## **Math & Stats Assistance Centre**

## **MATH 202 Exam Review Answer key**

The following are brief answers to the MATH 202 Review Problems. If you have questions about how to solve any of the problems, please feel free to ask at the Math and Stats Assistance Centre.

1. Compute the following limit, or show that it does not exist:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{1 - e^{x^2 + y^2}}{(x^2 + y^2)\ln(2 - x^2 - y^2)}$$

Answer:  $\frac{-1}{\ln(2)}$ 

2. Compute the following limit, or show that it does not exist:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)}\frac{x^3-y^3}{x^3+y^3}$$

Answer: DNE

3. (a) Find the Laplace transform of  $\sin(2t)\cos(2t)$ . Answer:  $\frac{2}{s^2+16}$ 

(b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{s+4}$ . Answer:  $e^{-4t}$ 

4. Let the pressure P and temperature T at a point (x,y,z) be

$$P(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2 + 2y^2}{1 + z^2}, T(x, y, z) = 5 + xy - z^2$$

(a) If the position of an airplane at time t is  $(x(t),y(t),z(t))=(2t,t^2-1,\cos(t))$ , find  $\frac{d}{dt}\left[(PT)^2\right]$  at time t=0 as observed from the airplane.

**Answer:** g'(0) = -16

(b) In which direction should a bird at the point (0,-1,1) fly if it wants to keep both P and T constant?

Answer: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-4}{\sqrt{21}} \\ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{21}} \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Solve the following initial value problem, given that b is a constant such that the differential equation is exact.

$$(6xy - y^3)dx + (4y + 3x^2 + bxy^2)dy = 0, y(0) = 3$$

**Answer:**  $3x^2y - y^3x + 2y^2 = 18$ 

6. Solve the following ODE's:

(a) 
$$y' + 2xy = x, y(0) = 0$$

**Answer:**  $y = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2e^{x^2}}$ 

(b) A particular solution to  $y'' - 2y' + y = \cos(t)e^t$ 

**Answer:** 
$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{4}e^{t}\cos(2t)$$
.

7. Find the distance between the plane 6x + 2y - z = 1 and the plane that passes through the points (1,2,1), (0,4,-1), (2,-5,-7).

Answer: 
$$\frac{8}{\sqrt{41}}$$

8. Let  $\Pi_1$  be a plane containing the points  $P=(1,0,0),\,Q=(0,1,0),\,$  and  $R=(0,0,1),\,$  and let  $\Pi_2$  be another plane containing  $P,\,Q,\,$  and  $S=-R.\,$  Find an equation for the line in which  $\Pi_1$  and  $\Pi_2$  intersect. What is the acute angle between  $\Pi_1$  and  $\Pi_2$ ?

**Answer:** Equation: 
$$\vec{r} = \vec{i} + t(2, -2, 0)$$
;  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ ; Angle:  $\arccos(1/3)$ 

- 9. Solve  $x'' + x = \cos(t)$ , x'(0) = 0 = x(0) = 0 using the method of the Laplace transform.
  - **Answer:**  $\frac{1}{2}x\sin(x)$

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