COMP5046: Information Extraction

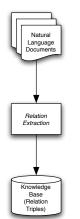
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Information extraction: structured data from text



Example Documents

American saxophonist David Murray recruited Amidu Berry.

...

Cdc3+ encodes profilin, an actin-monomer-binding protein.
...

Example Relation Triples

ntity1	Entity2	Relation Type
David Murray"	"American"	CITIZEN-OR-RESIDENT
David Murray"	"Amidu Berry"	BUSINESS
	-	
Ċ	Entitus?	Deleties Messe
Entity1 "Cdc3+"	Entity2 "profilin"	Relation Type



Common Sub-tasks of Information Extraction

- named entity recognition
- 2 coreference resolution
- 3 relation extraction
- 4 temporal expression recognition
- 6 event/fact extraction
- 6 temporal/event interrelation

How are extracted entities related to each other?

- The *identity* relation \Rightarrow coreference resolution
- Other relations (ORG headquartered in LOC, PER member of ORG)
- Entities may be participants or attributes of an event: an event's who, what, when, where
- Events may also be interrelated (identity, part of, precedes, causes)

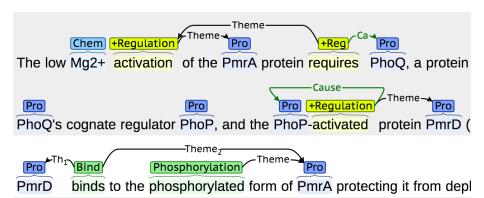
Shared tasks

- Message Understanding Conference (MUC): 1990s, DARPA
- Automated Content Extraction (ACE): 2000s, NIST
- Conference on Natural Language Learning (CoNLL): 2002-3
- Text Analysis Conference Knowledge Base Population (TAC KBP): 2009–, NIST

- BioCreative
- Genia
- BioNLP



BioNLP example



Transform problems into those we know how to solve

- measuring association
- regular expressions
- language modelling
- similarity in vector space
- classification
- sequence labelling
- later: tree structured labelling
- (almost?) all have been applied to information extraction tasks

Supervision

- Datasets often small and closely tied to interests of sponsors
- Supervised IE has been domain-specific
- Unsupervised has helped to filled the gap
- Recently, large collaborative resources available (e.g., Wikipedia)
 - ⇒ serve as large-scale knowledge bases
 - ⇒ sources of noisy training data

Part I

Entity coreference

Coreference Resolution

- NER only produces a list of mention strings
 how track through/across documents?
- Coreference: when mentions refer to the same entity
 E.g.: When David Murray visited Senegal, he recruited
 Amidu Berry from Positive Black Soul. David also recruited DJ Awadi.
 - David Murray, he and David refer to the same person.
- Coreference resolution: cluster entity mentions within document



Another example

The battered US Navy destroyer Cole has begun its journey home from Yemen ... Flanked by other warships and guarded by aircraft, the ship was towed out of Aden Harbor to rendezvous with a huge Norwegian transport vessel.

OntoNotes 5: bn/voa/00/voa_0068



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Another example

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OntoNotes 5: bn/voa/00/voa_0068

Common approach. For each mention in turn:

- identify candidate antecedents from a window of recent mentions
- 2 score each candidate with a classifier trained on mention pairs
- 3 select the best, perhaps updating entity knowledge
- 4 proceed to next mention



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Haghighi and Klein (2009): Simple Coref w/ Rich Features

- separate components for syntactic, semantic, and discourse constraints
- syntactic: Various constraints based on phrase structure tree
- semantic: Compatibility
 (spokesperson can announce, Microsoft is a company)
 Extracted from large unlabelled text corpus
- Discourse: Salience (importance of entity/mention in context)
 E.g.: Nintendo of America announced its new console.
 its corefers with Nintendo of America not America
- · requires deep linguistic preprocessing

Coreference

outperforms almost all unsupervised and many supervised systems

http://aclweb.org/anthology/D/D09/D09-1120.pdf

Rughunathan et al. (2010): Precise Multi-pass Sieve

- precision-ordered passes in sieve:
 - ① exact match

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- 2 appositives (Australia's Prime Minister, Malcolm Turnbull), Predicate nominatives (Malcolm Turnbull is Australia's PM.)
- 3 strict head matching (Turnbull matches antecedent cluster)
- 4 three variants/relaxations of head matching
- 5 pronouns (match number, gender, etc.)
- F-scores comparable to Haghighi and Klein
- precision higher than Haghighi and Klein

http://www.aclweb.org/anthology/D/D10/D10-1048.pdf

• Easy-first approach made statistical by Stoyanov and Eisner (2012)



Coreference resolution is only part of the solution

- Coreference resolution: cluster entity mentions within document no cross-document tracking
- Cross-document coreference resolution

- Other relations: discourse understanding involves recognising near-identity relationships, such as:
 - Zuckerberg ⇔ Facebook
 - Canberra ⇔ [Government of] Australia
 - Al Qaeda \Leftrightarrow the suicide bomber



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Who is Michael Jordan?

wikipedia/Michael Jordan

Thanks to an enterprising thief at the Orlando Arena, Michael Jordan became the best athlete to ever wear number 12...

wikipedia/Michael I. Jordan

Michael Jordan: University of California, Berkeley For contributions to the theory and application of machine learning

twitter/@AM_MJordan

Michael Jordan: West Coast Editor, Automobile Magazine Los Angeles, California



Why is this useful?

- Entity-oriented document access
- Integrating structured semantic information
- Reducing ambiguity
- like named entity recognition
- like cross-document coreference resolution
- like word-sense disambiguation
- but specialised for references to entities in a knowledge base

Disambiguation

other names: wikification, entity linking



 Input, a Wikipedia-derived KB (n=800K), web/newswire docs and queries like:

- Return an id that clusters coreferent mentions:
 - ENT_001
 - NIL or NIL_001
- Variant: input plain text; systems also need to perform NER



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- Categories
- Redirects
- Link graph

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General approach

- Retrieve candidates for given name
- Score each candidate according to:
 - entity **popularity**, or prior likelihood of entity given name
 - e.g. number of incoming links to page
 - compatibility of context with what we know about entity
 - e.g. cosine between BOW of mention context and Wikipedia text



Issues matching mentions to Wikipedia content

- Names may not match exactly, e.g. Little Johnny Howard
- Context words may not match exactly (sparsity)
- Mismatch may be more important to eliminate a candidate
 - wrong age, wrong nationality, wrong spouse, wrong occupation
- Some context information may be especially informative:
 - weighting by distinctiveness: TF.IDF; learnt weights
 - authors provide most informative context when introducing an entity: Australian actor John Howard vs Former prime minister JH

Disambiguation

- Best approaches represent KB and context in latent feature space
 - Compression of sparse vocabulary
 - Incorporating free text and structured knowledge
 - Enriched representations of KB entity



The long tail remains a challenge for named entity disambuguation

- For many entities, choosing the most popular candidate is overwhelmingly right
- Entities without much associated knowledge are hard
- Beyond Wikipedia: LinkedIn, IMDB, Facebook
- Identifying when a referenced entity is not in the KB
- Clustering entity references that are not in the KB (NIL clustering)
 - only pertains to some applications
 - if there's no popular referent for some name then mentions are almost always non-coreferent

Disambiguation

- for unusual names matching by name may be good enough
- for any small collection of text



Events are fundamental to communication

Somali Gunmen Release Ship Carrying Tsunami Aid
The United Nations says Somali gunmen who hijacked a
U.N.-chartered vessel carrying food aid for tsunami victims have
released the ship after holding it for more than two months.

who, what, when, where, why, which



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who, what, when, where, why, which

absolute and relative temporal references



Event coreference is particularly challenging

- Coreferent arguments \implies coreferent events
- 1 ... Somali gunmen who hijacked a U.N.-[chartered], vessel ...
- 2 The World Food Program [hired], the Kenyan vessel ...

Changing frame of reference

- **1** Two have died after [an explosion at the Boston Marathon]_b.
- **2** Three have died after [a terror attack at the Boston Marathon]_b.
- 3 [the Boston Marathon bombings]_b

Scriptal events like hijacked have wide and narrow readings



Part II

Relation and Fact Extraction

Extracting relations from text

In April 2011, Prime Minister Mykola Azarov of Ukraine met with the President of Brazil, Dilma Rousseff, in Sanya.

Binary relation triples:

- (Mykola Azarov, president-of, Ukraine)
- (Mykola Azarov, title, President)
- (Dilma Rousseff, president-of, Brazil)
- (Dilma Rousseff, met, Mykola Azarov)
- (Dilma Rousseff, visited, Sanya)



RE as Knowledge Base Population

Relations and slots

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The University of Sydney is an Australian public research university in Sydney, Australia. Founded in 1850, it is Australia's first university.

Wikipedia infobox fields for University of Sydney:

- Type: Public university
- Established: 1850
- Location: Sydney, Australia



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Using RE

- Creating structured data from unstructured text
- Create or extend knowledge bases

Relations and slots

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- Support other tasks, e.g. search and question answering
- Useful types of relations are highly dependent on task!

Different schemas require different extractions

In April 2011 , Prime Minister Mykola Azarov of Ukraine met with the President of Brazil , Dilma Rousseff , in Sanya .

ACE:

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- (Ukraine, employee-executive, Mykola Azarov)
- (Brazil, employee-executive, Dilma Rousseff)

TAC, for query Dilma Rousseff:

- (per:employee of, Brazil)
- (per:title, President)
- (per:country of birth, Brazil)



Relation schema: ACE

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relation type	subtypes	
physical	located, near, part-whole	
personal-social	business, family, other	
employment / mem-	employ-executive, employ-staff, employ-	
bership / subsidiary	undetermined, member-of-group, part-	
·	ner, subsidiary, other	
agent-artifact	user-or-owner, inventor-or-manufacturer,	
	other	
person-org affiliation	ethnic, ideology, other	
GPE affliation	citizen-or-resident, based-in, other	
discourse	-	



Relation schema: TAC KBP (per)

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per:alternate names per:date of birth per:country of birth per:age per:state of birth per:city of birth per:date of death per:origin per:state of death per:country of death per:city of death per:cause of death per:countries of residence per:states of residence per:cities of residence per:schools attended per:title per:member of per:employee of per:religion per:spouse per:children per:siblings per:parents per:other family per:charges



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Relation schema: TAC KBP (org)

org:political religious affiliation org:alternate names org:number of employees org:top members employees org:member of org:members org:subsidiaries org:parents org:founded by org:date founded org:date dissolved org:country of headquarters org:state of headquarters org:city of headquarters org:shareholders org:website



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How to extract relations

- Hand-coded rules
- Supervised
- Semi-supervised
 - Bootstrapping
 - Distant supervision
- 4 Unsupervised

Relations are often dependent on NE types...

- location-of-birth, PER-LOC
- location-of-headquarters, ORG-LOC
- employee-of, PER-ORG (or GPE)



... but this is not precise enough

For:

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- employee-of, PER-ORG (or GPE)
- Barack Obama, US

Correct and incorrect extractions:

- Barack Obama is an employee of the US.
- Barack Obama is the president of the US.
- *Barack Obama was born in the US.
- *Barack Obama returned to the US.

Hand-coded patterns as a starting point

- Barack Obama is an employee of the US.
- PER is an employee of the GPE
- Barack Obama is the president of the US.
- PER is (an/the) (employee/president) of the GPE
- US president Barack Obama...
- GPE president PER
 PER is (an/the) (employee/president) of the GPE



Benefits, limitations of hand-coded patterns

Benefits:

- High-precision
- 2 Interpretable
- 3 Can be a fast start on a new domain or task

Limitations:

- VERY low recall
- 2 Huge amount of work to scale to many relations
- 3 Not perfect precision anyway Barack Obama is the president of the US in the new hit TV political drama.



Given a:

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- Set of relation types
- 2 Collection of text (sentences or documents)

Relations and slots

Preprocess:

- 1 Label entities (NER)
- Manually annotate relations
- 3 Split data into train, dev and test

Train:

- Extract features for every pair of entities
- 2 Train binary+n-way classifier, or n+1-way classifier



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In April 2011, Prime Minister Mykola Azarov of Ukraine met with the President of Brazil , Dilma Rousseff , in Sanya .

- Entity headwords: E1:Azarov E2:Ukraine
- Entity BOW: E1:Mykola E1:Azarov Ukraine
- Entity context: E1-1:Minister E1+1:of E2-1:of E2+1:of
- Entity types: E1:PER E2:GPE PER-GPE
- BOW between: of
- **Dependency path:** $E1 \leftarrow of \rightarrow E2$
- Other parse features, gazetteers, word clusters and embeddings

Supervised

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Classification

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- Best classifier depends on task: Naive Bayes, SVM, MaxEnt
- Precision/Recall/F-score evaluation

Relations and slots

- Good performance with enough training data
- Brittle, domain specific, training data is still expensive and doesn't scale

Supervised Relation Extraction

Relations and slots

- Document-level information extraction
- Supervised approaches do not achieve high performance on ACE
 - 45.8 F-score for SVM with subsequence kernel (Bunescu and Mooney NIPS05)
 - 52.8 F-score for SVM with dependency tree kernel (Bunescu and Mooney EMNLP05)
- Very small data/schema sets
 - **⇒** very limited coverage



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Bootstrapping relation extractors

Relations and slots

- Task: given a small number of seeds for a given relation type, bootstrap a wide-coverage extractor
- E.g., authors:

Author	Book
Isaac Asimov	The Robots of Dawn
David Brin	Startide Rising
James Gleick	Chaos: Making a New Science
Charles Dickens	Great Expectations
William Shakespeare	The Comedy of Errors

E.g., headquarters:

Organisation	Location
Microsoft	Redmond
Exxon	Irving
IBM	Armonk
Boeing	Seattle
Intel	Santa Clara
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Brin (1999). Extracting patterns and relations from the world wide web. In Proceedings of the International Workshop on the World Wide Web and Databases

- Initialise R with seeds
- 2 $O \leftarrow FindOccurrences(R, D)$ find instances of relation pairs from R that occur together in D
- P ← GeneratePatterns(O) generate extraction patterns (author, title, order, prefix, middle, suffix)
- **4** $R \leftarrow ExtractRelations(P, D)$ extract relations from D using the new patterns P
- **5** If R is large enough, return. Else go to step 2.



Agichtein and Gravano (2000)

Relations and slots

Agichtein and Gravano (2000). Snowball: extracting relations from large plain-text collections. In Proceedings of the 5th ACM Conference on Digital Libraries.

http://www.mathcs.emorv.edu/~eugene/papers/dl00.pdf

- Perform NER on documents in D
- E.g.: The Irving-based Exxon Corporation < {the}, location, {- based}, organisation, {}, >
- Generalise patterns by clustering
- Select patterns that are productive and reliable

```
< \quad \{\}, \quad \textit{location}, \quad \{\text{- based}\}, \qquad \textit{organisation}, \quad \{\} \quad > \\ < \quad \{\}, \quad \textit{company}, \quad \{\text{'s headquarters in}\}, \quad \textit{location}, \qquad \{\} \quad > \\ \end{aligned}
```

Performance: 90.0 precision (82.5 recall)

Precision can be improved by setting stricter thresholds

Still domain-specific/user-driven



Never-Ending Language Learning

Carlson et al (2010). Toward an Architecture for Never-Ending Language Learning.. In Proceedings of AAAI 2010 http://rtw.ml.cmu.edu/papers/carlson-aaai10.pdf

- Bootstrapped lexical and POS tag patterns.
- Heavy constraints: mutual exclusion; fine-grained type constraints; semi-structured features.
- Bootstrapping over ClueWeb09: non-stop since Jan 2010, 1 iteration/day.
- Precision is high (> 90%), recall is 2 million high-confidence assertions from ClueWeb09
- Uses human reinforcement (rtw.ml.cmu.edu)



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Distant supervision

Mintz el al (2009). Distant supervision for relation extraction without labeled data. In *Proceedings of the 47th ACL*, among several other works http://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/mintz.pdf

- Combine semi-supervised and supervised
- Instead of a small number of seeds, use a huge KB
- Align examples to text and use these as training data



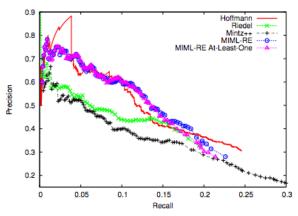
Distant supervision algorithm

- 1 For each relation type: employee of
- 2 For each tuple in KB: Tim Cook, Apple
- 3 Align to sentences in corpus that contain both entities: Tim Cook is an American business executive, and is the Chief Executive Officer of Apple Inc.
- 4 Use these instances as training data
- Large body of work in RE in recent years has focussed on improving how distant supervision is modelled

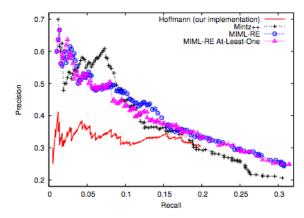


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RE remains a difficult problem

- Major pipelined error (NER + disambiguation + parsing + coreference)
- Training data is still very limited
- Differences between correct and incorrect extractions can be very subtle, and schemas are brittle
 - PER, president of ORG
 - PER, vice president of ORG
 - PER, executive vice president of ORG
 - PER, former president of ORG
 - PER, newest president of ORG
 - PER, most successful president of ORG
 - PER, wealthiest vice president of ORG
 - PER, not president of ORG



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RE remains an even more difficult problem

 Complex inference Simmons' father, Feri Witz, also Hungarian-born, remained in Israel, where he had one other son and three daughters. (Simmons, resided-in, Israel) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gene_Simmonsarticle Complex discourse "'Who's that?" Negroponte asked... A young woman peeked into the living room. "Where's George?'' asked Alejandra, 23. George, 17, appeared. Then Sophia, 13, and John, 19. Four of the five Negroponte children were at home. (John Negroponte, parent-of, Sophia) https://www.washingtonpost.com/archive/politics/2007/01/29/

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for-negroponte-move-to-state-dept-is-a-homecoming/

f7a692fb-a6b7-4bcf-bf60-60725e6be8d0/article

Evaluation of OpenIE and related techniques

Relations and slots

- Systems with large numbers of extractions are costly to fully annotate
- No measure of recall!
- Measure precision by top-k manual precision
- e.g. for the top-1000 most confidence instances, manually annotate, measure precision
- Tying OpenIE relations to a defined schema remains an open problem: rules still perform relatively well



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Scenario Templates (events) in MUC-7 (NIST 1997)

http://www-nlpir.nist.gov/related projects/muc/proceedings/walkthru ie text.html (document) http://www-nlpir.nist.gov/related projects/muc/proceedings/walkthru st kev.html (events)

Output:

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VEHICLE INFO: < VEHICLE_INFO-9602140509-1 > <PAYLOAD_INFO-9602140509-1> PAYLOAD_INFO: LAUNCH DATE: <TIME-9602140509-1>

(15021996 local time) <LAUNCH_EVENT-9602140509-1> -

<LOCATION-9602140509-1> LAUNCH SITE: ('Xichang', 'China')

CIVILIAN MISSION TYPE: MISSION FUNCTION: DEPLOY MISSION_STATUS: FAILED

where:

< VEHICLE INFO-9602140509-1 > :=

VEHICLE: <ENTITY-9602140509-34>

('Long March 3B')

VEHICLE TYPE: ROCKET

VEHICLE OWNER: <ENTITY-9602140509-6>

('Great Wall Industry Corp.')

<PAYLOAD_INFO-9602140509-1> :=

PAYLOAD. <ENTITY-9602140509-35>

('satellite built by Loral Corp.') SATELLITE

PAYLOAD_FUNC: TV

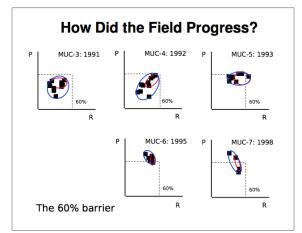
PAYLOAD TYPE.

PAYLOAD_OWNER: <ENTITY-9602140509-3> ('Intelsat')

4 □ > 4 □ > 4 □ > 4 □ >

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Hobbs and Riloff (2010). Information Extraction. In: Handbook of Natural Language Processing, 2nd edition.





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Scenario Template Extraction is Hard

Hobbs and Riloff (2010). **Information Extraction.** In: *Handbook of Natural Language Processing, 2nd edition.*

- Biggest source of mistakes in entity and event coreference
 coreference needs to improve!
- Only 60% of events are expressed in explicit language?
 ⇒ >60% requires inference and access to world knowledge!
- Long tail of extraction patterns?
 active learning to identify difficult examples in unlabelled data!
- State-of-the-art NER performance around 91%
 Events typically require 4 entities: 0.91⁴ ≈ 0.69
 ⇒ improved NER, joint extraction of entities and events?



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Take away

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- What is information extraction?
- Divided into numerous sub-tasks
- What is coreference resolution? relation extraction?
- Each one needs a schema to define it and annotation to evaluate it
- Solved with variants of the things we've seen befofre
- E.g. entity disambiguation as retrieval
- E.g. relation extraction as pair classification
- Sometimes good performance comes with innovative construction of training data



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