

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[(1+e^{-x})^{-1} \right] = -\frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})^2} \frac{d}{dx} (1+e^{-x})$$

$e^{-x} = e^{-x}$ $-x = -1$

$$= -\frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})^2} \frac{d}{dx} (e^{-x}) = -\frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2} \frac{d}{dx} (-x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2}$$

$$\frac{1 \cdot e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})(1+e^{-x})} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \cdot \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} = \sigma(x) \left[\frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} \right]$$

$$= \sigma(x) \left[\frac{1+e^{-x}-1}{1+e^{-x}} \right] = \sigma(x) \left[\frac{1+e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} - \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right]$$

$$\sigma(x) [1 - \sigma(x)] \Rightarrow \sigma'(x) = \boxed{\sigma(x) [1 - \sigma(x)]}$$

