

EXERCISE-25

Ques.) Write code to show internal CSS with HTML code.

Code :

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

  <title>Internal CSS Example</title>

  <style>

    body {

      background-color: orange

      font-family: Bodoni MT, sans-serif;

    }

    h1 {

      color:blue;

      text-align: center;

    }

    p {

      color: green;

      font-size: 18px;

    }

  </style>

</head>

<body>

  <h1>INTERNAL CSS </h1>

  <p>This paragraph is styled using internal CSS.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Output :



hspace and vspace

INTERNAL CSS

This paragraph is styled using internal CSS.


EXERCISE-26

Ques.) Write code to show inline CSS with HTML code.

Code :

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Inline CSS Example</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1 style="color: red; text-align:center;">Inline css </h1>
<p style="color: red; font-size: 26px;">Example of Inline CSS
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Output :

 hspace and vspace

Inline css

Example of Inline CSS

Exercise : 27

Ques.) Write a program to add two numbers using form in javascript.

Code :

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

  <title>Add Two Numbers</title>

  <script>

    function addNumbers() {

      let num1 = parseFloat(document.getElementById("num1").value);

      let num2 = parseFloat(document.getElementById("num2").value);

      let sum = num1 + num2;

      document.getElementById("result").textContent = "Sum: " + sum;

    }

  </script>

</head>

<body>

  <form>

    <label>Number 1: </label>

    <input type="number" id="num1"><br><br>

    <label>Number 2: </label>

    <input type="number" id="num2"><br><br>

    <button type="button" onclick="addNumbers()">Add</button>


  </form>

  <p id="result"></p>
```

</body>

</html>

Output :

 hspace and vspace

Number 1:

Number 2:

Sum: 7

Exercise : 28

Ques.) Write a program in javascript to swap two images using OnMouseOver event.

Code :

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Swap Images on MouseOver</title>
<style>
img {
width: 200px;
height: 200px;
cursor: pointer;
margin: 10px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Swap Images on MouseOver</h2>


<script>
function swapImages() {
const img1 = document.getElementById('image1');
const img2 = document.getElementById('image2');
// Swap image sources
const tempSrc = img1.src;
img1.src = img2.src;
img2.src = tempSrc;
}
function restoreImages() {
swapImages(); // Swapping again restores the original order
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Output :

Swap Images on MouseOver



Swap Images on MouseOver



Exercise : 29

Ques.) Write a javascript program to sort an array.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

  <title>Sort an Array</title>

  <script>

    function sortArray() {

      // Example array

      let array = [34, 7, 23, 32, 5, 62];

      // Sort the array in ascending order

      array.sort((a, b) => a - b);

      // Display the sorted array

      document.getElementById("result").textContent = "Sorted Array: "
+
array.join(", ");

    }

  </script>

</head>

<body>

  <h1>Array Sorting Example</h1>

  <p>Click the button below to sort the array:</p>

  <button onclick="sortArray()">Sort Array</button>

  <p id="result"></p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Output :

Array Sorting Example

Click the button below to sort the array:

Sort Array

Sorted Array: 5, 7, 23, 32, 34, 62

Exercise : 30

Ques.) Write a javascript program to take as input three numbers from the user. Find the minimum and maximum of the three numbers. Print the following in **BOLD** in the following format.

Code :

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

  <title>Find Minimum and Maximum</title>

  <script>

    function findMinMax() {

      // Take three numbers as input from the user

      let num1 = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the first number:"));

      let num2 = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the second number:"));

      let num3 = parseFloat(prompt("Enter the third number:"));

      // Validate input

      if (isNaN(num1) || isNaN(num2) || isNaN(num3)) {

        alert("Please enter valid numbers.");

        return;

      }

      // Calculate minimum and maximum

      let min = Math.min(num1, num2, num3);

      let max = Math.max(num1, num2, num3);
```

```
// Display the results in bold format

document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = `

    <b>MINIMUM = ${min}</b><br>

    <b>MAXIMUM = ${max}</b>

`; }

</script>

</head>

<body>

    <h1>Find Minimum and Maximum</h1>

    <button onclick="findMinMax()">Find Min and Max</button>

    <div id="result"></div>

</body>

</html>
```

Output :

Find Minimum and Maximum

Find Min and Max

MINIMUM = 5

MAXIMUM = 7