

Project #4: Functional Decomposition

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1. What your own-choice quantity was and how it fits into the simulation.

I took the amount of pesticides sprayed over the grains every month as my own choice quantity. So if the amount of pesticides sprayed every month increases by 50% than the usual amount of pesticides sprayed, the height of the grain decreases by 0.05 inches for every extra percent of pesticides used.

2. A table showing values for temperature, precipitation, number of graindeer, height of the grain, and your own-choice quantity as a function of month number.

Now Month	Now NumDeer	Now Precip	Now Temp	Now Height	Pesticides Used
0	2	14.241253	-3.59275	0.796129	4.1
1	1	25.149177	0.844801	11.60841	6.5
2	2	34.970879	2.321667	23.668819	3.1
3	3	32.656541	12.701412	23.18538	4.1
4	4	21.250612	12.654896	21.602671	1.9
5	5	23.12526	25.539627	16.522683	1.5
6	6	11.079989	21.747284	10.173589	7.2
7	5	1.276859	21.560677	0	1.1
8	4	0	15.49413	0	7.8
9	3	0	9.331551	0	6.9
10	2	8.61111	3.679926	6.658261	3.7
11	3	8.907712	-3.021394	6.308645	2.3

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12	2	19.607265	-2.093686	7.327389	2.9
13	3	31.090874	-3.309166	7.542806	6.3
14	2	33.440483	1.71203	16.514521	7.5
15	3	29.625541	16.7921	10.940955	0.4
16	4	30.860066	12.896818	9.047752	0.5
17	3	22.811253	17.363116	4.05792	4.9
18	2	14.350318	16.779327	0.369488	7.5
19	1	9.399322	20.4056	0	9.9
20	0	0.516853	9.35805	0	2.7
21	1	5.304563	6.789364	9.093108	6.1
22	2	0.356938	1.59626	12.336309	6.2
23	3	10.180385	4.535065	22.458966	1.7
24	4	14.37536	1.27494	30.803854	7.9
25	5	25.698693	-0.842955	30.25349	6.1
26	6	29.101274	2.657119	40.443546	2.2
27	7	28.095359	16.167931	33.057478	1.3
28	8	29.353797	20.951572	24.170383	4.9
29	9	17.853934	20.589625	14.01438	7.1
30	8	6.462121	21.875233	0	6.1

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31	7	2.998555	21.313549	0	0.8
32	6	0	16.276981	0	8.1
33	5	5.101647	11.122195	0	6.7
34	4	6.300999	5.224105	2.810344	8
35	3	15.980684	2.991772	10.459186	4.7
36	4	14.853707	1.549986	19.685826	8.3
37	5	30.661316	2.552783	27.750385	8.8
38	6	29.135479	6.213837	34.541462	3
39	7	33.383893	11.560402	30.490053	1.2
40	8	28.314623	14.968537	22.154341	7.4
41	9	15.289982	19.972653	8.953359	7.8
42	8	9.361	17.664875	0	3.3
43	7	3.214359	15.021201	0	2.3
44	6	0	16.292864	0	5.8
45	5	0	10.182343	0	8.3
46	4	5.813629	7.658242	0	7.6
47	3	11.391906	0.388724	0.415876	5.9
48	2	16.130744	2.980031	12.055342	7.7
49	3	28.353151	-3.012517	9.394676	8.5

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50	4	27.859598	3.767692	20.973519	2.5
51	5	27.062571	15.879627	16.185984	1.8
52	6	21.552643	15.736966	10.154839	9.8
53	5	18.340265	21.372401	0	1.6
54	4	13.180745	16.465232	0	10
55	3	8.457466	22.9673	0	7.9
56	2	5.576943	8.832815	0	8.8
57	1	0	1.879491	0	3.6
58	0	5.89969	2.398542	8.571233	5.3
59	1	12.089427	4.702447	23.597399	7.2
60	2	20.962194	1.273388	33.762343	9.5
61	3	30.229758	0.610438	37.679883	9.3
62	4	34.203629	7.461656	41.825834	3.9
63	5	27.004028	10.46588	42.997627	7.8
64	6	29.131139	17.543587	33.168208	0.5
65	7	19.329683	16.9735	25.666859	1.5
66	8	6.867575	24.211595	16.776897	5.6
67	7	0	17.630335	5.881634	2.6
68	6	0	17.3526	0	6.2

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69	5	0	9.18791	0	6.5
70	4	1.850299	5.712357	0	5.7
71	3	11.219956	-2.840765	0	6.9

3. A graph showing temperature, precipitation, number of graindeer, height of the grain, and your own-choice quantity as a function of month number. Note: if you change the units to °C and centimeters, the quantities might fit better on the same set of axes.

cm = inches * 2.54

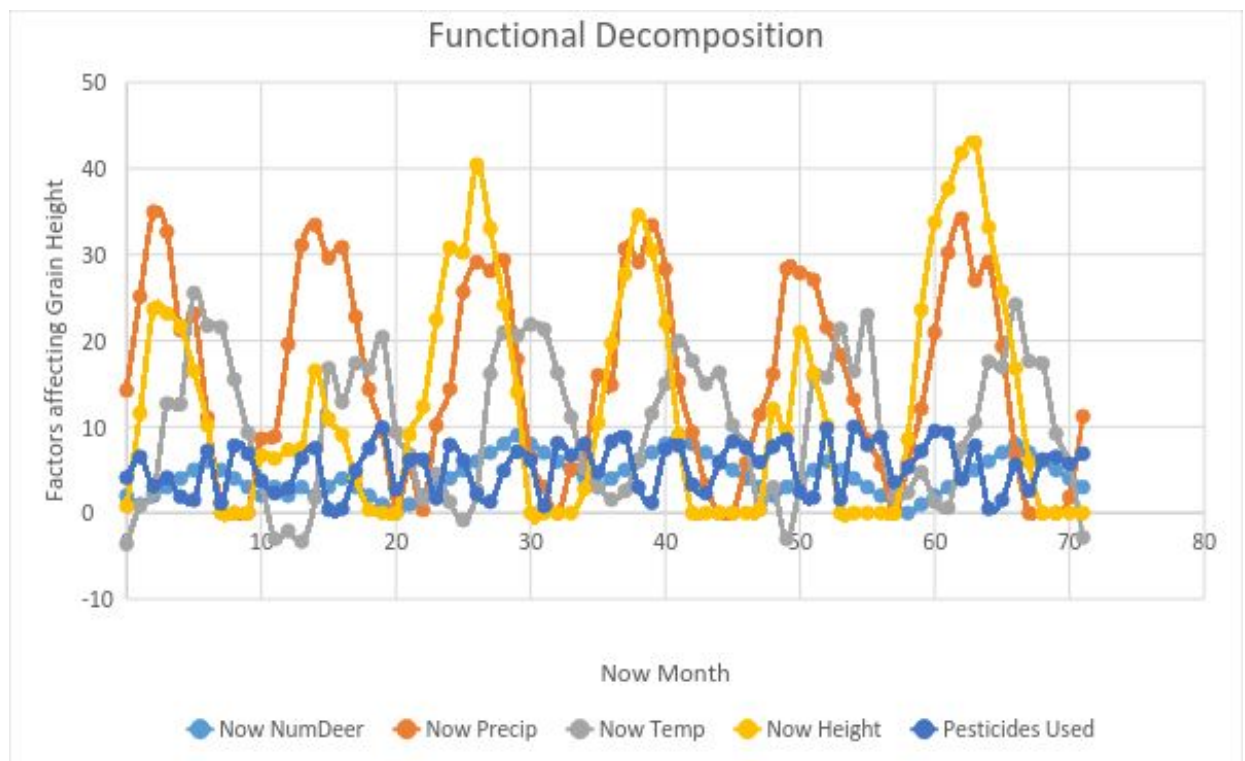
°C = (5./9.)*(°F-32)

This will make your heights have larger numbers and your temperatures have smaller numbers.

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4. A commentary about the patterns in the graph and why they turned out that way. What evidence in the curves proves that your own quantity is actually affecting the simulation?

From the graph, we can see that there are various factors, i.e., number of deer (Now NumDeer), Precipitation(Now Precip), Temperature(Now Temp) and Pesticides used that are affecting grain height. We can see that as the number of deer increases(curve goes up), the grain height decreases(curve goes down) and vice-versa since an increase in the number of deer will result in more consumption of grains and thus the grain height will decrease. Similarly, a decrease in the number of deer(curve goes down) would cause the grain height to increase(curve goes up) as there will be less consumption of grains. Also,

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we can see from the graph that as the temperature and precipitation conditions are idle, the grain height remains stable but if the temperature and precipitation conditions are not idle, the grain height also decreases (curve goes down) as idle temperature and precipitation are one of the two major factors that affect the grain height.

Talking about the fourth factor, i.e., pesticides used, if the amount of pesticides sprayed every month increases by 50% than the usual amount of pesticides sprayed (curve goes up), the height of the grain decreases by 0.05 inches for every extra percent of pesticides used (curve goes down), else the grain height remains stable.