



Inspiring Excellence

Course Title: Programming Language II

Course Code: CSE 111

Lab Assignment no: 5

Task 1

Write a class called **Marks** with a required constructor. Then perform the addition using operator overloading

#Write your code here

#Do not change the following lines of code

```
Q1 = Marks(int(input("Quiz 1 (out of 10): ")))
Q2 = Marks(int(input("Quiz 2 (out of 10): ")))
Lab = Marks(int(input("Lab (out of 30): ")))
Mid = Marks(int(input("Mid (out of 20): ")))
Final = Marks(int(input("Final (out of 30): ")))
total = Q1 + Q2 + Lab + Mid + Final
print("Total marks: {}".format(total.mark))
```

Sample Input 1:

Quiz 1 (out of 10): 10
Quiz 2 (out of 10): 10
Lab (out of 30): 30
Mid (out of 20): 20
Final (out of 30): 30

Sample Output 1:

Total marks: 100

Sample Input 2:

Quiz 1 (out of 10): 10
Quiz 2 (out of 10): 8
Lab (out of 30): 30
Mid (out of 20): 20
Final (out of 30): 29

Sample Output 2:

Total marks: 97

Task 2

Design the program to get the output as shown.

Subtasks:

1. You will need to create 2 classes: **Teacher** and **Course**
2. Make all the variables in the Teacher class **private**.
3. Make all the variables in the Course class **public**.
4. Write the required codes in the Teacher and Course classes.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-4

```
t1 = Teacher("Saad Abdullah", "CSE")
t2 = Teacher("Mumit Khan", "CSE")
t3 = Teacher("Sadia Kazi", "CSE")
c1 = Course("CSE 110 Programming Language I")
c2 = Course("CSE 111 Programming Language-II")
c3 = Course("CSE 220 Data Structures")
c4 = Course("CSE 221 Algorithms")
c5 = Course("CCSE 230 Discrete Mathematics")
c6 = Course("CSE 310 Object Oriented
Programming")
c7 = Course("CSE 320 Data Communications")
c8 = Course("CSE 340 Computer Architecture")
t1.addCourse(c1)
t1.addCourse(c2)
t2.addCourse(c3)
t2.addCourse(c4)
t2.addCourse(c5)
t3.addCourse(c6)
t3.addCourse(c7)
t3.addCourse(c8)
t1.printDetail()
t2.printDetail()
t3.printDetail()
```

Output:

=====

Name: Saad Abdullah

Department: CSE

List of courses

=====

CSE 110 Programming Language I
CSE 111 Programming Language-II

=====

=====

Name: Mumit Khan

Department: CSE

List of courses

=====

CSE 220 Data Structures
CSE 221 Algorithms
CCSE 230 Discrete Mathematics

=====

=====

Name: Sadia Kazi

Department: CSE

List of courses

=====

CSE 310 Object Oriented Programming
CSE 320 Data Communications
CSE 340 Computer Architecture

=====

Task 3

Design the program to get the output as shown.

Subtasks:

1. You will need to create 2 classes: **Team** and **Player**
2. Make all the variables in the Team class **private**.
3. Make all the variables in the Player class **public**.
4. Write the required codes in the Team and Player classes

Hints:

- Create a list in team class to store the player's name in that list
- Use constructor overloading technique for Team class

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-4

```
b = Team()
b.setName('Bangladesh')
mashrafi = Player("Mashrafi")
b.addPlayer(mashrafi)
tamim = Player("Tamim")
b.addPlayer(tamim)
b.printDetail()
a = Team("Australia")
ponting = Player("Ponting")
a.addPlayer(ponting)
lee = Player("Lee")
a.addPlayer(lee)
a.printDetail()
```

Output:

```
=====
Team: Bangladesh
List of Players:
['Mashrafi', 'Tamim']
=====
Team: Australia
List of Players:
['Ponting', 'Lee']
=====
```

Task 4

Look at the code and the sample inputs and outputs below to design the program accordingly.

1. Write a class called **Color** that only adds the 3 primary colors (red, blue and yellow).
2. Write a required constructor for the class.
3. You have to use operator overloading to get the desired outputs as shown.

Hint:

There will be only one constructor and only one method tackling the addition operation. No other methods are required.

Note: Order of the color given as input should not matter. For example, in sample input 1, if the first input was yellow and then red, the output would still be orange.

<p>#Write your code here</p> <p>#Do not change the following lines of code</p> <pre>C1 = Color(input("First Color: ").lower()) C2 = Color(input("Second Color: ").lower()) C3 = C1 + C2 print("Color formed:", C3.clr)</pre>	<p>Sample Input 1: First Color: red Second Color: yellow</p> <p>Sample Output 1: Color formed: Orange</p> <p>Sample Input 2: First Color: red Second Color: blue</p> <p>Sample Output 2: Color formed: Violet</p> <p>Sample Input 3: First Color: yellow Second Color: BLUE</p> <p>Sample Output 3: Color formed: Green</p>
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Task 5

Write a class called Circle with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.

Subtasks:

1. Create a **class** called Circle.
2. Create the required **constructor**. Use **Encapsulation** to protect the variables. [Hint: Assign the variables in **private**]
3. Create **getRadius()** and **setRadius()** method to access variables.
4. Create a **method** called area to calculate the area of circles.
5. Handle the **operator overloading** by using a **special method** to calculate the radius and area of circle 3.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

<pre># Write your code here for subtasks 1-5 c1 = Circle(4) print("First circle radius:" , c1.getRadius()) print("First circle area:" ,c1.area()) c2 = Circle(5) print("Second circle radius:" ,c2.getRadius()) print("Second circle area:" ,c2.area()) c3 = c1 + c2 print("Third circle radius:" ,c3.getRadius()) print("Third circle area:" ,c3.area())</pre>	<p>Output:</p> <p>First circle radius: 4 First circle area: 50.26548245743669 Second circle radius: 5 Second circle area: 78.53981633974483 Third circle radius: 9 Third circle area: 254.46900494077323</p>
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Task 6

Write a class called Triangle with the required constructor and methods to get the following output.

Subtasks:

1. Create a **class** called Triangle.
2. Create the required **constructor**. Use **Encapsulation** to protect the variables. [Hint: Assign the variables in **private**]
3. Create **getBase()**, **getHeight()**, **setBase** and **setHeight()** method to access variables.
4. Create a **method** called area to calculate the area of triangles.
5. Handle the **operator overloading** by using a **special method** to calculate the radius and area of triangle 3.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-5

```
t1 = Triangle(10, 5)
print("First Triangle Base:" , t1.getBase())
print("First Triangle Height:" , t1.getHeight())
print("First Triangle area:" ,t1.area())

t2 = Triangle(5, 3)
print("Second Triangle Base:" , t2.getBase())
print("Second Triangle Height:" , t2.getHeight())
print("Second Triangle area:" ,t2.area())

t3 = t1 - t2
print("Third Triangle Base:" , t3.getBase())
print("Third Triangle Height:" , t3.getHeight())
print("Third Triangle area:" ,t3.area())
```

Output:

```
First Triangle Base: 10
First Triangle Height: 5
First Triangle area: 25.0
Second Triangle Base: 5
Second Triangle Height: 3
Second Triangle area: 7.5
Third Triangle Base: 5
Third Triangle Height: 2
Third Triangle area: 5.0
```

Task 7

Observe the given code carefully. Try to understand from the given code and the outputs what to write in your class **Dolls**.

Write your code here

```
obj_1 = Dolls("Tweety", 2500)
print(obj_1.detail())
if obj_1 > obj_1:
    print("Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!")
else:
    print("Thank you!")

print("=====")
obj_2 = Dolls("Daffy Duck", 1800)
print(obj_2.detail())
if obj_2 > obj_1:
    print("Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!")
else:
    print("Thank you!")

print("=====")
obj_3 = Dolls("Bugs Bunny", 3000)
print(obj_3.detail())
if obj_3 > obj_1:
    print("Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!")
else:
    print("Thank you!")

print("=====")
obj_4 = Dolls("Porky Pig", 1500)
print(obj_4.detail())
if obj_4 > obj_1:
    print("Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!")
else:
    print("Thank you!")

print("=====")
obj_5 = obj_2 + obj_3
print(obj_5.detail())
if obj_5 > obj_1:
    print("Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!")
else:
    print("Thank you!")
```

Output:

```
Doll: Tweety
Total Price: 2500 taka
Thank you!
=====
Doll: Daffy Duck
Total Price: 1800 taka
Thank you!
=====
Doll: Bugs Bunny
Total Price: 3000 taka
Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!
=====
Doll: Porky Pig
Total Price: 1500 taka
Thank you!
=====
Dolls: Daffy Duck Bugs Bunny
Total Price: 4800 taka
Congratulations! You get the Tweety as a gift!
```


[You are not allowed to change the code above]

Subtasks:

1. Create a Doll class.
2. Create the required constructor.
3. Write a method to print the name and the price of the object
4. Use operator overloading for the addition operators.
5. Write a method to handle operator overloading for the ">" logical operator that compares the price of the objects.

Hints:

- Notice that the price of each object is being checked with the price of obj in the given code.
- Notice the word Doll in the first 4 outputs and the last output. You have to print exactly as represented here.

Task 8

Design a class called **Coordinates** with an appropriate constructor. Then perform the subtraction, multiplication and equality check operations in the given code using operator overloading.

<p>#Write your code here</p> <p>#Do not change the following lines of code</p> <pre>p1 = Coordinates(int(input()),int(input())) p2 = Coordinates(int(input()),int(input())) p4 = p1 - p2 print(p4.detail()) p5 = p1 * p2 print(p5.detail()) point_check = (p4 == p5) print(point_check)</pre>	<p>Sample Input 1:</p> <pre>1 2 3 4</pre> <p>Sample Output 1:</p> <pre>(-2,-2) (3,8) The calculated coordinates are NOT the same.</pre> <p>Sample Input 2:</p> <pre>0 0 0 0</pre> <p>Sample Output 2:</p> <pre>(0,0) (0,0) The calculated coordinates are the same.</pre>
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