

# Credit Card Defaulter Prediction

**High Level Design (HLD)** 

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# 1.INTRODUCTION

Credit risk is very important in the banking industry. Banks' primary businesses include lending, credit card, investment, mortgage, and other services. Credit cards have been one of the most successful financial services offered by banks in recent years. However, as the number of credit card users grows, banks face an increasing credit card default rate. In fact, credit card debts are usually the first to get out of hand in such situations due to costly finance charges (compounded on daily balances) and other penalties. We may have missed credit card payments once or twice due to missing due dates or cash flow concerns. But what happens when this goes on for months? How do you predict if a customer will be deficient in the next months? As a result, data analytics can provide answers for dealing with the current issue and managing credit risks. In this project, machine learning based model has been developed to predict customer defaulter based on demographic data like gender, age, marital status and behavioral data like last payments, past transactions etc.

#### 2. PROBLEM STATEMENT

In recent years, credit cards have been one of the most successful financial services given by banks. Banks, on the other hand, risk an increasing credit card default rate as the number of credit card users climbs. The goal is to predict the probability of credit default based on the credit card owner's characteristics and payment history.

Information About Dataset

**ID**: ID of each client

**LIMIT\_BAL:** Amount of given credit in NT dollars (includes individual and family/supplementary = credit)

**SEX:** Gender (1=male, 2=female)

**EDUCATION:** (1=graduate school, 2=university, 3=high school, 4=others, 5=unknown, 6=unknown)

**MARRIAGE:** Marital status (1=married, 2=single, 3=others)

**AGE:** Age in years

**PAY\_0:** Repayment status in September, 2005 (-1=pay duly, 1=payment delay for one month, 2=payment delay for two months, ... 8=payment delay for eight months, 9=payment delay for nine months and above)

**PAY\_2:** Repayment status in August, 2005 (scale same as above) **PAY\_3:** Repayment status in July, 2005 (scale same as above) **PAY\_4:** Repayment status in June, 2005 (scale same as above) **PAY\_5:** Repayment status in May, 2005 (scale same as above)

**PAY\_6:** Repayment status in April, 2005 (scale same as above)

**BILL\_AMT1:** Amount of bill statement in September, 2005 (NT dollar)

**BILL\_AMT2:** Amount of bill statement in August, 2005 (NT dollar)

**BILL\_AMT3:** Amount of bill statement in July, 2005 (NT dollar) **BILL\_AMT4:** Amount of bill statement in June, 2005 (NT dollar) **BILL\_AMT5:** Amount of bill statement in May, 2005 (NT dollar)

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# 1.INTRODUCTION

There are times when even a seemingly manageable debt, such as credit cards, goes out of control. Loss of job, medical crisis or business failure are some of the reasons that can impact your finances. In fact, credit card debts are usually the first to get out of hand in such situations due to hefty finance charges (compounded on daily balances) and other penalties. A lot of us would be able to relate to this scenario. We may have missed credit card payments once or twice because of forgotten due dates or cash flow issues. But what happens when this continues for months? How to predict if a customer will be defaulter in next months? To reduce the risk of Banks, this model has been developed to predict customer defaulter based on demographic data like gender, age, marital status and behavioral data like last payments, past transactions etc.

#### 2.PROBLEM STATEMENT

Financial threats are displaying a trend about the credit risk of commercial banks as theincredible improvement in the financial industry has arisen. In this way, one of the biggest threats faced by commercial banks is the risk prediction of credit clients. The goal is to predict the probability of credit default based on credit card owner's characteristics and payment history.

# 3.DATASET INFORMATION

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# 4.DATA REQUIREMENTS

The required data must satisfy the above said columns.

# 5.TOOLS USED

Python programming language and frameworks such as NumPy, Pandas, Scikit-learn, Matplotlib, Seaborn are used to build the whole model.

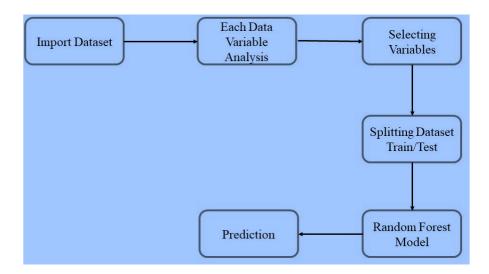




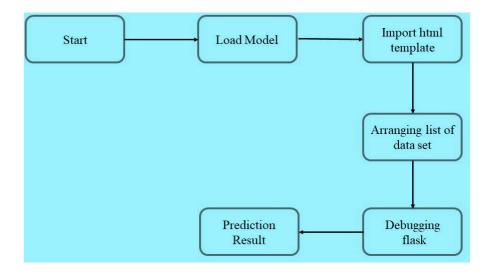
- VSCODE is used as IDE
- For visualization of plots matplotlib, Seaborn are used
- Front end development is done using HTML and using Flask application.
- GITHUB is used as version control system
- Scikit-learn is used for various machine learning models and parameters

# **6.DESIGN DETAILS**

# 6.1. Process flow



# **6.2. Deployment process**



# **6.3 Event Log:**

The system is logging every event so that user can understand wht process is running internally.example:

```
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:29,224 ] 24 root - INFO - Data Ingestion methods Starts
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:29,786 ] 29 root - INFO - Dataset read as pandas Dataframe
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:30,649 ] 33 root - INFO - Train test split
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,129 ] 39 root - INFO - Ingestion of Data is completed
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,208 ] 54 root - INFO - Read train and test data completed
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,254 ] 57 root - INFO - Obtaining preprocessing object
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,254 ] 26 root - INFO - Data Transformation initiated
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,254 ] 31 root - INFO - Pipeline Initiated
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,254 ] 40 root - INFO - Pipeline Completed
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,379 ] 82 root - INFO - Applying preprocessing object on training and
testing datasets.
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,382 ] 93 root - INFO - Preprocessor pickle file saved
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:33,384 ] 26 root - INFO - Splitting Dependent and Independent variables
from train and test data
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:37,431 ] 40 root - INFO - Model Report : {'RandomForestClassifier':
0.8189333333333333333
[ 2023-06-25 23:26:37,431 ] 53 root - INFO - Model Name : RandomForestClassifier,
Accuracy Score: 0.81893333333333333
```

# **6.4 Error Handling**

An explanation is displayed for handling errors as to what went wrong?

# **7.PERFORMANCE**

The prediction accuracy is 81% which clearly beneficial for predicting credit card defaulter and helpful to finance domain.

#### 7.1 Reusability

The code written and its components are reusable.

# 7.2 Application Compatibility

The different components for this project used Python as an interface between them. Each component perform its own task to perform and Python ensures proper transfer of information.

#### 7.3. Resource utilization

Whan any task is performed, it used the processing power available until the function is finished.

# 7.4 Deployment

Deployment is done on local host using Flask

# 8.CONCLUSION Because the project is written in flask, it is open to everyone. The UI is designed to be user-friendly, so the user does not need to know much about any tools and only needs the information for results. Based on the model's predictions, the aforementioned design method will assist banks and loan lenders in predicting whether clients will fail on credit card payments or not, allowing the bank or related departments to take appropriate action.