I'll help you generate comprehensive API documentation for the authentication APIs in the FoodShare application. Let me first explore the codebase to understand the authentication implementation. Let me analyze the authentication-related code in the FoodShare application to document the Authentication APIs properly.

Based on my analysis of the codebase, I can see that the application has a well-structured authentication service that handles login, registration, and logout functionality. The authentication APIs are defined primarily in authService.js.

# FoodShare API Documentation - Authentication APIs ## 1. Authentication APIs ### 1.1 User Login \*\*Endpoint URL\*\*: `/api/auth/login` \*\*HTTP Method\*\*: `POST` \*\*Request Headers\*\*: Content-Type: application/json . . . \*\*Request Body Schema\*\*: ```json { "email": "user@example.com", "password": "securePassword123" } . . .

\*\*Response Body Schema\*\*:

```
```json
{
 "token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9...",
 "user": {
 "id": "u12345",
 "name": "John Doe",
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "role": "donor",
  "status": "Active",
  "createdAt": "2023-11-10T15:30:00Z"
}
}
. . .
**Authentication Requirements**: None (Public API)
**Status Codes and Messages**:
- `200 OK`: Successful login
- `400 Bad Request`: Invalid input data
- `401 Unauthorized`: Invalid credentials
- `403 Forbidden`: Account disabled or pending verification
- `500 Internal Server Error`: Server error
**Description**: Authenticates a user with email and password credentials. Returns a JWT
token and basic user information upon successful authentication.
### 1.2 User Registration
**Endpoint URL**: `/api/auth/register`
**HTTP Method**: `POST`
```

```
**Request Headers**:
Content-Type: application/json
**Request Body Schema**:
```json
{
 "name": "Jane Smith",
 "email": "jane.smith@example.com",
 "password": "securePassword123",
 "role": "beneficiary",
 "address": {
  "street": "123 Main St",
  "city": "Anytown",
  "state": "CA",
  "zipCode": "12345",
 "country": "USA"
},
 "phone": "+1234567890"
}
**Response Body Schema**:
```json
 "token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCl6lkpXVCJ9...",
 "user": {
 "id": "u67890",
  "name": "Jane Smith",
```

```
"email": "jane.smith@example.com",
  "role": "beneficiary",
  "status": "Active",
 "createdAt": "2023-11-15T10:20:30Z"
}
}
. . .
**Authentication Requirements**: None (Public API)
**Status Codes and Messages**:
- `201 Created`: Successfully registered
- `400 Bad Request`: Invalid input data or validation errors
- `409 Conflict`: Email already registered
- `500 Internal Server Error`: Server error
**Description**: Registers a new user with the provided information. Returns a JWT token and
user data upon successful registration. For NGO accounts, the status will be set to "Pending
Verification" until approved by an admin.
### 1.3 User Logout
**Endpoint URL**: \'api/auth/logout\`
**HTTP Method**: `POST`
**Request Headers**:
Authorization: Bearer (token)
**Request Body Schema**: Empty
```

```
**Response Body Schema**:
```json
{
"message": "Logout successful"
}
. . .
**Authentication Requirements**: JWT Token Required
**Status Codes and Messages**:
- `200 OK`: Successfully logged out
- `401 Unauthorized`: Invalid or missing token
- `500 Internal Server Error`: Server error
**Description**: Invalidates the user's session token on the server side. The client should also
remove the token from local storage.
### 1.4 Token Refresh
**Endpoint URL**: `/api/auth/refresh-token`
**HTTP Method**: `POST`
**Request Headers**:
. . .
Content-Type: application/json
. . .
**Request Body Schema**:
```json
```

```
{
 "token": "current_jwt_token"
}
. . .
**Response Body Schema**:
```json
{
 "token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCl6lkpXVCJ9...",
 "expiresAt": "2023-12-15T10:20:30Z"
}
. . .
**Authentication Requirements**: Valid but potentially expired JWT Token
**Status Codes and Messages**:
- `200 OK`: Successfully refreshed token
- `401 Unauthorized`: Invalid token
- `403 Forbidden`: Refresh not allowed (token revoked)
- `500 Internal Server Error`: Server error
**Description**: Refreshes an expired or soon-to-expire JWT token without requiring the user to
log in again. The client should replace the old token with the new one for subsequent API calls.
### 1.5 Update User Profile
**Endpoint URL**: \ /api/auth/profile \
**HTTP Method**: `PUT`
**Request Headers**:
```

```
Authorization: Bearer {token}
Content-Type: application/json
**Request Body Schema**:
```json
 "name": "Jane Updated Smith",
 "address": {
  "street": "456 Oak Avenue",
  "city": "New City",
  "state": "NY",
  "zipCode": "67890",
 "country": "USA"
},
 "phone": "+10987654321"
}
. . .
**Response Body Schema**:
```json
 "user": {
 "id": "u67890",
  "name": "Jane Updated Smith",
  "email": "jane.smith@example.com",
  "role": "beneficiary",
  "status": "Active",
  "address": {
```

"street": "456 Oak Avenue",

```
"city": "New City",
   "state": "NY",
  "zipCode": "67890",
  "country": "USA"
 },
  "phone": "+10987654321",
  "updatedAt": "2023-11-18T14:25:30Z"
}
}
. . .
**Authentication Requirements**: JWT Token Required
**Status Codes and Messages**:
- `200 OK`: Successfully updated profile
- `400 Bad Request`: Invalid input data
- `401 Unauthorized`: Invalid or missing token
- `500 Internal Server Error`: Server error
```

\*\*Description\*\*: Updates the authenticated user's profile information. Only certain fields can be updated (cannot change email or role through this endpoint).