Optimal Estimation - Homework 4

Tanner Koza

Problem 1

Develop a model for a pendulum with inertia $Jp = 2.5 \ Nm \ rad/s^2$ (at pin), mass $m=1.6 \ kg$, and length $L=1 \ m$. The pin introduces damping in the system that should be modeled as $\tau b = b\theta 3$ where $b = 1.25 \ Nm \ rad/s$. The input to the system is a torque at the pin given by $\tau = 12Nm$. Assume system is acted on by a horizontal disturbance force at the end of the pendulum $(f(t)=5+\eta)$ where $\eta \sim N(0,2)$. The measurement of the angle of the pendulum is corrupted by zero mean Gaussian white noise with variance of 1 degree.

Find:

- Part A: Develop a simulation of the system.
- Part B: Develop an extended Kalman filter to estimate the position and velocity (and any additional needed parameters) of the pendulum given measurement as described.
- Part C: Develop an unscented Kalman filter to estimate the position and velocity (and any additional needed parameters) of the pendulum given measurement as described.
- Part D: Use Monte Carlo simulations to compare the performance of the EKF and UKF. Be sure to compare expected covariance to sampled covariance from Monte Carlo simulations.

Solution:

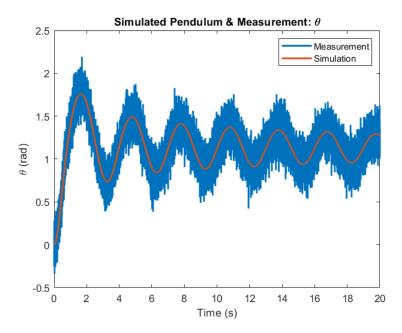
• Part A: The following code simulates the pendulum system and the plot shows the simulated system and measurement.

```
J = 2.5;
m = 1.6;
l = 1;
b = 1.25;
tau = 12;
g = 9.81;

% Jddot + bddot^3 + mglsin(theta) = T + dist
dt = 0.001;
tEnd = 20;
t = 0:dt:tEnd - dt;

dot = 0;
ddot = 0;
theta = 0;
for i = 1:length(t)
```

```
fD = 5 + sqrt(2)*randn;
    ddot = (tau + fD*l*cos(theta) - m*g*l*sin(theta) - b*dot^3)/J;
    dot = dot + ddot*dt;
    theta = theta + dot*dt;
    thetaL(i) = theta;
    dotL(i) = dot;
    y(i) = theta + sqrt(deg2rad(1))*randn;
end
figure
plot(t,y)
hold on
plot(t,thetaL)
title('Simulated Pendulum & Measurement: \theta')
legend('Measurement', 'Simulation')
xlabel('Time (s)')
ylabel('\theta (rad)')
```

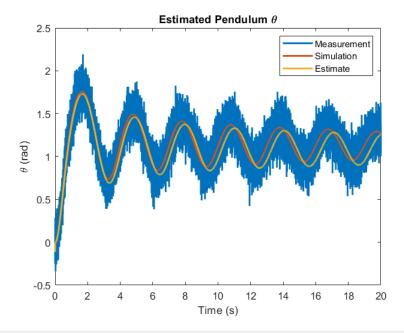


• Part B: The following code implements an EKF to estimate the position and velocity of the pendulum system. The EKF could use a lot of work as it was a quick implementation. The bias from the disturbance is poorly estimated causing the position and velocity estimate to be biased. With more time, I feel confident I could tune the EKF and adjust the time update to estimate the sates correctly.

```
Bc = [0; 1/J; 0];
R = deg2rad(1);
H = [1 0 0];
fD = 4;
theta = 0;
dot = 0;
X = [theta; dot; fD];
P = eye(3);
for i = 1:length(t)
    % Time Update
    ddot = (tau + X(3)*1*cos(X(1)) - m*g*1*sin(X(1)) - b*X(2)^3)/J;
    dot = dot + ddot*dt;
    theta = theta + dot*dt;
    X = [theta; dot; fD];
    F = [0 \ 1 \ 0;
        -((m*g*1)/J)*sin(X(1)) -(3*b)/J*X(2)^2 (1/J)*cos(X(1));
        0 0 0];
%
    A = \exp(F*dt);
    [A,B,H,D] = c2dm(F,Bc,H,0,dt);
    BW = [0; 0; 1*cos(X(1))/J];
    QD = BW*2*BW'*dt;
    P = A*P*A' + QD;
    % Measurement Update
    K = P*H'*inv(H*P*H' + R);
    X = X + K*(y-H*X);
    P = (eye(3) - K*H)*P;
    xL(i) = X(1);
    xdotL(i) = X(2);
    biasL(i) = X(3);
% PL(i) = P;
```

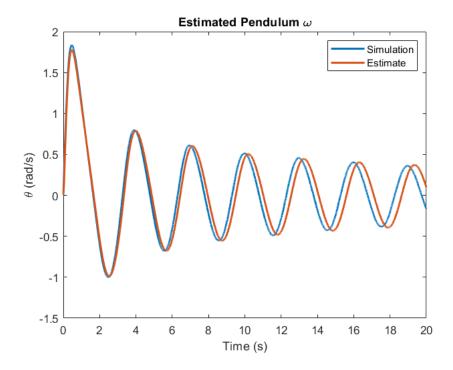
```
figure
plot(t,y)
hold on
plot(t,thetaL)
plot(t,xL)

title('Estimated Pendulum \theta')
legend('Measurement', 'Simulation', 'Estimate')
xlabel('Time (s)')
ylabel('\theta (rad)')
```



```
figure
plot(t,dotL)
hold on
plot(t,xdotL)

title('Estimated Pendulum \omega')
legend('Simulation','Estimate')
xlabel('Time (s)')
ylabel('\theta (rad/s)')
```



- Part C: I was unable to develop the Unscented Particle as I wasn't able to get the EKF done as quickly as I hoped.
- Part D: I was unable to compare the covariances because I couldn't complete the UKF.

Problem 2

Refer to problem 3 from homework 3 (the "Navigation" filter). Design a particle filter to estimate the East and North position, radar and gyro bias using the data (hw3_3 from canvas). Compare the performance of the particle filter to the performance of your estimator from homework 3 using at least 3 different numbers of particle (e.g. N=50, 100,1000). Provide plots of estimation error, analytical covariance (from EKF) and numerical covariance (from particle filter).

Solution:

• Unable to complete in time.