

housing-eda

August 22, 2025

HOUSING (TYPE OF HOUSES) - EDA

```
[1]: import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
import seaborn as sns # visualisation of cleaned data using various plots
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # plotting graphs

print("Successfully imported all necessary libraries")
```

Successfully imported all necessary libraries

```
[3]: import os

print(os.listdir("C:/Users/Tanya Raj/OneDrive/Desktop"))

['02_numpy(linear algebra).ipynb', '1.xlsx', '2(wine).xlsx', '3(Housing).csv',
'ADHAAR CARD.pdf', 'aditya', 'Arduino IDE.lnk', 'Canva.lnk', 'desktop.ini',
'FITA', 'major_project doc', 'myself info', 'python basics', 'python
function-2']
```

```
[8]: pip install openpyxl
```

Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: openpyxl in c:\users\tanya
raj\appdata\roaming\python\python313\site-packages (3.1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: et-xmlfile in c:\users\tanya
raj\appdata\roaming\python\python313\site-packages (from openpyxl) (2.0.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

[notice] A new release of pip is available: 25.1.1 -> 25.2
[notice] To update, run: python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip

```
[14]: df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Tanya Raj\OneDrive\Desktop\3(Housing).csv")
print(pd.options.display.max_rows) # Showing the maximum number of rows which
                                ↴can be displayed

df.head() # Displaying first set of datapoints
# print(df.to_string()) => Displaying entire dataset
```

60

```
[14]:      price  area  bedrooms  bathrooms  stories  mainroad  guestroom  basement  \
0  13300000  7420       4          2         3     yes        no        no
1  12250000  8960       4          4         4     yes        no        no
2  12250000  9960       3          2         2     yes        no        yes
3  12215000  7500       4          2         2     yes        no        yes
4  11410000  7420       4          1         2     yes       yes       yes

hotwaterheating airconditioning  parking  prefarea  furnishingstatus
0             no           yes      2     yes    furnished
1             no           yes      3     no     furnished
2             no           no      2     yes  semi-furnished
3             no           yes      3     yes    furnished
4             no           yes      2     no     furnished
```

```
[10]: df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Tanya Raj\OneDrive\Desktop\3(Housing).csv")
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```

```
[15]: #Step 2:Understand the nature of the data values
```

```
df.describe()
df.describe(include = 'object')
```

```
[15]:      mainroad  guestroom  basement  hotwaterheating  airconditioning  prefarea  \
count        545        545        545                  545        545        545
unique        2          2          2                  2          2          2
top          yes         no         no                  no         no         no
freq        468        448        354                  520        373        417
```

```
furnishingstatus
count          545
unique           3
top    semi-furnished
freq            227
```

```
[16]: df.columns
```

```
[16]: Index(['price', 'area', 'bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'stories', 'mainroad',
   'guestroom', 'basement', 'hotwaterheating', 'airconditioning',
   'parking', 'prefarea', 'furnishingstatus'],
  dtype='object')
```

```
[17]: df.columns.isnull()
```

```
[17]: array([False, False, False, False, False, False, False, False,
   False, False, False, False])
```

```
[21]: categorical_labels = ['mainroad', 'guestroom', 'basement',
   'hotwaterheating', 'airconditioning',
   'prefarea', 'furnishingstatus']

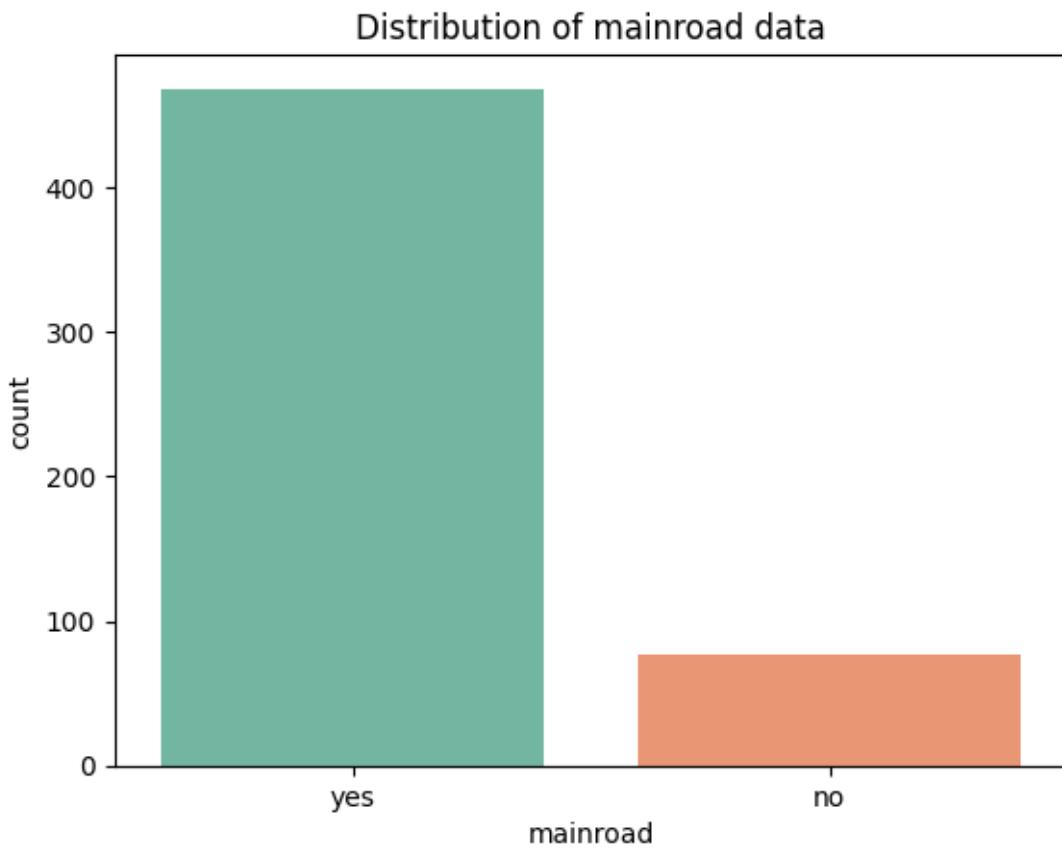
for label in categorical_labels:
    sns.countplot(x=label, data=df, palette="Set2") # use palette

plt.title(f'Distribution of {label} data')
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Tanya Raj\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_22784\211982551.py:6:
FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

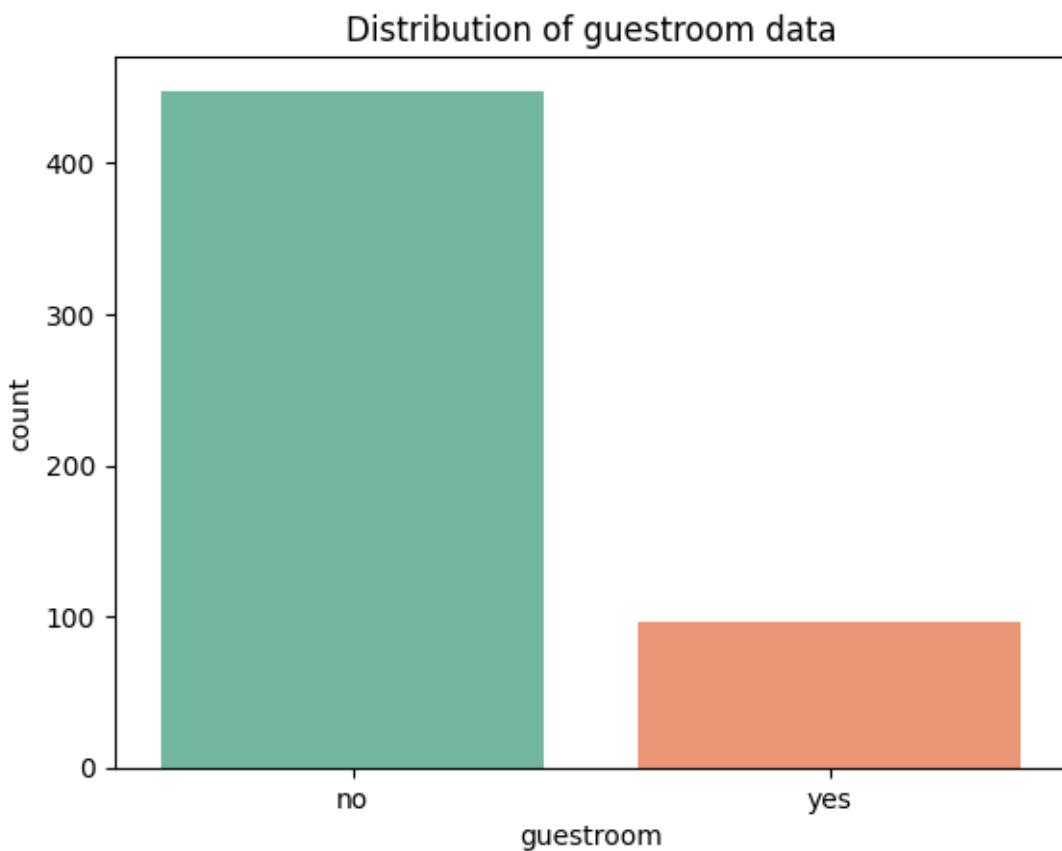
```
sns.countplot(x=label, data=df, palette="Set2") # use palette
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```
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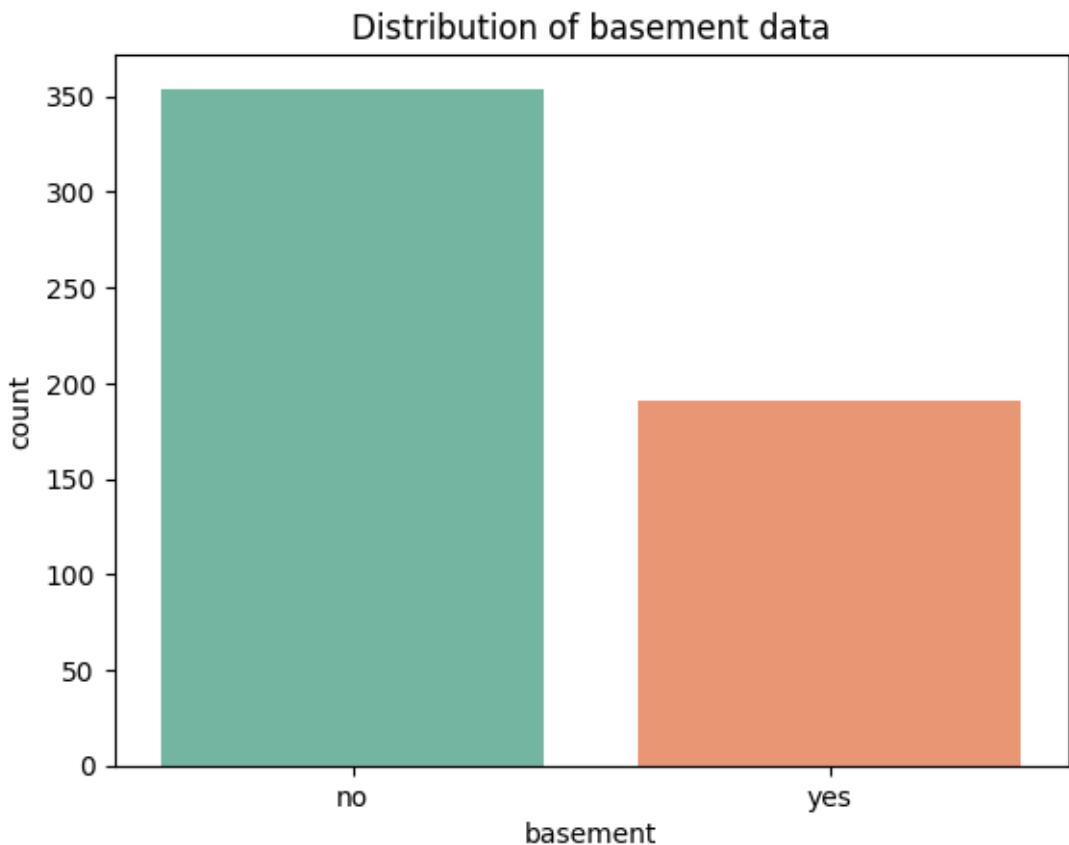
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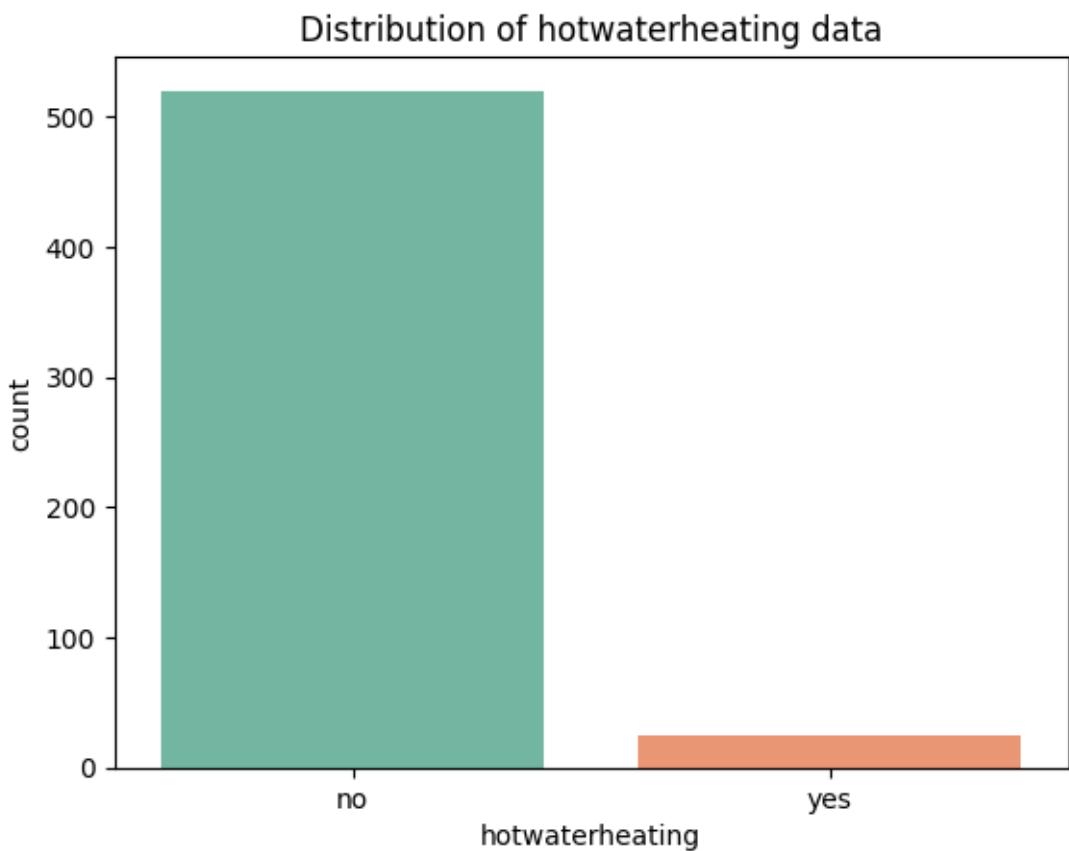
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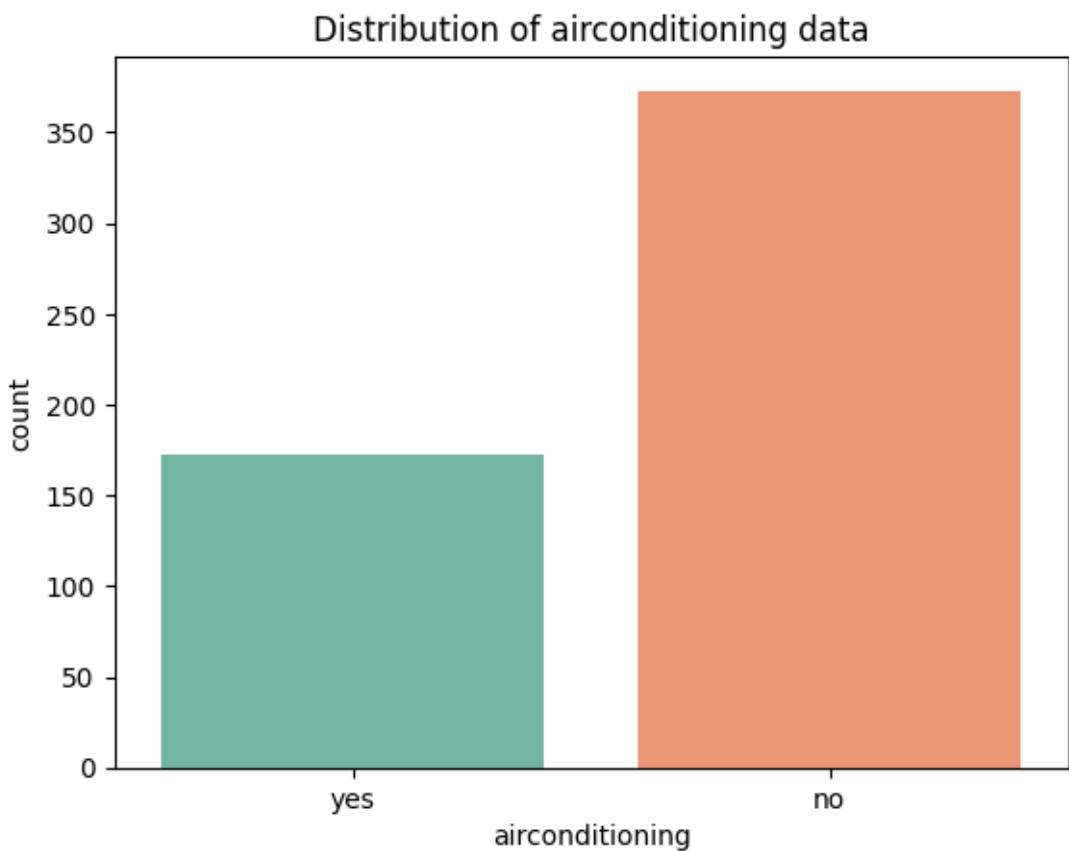
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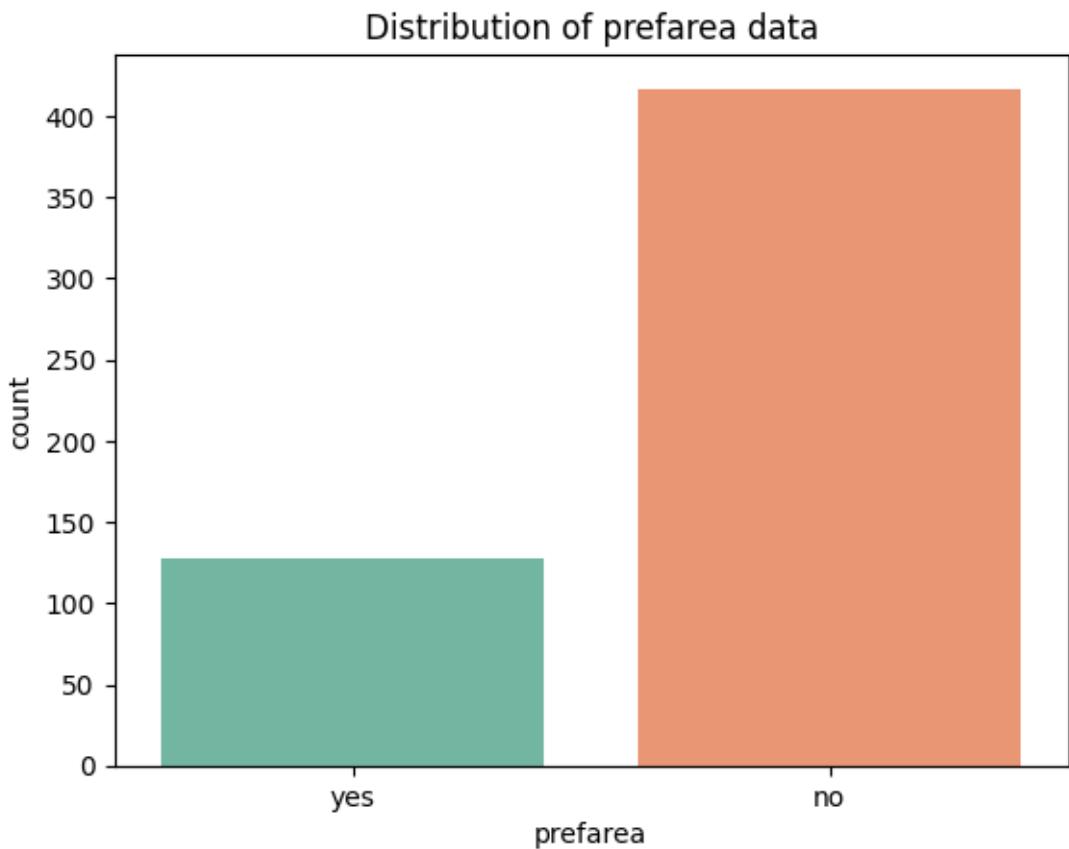
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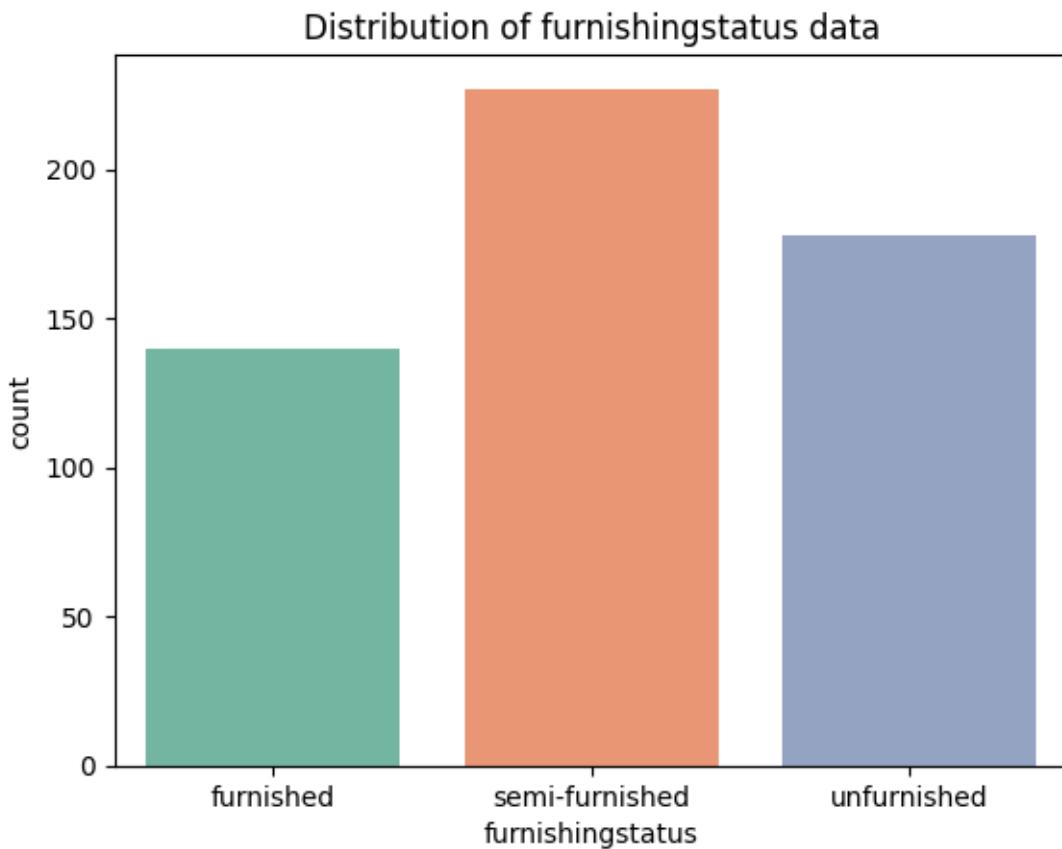
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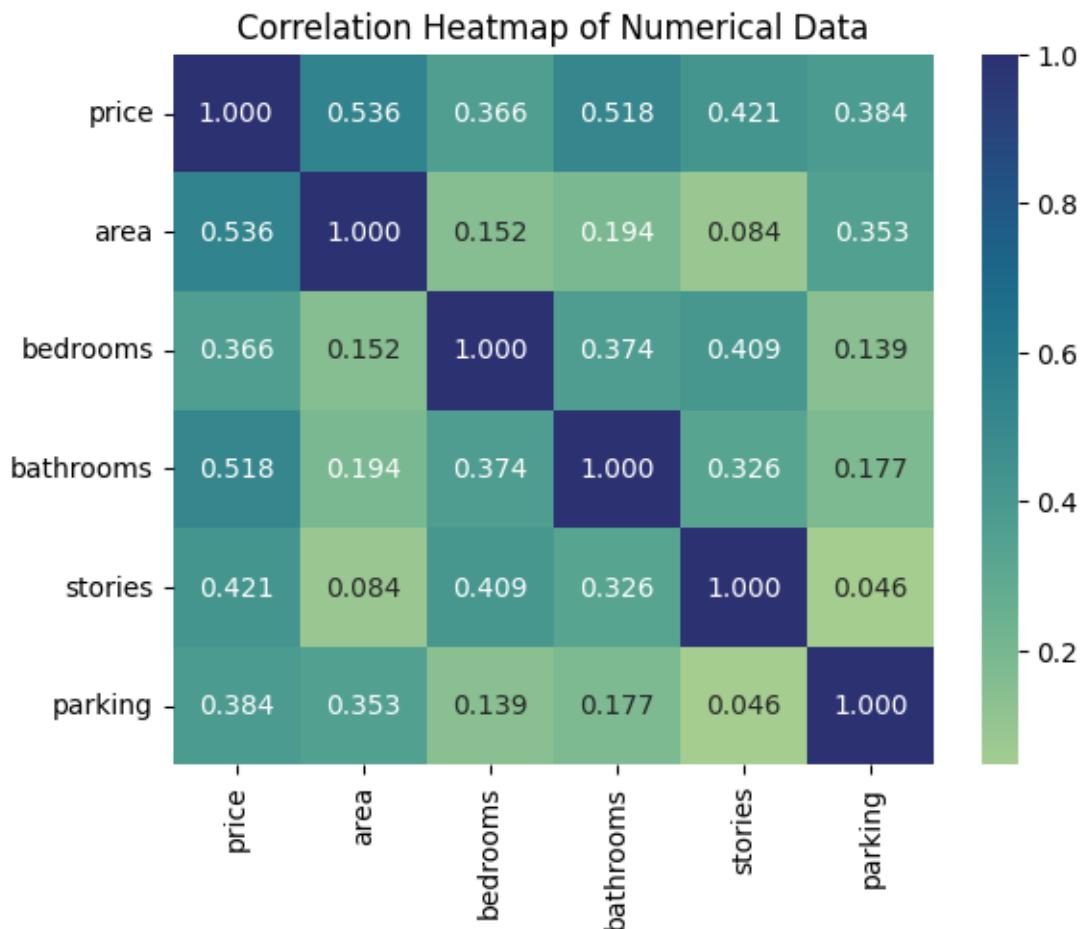
```
sns.countplot(x=label, data=df, palette="Set2") # use palette
```



```
[22]: #Correlation analysis of numerical data
```

```
correlation_df = df.copy() # make a copy of the dataframe
correlation_analysis = correlation_df.corr(numeric_only=True) # correlation matrix for numeric data is created

sns.heatmap(correlation_analysis, annot=True, cmap='crest', fmt=".3f") # plots data with 3-decimal place accuracy
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap of Numerical Data")
plt.show()
```



CONCLUSION:

No extreme correlation between any metrics

(Price,Area) and (Price, Bathrooms) have reasonably good positive correlation.