REPORT

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DBMS-QUERIES

Enter password: *******

Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.

Your MySQL connection id is 8

Server version: 9.0.1 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> create database miniproject;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> use miniproject;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE Player (
      id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
      name VARCHAR(100),
  ->
     dob DATE
  ->
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE Questions (
      id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
  ->
      question_text VARCHAR(255),
  ->
      option_1 VARCHAR(100),
  ->
      option_2 VARCHAR(100),
  ->
      option_3 VARCHAR(100),
  ->
      option_4 VARCHAR(100),
  ->
      correct_option INT,
  ->
      difficulty_level VARCHAR(10)
  ->
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> CREATE TABLE Score (
```

```
-> player_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
```

- -> total_score INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> highest_score INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> correct_answers INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> wrong_answers INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> attempted_questions INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> FOREIGN KEY (player_id) REFERENCES Player(id)

->);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> CREATE TABLE Leaderboard (

- -> player_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
- -> total_score INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> highest_score INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> position INT DEFAULT 0,
- -> FOREIGN KEY (player_id) REFERENCES Player(id)

->);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER \$\$

mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE AnswerQuestion(

- -> IN player_id INT,
- -> IN question_id INT,

```
IN player_answer INT
  ->
  ->
      BEGIN
  ->
       DECLARE correct_option INT;
  ->
       SELECT correct_option INTO correct_option
  ->
       FROM questions
  ->
       WHERE id = question_id;
  ->
         IF player_answer = correct_option THEN
  ->
  ->
          UPDATE score
  ->
          SET correct answers = correct answers + 1,
  ->
          total score = total score + 10, -- Add score for correct
  ->
answer
  ->
          attempted_questions = attempted_questions + 1
  ->
          WHERE player id = player id;
  ->
          ELSE
  ->
  ->
          UPDATE score
  ->
          SET wrong_answers = wrong_answers + 1,
  ->
          attempted_questions = attempted_questions + 1
  ->
          WHERE player_id = player_id;
  ->
          END IF;
  ->
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER;
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE ViewPlayerProfile(IN player_id INT)
  -> BEGIN
  -> SELECT
  -> p.name,
  -> p.dob,
  -> s.total_score,
  -> s.correct_answers,
  -> s.wrong_answers,
  -> s.attempted_questions
  -> FROM player p
  -> JOIN score s ON p.id = s.player_id
  -> WHERE p.id = player_id;
  -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

END \$\$

mysql> DELIMITER;

->

mysql> drop trigger updateLeaderboard;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER \$\$

mysql> CREATE TRIGGER UpdateLeaderboard

- -> AFTER UPDATE ON score
- -> FOR EACH ROW
- -> BEGIN
- -> DECLARE player_rank INT;
- -> SET player_rank = (SELECT COUNT(*)
- -> FROM score
- -> WHERE total_score > NEW.total_score) + 1;
- -> IF EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM leaderboard WHERE player_id = NEW.player_id) THEN
 - -> UPDATE leaderboard
 - -> SET total_score = NEW.total_score,
 - -> highest_score = NEW.highest_score,
 - -> position = player_rank
 - -> WHERE player_id = NEW.player_id;
 - -> ELSE
- -> INSERT INTO leaderboard (player_id, total_score, highest_score, position)

- -> VALUES (NEW.player_id, NEW.total_score, NEW.highest_score, player_rank);
 - -> END IF;
 - -> END \$\$

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER;

mysql> INSERT INTO questions (question_text, option_1, option_2, option_3, option_4, correct_option, difficulty_level)

- -> VALUES
- -> ('What is the primary key in a relational database?', 'Unique identifier', 'Foreign key', 'Null value', 'Index', 1, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which SQL clause is used to filter records?', 'ORDER BY', 'GROUP BY', 'HAVING', 'WHERE', 4, 'medium'),
- -> ('What is the purpose of an index in a database?', 'Increase storage', 'Speed up retrieval', 'Ensure uniqueness', 'None of the above', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which command is used to remove a table from a database?', 'DROP', 'DELETE', 'TRUNCATE', 'REMOVE', 1, 'easy'),
- -> ('What does SQL stand for?', 'Structured Query Language', 'Simple Query Language', 'Sequential Query Language', 'Structured Queue Language', 1, 'medium'),
- -> ('Which keyword is used to retrieve unique values?', 'DISTINCT', 'UNIQUE', 'SELECT', 'WHERE', 1, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which SQL function is used to calculate the number of records?', 'AVG()', 'SUM()', 'COUNT()', 'TOTAL()', 3, 'easy'),

- -> ('What is a foreign key used for?', 'Indexing', 'Referential integrity', 'Normalization', 'Data redundancy', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which SQL command is used to add data to a table?', 'INSERT', 'UPDATE', 'ADD', 'MODIFY', 1, 'medium'),
- -> ('What type of join returns only matching records from both tables?', 'Left Join', 'Inner Join', 'Right Join', 'Cross Join', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('How can you rename a column in SQL?', 'RENAME TO', 'ALTER COLUMN', 'CHANGE COLUMN', 'ALTER TABLE', 4, 'medium'),
- -> ('Which SQL constraint ensures that all values in a column are unique?', 'PRIMARY KEY', 'UNIQUE', 'CHECK', 'NOT NULL', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which of these SQL clauses is used for conditional aggregation?', 'HAVING', 'GROUP BY', 'WHERE', 'ORDER BY', 1, 'medium'),
- -> ('Which SQL data type is used to store large amounts of text?', 'TEXT', 'CHAR', 'VARCHAR', 'STRING', 1, 'medium'),
- -> ('How do you create a view in SQL?', 'CREATE INDEX', 'CREATE VIEW', 'CREATE TABLE', 'CREATE FUNCTION', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('Which command is used to remove duplicate records in a result set?', 'UNIQUE', 'DISTINCT', 'GROUP BY', 'WHERE', 2, 'easy'),
- -> ('What is a stored procedure?', 'A table in the database', 'A saved SQL query', 'A trigger', 'An index', 2, 'medium'),
- -> ('What is the default sorting order in SQL?', 'Ascending', 'Descending', 'Alphabetical', 'None', 1, 'easy'),

- -> ('What does the BETWEEN operator do in SQL?', 'Finds exact values', 'Selects within a range', 'Excludes certain values', 'Joins two tables', 2, 'medium'),
- -> ('Which function is used to get the current date in SQL?', 'GETDATE()', 'TODAY()', 'SYSDATE()', 'CURRENT_DATE()', 4, 'medium'),

->

- -> -- Difficult questions with escaped apostrophes
- -> ('What is a clustered index in SQL?', 'An index on non-primary columns', 'An index that alters the physical order of the table', 'A secondary index', 'A unique index', 2, 'difficult'),
- -> ('Which SQL clause is used to combine rows from two or more tables, based on a related column between them?', 'JOIN', 'CONNECT', 'BIND', 'LINK', 1, 'difficult'),
- -> ('How can you optimize a query that is running slow?', 'Use a SELECT * statement', 'Create indexes on frequently queried columns', 'Remove indexes', 'Add more columns', 2, 'difficult'),
- -> ('What is the function of the WHERE clause in an UPDATE statement?', 'To specify columns to be updated', 'To filter rows to be updated', 'To group rows to be updated', 'To order rows to be updated', 2, 'difficult'),
- -> ('How does a LEFT JOIN differ from an INNER JOIN?', 'Returns all records', 'Returns all records from the left table', 'Returns all records from the right table', 'Does not return unmatched rows', 2, 'difficult'),
- -> ('Which of the following SQL concepts enforces rules to maintain data accuracy?', 'Normalization', 'Integrity Constraints', 'Indexing', 'Storage Procedures', 2, 'difficult'),

- -> ('How does the GROUP BY clause differ from the ORDER BY clause?', 'GROUP BY groups data; ORDER BY sorts data', 'GROUP BY filters data; ORDER BY groups data', 'GROUP BY sorts data; ORDER BY filters data', 'GROUP BY and ORDER BY are the same', 1, 'difficult'),
- -> ('In SQL, what does the term "ACID" stand for in database transactions?', 'Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability', 'Access, Control, Integrity, Distribution', 'Automation, Consistency, Isolation, Durability', 'Atomicity, Control, Isolation, Distribution', 1, 'difficult'),
- -> ('What SQL keyword is used to perform a subquery?', 'INSERT', 'GROUP BY', 'SELECT', 'DISTINCT', 3, 'difficult');

Query OK, 29 rows affected (0.02 sec)

Records: 29 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> select * from player;
+---+
| id | name | dob |
+---+
| 1 | Mitali | 2005-06-13 |
| 2 | Arpita | 2005-11-11 |
| 3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30 |
| 4 | Kalyani | 1993-10-03 |
+---+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from score;
----+
| player id | total score | highest score | correct answers |
wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
----+
 1 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
                             3 |
| 2 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 1 |
                             4 |
  3 | 50 | 50 | 5 | 2 |
                             7 |
  4 | 40 | 40 | 4 |
                      0 |
                             4 |
----+
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> select * from leaderboard;
+----+
| player_id | total_score | highest_score | position |
+----+
| 1 | 10 | 20 | 1 |
2 | 30 | 30 | 1 |
  3 | 50 | 50 | 1 |
  4 | 40 | 40 | 2 |
+----+
```

```
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql > SET @rank := 0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SET @prev_score := NULL;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> UPDATE leaderboard
       JOIN (
  ->
       SELECT player_id, total_score,
  ->
           @rank := IF(@prev_score = total_score, @rank + 1, @rank
  ->
+ 1) AS position,
           @prev_score := total_score
  ->
           FROM leaderboard
  ->
           ORDER BY total score DESC
  ->
       ) AS ranked
  ->
       ON leaderboard.player id = ranked.player id
  ->
       SET leaderboard.position = ranked.position;
  ->
Query OK, 2 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 4 Changed: 2 Warnings: 2
mysql> select * from leaderboard;
```

```
+----+
| player_id | total_score | highest_score | position |
+----+
 1 | 10 | 20 | 4 |
   2 | 30 | 30 | 3 |
   3 | 50 | 50 | 1 |
   4 | 40 | 40 | 2 |
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql> SELECT * FROM player
 -> WHERE dob BETWEEN '1999-01-01' AND '2001-12-31';
+---+
| id | name | dob
+---+
| 3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30 |
+---+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> Select * from player where name like '%a%';
+---+
| id | name | dob |
+---+
```

```
| 1 | Mitali | 2005-06-13 |
| 2 | Arpita | 2005-11-11 |
| 3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30 |
| 4 | Kalyani | 1993-10-03 |
+---+
4 rows in set (0.01 \text{ sec})
mysql> SELECT * FROM player
 -> WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001;
+---+
| id | name | dob
+---+
| 3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30 |
+---+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM questions
 -> ORDER BY difficulty_level;
------
---+
```

id question_text		
option_1		
option_2	option_3	
option_4	correct_option diff	iculty level
_	•	•
	+	
	+	
+		
21 What is a clustered i	ndex in SQL?	
An index on non-primar	y columns	
An index that alters t	he physical order of the table	e A secondary
	A unique index	2
difficult	i i umque maex	
·		
	s used to combine rows from	
tables, based on a related	column between them? JO	IN
CONNECT	BIND	
LINK	1 difficult	
23 How can you ontimi	ize a query that is running sl	ow?
Use a SELECT * statem		ow.
·	quently queried columns	Remove
indexes	Add more columns	
2 difficult		
24 What is the function	of the WHERE clause in an	1 UPDATE
statement?		mns to be updated
		-

To filter rows to be	updated		To group	rows to be	е
updated To	o order rows to	be upda	ted		2
25 How does a LEFT Returns all records	JOIN differ fi	om an IN	NER JOIN	?	
Returns all records from the right table 2 difficult				s all recor	ds
26 Which of the follodata accuracy?	_	ncepts enf malizatio		to maintai	in
Integrity Constrain Storage Procedures	ts	·	ndexing difficult		
27 How does the GR clause? BY sorts data GRO GROUP BY sorts data ORDER BY are the sar	G UP BY filters o a; ORDER BY	ROUP B data; ORI	SY groups da DER BY gro ta GRO	ata; ORDl oups data	
28 In SQL, what doe transactions? Durability Access, Co Consistency, Isolation, Distribution 1	Antrol, Integrity	Atomicity , Distribu	, Consistention	cy, Isolati Automa	
29 What SQL keywo INSERT	rd is used to pe	erform a s	subquery?		
GROUP BY DISTINCT		'	SELECT difficult		
1 What is the primar Unique identifier	ry key in a relat	ional dat	abase?		

Foreign key Index	ı	Null value 1 easy	1
3 What is the purpose of a Increase storage	ın index i		
Speed up retrieval None of the above	1	Ensure un 2 easy	niqueness
4 Which command is used DROP	d to remov	ve a table from a	database?
DELETE REMOVE	1	TRUNCAT	ΓE
6 Which keyword is used DISTINCT	to retriev	e unique values?	
UNIQUE WHERE	1	SELECT 1 easy	
7 Which SQL function is AVG()	used to ca	alculate the numb	er of records?
SUM() TOTAL()		COUNT() 3 easy	
8 What is a foreign key us Indexing	sed for?		
Referential integrity Data redundancy		Normaliz 2 easy	ation
10 What type of join return Left Join	ns only m	atching records f	rom both tables?
Inner Join Cross Join	I	Right Join 2 easy	

12 Which SQL constraint en unique?		all values in a co	olumn are
UNIQUE NOT NULL		CHECK 2 easy	
15 How do you create a view CREATE INDEX	w in SQL?	•	
CREATE VIEW CREATE FUNCTION		CREATI	
16 Which command is used set?	to remove UNIQUE	e duplicate record	s in a result
DISTINCT WHERE		GROUP BY 2 easy	
18 What is the default sortin	ng order in	SQL?	
Descending None		Alphabetical 1 easy	
2 Which SQL clause is used ORDER BY	d to filter 1	records?	
GROUP BY WHERE		HAVING 4 medium	I
5 What does SQL stand for Structured Query Language	?		
Simple Query Language Language Struc 1 medium	tured Que	Sequen ue Language	tial Query

9 Which SQL command is INSERT	used to a	dd data to a table?	
UPDATE MODIFY	-	ADD 1 medium	
11 How can you rename a c RENAME TO	column in	SQL?	
ALTER COLUMN ALTER TABLE		CHANG 4 medium	E COLUMN
13 Which of these SQL clar HAVING	uses is use	ed for conditional ag	gregation?
GROUP BY ORDER BY		WHERE 1 medium	
14 Which SQL data type is TEXT	used to st	ore large amounts o	f text?
CHAR STRING	I	VARCHAR	
1 medium			
17 What is a stored procedu A table in the database	ıre?		
A saved SQL query An index	1	A trigger 2 medium	
19 What does the BETWEE	EN operat	or do in SQL?	
Selects within a range Joins two tables	I	Excludes cer 2 medium	tain values

```
| 20 | Which function is used to get the current date in SQL?
| GETDATE()
  | TODAY()
                           | SYSDATE()
                               4 | medium
| CURRENT_DATE()
-----
29 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT YEAR(dob) AS birth_year, COUNT(*) AS
player_count
 -> FROM player
 -> GROUP BY birth_year;
+----+
| birth_year | player_count |
+----+
   2005 | 2 |
  2001 | 1 |
   1993 |
           1 |
+----+
3 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
```

mysql> Select player.name as player_name,dob,score.total_score,score.correct_answers,score.wrong_a nswers,score.attempted_questions

- -> from player
- -> INNER JOIN score on player.id=score.player_id;

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

----+

mysql> SELECT player.name,

- -> score.total_score,
- -> score.correct_answers,
- -> leaderboard.position
- -> FROM player

```
-> LEFT JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id
```

-> LEFT JOIN leaderboard ON player.id = leaderboard.player_id;

+----+

| name | total_score | correct_answers | position |

+----+

| Mitali | 10 | 1 | 4 |

| Arpita | 30 | 3 | 3 |

| tanvi | 50 | 5 | 1 |

| Kalyani | 40 | 4 | 2 |

+----+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT player.name, score.total_score

- -> FROM player
- -> RIGHT JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id;

+----+

| name | total_score |

+----+

| Mitali | 10 |

| Arpita | 30 |

| tanvi | 50 |

| Kalyani | 40 |

+----+

```
4 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
```

mysql> SELECT name FROM player

-> WHERE id IN (SELECT player_id FROM score WHERE total_score > (SELECT AVG(total_score) FROM score));

```
+----+
| name |
+----+
| tanvi |
| Kalyani |
+----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

mysql> CREATE VIEW leaderboard_view AS

- -> SELECT player.name, leaderboard.position, leaderboard.total_score
 - -> FROM player
 - -> JOIN leaderboard ON player.id = leaderboard.player_id;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> SET profiling = 1;
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

mysql> SELECT * FROM score WHERE total_score = 10;

```
----+
| player_id | total_score | highest_score | correct_answers |
wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
1 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> show profile;
+----+
            | Duration |
Status
+----+
            | 0.000099 |
starting
| Executing hook on transaction | 0.000002 |
            | 0.000007 |
starting
| checking permissions
             | 0.000004 |
Opening tables
              | 0.000046 |
           | 0.000003 |
| init
| System lock
              | 0.000007 |
optimizing
              | 0.000008 |
statistics
            | 0.000017 |
```

```
| 0.000020 |
preparing
                | 0.000038 |
executing
           | 0.000003 |
end
query end
                | 0.000002 |
| waiting for handler commit | 0.000008 |
| closing tables
                | 0.000005 |
| freeing items
                | 0.000054 |
| cleaning up
                | 0.000019 |
+----+
17 rows in set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_total_score ON score(total_score);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> SELECT * FROM score WHERE total_score = 10;
----+
| player_id | total_score | highest_score | correct_answers |
wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
----+
    1 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
                                           3 |
```

```
----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> show profile;
+----+
                | Duration |
Status
+----+
starting
                 | 0.000124 |
| Executing hook on transaction | 0.000003 |
                 | 0.000007 |
starting
| checking permissions
                      | 0.000005 |
Opening tables
             | 0.000063 |
               | 0.000004 |
| init
| System lock
                   | 8000008 |
optimizing
                  | 0.000029 |
statistics
                | 0.000086 |
                  | 0.000034 |
preparing
executing
                  | 0.000038 |
end
                | 0.000003 |
                  | 0.000002 |
query end
| waiting for handler commit | 0.000009 |
                  | 0.000007 |
| closing tables
```

```
| freeing items | 0.000059 |
| cleaning up
             | 0.000010 |
+----+
17 rows in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
mysql> CALL ViewPlayerProfile(1);
----+
| name | dob | total_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers |
attempted_questions |
----+
| Mitali | 2005-06-13 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
                                     3 |
----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT AVG(total_score) AS average_score FROM score;
+----+
average_score
+----+
  32.5000 |
```

```
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT MAX(total_score) AS highest_score FROM score;
+----+
| highest_score |
+----+
      50 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT player.name, score.total_score
      FROM player
  ->
      JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id
  ->
    WHERE score.total_score BETWEEN 20 AND 50;
+----+
| name | total_score |
+----+
| Arpita | 30 |
| Kalyani | 40 |
| tanvi | 50 |
+----+
3 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
```

```
mysql> SELECT
       CASE
  ->
         WHEN total_score < 20 THEN 'Low'
  ->
         WHEN total_score BETWEEN 20 AND 50 THEN
  ->
'Medium'
         ELSE 'High'
  ->
       END AS score_level, COUNT(*)
  ->
 -> FROM score
 -> GROUP BY score_level;
+----+
| score_level | COUNT(*) |
+----+
| Low | 1 |
| Medium | 3 |
+----+
2 \text{ rows in set } (0.00 \text{ sec})
mysql>
```

JDBC CODE:

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
```

```
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.sql.*;
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
public class dbmsproject{
 static final String JDBC_DRIVER = "com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver";
 static final String DB_URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/miniproject"; //
Replace with your DB name
 static final String USER = "root";
 static final String PASS = "Mitali@123";
private Connection conn;
public dbmsproject() {
try {
Class.forName(JDBC_DRIVER); // Load JDBC driver
conn = DriverManager.getConnection(DB_URL, USER, PASS);
createLoginWindow();
} catch (SQLException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Failed to connect to DB: " +
e.getMessage());
 private void createLoginWindow() {
JFrame frame = new JFrame("Game Login");
 frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
frame.setSize(300, 200);
frame.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 2));
JLabel userLabel = new JLabel("Username:");
JTextField userField = new JTextField();
JLabel dobLabel = new JLabel("DOB (YYYY-MM-DD):");
JTextField dobField = new JTextField();
JButton loginButton = new JButton("Login");
JButton signUpButton = new JButton("Sign Up");
```

```
loginButton.addActionListener(e -> login(userField.getText(),
dobField.getText()));
signUpButton.addActionListener(e -> signUp(userField.getText(),
dobField.getText()));
frame.add(userLabel);
frame.add(userField);
frame.add(dobLabel);
frame.add(dobField);
frame.add(loginButton);
frame.add(signUpButton);
frame.setVisible(true);
private boolean isValidDate(String dateStr) {
SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
sdf.setLenient(false);
try {
sdf.parse(dateStr);
return true;
} catch (ParseException e) {
return false;
 private void login(String username, String dob) {
if (username.isEmpty() || dob.isEmpty()) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Both fields are required.");
return;
if (!isValidDate(dob)) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Invalid date format. Please use YYYY-MM-
DD.");
return;
// SQL query to check if the username and DOB match in the player table
String sql = "SELECT * FROM player WHERE name = ? AND dob = ?";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
    pstmt.setString(1, username);
    pstmt.setDate(2, Date.valueOf(dob));
    ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();
    if (rs.next()) {
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Login successful!");
    createGameMenu(username); // Proceed to game menu after login
    } else {
    // User not found or incorrect credentials
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Invalid username or date of birth.");
    } catch (SQLException e) {
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error: " + e.getMessage());
private void signUp(String username, String dob) {
    if (username.isEmpty() || dob.isEmpty()) {
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "All fields are required.");
    return;
    if (!isValidDate(dob)) {
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Invalid date format. Please use YYYY-MM-
DD.");
   return;
    }
    // Check if player already exists
    String checkPlayerSql = "SELECT * FROM player WHERE name = ?";
    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(checkPlayerSql)) {
    pstmt.setString(1, username);
    ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();
        if (rs.next()) {
    // Player already exists
```

```
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Username already exists. Please try a
different one.");
    return;
    } catch (SQLException e) {
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error: " + e.getMessage());
    return;
    // Insert new player
    String insertPlayerSql = "INSERT INTO player (name, dob) VALUES (?, ?)";
    String insertScoreSql = "INSERT INTO score (player_id, total_score,
correct_answers, wrong_answers, attempted_questions, highest_score) VALUES (?, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0)";
    try {
    // Insert player data
    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(insertPlayerSql,
Statement.RETURN_GENERATED_KEYS)) {
    pstmt.setString(1, username);
    pstmt.setDate(2, Date.valueOf(dob));
    pstmt.executeUpdate();
   // Get the generated player ID
    ResultSet rs = pstmt.getGeneratedKeys();
    if (rs.next()) {
    int playerId = rs.getInt(1);
    // Insert score data for the player
    try (PreparedStatement scorePstmt = conn.prepareStatement(insertScoreSql)) {
scorePstmt.setInt(1, playerId);
scorePstmt.executeUpdate();
    }}}
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Sign up successful!");
} catch (SQLException e) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }}
```

```
private void createGameMenu(String username) {
 JFrame frame = new JFrame("Game Menu");
frame.setSize(300, 300);
frame.setLayout(new GridLayout(4, 1));
 JButton playQuizButton = new JButton("Play Quiz");
 JButton viewProfileButton = new JButton("View Profile");
JButton leaderboardButton = new JButton("Leaderboard");
JButton logoutButton = new JButton("Logout");
playQuizButton.addActionListener(e -> playQuiz(username));
viewProfileButton.addActionListener(e -> viewProfile(username));
leaderboardButton.addActionListener(e -> viewLeaderboard());
logoutButton.addActionListener(e -> frame.dispose());
frame.add(playQuizButton);
frame.add(viewProfileButton);
frame.add(leaderboardButton);
frame.add(logoutButton);
frame.setVisible(true);
 private void playQuiz(String username) {
String sql = "SELECT id, question_text, option_1, option_2, option_3, option_4,
correct_option FROM questions ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
 ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();
 if (rs.next()) {
String question = rs.getString("question_text");
String option1 = rs.getString("option_1");
String option2 = rs.getString("option_2");
```

```
String option3 = rs.getString("option_3");
String option4 = rs.getString("option_4");
int correctOption = rs.getInt("correct_option");
int questionId = rs.getInt("id");
String userAnswer = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
question + "\n1. " + option1 + "\n2. " + option2 + "\n3. " + option3 + "\n4. " +
option4 + "\nEnter your option (1-4):"
);
if (userAnswer != null && Integer.parseInt(userAnswer) == correctOption) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Correct Answer!");
updateScore(username, questionId, 10, true); // Correct answer logic
 } else {
 JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Wrong Answer!");
 updateScore(username, questionId, 0, false); // Wrong answer logic
 } else {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "No questions available.");
} catch (SQLException | NumberFormatException e) {
 JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Quiz Error: " + e.getMessage());
}}
 private void updateScore(String username, int questionId, int points, boolean
isCorrect) {
// Step 1: Calculate the total score
    String sql = "UPDATE score s JOIN player p ON s.player id = p.id " +
    "SET s.total score = s.total score + ?, " +
    "s.correct_answers = s.correct_answers + ?, " +
```

```
"s.wrong_answers = s.wrong_answers + ?, " +
    "s.attempted_questions = s.attempted_questions + 1, " +
    "s.highest score = CASE " +
    "WHEN s.total_score + ? > s.highest_score THEN s.total_score + ? " +
    "ELSE s.highest_score END " + // Update highest score only if new total score
exceeds previous highest
    "WHERE p.name = ?";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
pstmt.setInt(1, points); // Add the points earned in the current session to the
total score
pstmt.setInt(2, isCorrect ? 1 : 0); // Increment correct answers if the answer
was correct
pstmt.setInt(3, isCorrect ? 0 : 1); // Increment wrong answers if the answer was
incorrect
pstmt.setInt(4, points); // The points to compare with the current total score
pstmt.setInt(5, points); // Same value for comparison and update if higher
pstmt.setString(6, username); // Identify the player by username
pstmt.executeUpdate();
} catch (SQLException e) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error updating score: " + e.getMessage());
private void viewProfile(String username) {
String sql = "SELECT s.total_score, s.correct_answers, s.wrong_answers,
s.attempted_questions, s.highest_score "
+ "FROM player p JOIN score s ON p.id = s.player_id WHERE p.name = ?";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
```

```
pstmt.setString(1, username);
ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();
 if (rs.next()) {
 int totalScore = rs.getInt("total_score");
 int correctAnswers = rs.getInt("correct answers");
 int wrongAnswers = rs.getInt("wrong_answers");
 int attemptedQuestions = rs.getInt("attempted_questions");
 int highestScore = rs.getInt("highest score");
 JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,
 "Player Profile:\n" +
"Total Score: " + totalScore + "\n" +
 "Correct Answers: " + correctAnswers + "\n" +
 "Wrong Answers: " + wrongAnswers + "\n" +
 "Attempted Questions: " + attemptedQuestions + "\n" +
 "Highest Score: " + highestScore);
 } else {
 JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Profile not found.");
 } catch (SQLException e) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error: " + e.getMessage());
private void viewLeaderboard() {
String sql = "SELECT p.name, s.total_score FROM player p JOIN score s ON p.id =
s.player_id ORDER BY s.total_score DESC";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql); ResultSet rs =
pstmt.executeQuery()) {
 StringBuilder leaderboard = new StringBuilder("Leaderboard:\n");
 int rank = 1;
while (rs.next()) {
 leaderboard.append("Rank ").append(rank++)
 .append(": ").append(rs.getString("name"))
.append(" - ").append(rs.getInt("total_score")).append("\n");
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, leaderboard.toString());
} catch (SQLException e) {
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Leaderboard Error: " + e.getMessage());
```

```
}
}
public static void main(String[] args) {

SwingUtilities.invokeLater(dbmsproject::new);
}
}
```

I/P & O/P Screenshots:

```
mysql> CALL ViewPlayerProfile(1);
| name | dob
                         | total_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
| Mitali | 2005-06-13 |
                                         10 |
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SELECT AVG(total_score) AS average_score FROM score;
| average_score |
          32.5000
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT MAX(total_score) AS highest_score FROM score;
| highest_score |
                50 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT player.name, score.total_score
-> FROM player
-> JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id
-> WHERE score.total_score BETWEEN 20 AND 50;
  Arpita
Kalyani
tanvi
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
 CASE
WHEN total_score < 20 THEN 'Low'
WHEN total_score BETWEEN 20 AND 50 THEN 'Medium'
ELSE 'High'
END AS score_level, COUNT(*)
              FROM score
GROUP BY score_level;
  score_level | COUNT(*) |
  rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>|
```

```
Joins two table
        Selects watching a range | Executes |
| 2 | medium |
| Which function is used to get the current date in SQL?
| TODAY() | SYSDATE()
                                                                                                                                 | GETDATE()
| CURRENT_DATE()
29 rows in set (0.00 sec)
 nysql> SELECT YEAR(dob) AS birth_year, COUNT(*) AS player_count
    -> FROM player
-> GROUP BY birth_year;
  birth_year | player_count
         2005
2001
1993
   rows in set (0.00 sec)
 mysql> Select player.name as player_name,dob,score.total_score,score.correct_answers,score.wrong_answers,score.attempted_questions
              from player
INNER JOIN score on player.id=score.player_id;
 player_name | dob
                                | total_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
  Mitali
Arpita
tanvi
Kalyani
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SET @rank := 0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SET @prev_score := NULL;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from leaderboard;
 | player_id | total_score | highest_score | position |
                                               20
30
50
40
 4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT * FROM player
-> WHERE dob BETWEEN '1999-01-01' AND '2001-12-31';
  id | name | dob
   3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30 |
  ysql> select * from player;
   id | name | dob
    1 | Mitali | 2005-06-13
2 | Arpita | 2005-11-11
3 | tanvi | 2001-12-30
4 | Kalyani | 1993-10-03
 4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from score;
| player_id | total_score | highest_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers | attempted_questions
                            10
30
50
40
                                               20
30
50
40
 mysql> select * from leaderboard;
   player_id | total_score | highest_score | position |
                           10
30
50
40
                                              20
30
50
40
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_total_score ON score(total_score);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
  mysql> SELECT * FROM score WHERE total_score = 10;
   player_id | total_score | highest_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
                              10 |
                                                   20 |
 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
 mysql> show profile;
  Status
                                            | Duration |
   starting
Executing hook on transaction
starting
checking permissions
Opening tables
                                              9.000124
0.00003
0.00005
0.00005
0.000064
0.000004
0.000029
0.000029
0.00003
0.00003
0.00003
0.00009
0.00009
0.00009
0.00009
    init
System lock
optimizing
statistics
   end
query end
waiting for handler commit
closing tables
freeing items
cleaning up
 17 rows in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
   2 | easy
12 | Which SQL constraint ensures that all values in a column are unique?
| UNIQUE | CHECK
| PRIMARY KEY
                                                                                                                                               | CREATE INDEX
| CREATE FUNCTION
                                                                                                                                               | UNIQUE
| WHERE
                                                                                                                                              | Ascending
| None
                                                                                                                                               ORDER BY
                                                                                                                                               | Structured Query Language
| Structured Queue Language
                                                                               | Sequential Query Language
                                                                                                                                               | RENAME TO
                                                                               I CHANGE COLUMN
                                                                                                                                               | HAVING
| ORDER BY
                                                                                                                                               | TEXT
| STRING
| A table in the database
                                                                                                                                               | Finds exact values
| Joins two tables
                                                                                                                                               | GETDATE()
| CURRENT_DATE()
```

```
ql> SELECT player.name,
-> score.total.score,
-> score.correct.answers,
-> leaderboard.position
-> FROM player
-> LEFT JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id
-> LEFT JOIN leaderboard ON player.id = leaderboard.player_id;
                   | total_score | correct_answers | position |
   Mitali
Arpita
tanvi
Kalyani
                                       10
30
50
40
    rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT player.name, score.total_score
-> FROM player
-> RIGHT JOIN score ON player.id = score.player_id;
                   | total_score |
    name
   Mitali
Arpita
tanvi
Kalyani
                                       10
30
50
40
   rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> SELECT name FROM player
-> WHERE id IN (SELECT player_id FROM score WHERE total_score > (SELECT AVG(total_score) FROM score));
   tanvi |
Kalyani |
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> CREATE VIEW leaderboard_view AS
-> SELECT player.name, leaderboard.position, leaderboard.total_score
-> FROM player
-> JOIN leaderboard ON player.id = leaderboard.player_id;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> SET profiling = 1;
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
 mysql> SELECT * FROM score WHERE total_score = 10;
    player_id | total_score | highest_score | correct_answers | wrong_answers | attempted_questions |
                                                                         20 |
                                           10 |
                                                                                                             1 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> show profile;
  Status
                                                               | Duration |
   starting
Executing hook on transaction
starting
checking permissions
Opening tables
init
System lock
optimizing
statistics
areasains
                                                                 0.000099
0.000007
0.000007
0.000004
0.000003
0.000007
0.000007
0.000007
0.000007
0.000007
0.000002
0.000002
0.000002
0.000008
0.000008
0.000008
0.000008
  end
query end
maiting for handler commit
closing tables
freeing items
cleaning up
 .
17 rows in set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

24	Create indexes on frequently queried columns 2 difficult What is the function of the WHERE clause in an UPDATE To filter rows to be updated	Remove indexes statement? To group rows to be updated	Add more columns To specify columns to be updated To order rows to be updated
25	2 difficult How does a LEFI JOIN differ from an INNER JOIN? Returns all records from the left table 2 difficult	Returns all records from the right table	Returns all records Does not return unmatched rows
26	Which of the following SQL concepts enforces rules to	maintain data accuracy? Indexing	Normalization Storage Procedures
27	How does the GROUP BY clause differ from the ORDER BY	clause? GROUP BY sorts data; ORDER BY filters data	GROUP BY groups data; ORDER BY sorts data GROUP BY and ORDER BY are the same
28 lity	In SQL, what does the term "ACID" stand for in database	se transactions? Automation, Consistency, Isolation, Durability	Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durabi Atomicity, Control, Isolation, Distribution
29	What SQL keyword is used to perform a subquery?	SELECT	INSERT DISTINCT
1 1	What is the primary key in a relational database?	Null value	Unique identifier Index
3	What is the purpose of an index in a database?	Ensure uniqueness	Increase storage None of the above
4	Which command is used to remove a table from a database	se? TRUNCATE	DROP REMOVE
6	Which keyword is used to retrieve unique values? UNIQUE 1 easy	SELECT	DISTINCT WHERE
7	Which SQL function is used to calculate the number of	records? COUNT()	AVG() TOTAL()
8	What is a foreign key used for?	Normalization	Indexing Data redundancy
10	What type of join returns only matching records from b	ooth tables? Right Join	Left Join Cross Join
	23 6 3		
++	Select * from player where name like '%a%';		
id id	name dob		
id id 			
id id	name dob		
++ id ++ 1 2	Mitali 2905-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11		
id id 1 2 3 4 4 rows	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec)		
id 1 2 3 4 4 rows	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03		
id 1 2 3 4 4 4 4 5 6 7 7	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player		
id	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001;		
id	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob		
#	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob tanvi 2001-12-30		
#	mame dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob tanvi 2001-12-30 in set (0.00 sec) SELECT * FROM questions		
id	name dob Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob tanvi 2001-12-30 in set (0.00 sec) SELECT * FROM questions ORDER BY difficulty_level;		
id	Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob tanvi 2001-12-30 in set (0.00 sec) SELECT * FROM questions ORDER BY difficulty_level; question_text option_2	option_3	option_1
id	Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob	option_3	
id	Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob tanvi 2001-12-30 in set (0.00 sec) SELECT * FROM questions ORDER BY difficulty_level; question_text option_2	option_3	
id	Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-10-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 Kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob		
1	Mitali 2005-06-13 Arpita 2005-10-11 tanvi 2005-11-11 tanvi 2001-12-30 kalyani 1993-10-03 in set (0.01 sec) SELECT * FROM player WHERE YEAR(dob) = 2001; name dob	A secondary index	option_4