

Assignment-10 (Sorting and Searching)

1. Sorting is a process of organizing data in a particular order allowing for information to be found easier. You are given an array of integer, perform the following task:

- a) Write a program to sort the elements of the given array in descending order using the logic of **quick sort** algorithm. Always select the median element of the array as pivot.

Sample Input:

Elements of array: 6 9 3 - 5 2 8 5

Sample Output:

Array after sorting: 9 8 6 5 3 2 - 5

- b) Apply the **binary search** on the above output (output of part a) to display whether a given number 'X' is present on that array or not. If present then print the array index in which it is present, and if not present then print -1.

Sample Input: 5

Sample Output: 3

2. **Merge** procedure of **merge sort** algorithm is used to merge two sorted arrays into a single sorted array. Your task in this problem is to modify the **merge** procedure of **merge sort** algorithm so that it can merge three sorted arrays into a single sorted array.

Sample Inputs:

Elements of 1st sorted array: 3 5 6 12 15

Elements of 2nd sorted array: 7 9 11 17

Elements of 3rd sorted array: 2 8 16 20 25

Sample Output:

Elements of the array after merging: 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 11 12 15 16 17 20 25

3. Write a function **sort(int *array, int arraylength)** which sorts the numbers in array using the **heapsort** algorithm.

Sample Input: 23 10 25 2 3 1 61 12

Sample Output: 1 2 3 10 12 23 25 61