



SIGGRAPH
ASIA 2016
MACAO

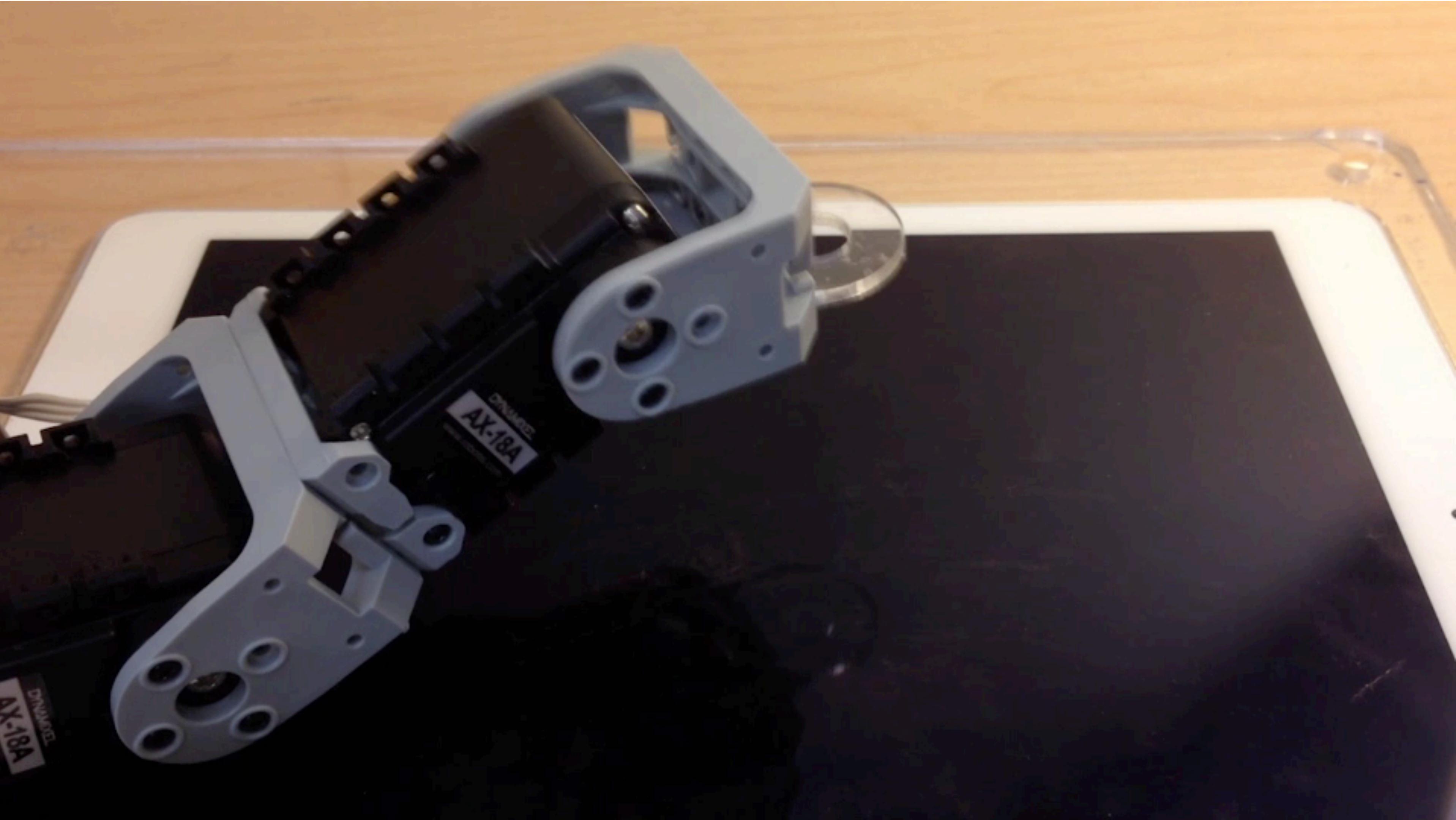


Stylus Assistant: Designing Dynamic Constraints for Facilitating Stylus Inputs on Portable Displays

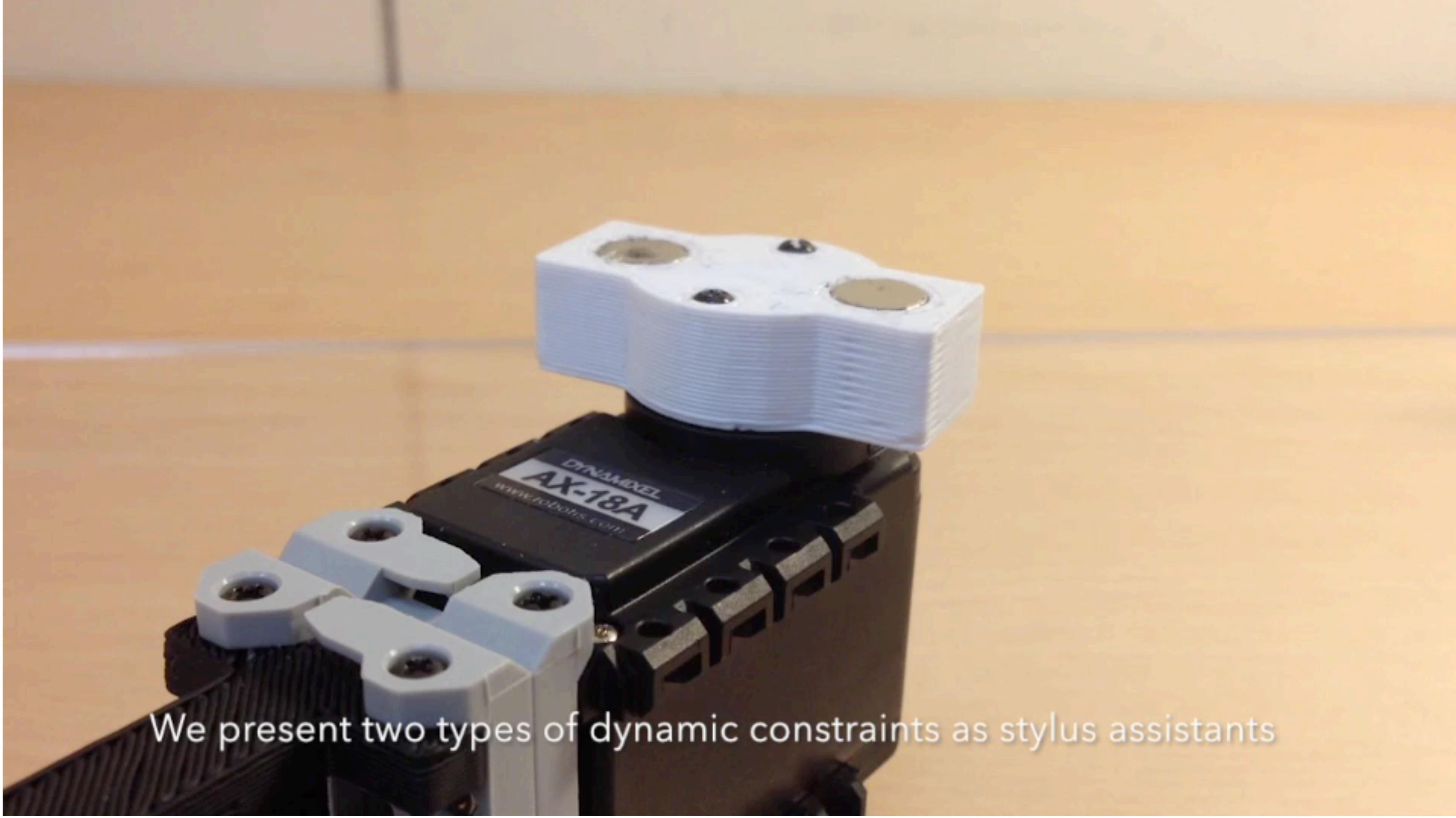
Long-Fei Lin, Shan-Yuan Teng, Rong-Hao Liang, Bing-Yu Chen
National Taiwan University



National
Taiwan
University

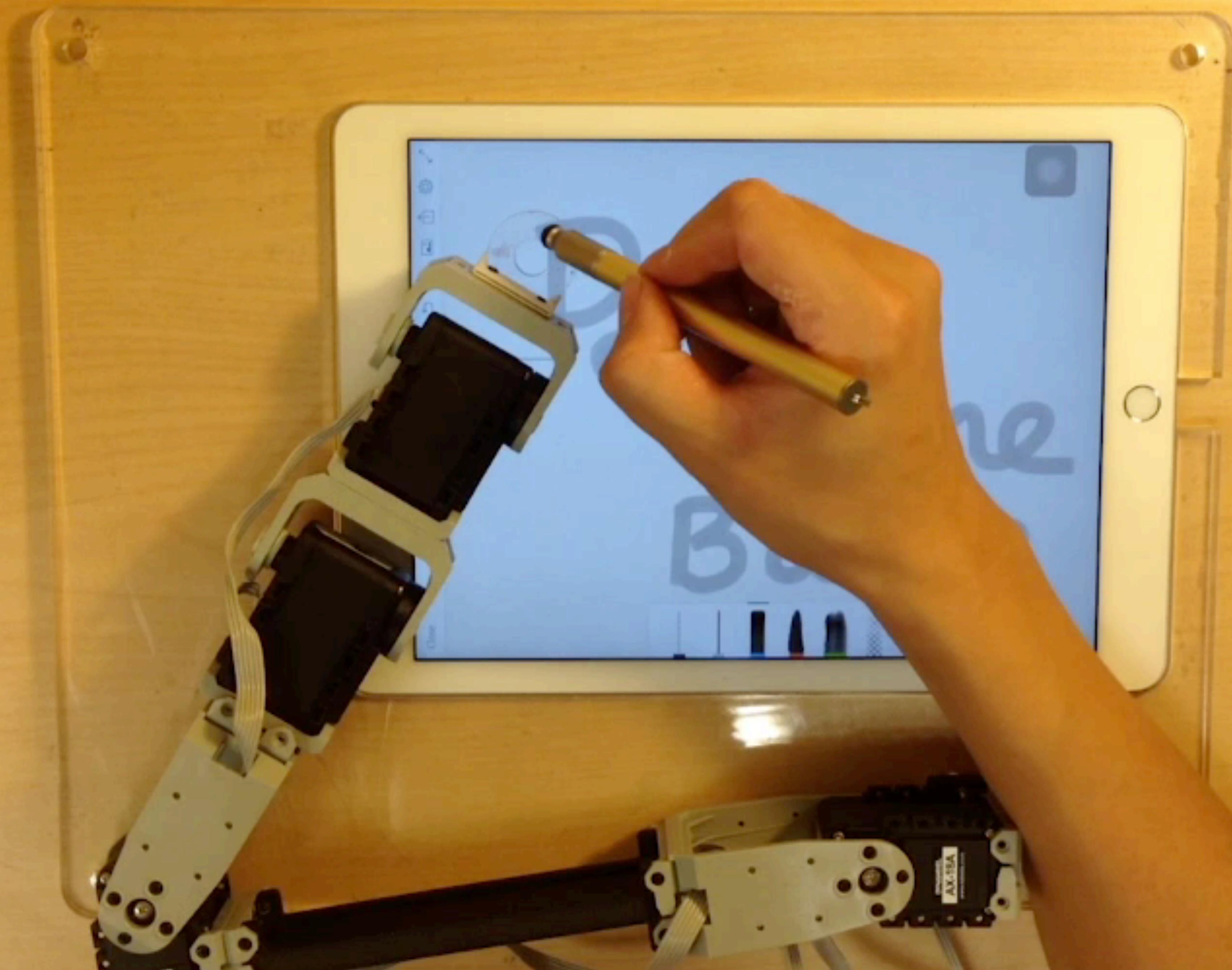


DynaFrame: Around-Display Constraint



We present two types of dynamic constraints as stylus assistants

DynaBase: Back-of-Display Constraint



Introduction



Portable displays
+
stylus input



only visual guidance
no force feedback

Related Work



[Nakagaki et al., UIST'15]

LineFORM: Actuated Curve Interfaces for Display, Interaction, and Constraint

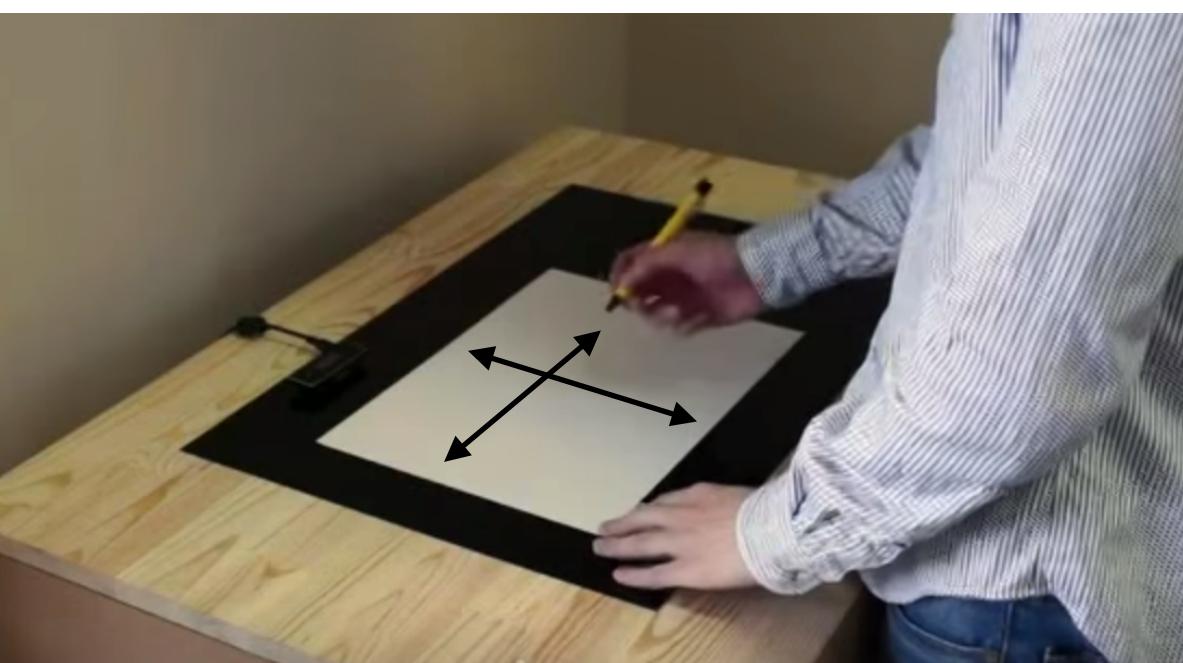


[Yamaoka and Kakehi., UIST'13]

dePENd: Augmented Sketching System Using Ferromagnetism of a Ballpoint Pen



Not grounded to the display.



Not suitable for portable displays.

**provide enough force feedback
for guidance on portable displays
in a reasonable form**

Design

1) As small occlusion as possible.

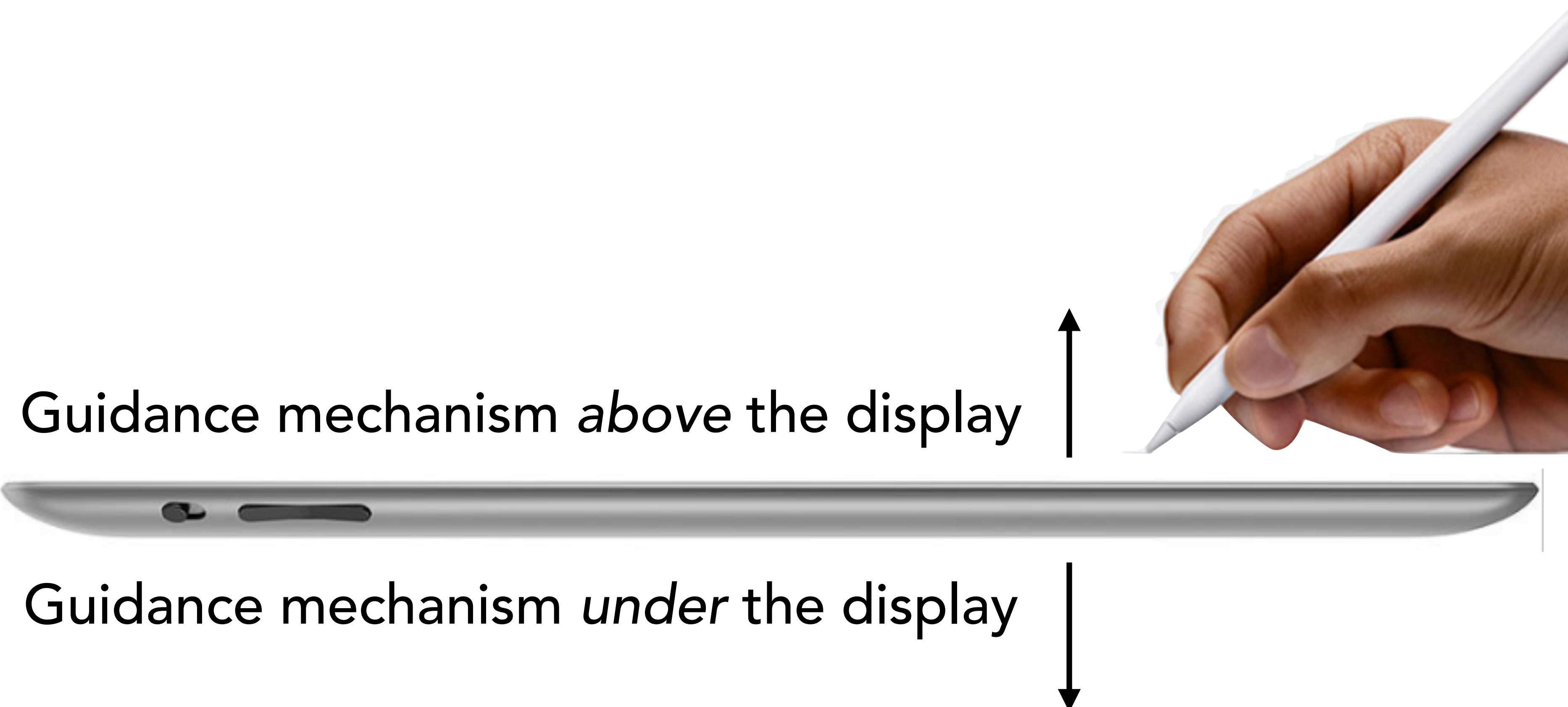
nearby the stylus tip / remaining area

2) Effectiveness.

precision / reaction time

3) Expressiveness.

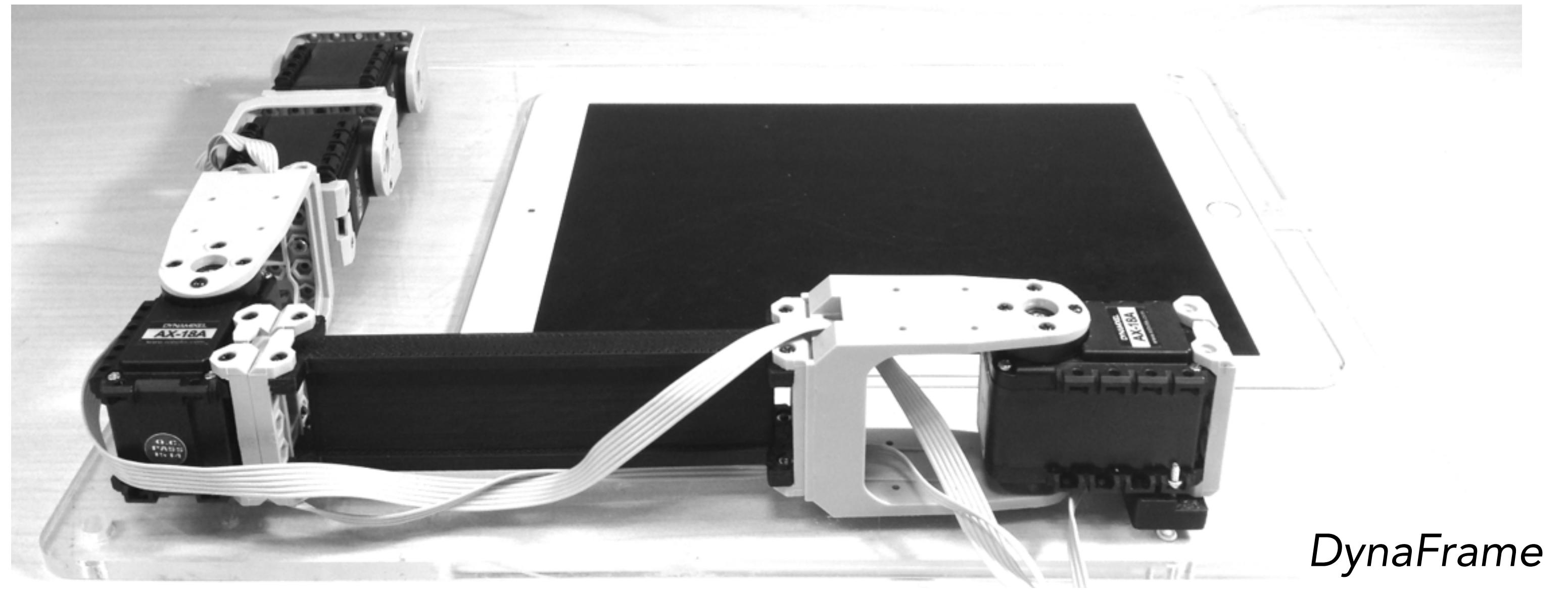
position / speed / pressure



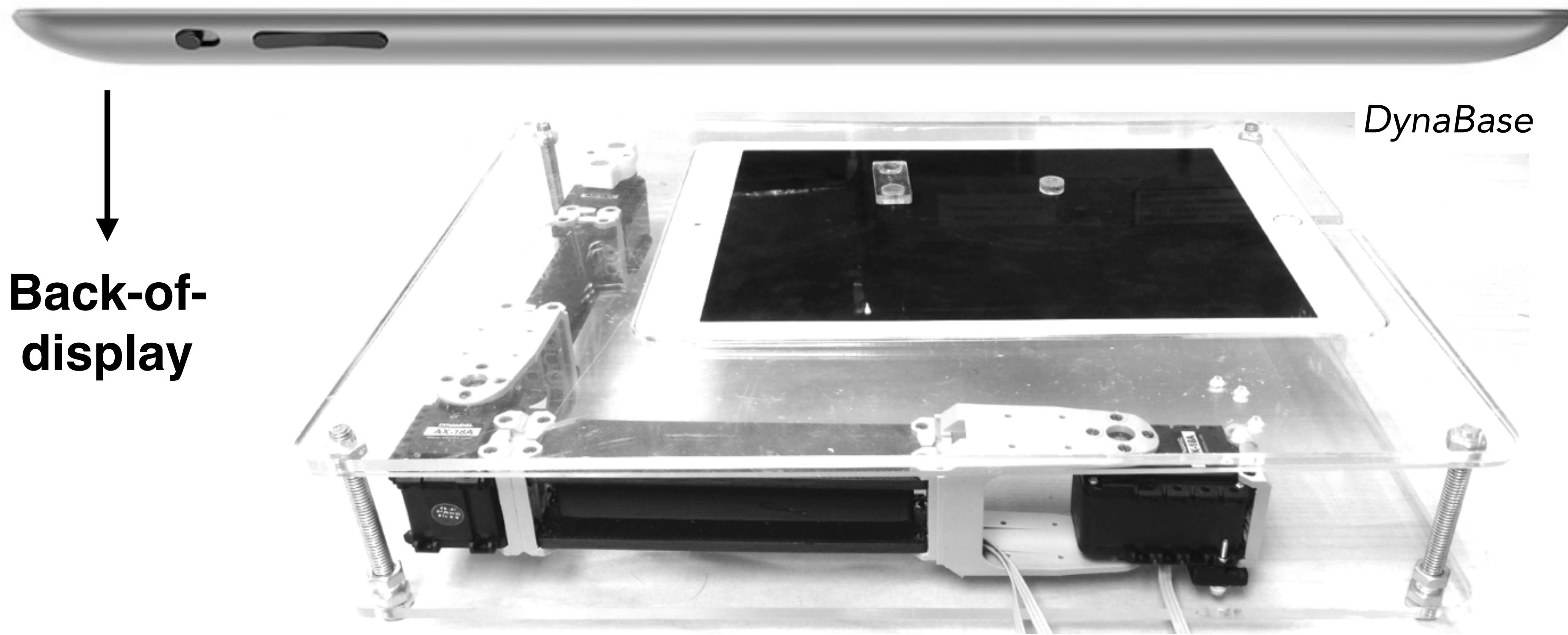
Guidance mechanism *above* the display

Guidance mechanism *under* the display

Around-
display



DynaFrame



Dynamixel AX-18A

No-load Speed: 97rpm ,0.103 sec/60°

Size: 32 x 50 x 40mm

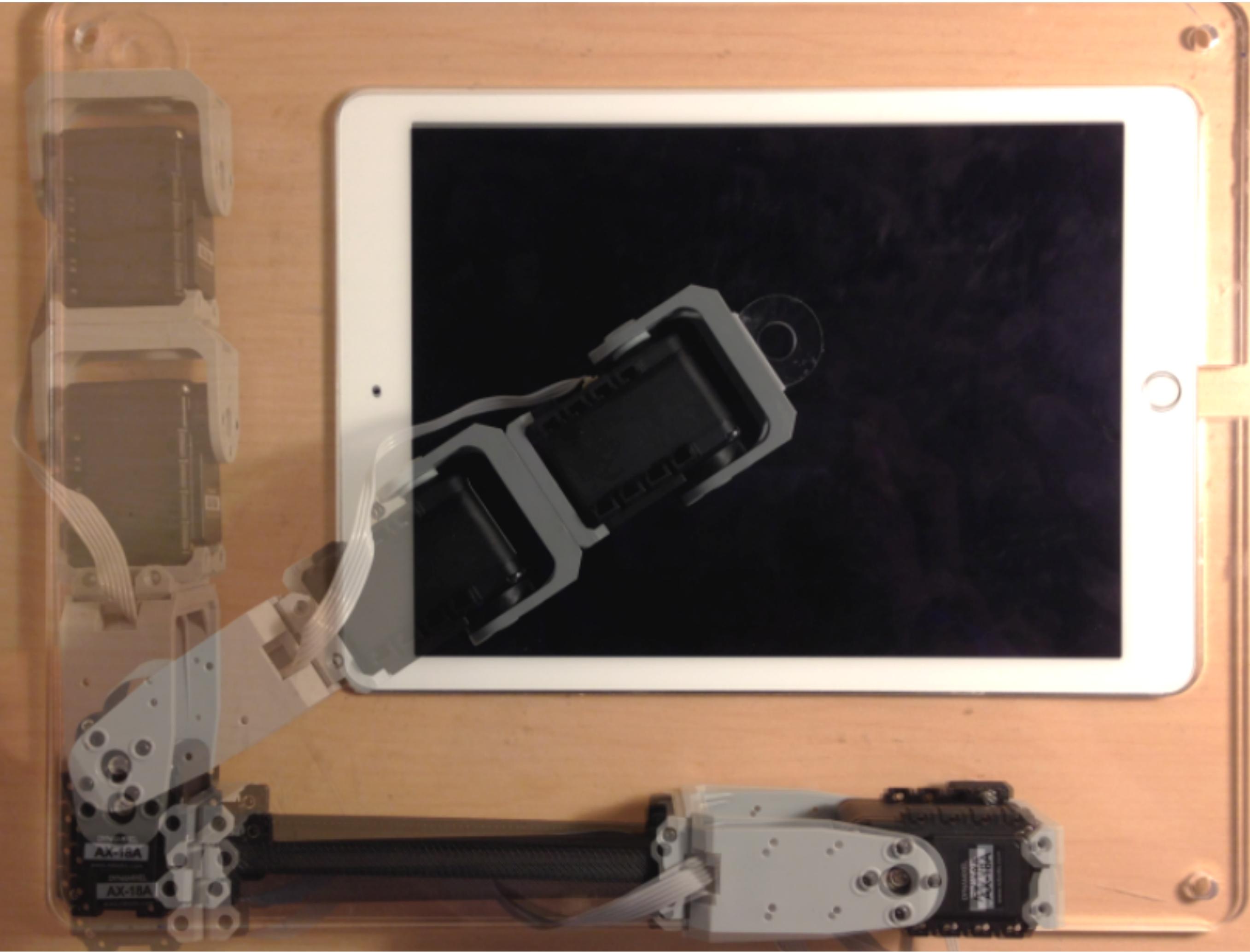
Stall Torque: 18.3 kg·cm

Resolution : $300^\circ/1024 = 0.29^\circ$



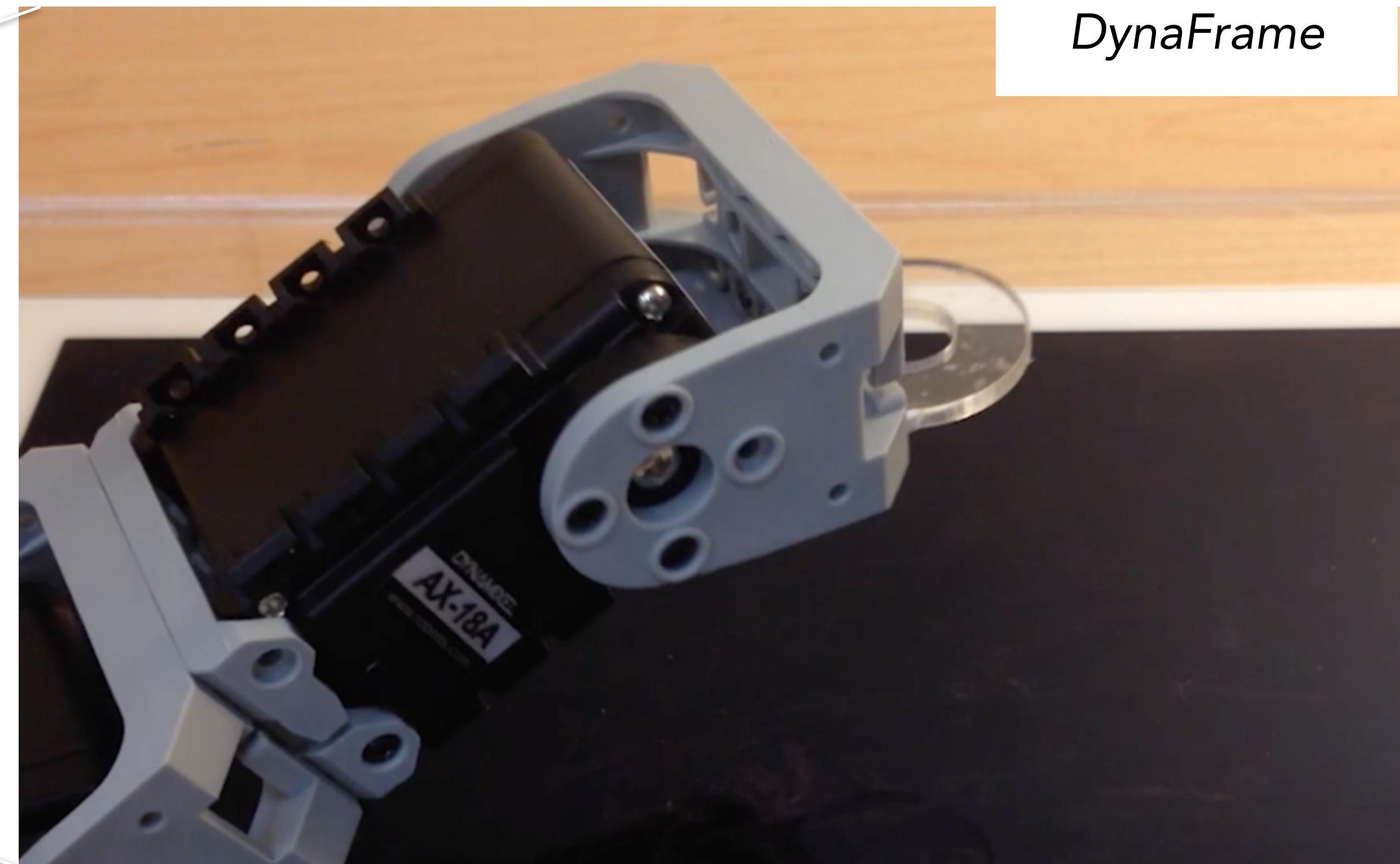
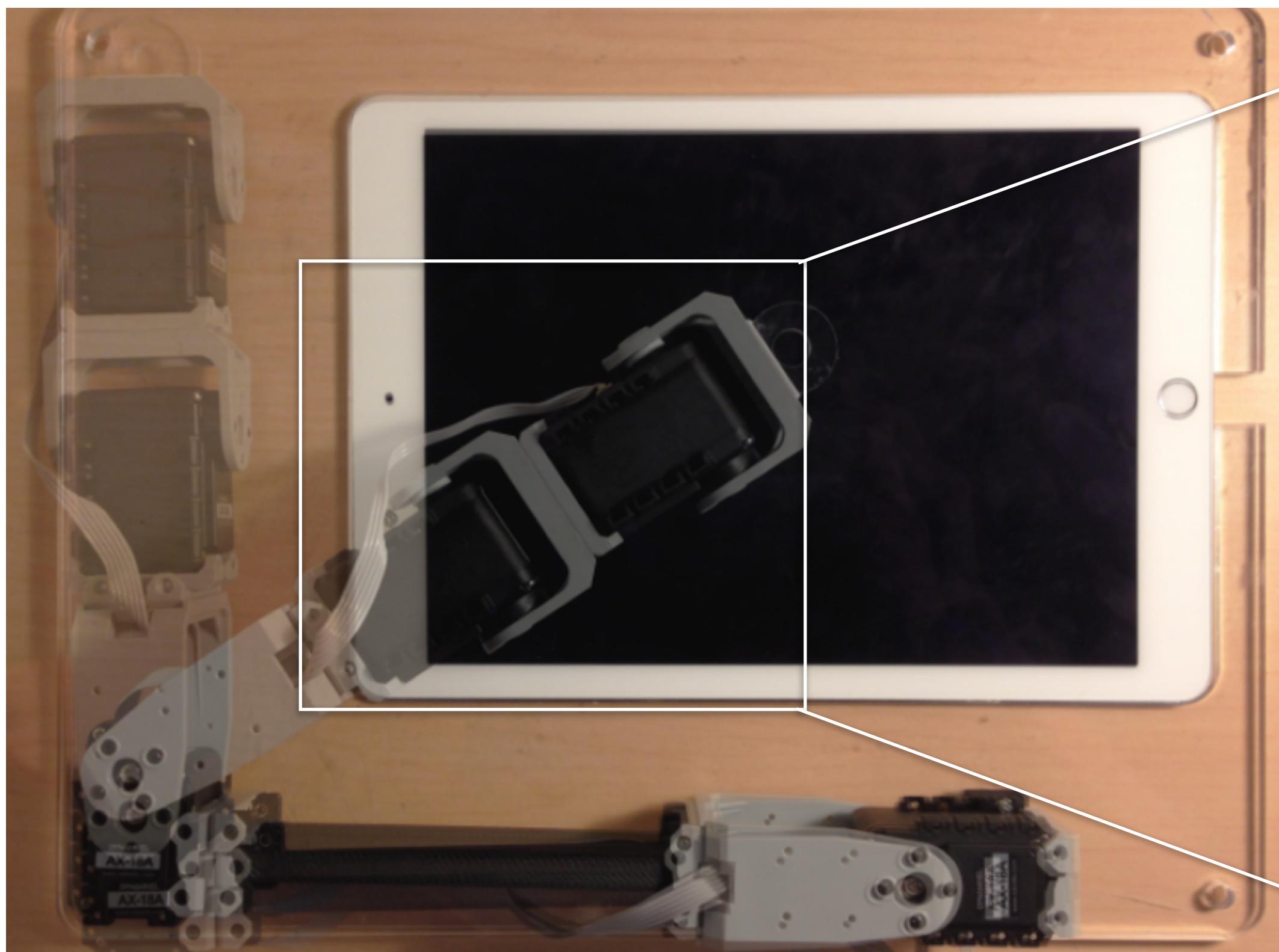
DynaFrame

Around-display constraint



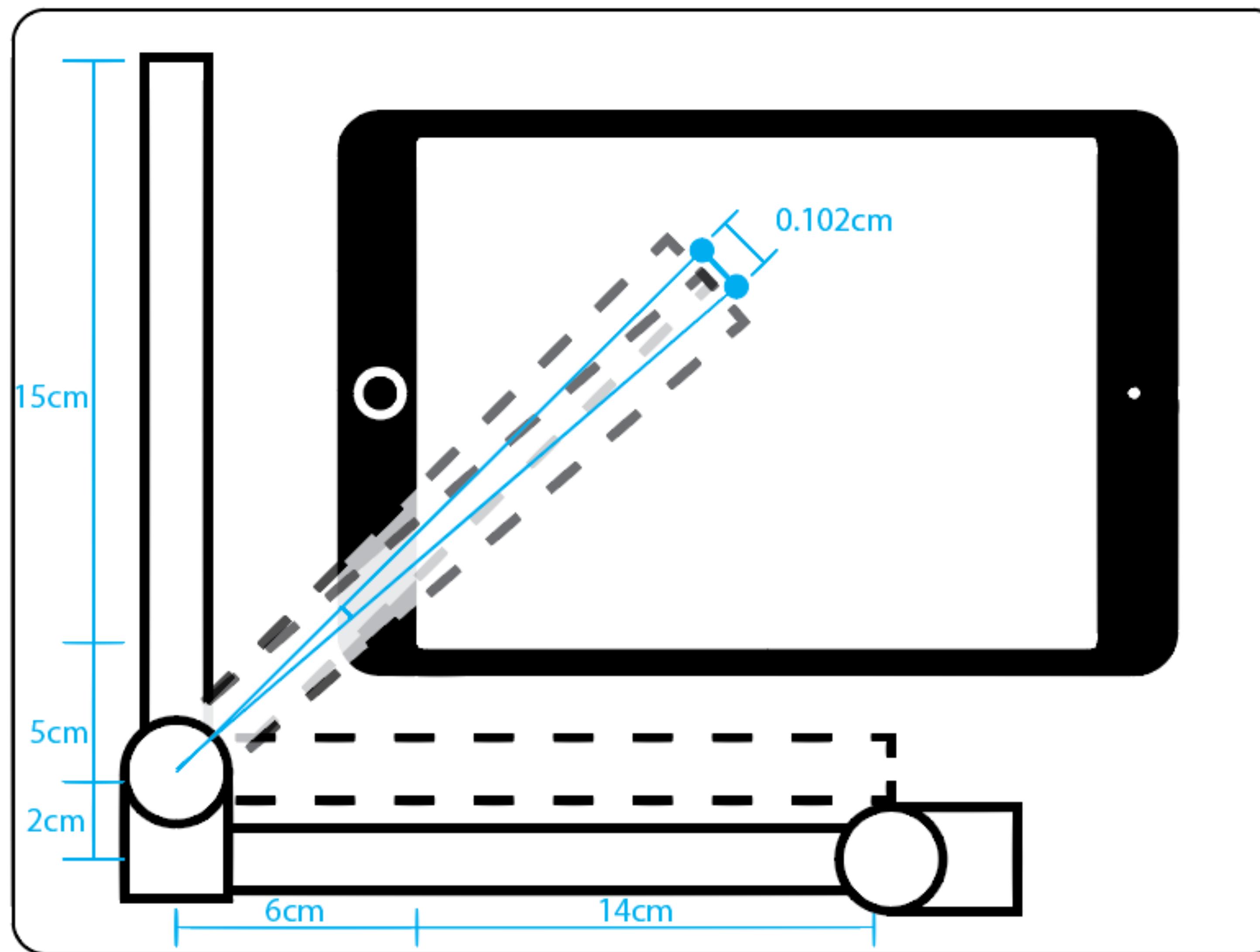
DynaFrame

Around-display constraint



DynaFrame

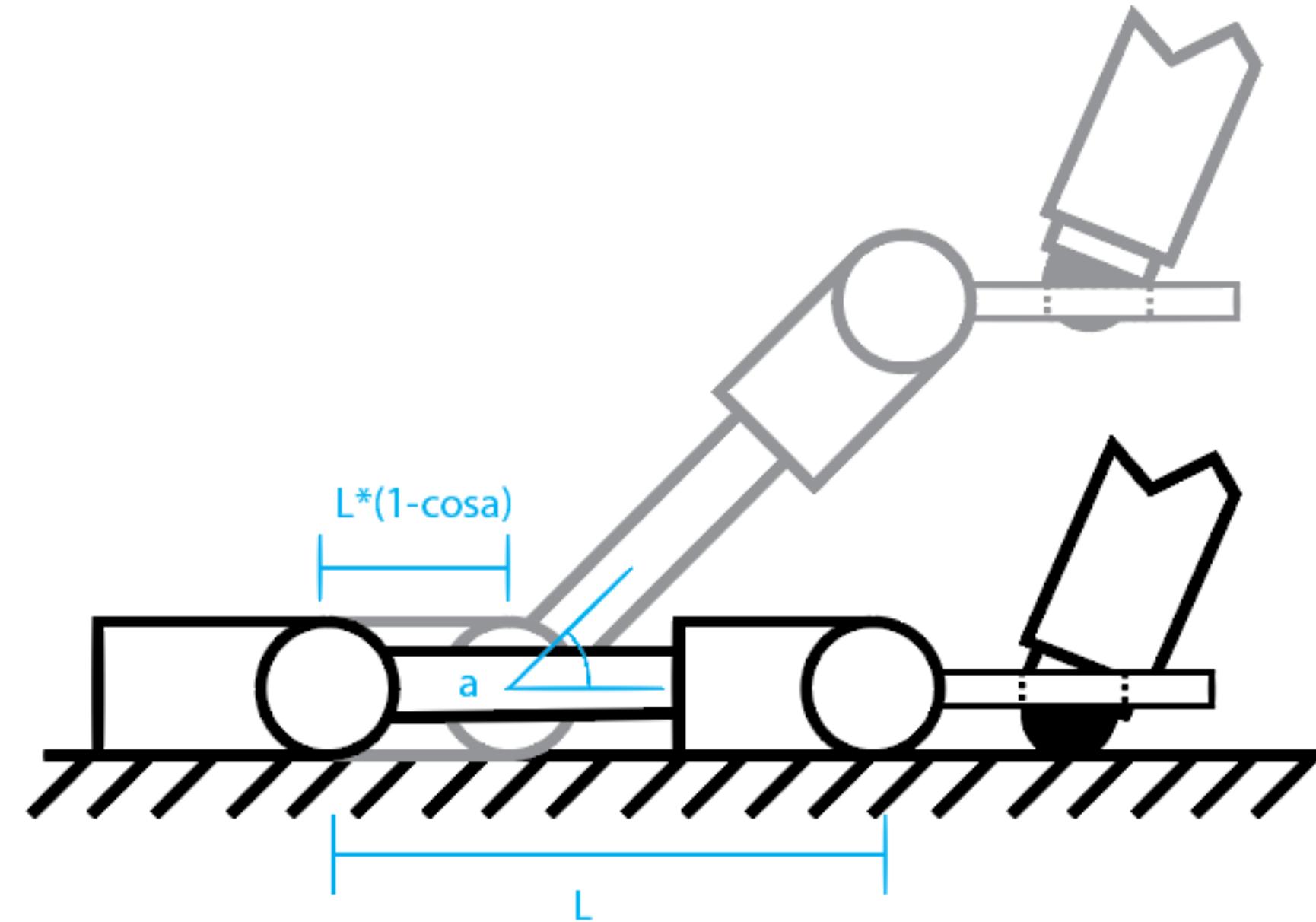
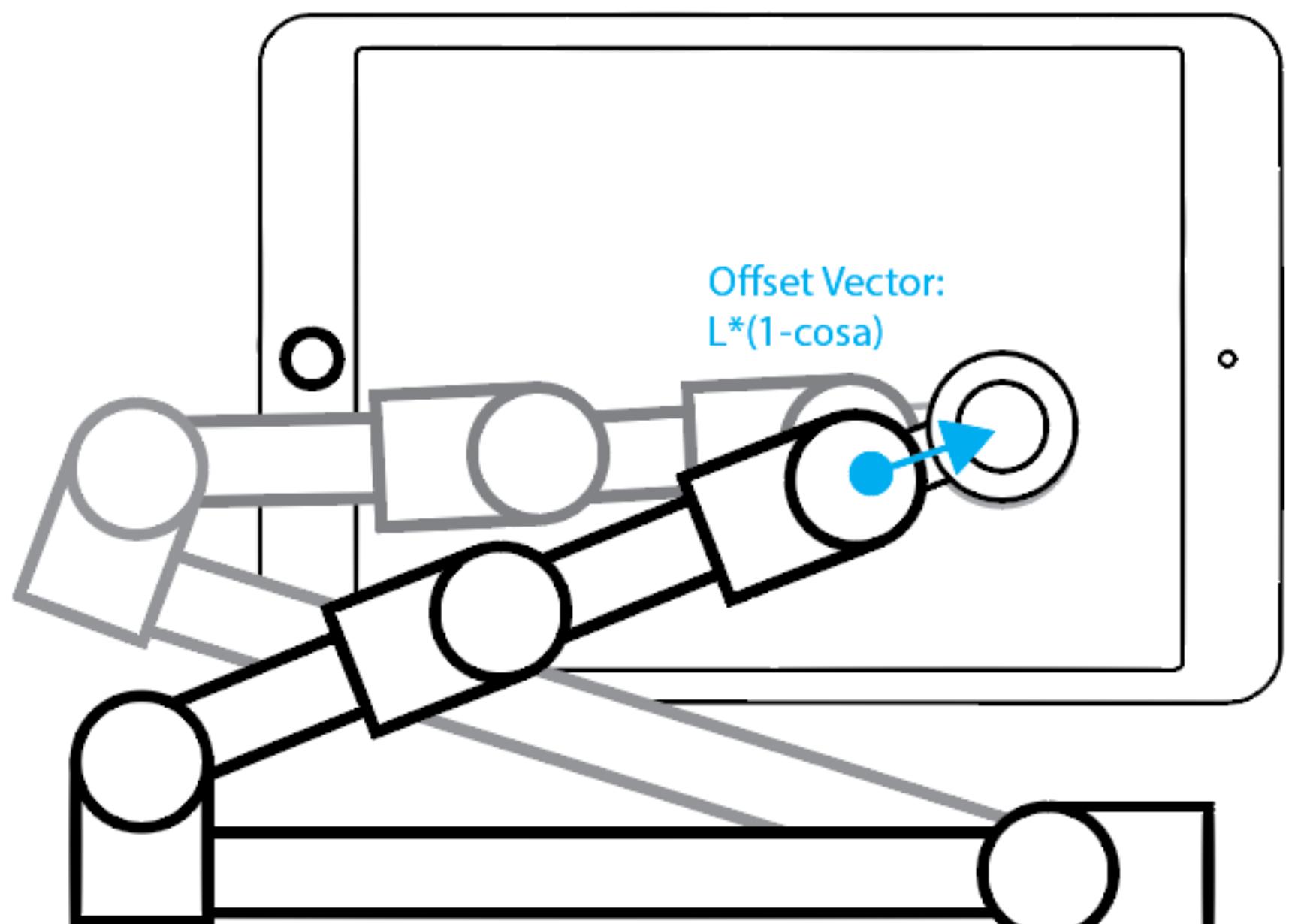
2D Stylus Position: Inverse Kinematics (IK)



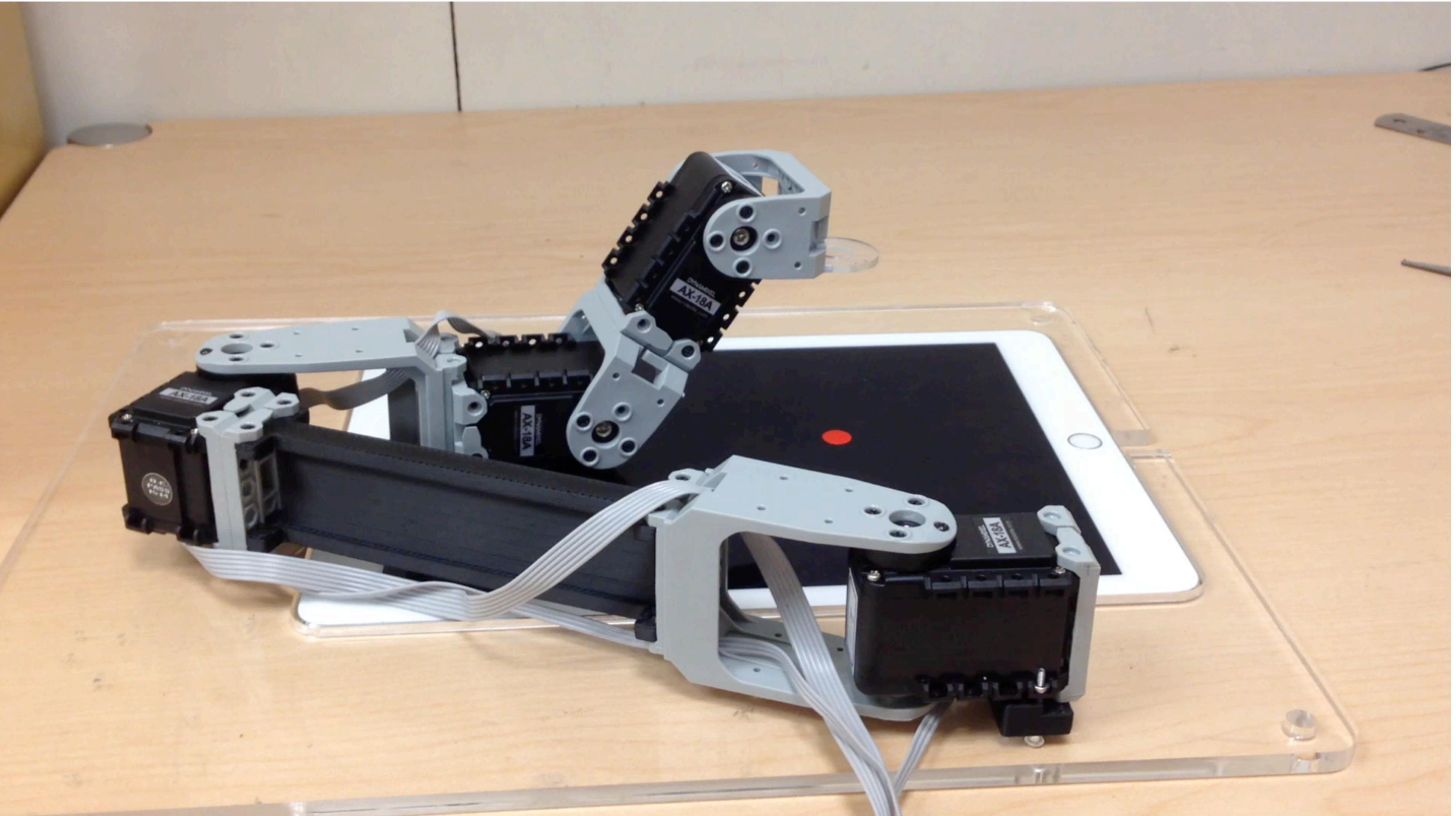
2D Stylus Position: Inverse Kinematics (IK)



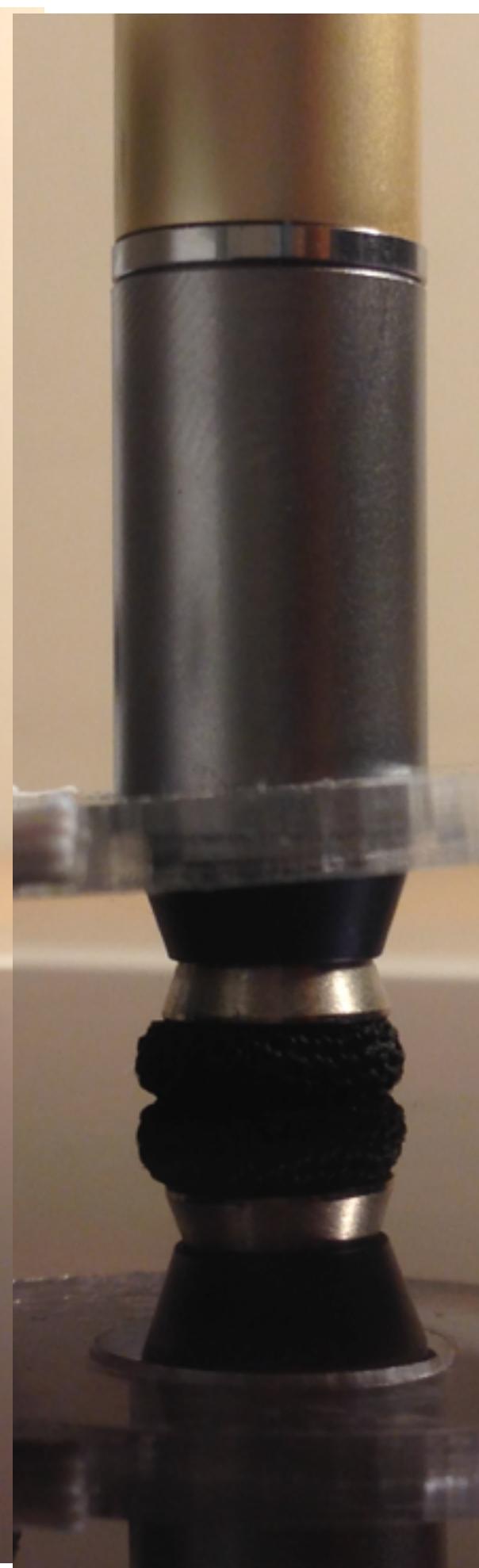
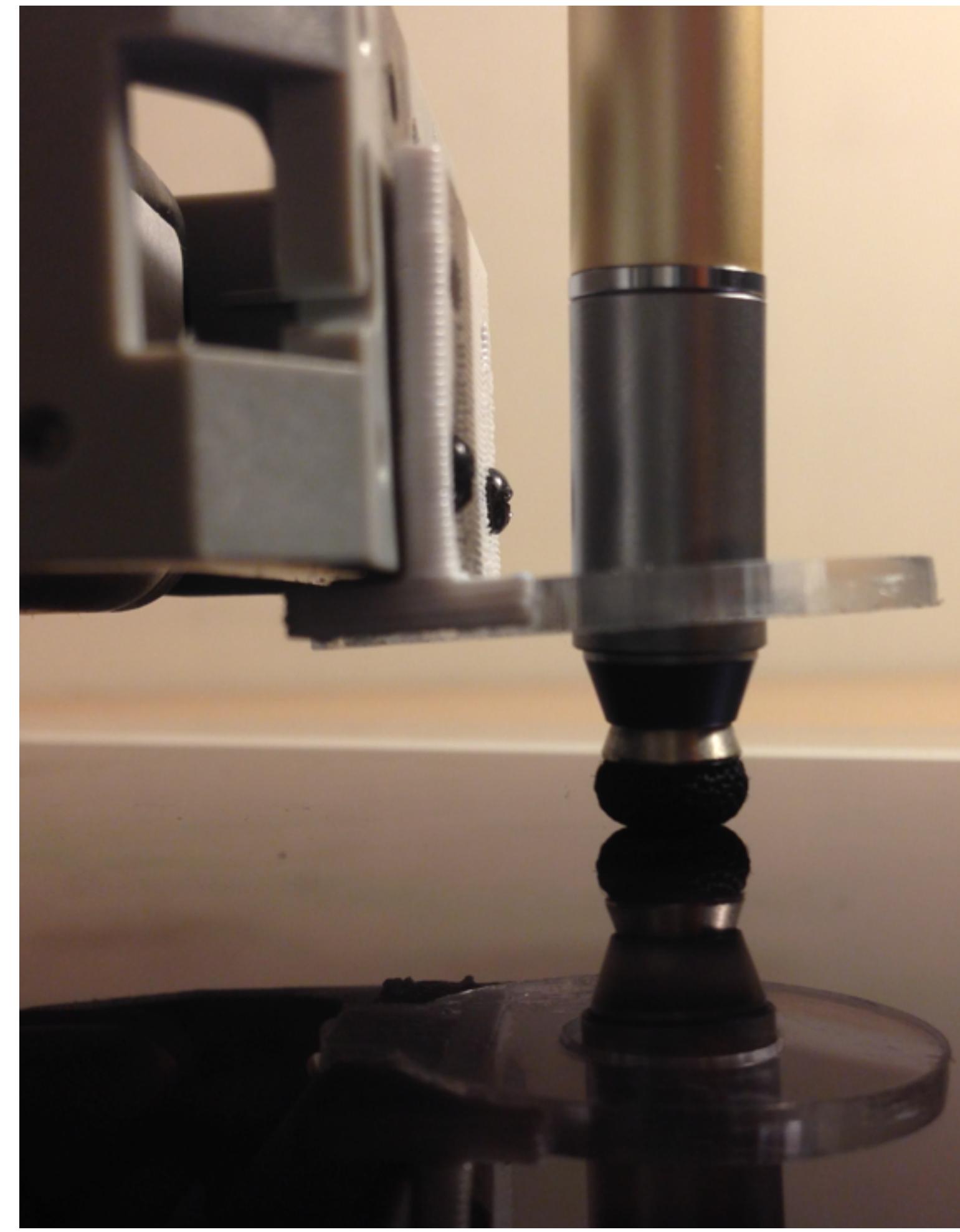
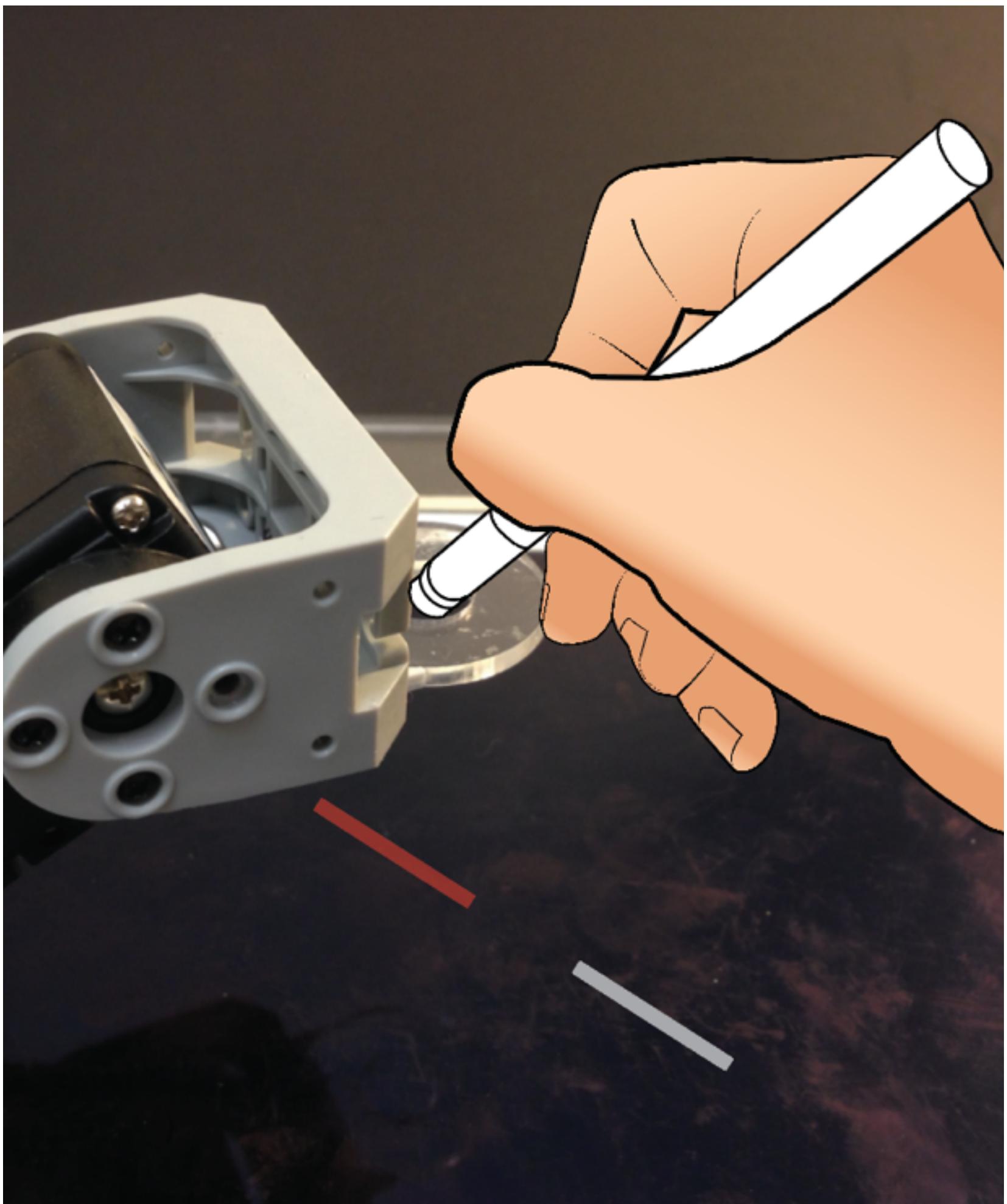
Toward 3D:



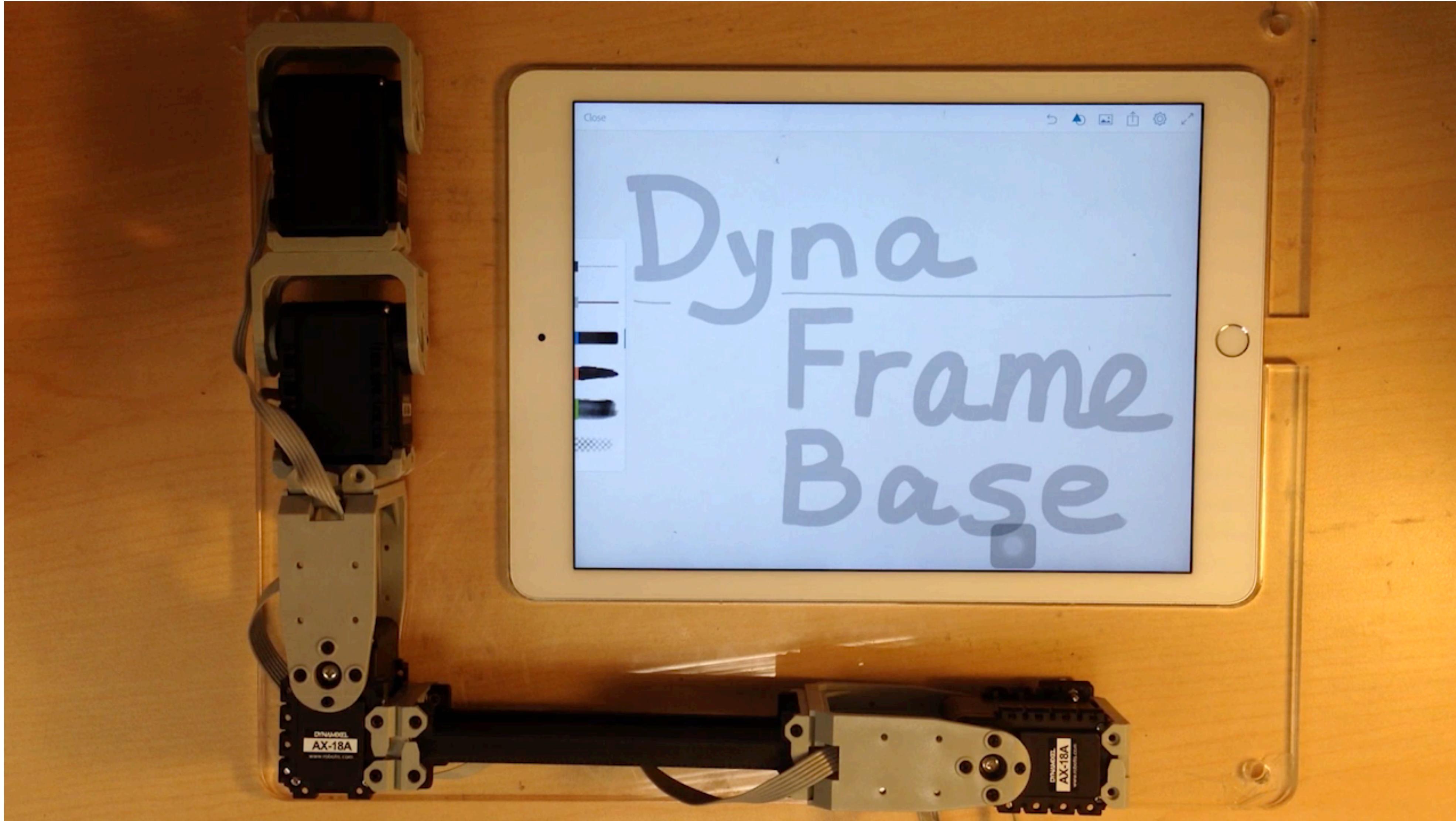
Toward 3D:



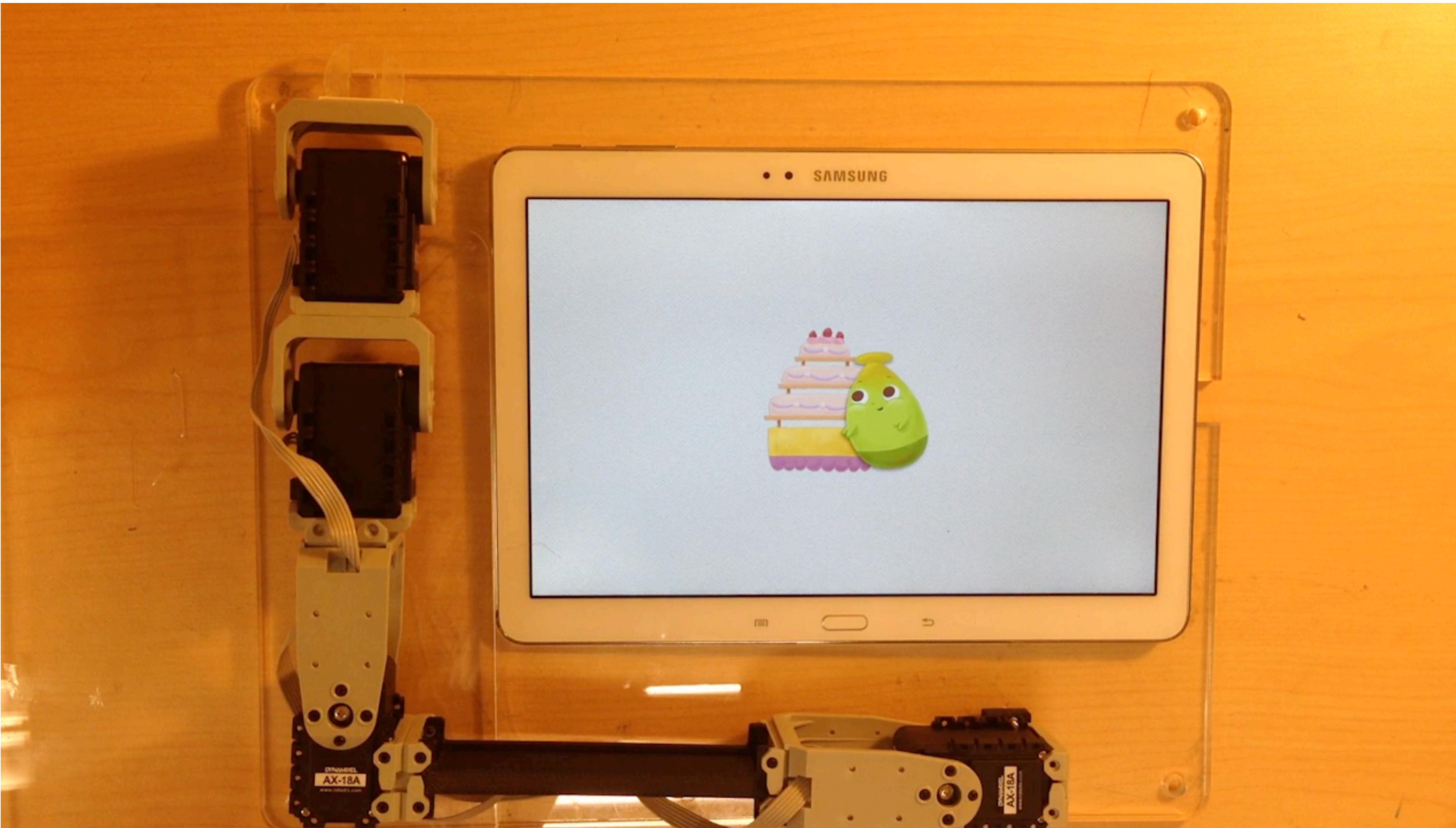
Interaction Procedure guidance



Application Writing



Application Playing



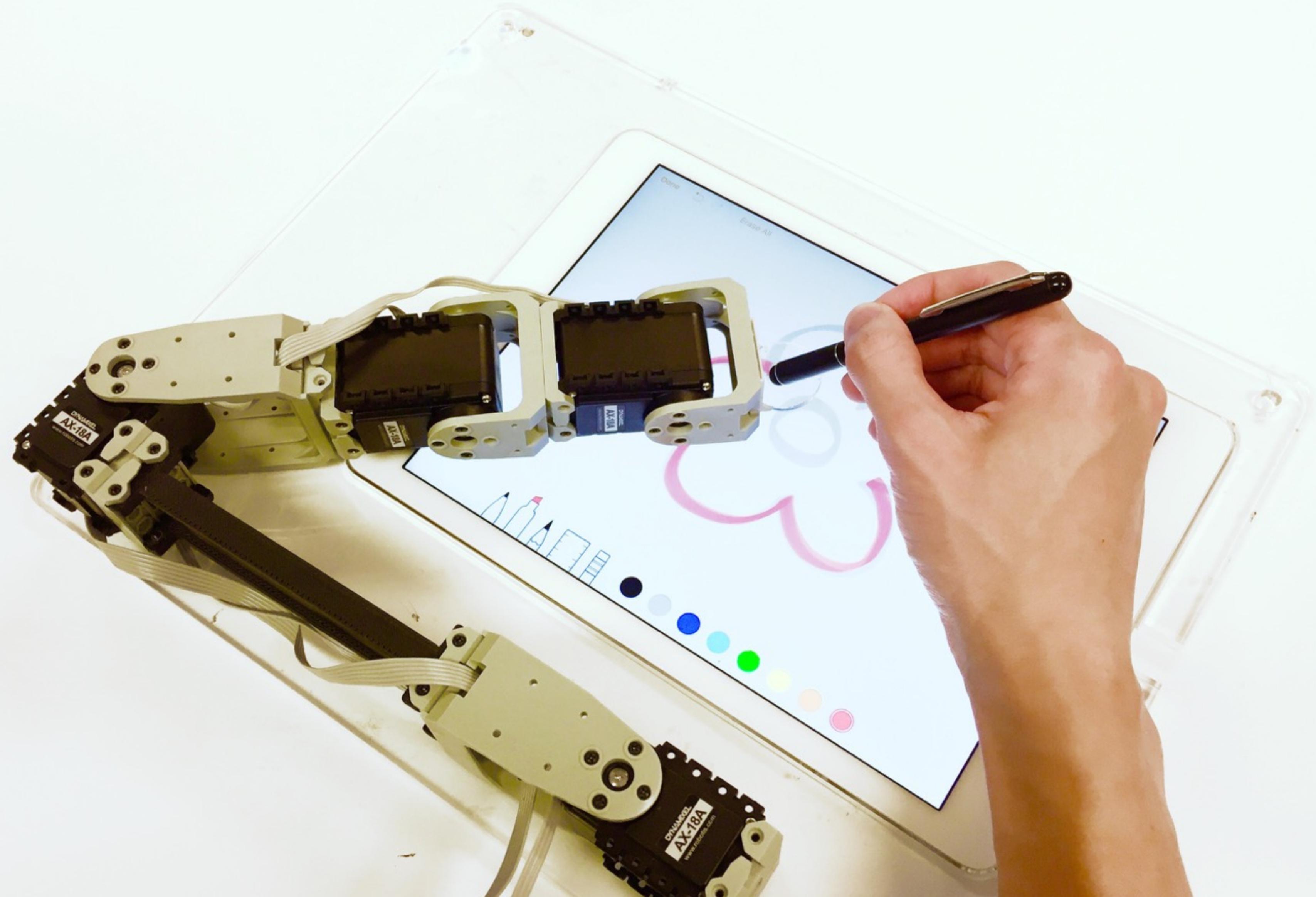
DynaFrame

Around-display constraint

3D guidance
with procedure

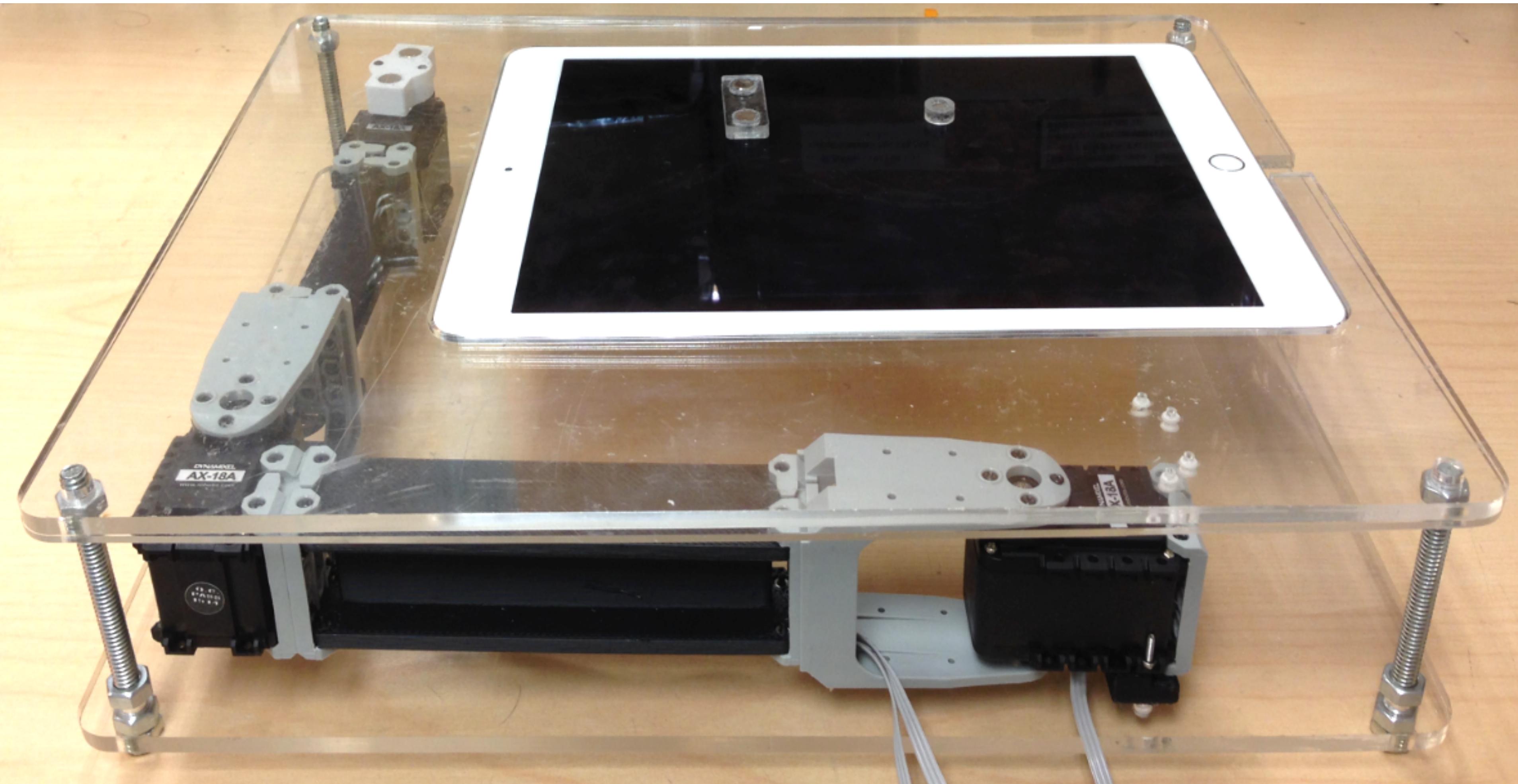
Good visibility

Occlusion



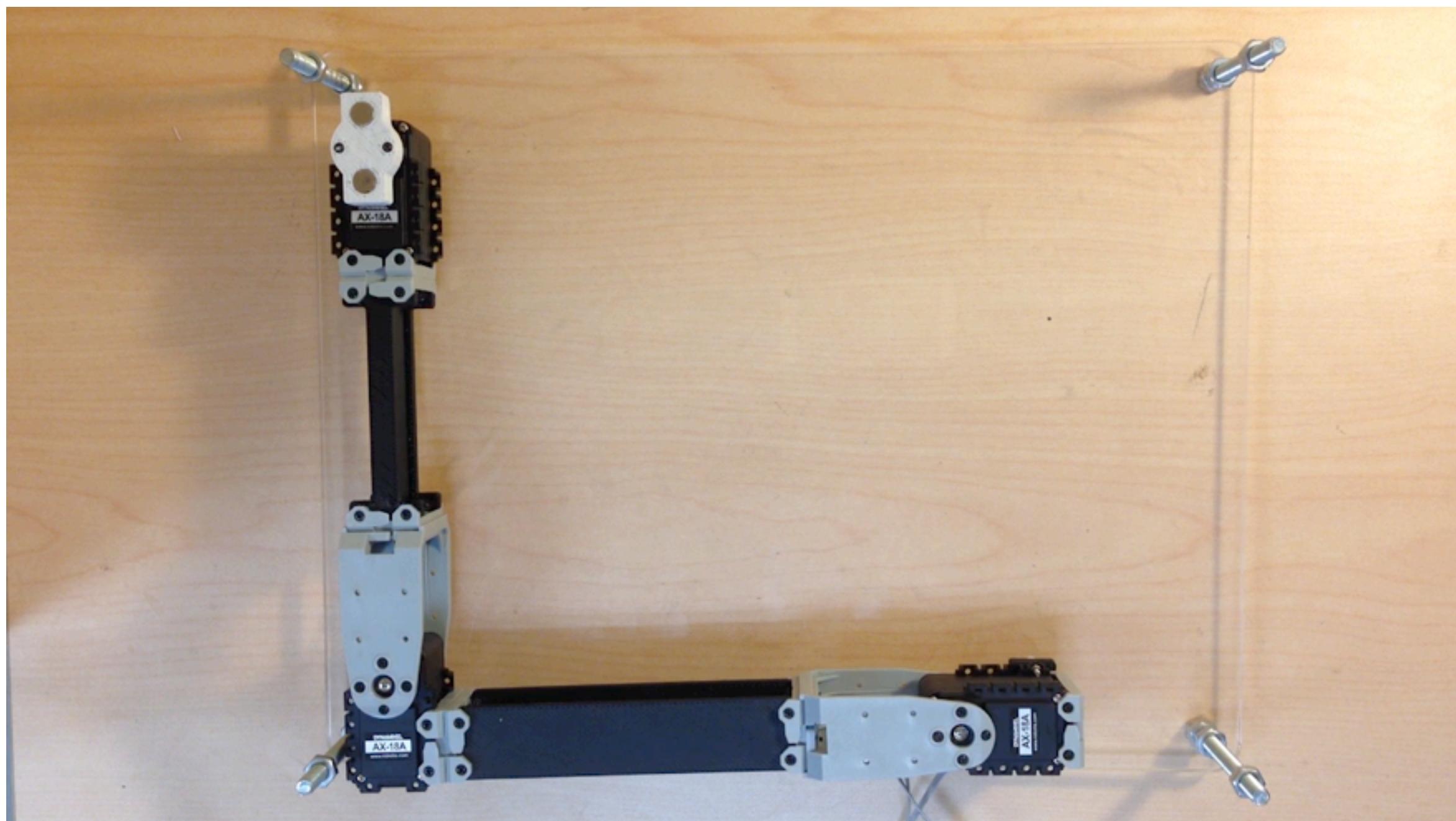
DynaBase

Back-of-display constraint



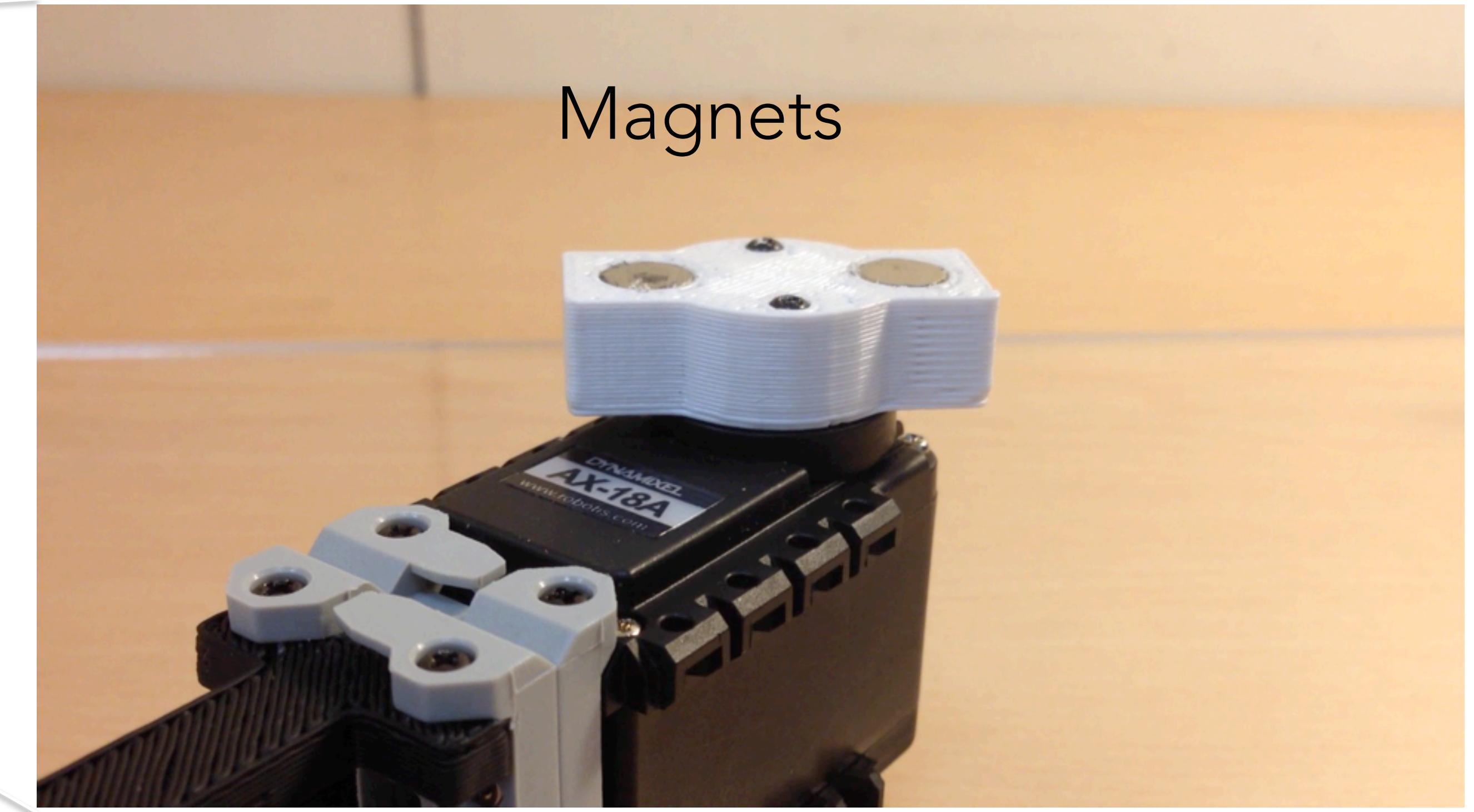
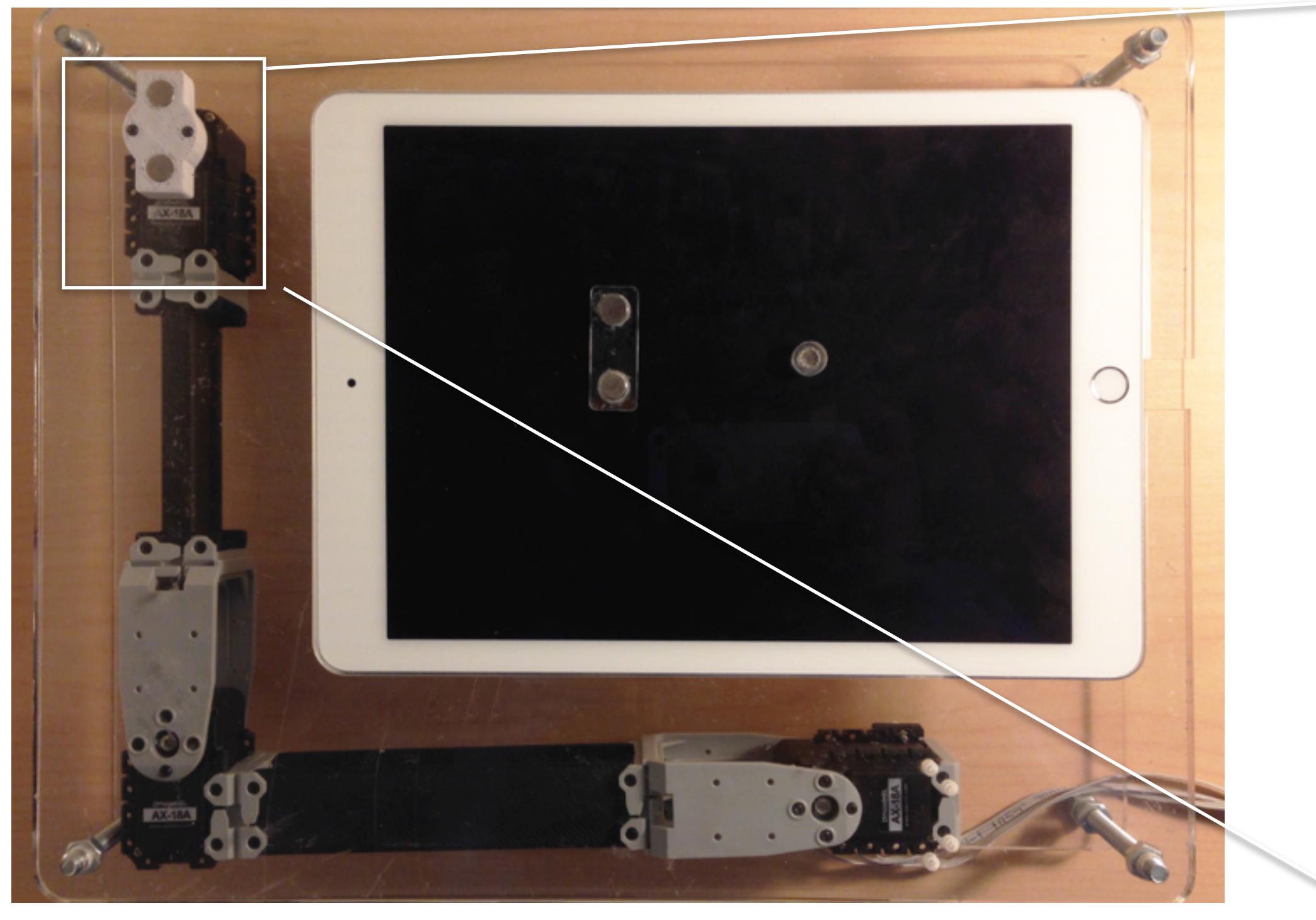
DynaBase

Back-of-display constraint



DynaBase

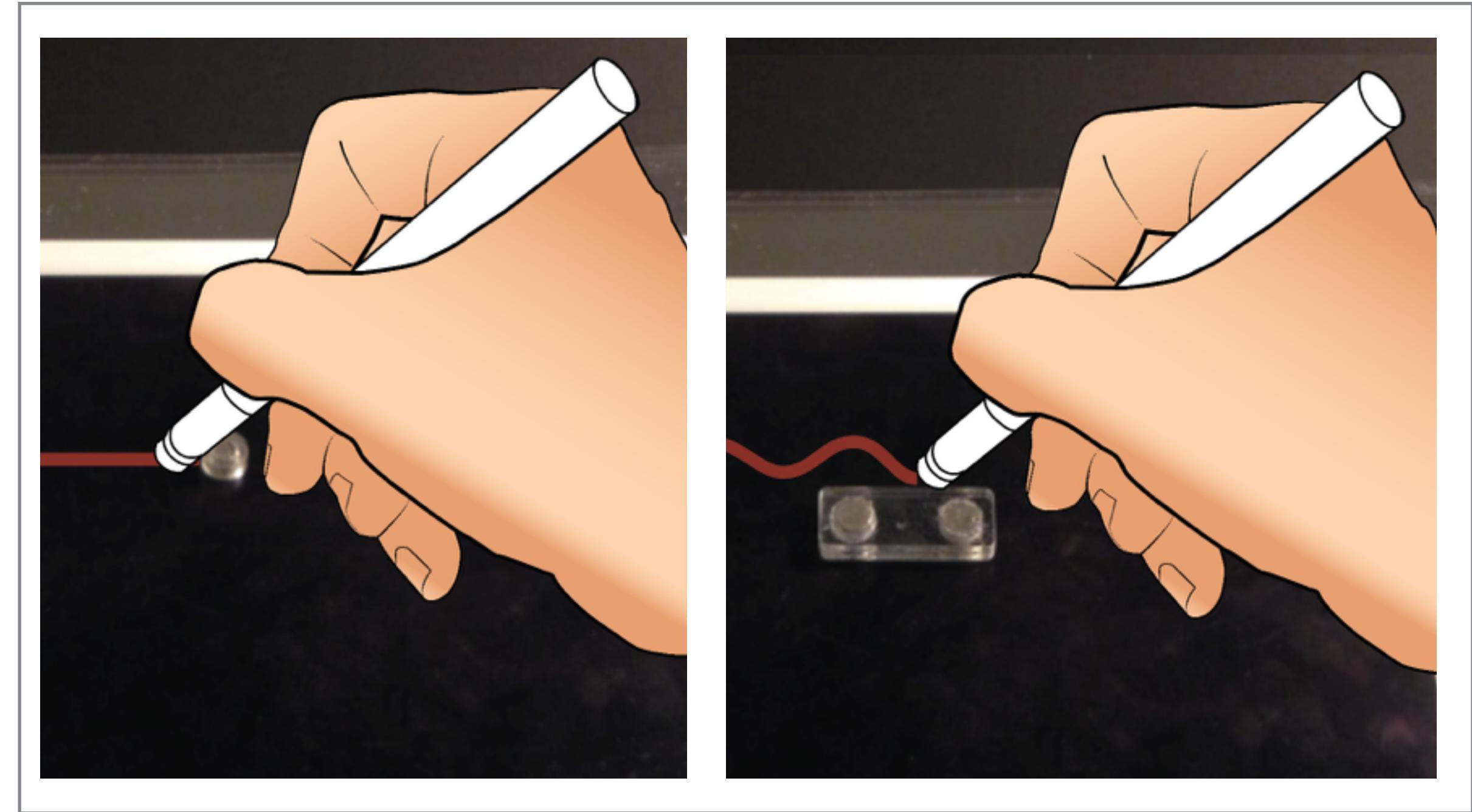
Back-of-display constraint



Interaction

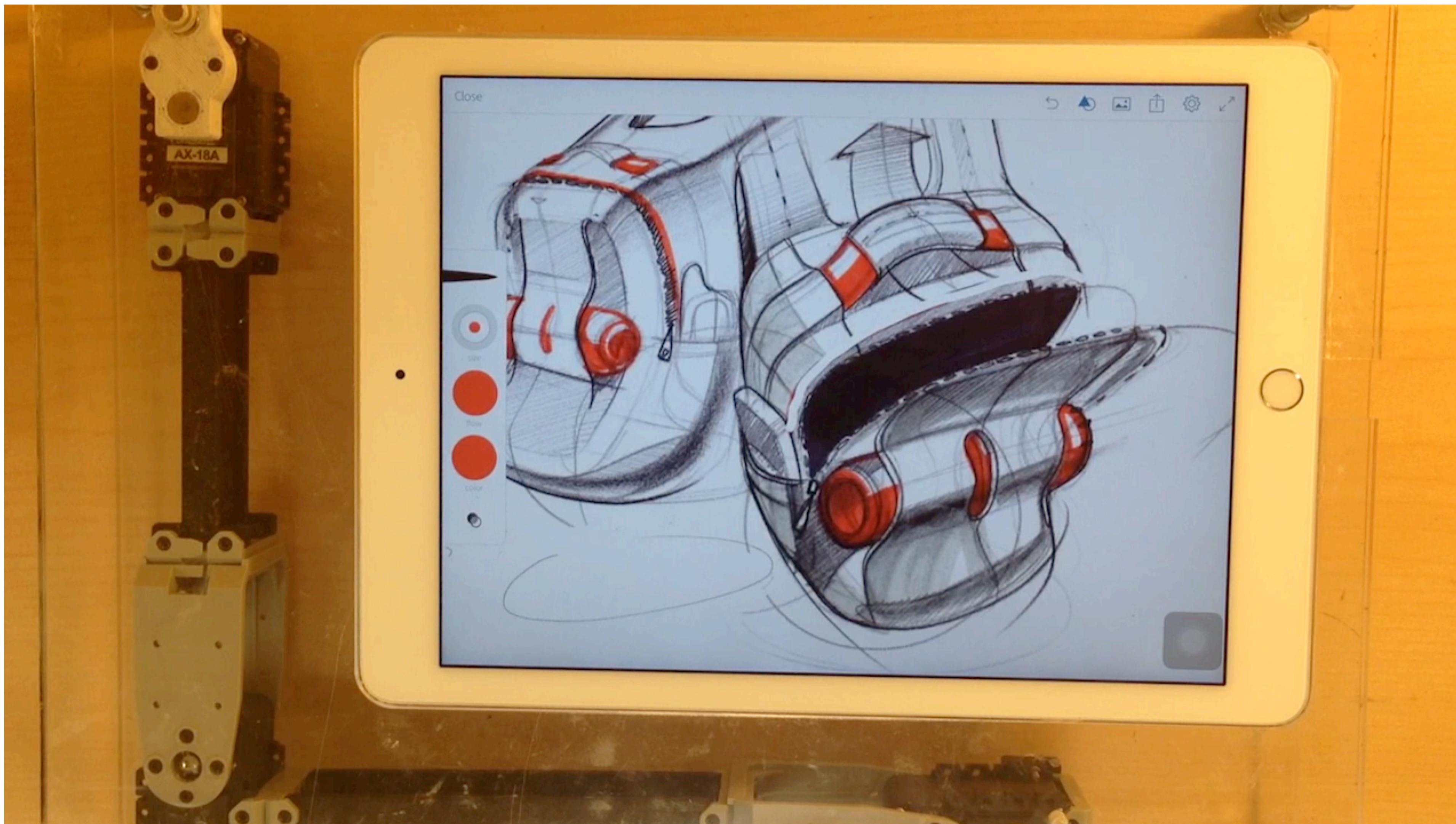


Hard constraint

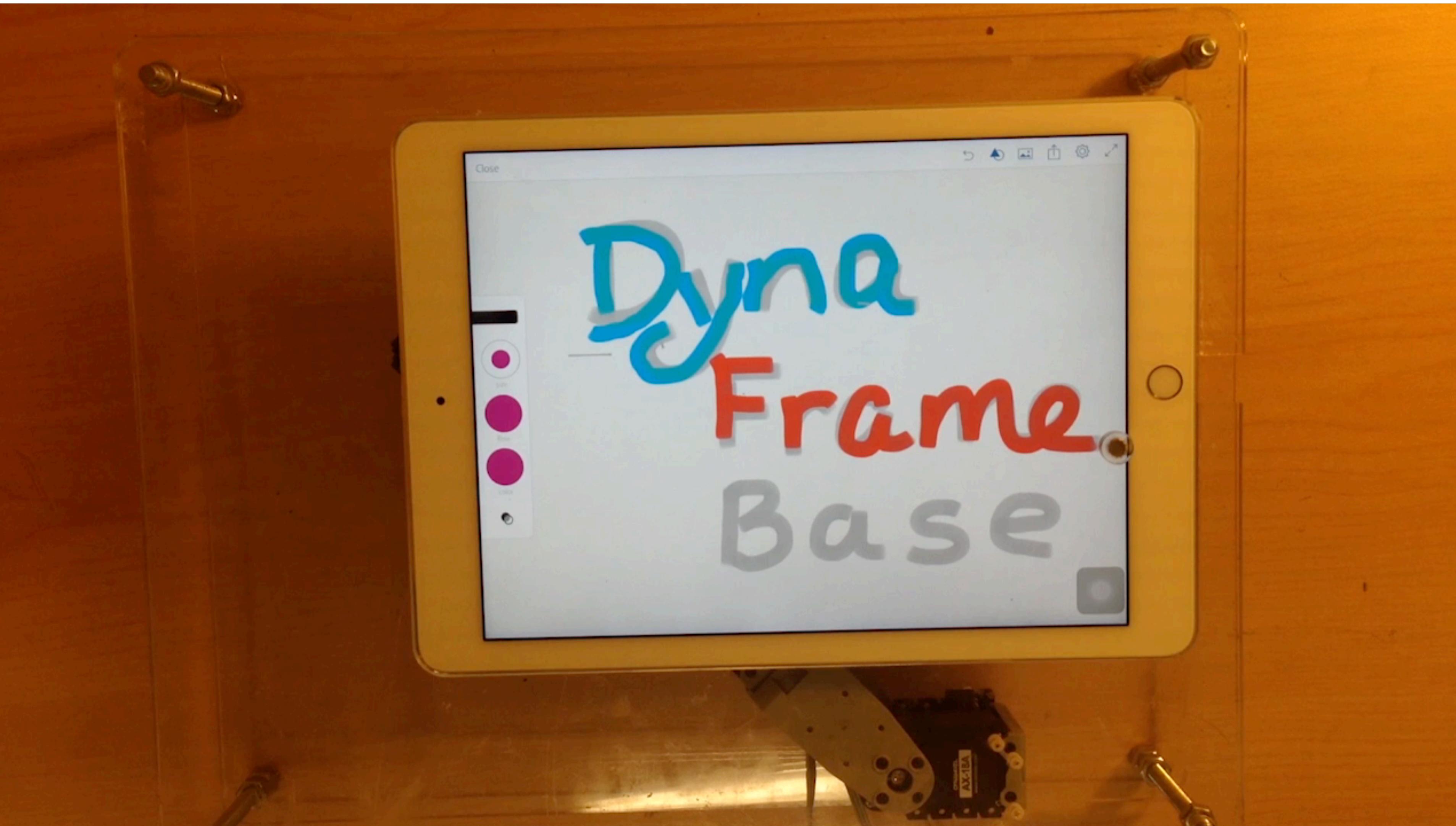


Soft constraint

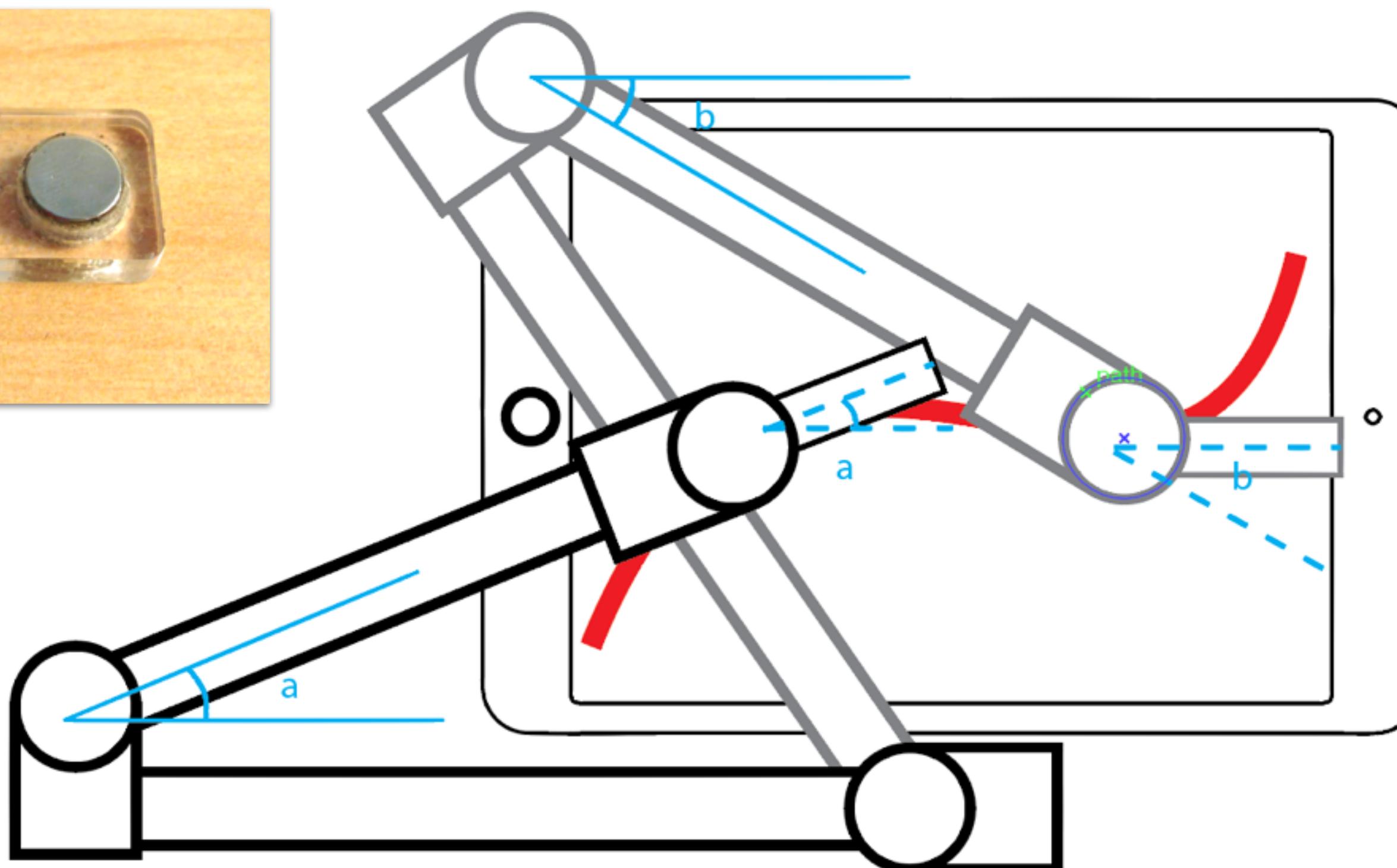
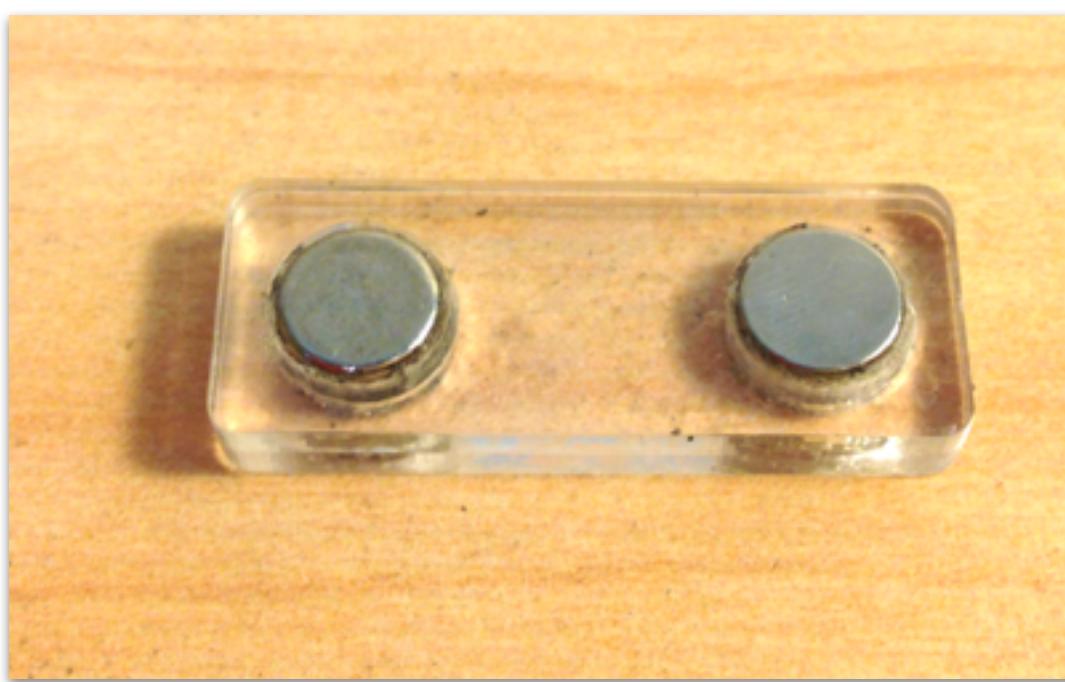
Interaction Hard constraint



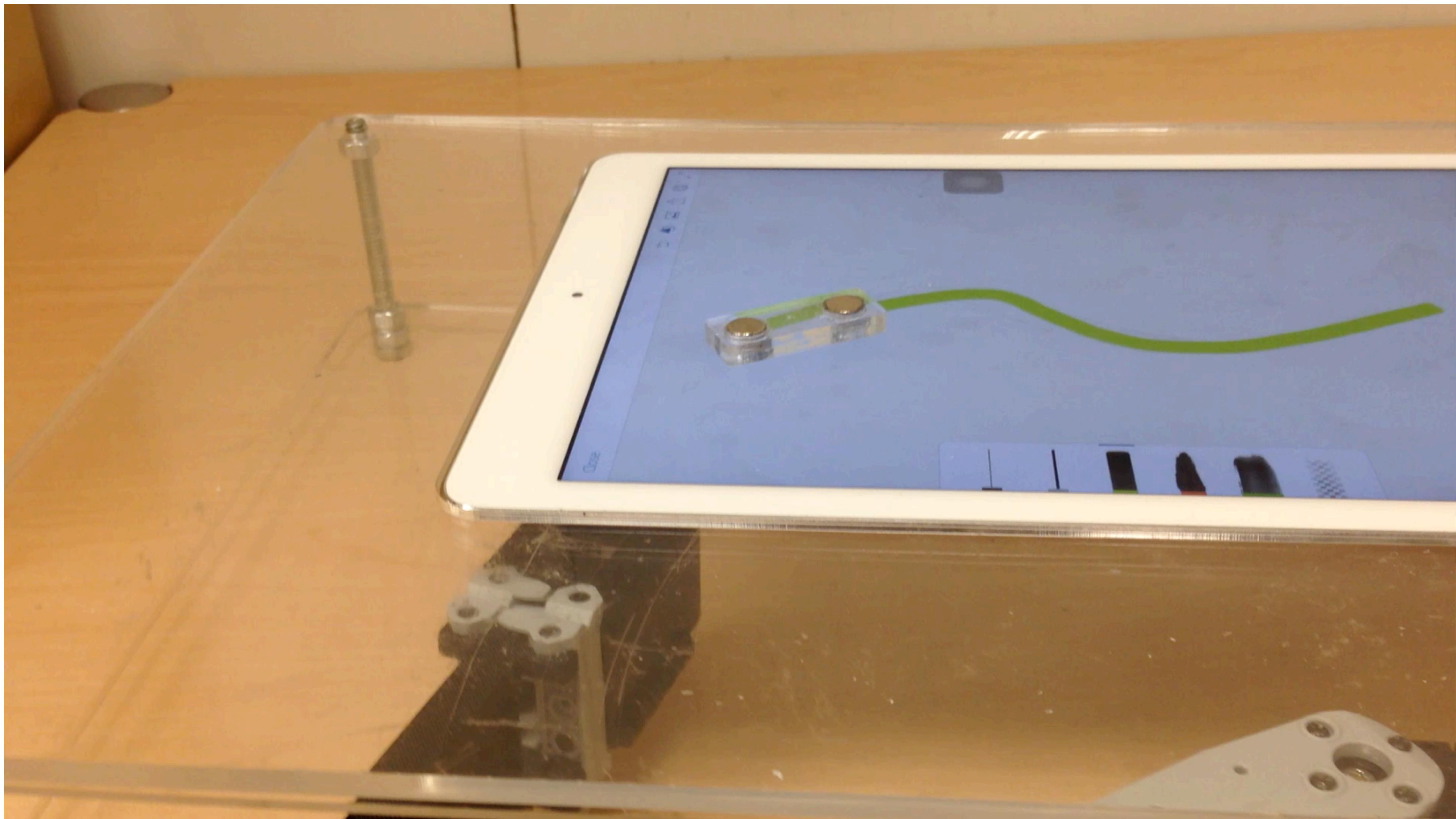
Interaction Soft constraint



Toward orientation:



Toward orientation:

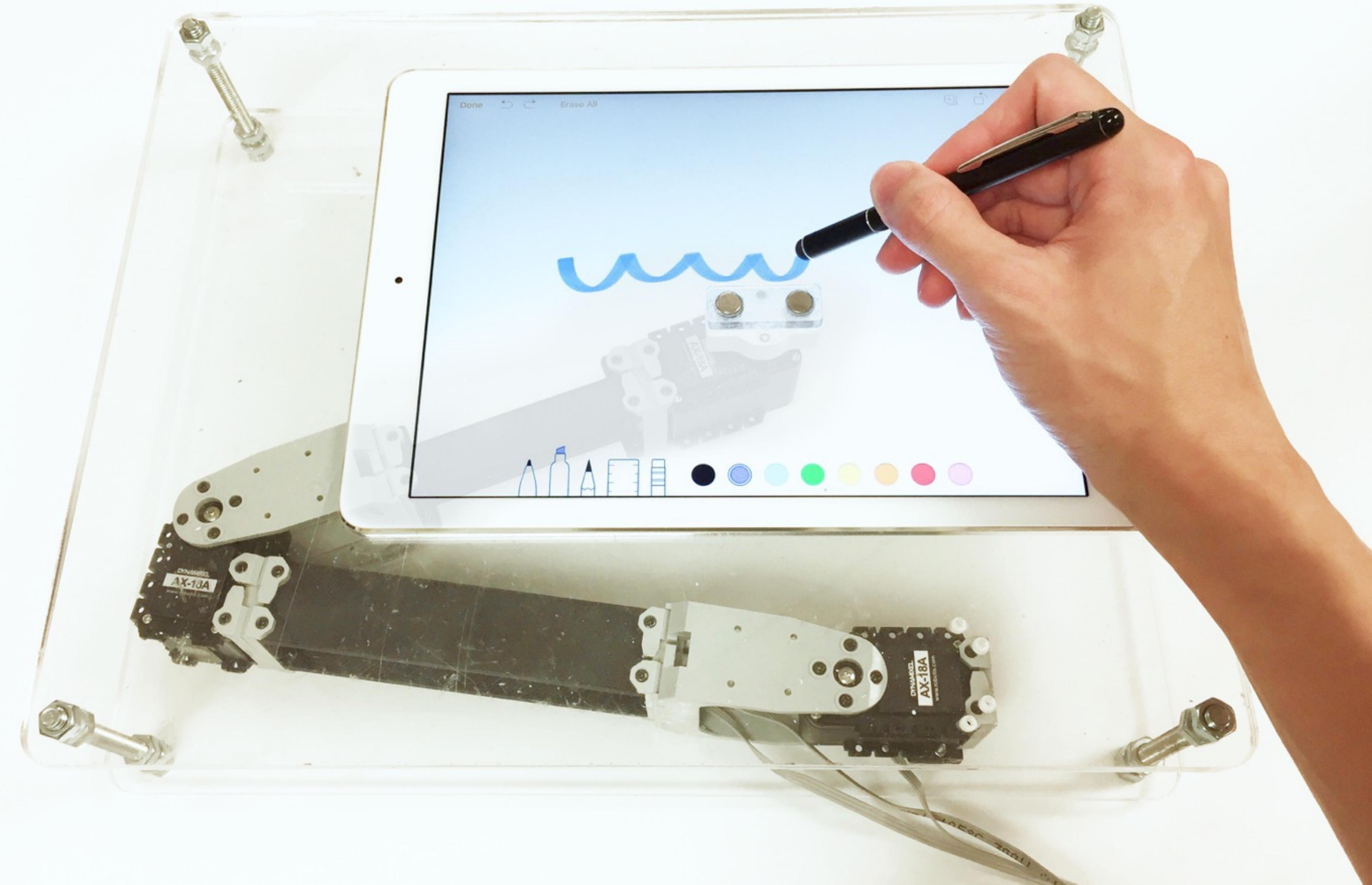


DynaBase

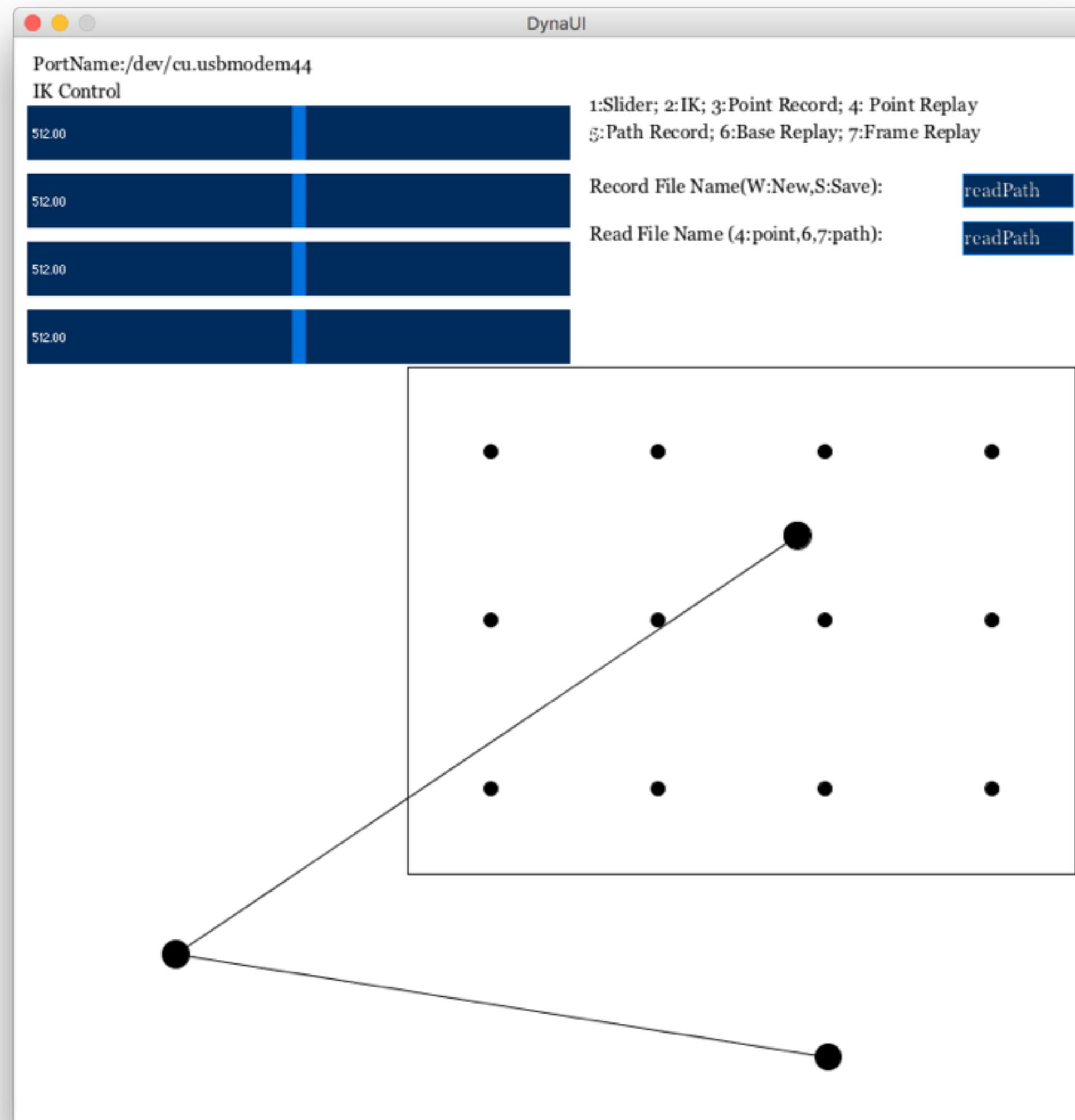
Back-of-display constraint

2D guidance
with orientation

Soft constraint



DynaFrame & DynaBase: User Interface

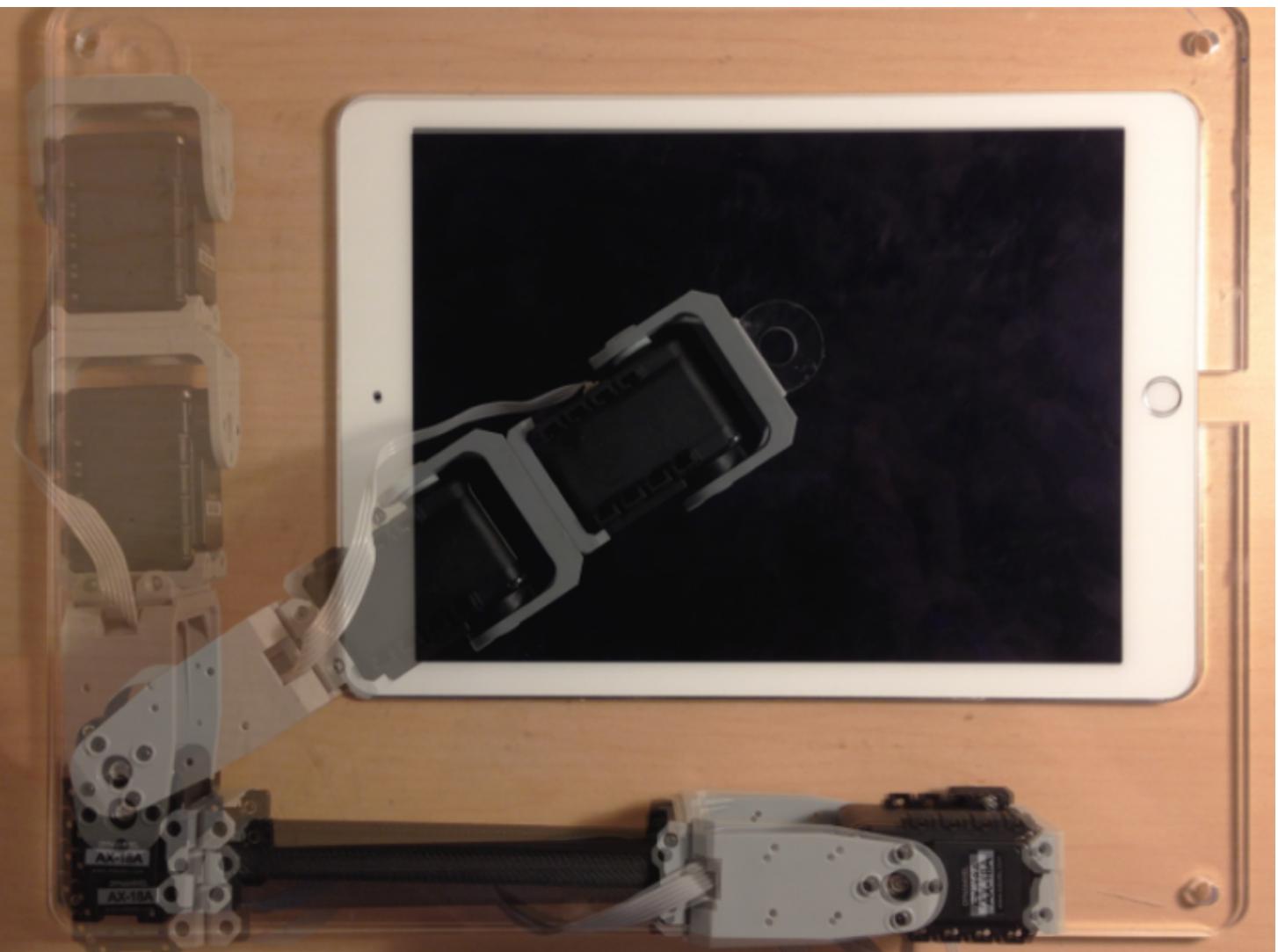


record path & speed
playback

robot arm simulation (IK)

Discussion

Form factor of DynaFrame



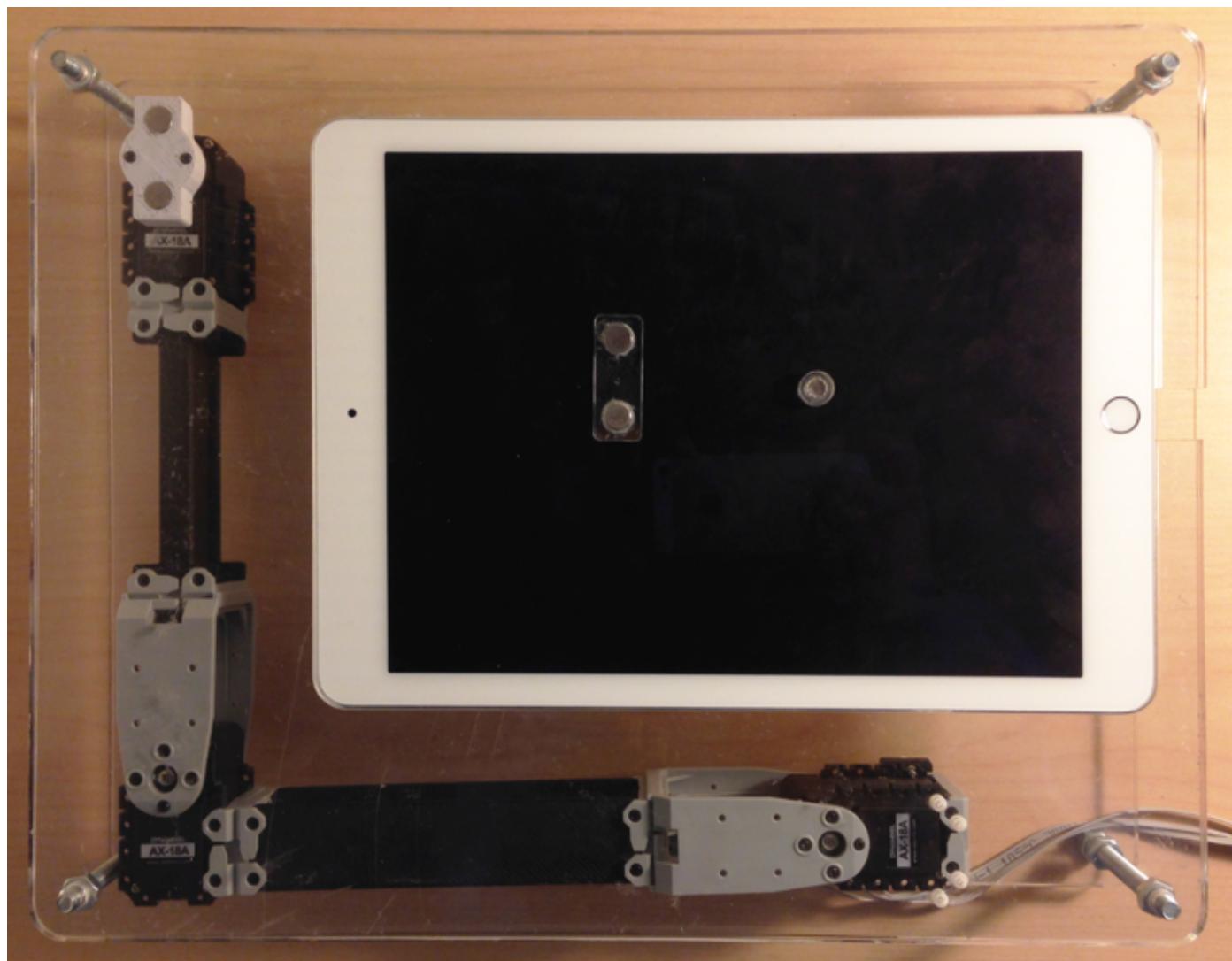
The robot arm provides **good portability** and **adaptability** but needs **control loop**

Actuators of DynaFrame



Smaller servos have **less occlusion**
but **small torque** and **low resolution**

Guidance of DynaBase

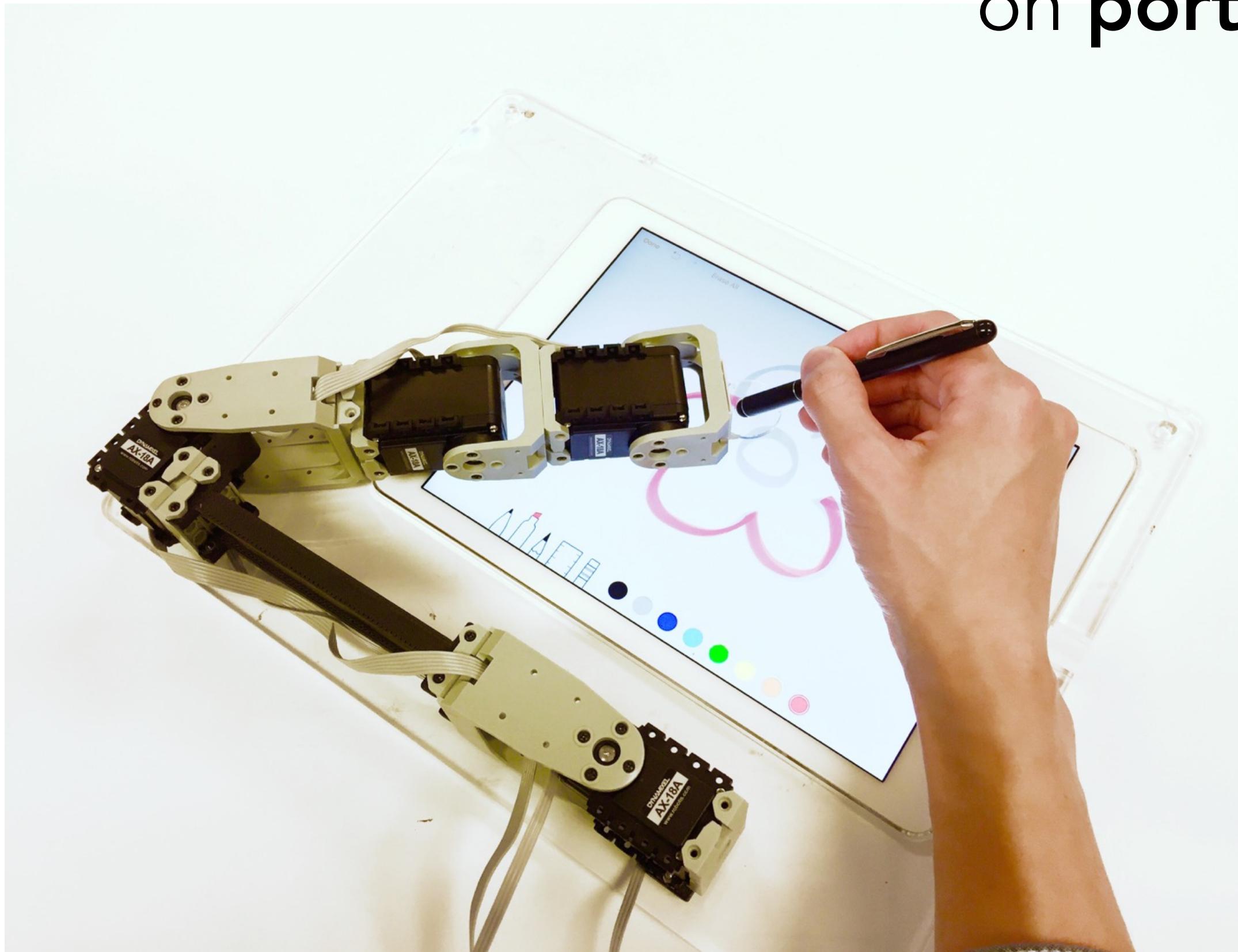


Dynamic attraction adapted to the content
using electromagnets

Conclusion

DynaFrame & DynaBase

hard and **soft** dynamic constraints
to facilitate **stylus** input with rich **haptic** feedback
on **portable displays**

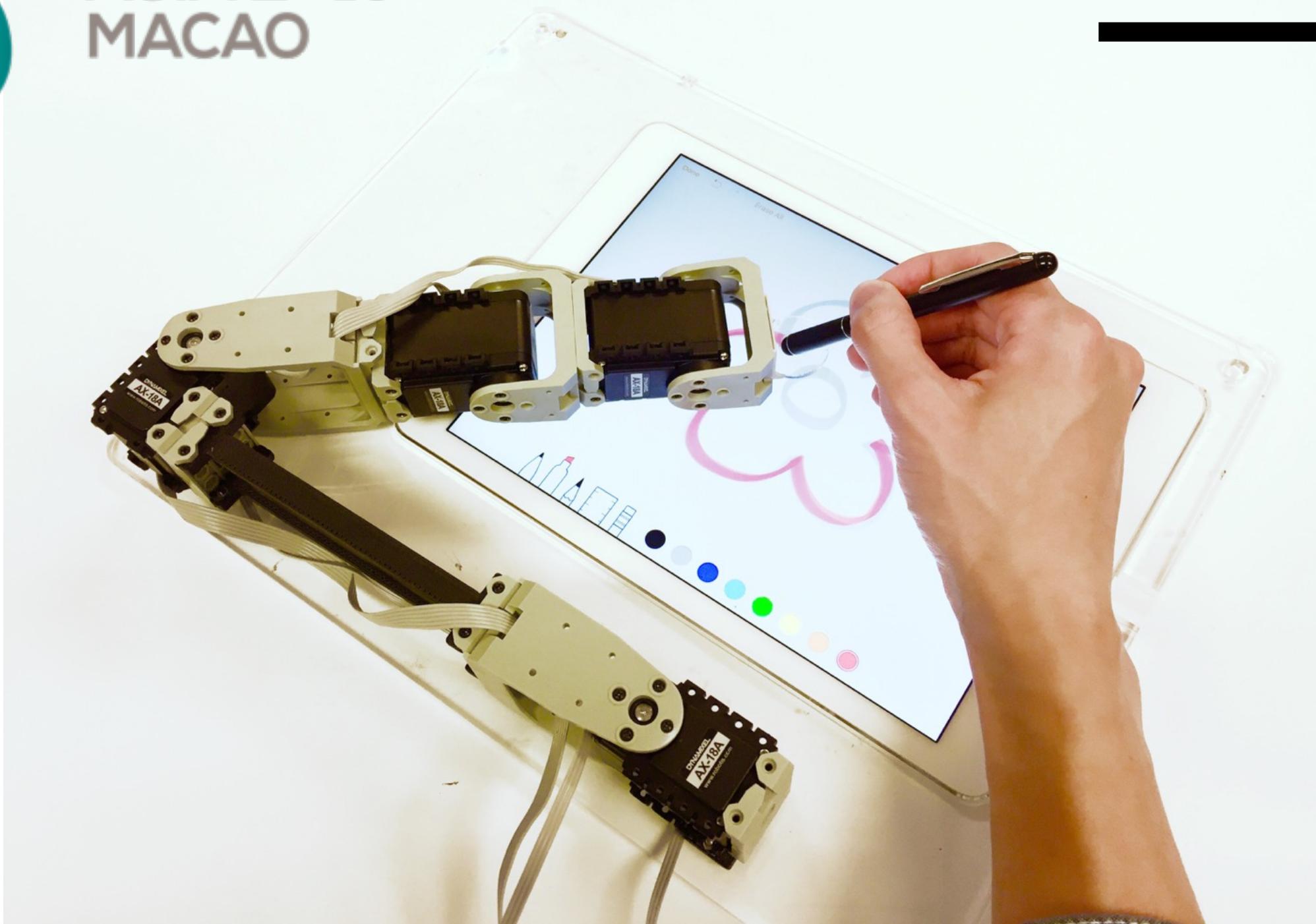




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The End

Emerging Technologies



**Stylus Assistant: Designing Dynamic Constraints
for Facilitating Stylus Inputs on Portable Displays**

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