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SL: 14

11.1/

| x | y | xy | x^2 | y^2 |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 11.8 | 10.4 | 122.72 | 139.24 | 108.16 |
| 12.5 | 16.5 | 206.25 | 159.25 | 272.25 |
| 15.7 | 22.9 | 359.53 | 246.49 | 524.41 |
| 19.2 | 26.6 | 510.72 | 368.64 | 707.56 |
| 21.9 | 33.8 | 740.22 | 479.61 | 1142.44 |
| 23.3 | 42.8 | 997.24 | 542.89 | 1831.84 |
| $\sum x = 104.4$ | $\sum y = 153$ | $\sum xy = 2936.68$ | $\sum x^2 = 1933.12$ | $\sum y^2 = 4586.66$ |

a) Compute correlation coefficient:-

$$SS(x) = \sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n} = 1933.12 - \frac{(104.4)^2}{6}$$

$$= 1933.12 - \frac{(104.4)^2}{6} = 116.56$$

$$SS(y) = \sum y^2 - \frac{(\sum y)^2}{n} = 4586.66 - \frac{(153)^2}{6}$$

$$= 4586.66 - \frac{(153)^2}{6} = 685.16$$

$$SP(xy) = \sum xy - \frac{\sum x \sum y}{n}$$

$$= 2936.68 - \frac{(104.4 \times 153)}{6}$$

31.801

35.5F5

11.152

42.50F

11.5H1

$$r = 0.98$$

The correlation between variable (x) and (y) is strongly positive.

b) Performing Hypothesis test, (multiple studies) (Q)

$$H_0: \rho = 0 \text{ against } H_A: \rho \neq 0$$

$$t = \frac{n\sqrt{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \sim t_{n-2} \text{ at } 0.05 \text{ level}$$

$$= \frac{0.98\sqrt{6-2}}{\sqrt{1-0.98^2}} = 9.84$$

$\therefore |t| > t_{(n-2)} = 4$, so, H_0 is rejected.

We conclude that the lending rate does not increase significantly with increase of inflation rate.

c) Fitting regression line of y on x

$$a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x} = \frac{\sum y}{n} - b \frac{\sum x}{n}$$
$$= \frac{153}{6} - b \frac{104.4}{6} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

standard form
 $\frac{y - \bar{y}}{S_y} = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S_x}$

$$b = \frac{SP(xy)}{SS(x)} = \frac{274.48}{116.56} = 2.36$$

$(18.1824 - 81.22) / 5.15$
 $(28.455 \times 28.5) - 31.28$

from (1)

$$a = \frac{153}{6} - (2.36) \frac{104.4}{6}$$
$$= -15.564$$

$8215.852 + 11.1$
 $8215.852 / 22.31$
 $365.5 = 11.1$

Fitted line: $\hat{y} = -15.564 + 2.36x$

d) lending rate when the inflation rate will be 25.5

$$\text{If } x = 25.5 \text{ then, } y = 15.564 + (2.36 \times 25.5)$$
$$= 44.616$$

11.1
 $365.5 - 11.1 = 354.4$

lending rate is 44.616% since 11.1 is constant

c) we need to test $H_0: \beta = 0$ vs $H_1: \beta \neq 0$

Test statistic:

$$|t| = \sqrt{\frac{S^2}{\text{SS}(xy)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S^2 &= \frac{\text{SS}(y) - b \text{SS}(xy)}{n-2} \\ &= \frac{685.16 - (2.36 \times 274.48)}{6-2} \\ &= 523.2168 \end{aligned}$$

$$|t| = \frac{2.36}{\sqrt{\frac{523.2168}{116.56}}}$$

$$= 1.11$$

$$\therefore |t| < t_{0.05/2, 4} = 2.776$$

so, H_0 is accepted.

Hence, the regression is not significant.