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BoxCrypt: Adding Encryption Support to Box File Sharing Service

# **Division of Labor Among Group Members**

BoxCrypt has three modules:

- 1. The user interface, which consisted of a Flask server running locally on the user's machine
- 2. The interface between our service and Box, including
  - a. Mechanisms for registering users with BoxCrypt and getting access to their account
  - b. Functions for uploading, downloading and sharing files
- 3. Functions for encrypting and decrypting files and generating symmetric and asymmetric keys

Tanushri implemented the user interface and helped with backend, Ko Chen implemented the interface between BoxCrypt and Box, and Lauren implemented the functions for file encryption, key generation and getting access to user accounts with OAuth 2.

# **Major Steps of Implementation**

Setting Up Environment and Choosing Tools

We chose Python 3 because it lends itself well to prototypes and offers a variety of powerful frameworks like cryptography and flask.

# Requirements

There are 3 use cases:

- 1. (Sharer) Upload and share an encrypted file and the encrypted file key(s) for each sharee
- 2. (Sharee) Download encrypted file and file key and decrypt
- 3. Register by uploading and publicly sharing your public key.

#### Architecture and Design

Each of the use cases has one of the following three levels, so we split the application into the layers described in the **Division of Work** section.

- 1. Accepting user input
  - a. E.g. sharing a file requires the user to provide a filename via the user interface
- 2. Preparing files for upload / processing them after download.
  - a. E.g. file encryption / decryption, key generation
- 3. Uploading / downloading files from / to Box.

We wanted to encrypt files in such a way that Box administrators wouldn't be able to decrypt it. Encrypting large files with asymmetric keys was not feasible, but sharing a symmetric key on Box between collaborators would make it possible for administrators to decrypt the file. We therefore opted to use both symmetric and asymmetric keys. The owner of the file AKA the sharer generates a symmetric key and uses it to encrypt the file. The sharer then encrypts the symmetric file key with the public user key of the sharee and signs the encrypted key with their private key.

Implementing File Encryption, Key Generation and OAuth 2.0

I took an object-oriented approach and implemented a UserKey class to hold a user's RSAPublic public and/or RSAPrivate private asymmetric key and a FileKey class to hold the file's symmetric key, which consists of a byte[] nonce and a byte[] key. I use cryptography's RSA module to provide file key integrity via signature and confidentiality via encryption. User public / private keys are 4096 bytes, which is the maximum I felt would be guaranteed to work on all platforms. The file is encrypted with AES in Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) to provide both file integrity and confidentiality. File keys are 256 bytes, which is the maximum.

```
UserKey:
GENERATED KEY SIZE = 4096
                                              GENERATED KEY SIZE = 256
 init (self, private, public)
                                                encrypt(self, unencrypted)
encrypt(self, plaintext)
                                               decrypt(self, encrypted)
decrypt(self, ciphertext)
                                                serialize(self,
sign(self, text)
                                                      sharee public key,
verify(self, text, signature)
                                                      sharer private key)
serialize private(self)
                                              deserialize(self,
deserialize private (serialized private)
                                                     sharee private key,
serialize public(self)
                                                      sharer public key)
deserialize public (serialized public)
                                              generate()
generate()
                                                eq (self, other)
 eq (self, other)
                                                ne (self, other)
 ne (self, other)
```

I first worked on generation and encryption and decryption for both FileKey and UserKey and next worked on serialization and deserialization. I finally wrote some wrapper functions read / write and encrypt / decrypt just by providing the filename and / or sharee / sharer username. These wrapper functions bridge basic read / write functions provided by Python and the functions of UserKey and FileKey. I decided to standardize file naming conventions midway through this process. While enforcing these conventions means our tool is less flexible for power users, I believe it is suitable for normal users. For example, let the filename be "re-animator.txt", the sharer username be "lam150230@utdallas.edu" and the sharee username be "muratk@utdallas.edu". The encrypted file will be "re-animator.txt.u.muratk@utdallas.fk", the sharer public key will be "lam150230@utdallas.edu.pk.pem" and the sharee private key will be "muratk@utdallas.edu.sk.pem"

Box requires users to authenticate and authorize applications to access their account with OAuth 2.0. If the user navigates to the main page and we don't detect they've given us access, we automatically redirect them to Box to authenticate and authorize us. Box then redirects them to our application again with the access token attached to the request. We can then carry out our actions with the token.

# *Implementing Interface between BoxCrypt and Box*

This interface consist of python Box sdk calls and various functions to translate what the user types in to the user interface to files being encrypting, uploading, and sharing. To allow this, for Box sdk we have 6 functions. Upload, Download, Search, Share, Update, GetLink. Each of the function are pretty self-explanatory, except Update and GetLink. Update is used for when a file with the same name is already uploaded to Box. Box does not allow file overwrites instead treats it as newer versions of the same file. Therefore we needed an Update function. GetLink is only used to download the latest public key list which is the list of all available public keys. There are two functions used to interpret user interface to functionality, uiShare and uiView. uiShare checks if the file is already on Box. If it is not, then it is the first time sharing that file and we do the encryption steps and upload. If it already on Box then we only need the file key and encrypted with the sharee's public key and share that key instead of the usual steps. uiView just lists the files that can be downloaded and it will decrypt with the appropriate keys when downloaded.

# Implementing User Interface

The user interface was built using the Bootstrap platform and was interconnected with the backend using Flask Web Framework. The entire backend was programmed in Python so the integration between the back end and the front end was relatively straight forward. Front end was designed by first creating a navigation bar and each object in the navigation bar was designed in separate HTMLs to ensure that the project is independent yet has a consistent flow to it. I first began by creating a very basic frontend that had all the basic functionalities working. Then wrote the server script (server.py) that would connect the frontend website with all the backend functionalities. Once the website was performing what it is expected to, I went on to style it inorder to make the frontend more user friendly and presentable. Screenshots of what the User Interface looks like are included in the "Usage of Software Section"

#### **Difficulties Faced During Implementation**

Setting Up Environment and Choosing Tools / Developing the UI

We experienced a lot of problems trying to set up Python on one of our team member's Mac laptops. PyCharm seemed to spontaneously delete the venv it generated and Flask threw an error every time it started in debug mode. The latter was particularly problematic as she was our front-end developer. It was challenging to pick up UI design with Websites since no one on the team was too familiar with Frontend with the accumulation of websites

*Implementing File Encryption, Key Generation and OAuth 2.0* 

Although we intended to do a pure CLI, we figured out that since we have to collect the token from the request redirected from Box, we had to deploy a web server. We then realized it would be easier to make a web app that ran on the user's machine.

# *Implementing Interface between BoxCrypt and Box*

Implementing the interface requires going through the not well documented python Box sdk to find the functions that suits our need. There are simple functions for us to make use of such as upload, get\_items and download. The hard part of this was the share function. Going through the documentation, there was no obvious way to share a file to a specific person on Box. So at first we decided to just get a shareable link for files and share them via an external tool like messages. However, we decided that this wasn't user friendly and digged deeper into the documentation. There we find a function that allowed us to add a collaborator to a file and was exactly what we needed.

With Box and encrypt/decrypt functions done, we needed to have the user interface actually call functions to encrypt. This took us a while as we needed to make minor changes to our functions to have them work together. One problem we ran into here was, while testing, we realized that having users blindly type in the names of the files they want to download is not user friendly. (They might as well download from <a href="https://www.box.com">www.box.com</a> at this point.) We wanted to display what files on Box are available to download directly on our user interface. This was a problem because this was our first time using flask and needed to research about how this might work.

# **Usage of Software with Screenshots**



Hello! Welcome to BoxCrypt! Our product allows you a simple and secure means of sharing files across the box platform. It is an extension to functionalities that are already available on Box.com. We use the library built by box to implement our encryption and decryption algorithms to various types of files. Our product securely shares and downloads files regardless of what the extension may be. Hope you love the product as much as we do!

