Assignment 1: Decision tree learning for cancer diagnosis

In this mini-project, you will implement a decision-tree algorithm and apply it to breast cancer diagnosis. For each patient, an image of a fine needle aspirate (FNA) of a breast mass was taken, and nine features in the image potentially correlated with breast cancer were extracted. Your task is to develop a decision tree algorithm, learn from data, and predict for new patients whether they have breast cancer. Dataset can be downloaded from U.C. Irvine Machine Learning Repository.

- 1. Each patient is represented by one line, with columns separated by commas: the first one is the identifier number, the last is the class (benign or malignant), the rest are attribute values, which are integers ranging from 1 to 10. The attributes are (in case you are curious): Clump Thickness, Uniformity of Cell Size, Uniformity of Cell Shape, Marginal Adhesion, Single Epithelial Cell Size, Bare Nuclei, Bland Chromatin, Normal Nucleoli, Mitoses. (Note that the UCI document page specifies a different number of attributes, because it refers to a set of several related datasets. For detailed information of the dataset that we use here, see this document.)
- 2. Implement the ID3 decision tree learner, as described in Chapter 3 of Mitchell. You may program in C/C++, Java. Your program should assume input in the above format.
- 3. Implement *information gain* for evaluation criterion.
- 4. Divide the data set randomly between training (80%) and testing (20%) sets. Use your algorithm to train a decision tree classifier from the train data and apply it on the test data. Run this experiment 100 times. Then calculate average test performances (accuracy, precision, recall, f-measure, g-mean). Tabulate the results as followed:

Accuracy	
Precision	
Recall	
F-measure	
G-mean	

- 5. Prepare yourself to answer the following types of question/ concept:
 - a. What is the inductive bias?
 - b. What should we do for attributes like date, serial no, mobile number?
 - c. Decision Tree Representation.

Prepared By: Sukarna Barua Modified By: Abdus Salam Azad