

```
CREATE TABLE Supplier (  
    sid INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    sname VARCHAR(30),  
    city VARCHAR(30)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Parts (  
    pid INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    pname VARCHAR(30),  
    color VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Catalog (  
    sid INT,  
    pid INT,  
    cost INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY (sid, pid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES Supplier(sid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES Parts(pid)  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES  
(1, 'Acme Widget Suppliers', 'Bangalore'),  
(2, 'Global Traders', 'Mumbai'),  
(3, 'Universal Supplies', 'Chennai'),  
(4, 'Star Industries', 'Delhi'),  
(5, 'Metro Suppliers', 'Bangalore'),  
(6, 'Peak Corp', 'Hyderabad');
```

```
INSERT INTO Parts VALUES
```

```
(101, 'Bolt', 'Red'),  
(102, 'Nut', 'Blue'),  
(103, 'Screw', 'Red'),  
(104, 'Washer', 'Green'),  
(105, 'Wheel', 'Blue'),  
(106, 'Pipe', 'Red');
```

INSERT INTO Catalog VALUES

```
(1, 101, 30),  
(1, 102, 50),  
(2, 103, 40),  
(3, 104, 60),  
(4, 105, 55),  
(5, 101, 35),  
(2, 102, 45),  
(3, 103, 42),  
(6, 106, 70),  
(1, 106, 75);
```

```
select *from supplier;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	pid	pname	color
▶	101	Bolt	Red
	102	Nut	Blue
	103	Screw	Red
	104	Washer	Green
	105	Wheel	Blue

select \* from parts;

	pid	pname	color
▶	101	Bolt	Red
	102	Nut	Blue
	103	Screw	Red
	104	Washer	Green
	105	Wheel	Blue

parts 2 x

select \* from catalog;

	sid	pid	cost
▶	1	101	30
	1	102	50
	1	106	75
	2	102	45
	2	103	40

catalog 3 x

iii. Find the names of parts for which there is some supplier

SELECT DISTINCT p.pname

FROM Parts p

JOIN Catalog c ON p.pid = c.pid;

	pname
▶	Bolt
	Nut
	Screw
	Washer
	Wheel

Result 4 x

-- iv. Find the names of suppliers who supply every part

-- Supplier must supply ALL parts.

```
SELECT s.sname
FROM Supplier s
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT * FROM Parts p
  WHERE NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT * FROM Catalog c
    WHERE c.sid = s.sid AND c.pid = p.pid
  )
);
```

sname
-------

-- v. Find the names of suppliers who supply every red part

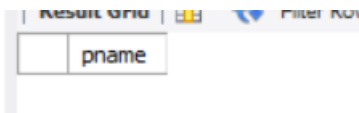
```
SELECT s.sname
FROM Supplier s
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT * FROM Parts p
  WHERE p.color='Red'
  AND NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT * FROM Catalog c
    WHERE c.sid=s.sid AND c.pid=p.pid
  )
);
```

sname
-------

---

-- vi. Find names of parts supplied by Acme Widget Suppliers and no one else

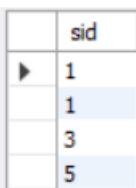
```
SELECT p.pname
FROM Parts p
JOIN Catalog c1 ON p.pid = c1.pid
JOIN Supplier s ON s.sid = c1.sid
WHERE s.sname='Acme Widget Suppliers'
AND NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT * FROM Catalog c2
    WHERE c2.pid = p.pid AND c2.sid <> s.sid
);
```



Result Grid
pname

- vii. Find sid of suppliers who charge > average cost of that part

```
SELECT c.sid
FROM Catalog c
WHERE c.cost > (
    SELECT AVG(c2.cost)
    FROM Catalog c2
    WHERE c2.pid = c.pid
);
```



sid
1
1
3
5

- viii. For each part, find the supplier who charges the maximum

```
SELECT p.pname, s.sname, c.cost
```

```
FROM Catalog c
```

```
JOIN Supplier s ON c.sid = s.sid
```

```
JOIN Parts p ON c.pid = p.pid
```

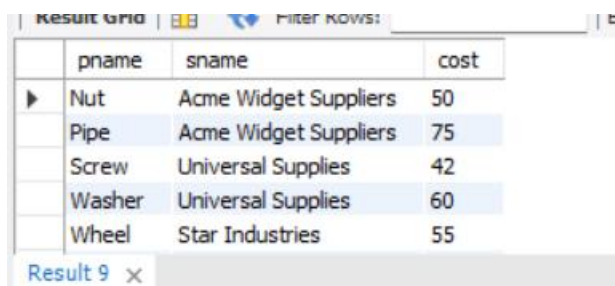
```
WHERE c.cost = (
```

```
    SELECT MAX(c2.cost)
```

```
    FROM Catalog c2
```

```
    WHERE c2.pid = c.pid
```

```
);
```



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing 5 rows and 4 columns. The columns are labeled 'pname', 'sname', and 'cost'. The rows represent different parts and their maximum-cost suppliers. The first two rows (Nut and Pipe) are highlighted in blue. The table is titled 'Result 9' with a close button (X) next to it.

	pname	sname	cost
▶	Nut	Acme Widget Suppliers	50
	Pipe	Acme Widget Suppliers	75
	Screw	Universal Supplies	42
	Washer	Universal Supplies	60
	Wheel	Star Industries	55

Result 9 X