd[n],even[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
if(arr[i] \% 2 == 0){
   even[j] = arr[i];
  i +=1;
   c += 1;
}
else{
   odd[k] = arr[i];
   k += 1;
}
printf("Even numbers :: ");
for(i=0;i<c;i++){
  printf("%d ",even[i]);
}
printf("\nodd numbers :: ");
for(i=0;i<n-c;i++){
  printf("%d ",odd[i]);
}
```

```
return 0;
}
```

enter size of array :: 5
Input number in array :: 1
Input number in array :: 2
Input number in array :: 3
Input number in array :: 4
Input number in array :: 5

Even numbers :: 2 4 odd numbers :: 1 3 5

6. insert New value in the array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,m,i;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n],new[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
printf("Inserted elements :: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
printf("\nhow many new elements you want to insert :: ");
scanf("%d",&m);
arr[n+m];
for(i=n;i<n+m;i++)
  printf("\ninput new number :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
printf("\nArray with New inserted elements :: ");
for(i=0;i<n+m;i++){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
return 0;
```

enter size of array :: 5

Input number in array :: 1

Input number in array :: 5

Input number in array :: 4

Input number in array :: 6

Input number in array :: 3

Inserted elements:: 15463

how many new elements you want to insert :: 3

input new number :: 9

input new number :: 10

input new number :: 13

Array with New inserted elements :: 1 5 4 6 3 9 10 13

8. delete an element at desired position from an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,m,i,temp;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
printf("Inserted elements :: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
printf("\nEnter index for delete a number :: ");
scanf("%d",&m);
for(i=m;i<n;i++){
  arr[m] = arr[m+1];
  m = m + 1;
}
for(i=0;i<n-1;i++){
  printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}
return 0;
```

enter size of array :: 6

Input number in array :: 1

Input number in array :: 2

Input number in array :: 3

Input number in array :: 4

Input number in array :: 5

Input number in array :: 6

Inserted elements:: 1 2 3 4 5 6

Enter index for delete a number :: 5

12345

9. find the second largest element in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,j,temp=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  printf("Input number in array :: ");
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
     if(arr[i] < arr[j]){</pre>
       temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
     }
  }
printf("Second largest value = %d",arr[n-2]);
return 0;
}
```

enter size of array :: 6

Input number in array :: 3

Input number in array :: 4

Input number in array :: 8

Input number in array :: 9

Input number in array :: 7

Input number in array :: 2

Second largest value = 8

11. multiplication of two square Matrices.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i=0,j=0,k;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr1[n][n],arr2[n][n],mul[n][n];
printf("Enter elements in first array -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
    printf("Enter a number :: ");
    scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);
  }
}
printf("Enter elements in second array -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
    printf("Enter a number :: ");
    scanf("%d",&arr2[i][j]);
  }
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j< n;j++){
    mul[i][j]=0;
    for(k=0;k<n;k++){
    mul[i][j] += arr1[i][k] * arr2[k][j];
```

```
}
  }
}
printf("Multiplication of the given matrix --> \n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
    printf("%d ",mul[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
return 0;
}
Output:
enter size of array :: 2
Enter elements in first array -->
Enter a number:: 4
Enter a number:: 2
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 4
Enter elements in second array -->
Enter a number :: 2
Multiplication of the given matrix -->
12 12
12 12
```

12. find transpose of a given matrix.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i=0,j=0,k;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr1[n][n],arr2[n][n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
     printf("Enter a number :: ");
    scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);
  }
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
    arr2[i][j] = arr1[j][i];
  }
}
printf("Inserted matrix -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j< n;j++){
     printf("%d ",arr1[i][j]);
   }
   printf("\n");
}
printf("Transpose of this given matrix is -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
     printf("%d ",arr2[i][j]);
   printf("\n");
```

```
}
return 0;
Output:
enter size of array :: 3
Enter a number :: 1
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 3
Enter a number :: 4
Enter a number :: 5
Enter a number :: 6
Enter a number :: 7
Enter a number :: 8
Enter a number :: 9
Inserted matrix -->
123
456
789
Transpose of this given matrix is -->
147
258
369
```

13. find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,i,j,sum=0;
printf("enter size of array :: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n][n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
     printf("Enter a number :: ");
    scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
  }
}
printf("Inserted matrix -->\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  for(j=0;j<n;j++){
     printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
printf("sum of left diagonals");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  j=i;
  printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
printf("is :: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  j=i;
  sum += arr[i][j];
printf("%d",sum);
```

```
return 0;
}
Output::
enter size of array :: 3
Enter a number :: 1
Enter a number :: 2
Enter a number :: 3
Enter a number :: 4
Enter a number :: 5
Enter a number :: 6
Enter a number :: 7
Enter a number :: 8
Enter a number :: 9
Inserted matrix -->
123
456
789
```

sum of left diagonals 159 is:: 15