Project Minesweeper

Tai Pham Nguyen Anh Student ID: 23125016 Ho Chi Minh University of Science pnatai23@apcs.fitus.edu.vn

Main Features

I have included all the features specified in the project's description:

- 1. Drawing the board (including cells, mines, flags).
- 2. Changing the state of each cell when it is selected.
- 3. Timer.
- 4. Function:
 - · New game.
 - · Change board dimensions.
- 5. Randomize positions of the mines.
- 6. Receiving new position of the pointer (to select a cell) from screen.
- 7. Saving the current state of the board and loading in the next playing session: the game will automatically save the current state of the game when you click the main menu button when playing.
- 8. Saving high scores: The game will automatically update the highest score when you win a game.

Other features:

- Render images, textures, game grid, ... using raylib.
- Improved score calculating.
- Using struct.

Structure of source code

Summary:

For simplicity, I've divide major components of this game to 3 files: minesweeper.cpp, field.h, cell.h

- minesweeper.cpp: The main file, this handles graphics, draw textues and handle all the interactions of the game.
- field.h: This defines the structure and functions of the game field.
- cell.h: This defines the structure and functions of the cell that game field is going to use.

Detailed description:

minesweeper.cpp:

- 1. The first three lines is to include necessary files.
- 2. Constants:
 - · App state
 - · Game resolution
- 3. Variables:
 - Textures (logo, buttons, ...)
 - Other supporting variables for printing and scaling.

4. Functions:

- void mousezoomButton(const Vector2 &mousePoint, const Rectangle &buttonRec, float &scale_obj): Zoom the button texture when the mouse is hovering to a specific button.
- int getNum(int num, int ind): Get the digit at position ind of min(num, 60) for timer.
- void LoadTextures(): Load all the necessary textures for rendering UI of the game.
- void UnloadAll(): Unload all the textures that it have loaded in LoadTexture().
- void backgroundFunc(): Horizontally scrolling the background.
- int getDigit(int x, int ind): get the ind^{th} digit from right of x.
- bool isActionAt(const Rectangle &block): Checks if mouse button is inside block and is pressed.
- Rectangle getRecCenter(const Rectangle &block, float scale_obj): Helper function to get Rectangle object of the scaled block.

5. int main() fucntion:

- First lines are to prepare the game rendering.
- Vectors *prop*, *mnVal*, *mxVal* are to limit the maximum possible values of the GameGrid.
- When the Escape key is not pressed or other closing signals are not encountered:
 - 1. Handle the events, then updates variables and states from interaction of user and the game.
 - 2. Render the coresponding UI after interaction.

field.h:

1. Constants:

- CHORD_BONUS: used to calculate the score when chording.
- GAMESTATE: game states.
- 2. struct Field: This is the structure of grid of the game.
 - 1. Variables: including grid managing variables and necessary texture variables to render the grid.

2. Functions:

- bool isInside(int row, int col): check if (row, col) position is inside the grid.
- bool canOpen(int row, int col): check if the cell can be opened when opening an empty cell.
- void startSweep(int row, int col, int pointBonus): open (row, col) cell and surrounding cells when (row, col) is empty using BFS, pointBonus is 2 if it is from chording, 1 if it is not.
- void toggleFlag(int row, int col): flag or unflag a cell.
- void generateField(int row, int col): randomly generate positions for mines, and initialize the states of all cells.
- void openSurroundings(int row, int col): handle chording at (row, col).
- void showAllMines(): show all mines when losing.
- void takeAction(): handle actions from user.
- void printCell(int row, int col): render the cell at (row, col).
- void printGame(): render the grid.
- void SaveGame(): save the game.
- bool LoadGame(): load the game from *save.txt*, return false when *save.txt* is not exist.
- void init(int num_row, int num_col, int num_bomb): initialize the variables, textures.
- int calcFinalScore(): calculate the current score using the following fomula:
 - current score = initial score + chord score + opened cell score + risk score penalty
- Where:

- initial score: calculated proportional to the $\frac{\text{number of mines}}{\text{number of cells}}$
- chord score = $2 \cdot \text{cells}$ opended by chording
- opened cell score = $1 \cdot \text{cells}$ opended not by chording
- risk score = $2 \cdot \text{number of mines surrounding opened cells}$
- penalty = $5 \cdot \text{time lapsed in seconds}$
- int getElapsed(): get the elapsed time in seconds.
- ~Field(): destructor of Field structure, unload the textures in GPU.

3. Flow:

- 1. Initialize using void init(int num_row, int num_col, int num_bomb).
- 2. Use takeAction() to handles interactions from user.
 - Invoke generateField(int row, int col) first time clicked the cell, guarantee that the first clicked cell is neither mine nor adjacent to mine.

cell.h:

- 1. Constants:
 - CELL_STATE: This represent the state of the cell
 - NOTHING: Neither a mine nor adjacent to mine.
 - MINE: mine.
 - ADJ_MINE: adjacent to mine.

2. struct Cell:

- 1. Variables:
 - int num_adj: stores the number of mines adjacent to this cell.
 - CELL_STATE state: the state of the cell.
 - bool hidden: true if this cell is hidden, false when it is not.
 - bool flagged: true if this cell is flagged, false when it is not.
 - Cell(): constructor to initialize the default states of the cell.

How to play

1. Open the minesweeper.exe

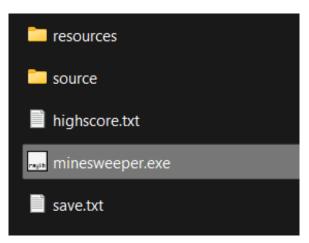


Figure 1: Run the minesweeper.exe

2. In the main menu:



Figure 2: Main Menu.

- Click the *play button* in the center to play.
- Click the *continue* button to continue the last played game.
- Click the cup-icon in the bottom right corner to see your highest score.
- Click the *quit game* button the quit the game.

3. Highest score:

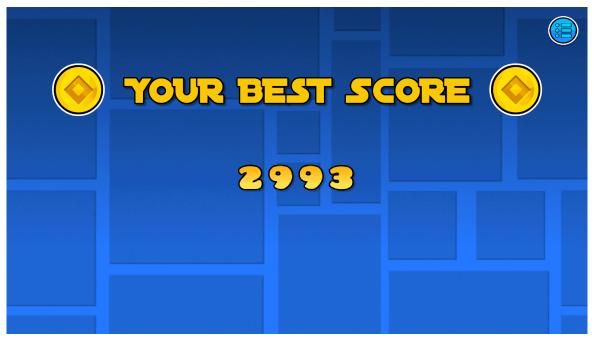


Figure 3: Highest Score Ever.

4. When clicked the *play button* you will get to the Simple Configure Menu:



Figure 4: Simple Configure Menu.

- easy mode: 9 x 9 grid, 10 mines.
- normal mode: 14 x 18 grid, 40 mines.
- *hard mode*: 24 x 24 grid, 99 mines.
- custom mode: you can freely adjust grid parameters, and number of mines.
- 5. When clicked the *custom mode* button you will get to the Custom Menu:



Figure 5: Custom Menu.

- You can press the increase and decrease buttons to change the width, height, and number of mines.
- After that you can press the play button to play.
- 6. Hover mouse to a cell and press the left-mouse button to open it:

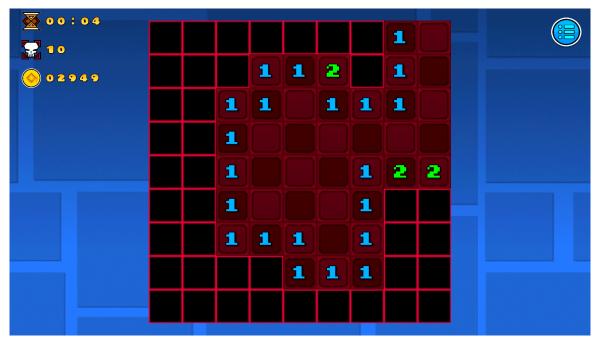


Figure 6: Hover mouse to a cell and press the left-mouse button to open it.

7. Right-click a cell to flag it:

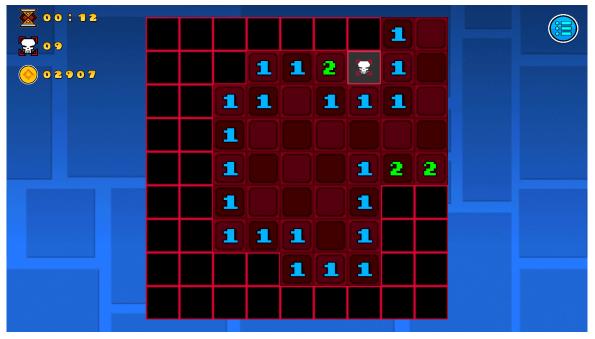


Figure 7: Right-click a cell to flag it.

8. If the number of flags is equal to the number in the current cell, Left-click that numbered cell to chord (open surrounding cells) (Be sure to have flagged correct mines or you will lose):



Figure 8: If the number of flags is equal to the number in the current cell, Left-click that numbered cell to chord.

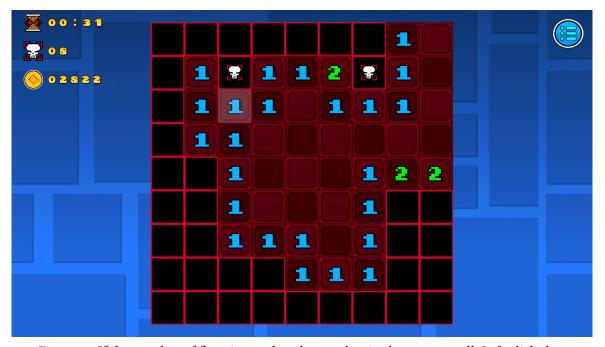


Figure 9: If the number of flags is equal to the number in the current cell, Left-click that numbered cell to chord.

- 9. Click the icon in the top-right corner to get to the Main Menu (the current game will be automatically saved).
- 10. You can view the time lapsed, number of mines remaining after flagged, and current score on the top left corner.



Figure 10: From the top: Time lapsed, number of mines remaining after flagged, current score respectively.

How to compile the code

- 1. Download and install Raylib.
- 2. Download and install Visual Studio Code.
- 3. Copy /resources folder from /exe folder to /source.
- 4. Open Visual Studio Code in /source folder and open minesweeper.exe.
- 5. Press F5 (or Run -> Start Debugging) to compile and run the code.