## MATH 202 Midterm 2 Supplementary Questions

November 1, 2024

Question 1. Consider the DE:  $\frac{\mathrm{d}p}{\mathrm{d}t} = -p^2 + 4p - 3$ .

- (1) If p(0) = 4, can p(t) converge to 1 as  $t \to \infty$ ?
- (2) If p(0) = 2, find  $\lim_{t \to \infty} p(t)$  and  $\lim_{t \to -\infty} p(t)$ .

Question 2. Consider the DE  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{9x}{y}$  without solving it.

- (1) Show that the two lines  $y = \pm 3x$  are solutions curves.
- (2) Sketch a directional field by putting line segments at the following 4 points in the x-y plane: (1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2). Justify your sketch by calculating the slopes of the line segments.

Question 3. Consider the first-order DE:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(x)y^2$ .

- (1) Determine *all* the types of first-order equation (separable, linear, exact, Bernoulli, or homogeneous) that this DE satisfies.
- (2) Given the initial condition y(0) = 1, solve the initial value problem.

Question 4. Find the general solutions of the following DE:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = y + \mathrm{e}^{3x}.$$

Question 5. Find the general solutions of the following DE:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{3t^2x + tx^2}{t^3 + t^2x}.$$

**Question 6.** Find p(D) such that the following second-order equation can be represented in the form of p(D)y = 0:

$$2024y'' + 11y' + y = 0.$$

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## Answers

**Question 1.** (1) The solution cannot converge to 1, since it is decreasing to the limit 3 as  $t \to \infty$ .

(2) 
$$\lim_{t\to\infty} p(t) = 3$$
 and  $\lim_{t\to-\infty} p(t) = 1$ .

Question 2. (1) For  $y = \pm 3x$ ,  $dy/dx = \pm 3$  and  $9x/y = 9x/(\pm 3x) = \pm 3$ . Hence, dy/dx = 9x/y

(2) The slopes at (1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2) are given by 9,9/2,18,9, respectively.

**Question 3.** The equation is separable and Bernoulli. The solution is given by  $y(x) = \frac{1}{1 - \sin(x)}$ .

Question 4. 
$$y(x) = Ce^x + e^{3x}/2$$
.

Question 5. 
$$t^3x + \frac{1}{2}t^2x^2 = C$$
.

Question 6. 
$$p(D) = 2024D^2 + 11D + 1$$
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