Saturday, 22 August 15

Crux Lecture -14

Data Structures -3

Trees -1

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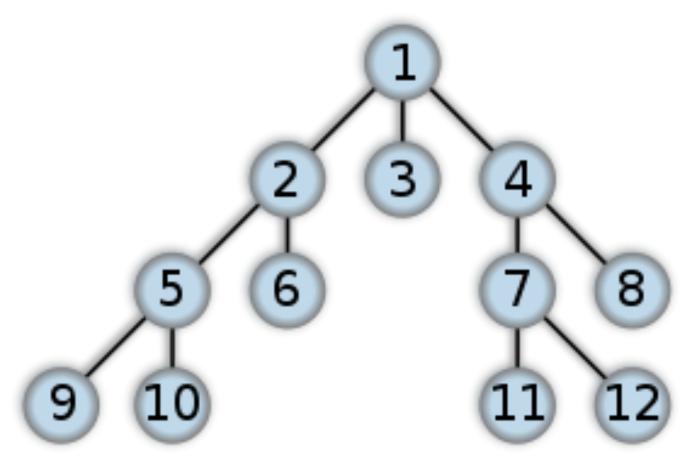
# Assignment doubts?



What's common between a file system and a company's organizational structure?



# Trees





# Tree Terminologies

- 1. Node
- 2. Root
- 3. Children
- 4. Parent
- 5. Ancestor
- 6. Descendants
- 7. Sibling
- 8. Leaves



# How to Implement a Node of a Tree



#### Node of a Tree

```
Public class TreeNode{
  int data;
  TreeNode[] children;
  TreeNode parent; //Optional
}
```



# How to Implement a Tree

- Use Nodes to create tree in every program
- 2. Define a Tree class



#### Tree class

```
Class Tree {
 private node root;
 public int size();
 public boolean isEmpty();
 public int root();
 public int parent(node);
 public int[] children(node);
 // etc etc
```



# Lets see how to input and output Tree

- Write a function to take tree as input from user
- 2. Print out a tree



# Lets discuss few problems

1. Count number of nodes in a tree



#### Your Turn

1. Find the node with largest data in a tree



# Tree Important Properties

- Degree of a Node
- 2. Depth of a Node
- 3. Height of Tree



# Lets discuss few problems

- Find Height of a Tree
- 2. Print all the elements at depth K.



#### Your Turn

- Find number of Nodes greater than an integer x
- Find the node for which sum of the data of all children and the node itself is maximum



A tree walk or traversal is a way of visiting all the nodes in a tree in a specified order.



#### Lets code these tree traversals

- Preorder Traversal(Recursive)
- Preorder Traversal(Iterative)
- 3. Postorder Traversal
- 4. Levelorder Traversal





#### Thank You!! ©

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