

Roll No. 2202100802

Total Pages : 4

008201

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B.Tech. 2nd Semester

MATHEMATICS-II

(Calculus, Ordinary Differential Equations and
Complex Variable)
(BSC-106D)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks. : 75

Instructions :

1. It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.
2. Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail.
3. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.

PART-A

1. (a) State Gauss Divergence Theorem. (1.5)
(b) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_x^{x^2} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$: (1.5)
(c) Solve $(x+1) \frac{dy}{dx} - y = e^{3x}(x+1)^2$. (1.5)
(d) Solve the differential equation $p = \log(px - y)$. (1.5)

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(e) Express the given differential equation

$$(x^2 D^2 + xD + 7)y = 2/x$$

into linear differential equation with constant coefficient
and find its complementary function. (1.5)

(f) Define Bessel's function of first kind. (1.5)

(g) Define Möbius transformations. (1.5)

(h) Is function $f(z) = \bar{z}$ is analytic or not? Explain. (1.5)

(i) Give the statement of Liouville's Theorem. (1.5)

(j) What type of singularity have the function. (1.5)

$$f(z) = \frac{e^{1/z}}{z^2}$$

PART-B

2. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$ by changing to polar
coordinates. Hence show that

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}/2. \quad (8)$$

(b) Verify Stoke's theorem for $\mathbf{F}' = (x^2 + y^2)\hat{i} - 2xy\hat{j}$
taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines
 $x = \pm a, y = 0, y = b$. (7)

3. (a) Solve $(xy^2 - e^{1/x^3})dx - x^2 y dy = 0$. (7)

(b) Solve the differential equation $y - 2px = \tan^{-1}(xp^2)$.
(Solvable for y). (8)

4. (a) Solve in series the equation

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0. \quad (8)$$

(b) Solve by using the method of variation of parameters,
 $y'' - 2y' + y = e^x \log x. \quad (7)$

5. (a) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $z = 1, i, -1$ onto the points $w = i, 0, -i$. Hence find the image of $|z| < 1. \quad (8)$
- (b) Determine the analytic function whose real part is $u = e^{2x}(x \cos 2y - y \sin 2y). \quad (7)$

6. (a) Determine the poles of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z-1)^2(z+2)}$$

and the residue at each pole. Hence evaluate

$$\oint_C f(z) dz$$

where C is the circle $|z| = 2.5$.

- (b) Find the Laurent's expansion of $f(z) = \frac{7z-2}{(z+1)z(z-2)} \quad (8)$

in the region $1 < |z+1| < 3. \quad (7)$

7. (a) By integrating around a unit circle, evaluate

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 3\theta}{5 - 4\cos\theta} d\theta. \quad (8)$$

(b) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{e^x}^e \frac{dy dx}{\log y}$ by changing the order of integration.

(7)