

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \bar{A} = \{ \\
 & \bar{B} = \{ \\
 & \text{Union} \\
 & \mu_{A \cup B}(x) = \max(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) \\
 & = \max((x, 0.5), (x, 0.8)) \\
 & = (x, 0.8)
 \end{aligned}$$

Fuzzy set operation

Given X to be the universe of discourse and \bar{A} and \bar{B} to be fuzzy sets with $\mu_A(x)$ and $\mu_B(x)$ as their respective membership function, the basic fuzzy set operation are as follows:

(1) Union:-

$$\mu_{A \cup B}(x) = \max(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x))$$

$$\text{Let } A = \{(x_1, 0.5), (x_2, 0.7), (x_3, 0)\} \text{ and } B = \{(x_1, 0.8), (x_2, 0.2), (x_3, 1)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu_{A \cup B}(x) &= \max(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) \\
 &= \max\{(x_1, 0.8), (x_1, 0.5), (x_2, 0.7), (x_2, 0.2), (x_3, 0), (x_3, 1)\} \\
 &= \{(x_1, 0.8), (x_2, 0.7), (x_3, 1)\}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2) Intersection:-

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu_{A \cap B}(x) &= \min(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) \\
 &= \min\{(x_1, 0.5), (x_1, 0.8), (x_2, 0.7), (x_2, 0.2), (x_3, 0), (x_3, 1)\} \\
 &= \{(x_1, 0.5), (x_2, 0.2), (x_3, 0)\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Intersection

$$A \cap B$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \min(\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)) \\
 &= \min((x, 0.5), (x, 0.8)) \\
 &= (x, 0.5)
 \end{aligned}$$

③ Complement :-

$$\mu_{\bar{A}}(x) = 1 - \mu_A(x)$$

$$\text{Let } A = \{(x_1, 0.5) (x_2, 0.7) (x_3, 0)\}$$

$$\bar{A} = \{(x_1, 0.5) (x_2, 0.3) (x_3, 1)\}$$

④ Product of two fuzzy sets:-

$$\mu_{\bar{A} \cdot B}(x) = \mu_{\bar{A}}(x) \cdot \mu_B(x)$$

$$\bar{A} = \{(x_1, 0.2) (x_2, 0.8) (x_3, 0.4)\}$$

$$B = \{(x_1, 0.4) (x_2, 0) (x_3, 0.1)\}$$

$$\mu_{\bar{A} \cdot B} = \{(x_1, 0.8) (x_2, 0) (x_3, 0.04)\}$$

⑤ Equality :-

$$\mu_{\tilde{A}}(x_1) = \mu_{\tilde{B}}(x_1)$$

$$\tilde{A} = \{(x_1, 0.2) (x_2, 0.8)\} \quad \tilde{B} = \{(x_1, 0.6) (x_2, 0.8)\}$$

$$\tilde{C} = \{(x_1, 0.2) (x_2, 0.8)\}$$

$$\mu_{\tilde{A}}(x_1) \neq \mu_{\tilde{B}}(x_1), \quad x_1 \neq (x_1, 0.2) \neq (x_1, 0.6)$$

but $\mu_{\tilde{A}}(x) = \mu_{\tilde{C}}(x), \quad (x_1, 0.2) = (x_1, 0.2)$

$$\mu_{\tilde{A}}(x_2) \neq \mu_{\tilde{B}}(x_2) \text{ but } \mu_{\tilde{A}}(x_2) = \mu_{\tilde{C}}(x_2)$$

$$\mu_{\tilde{A}}(x_3) = \mu_{\tilde{C}}(x_3)$$

Equality

$$\neq =$$

$$\mu_A(x) = \mu_{\bar{B}}(x)$$

$$\mu_{\bar{A}}(x) \neq \mu_{\tilde{B}}(x)$$

Complement
 $\mu_{\bar{A}}(x) = 1 - \mu_A(x)$
Product of two fuzzy sets
 $\mu_{\bar{A} \cdot B} = \mu_{\bar{A}}(x) \cdot \mu_B(x)$

Product with some crisp value

$$\alpha \approx a = 1.2 \approx 1$$

$$\mu_A(x) \cdot a$$

$$\mu_{a \cdot A}(x) = 0.3 \times 0.4 = 0.12$$

$$A \oplus B = (A \cdot \bar{B}) \cup (\bar{A} \cdot B)$$

⑥ Product of a fuzzy set with a crisp set number.

$$\mu_{a \cdot \bar{A}}(x) = a \cdot \mu_{\bar{A}}(x)$$

$$\bar{A} = \{(x_1, 0.4) (x_2, 0.6) (x_3, 0.8)\}$$

$$a = 0.3$$

$$\mu_{a \cdot \bar{A}}(x) = 0.3 \cdot \{(x_1, 0.4) (x_2, 0.6) (x_3, 0.8)\} \\ = \{(x_1, 0.12) (x_2, 0.18) (x_3, 0.24)\}$$

⑦ Power of a fuzzy set :-

$$A^a$$

$$\mu_{A^a}(x) = (\mu_A(x))^a$$

$$\bar{A} = \{(x_1, 0.4) (x_2, 0.2) (x_3, 0.7)\}$$

$$a = 2$$

$$\mu_{A^2}(x) = \{(x_1, 0.16) (x_2, 0.04) (x_3, 0.49)\}$$

⑧ Difference :-

$$\bar{A} - \bar{B} = (\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}^c)$$

$$\bar{A} = \{(x_1, 0.2) (x_2, 0.5) (x_3, 0.6)\}, \bar{B} = \{(x_1, 0.1) (x_2, 0.4) (x_3, 0.8)\}$$

$$\bar{B}^c = \{(x_1, 0.9) (x_2, 0.6) (x_3, 0.5)\}$$

$$\bar{A} - \bar{B} = \bar{A} \cap \bar{B}^c = \{(x_1, 0.2) (x_2, 0.5) (x_3, 0.5)\}$$

⑨ Disjunctive sum :-

$$\bar{A} \oplus \bar{B} = (\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}) \cup (\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}^c)$$

Power

$$a \approx a$$

$$a = 2$$

$$\mu_{A^a}(x)$$

$$= (0.4)^2$$

$$= 0.16$$

Difference

$$\bar{A} - \bar{B} = \bar{A} \cap \bar{B}^c$$

$$B^c = \{ \cdot \}$$

$$\bar{A} \cap \bar{B} = \min$$