Johnson Subgraph Problem Proposal

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Abstract

Summary

1 Preliminaries

Let J = J(n, k, i) be the graph with vertex set $\binom{\mathbb{Z}_n}{k}$ and for every $u, v \in V(J)$, $uv \in E(J)$ if and only if $|u \cap v| = k - i$ or equivalently $|u\Delta v| = 2i$. We call J(n, k, i) a Johnson graph.

We are interested in a particular class of induced subgraphs of J(n, k, i), but we briefly introduce general Johnson induced subgraphs (JISs). General induced subgraphs of J(n, k, i) have apparently only been studied recently in the last 15 years or so. [Brief survey of literature on JISs]

The class of JISs we aim to study are those whose vertices are characterized by a given pattern of consecutive differences. By "pattern of consecutive differences", we mean the following: Let $X \subseteq \mathbb{Z}_n$ and suppose $X = \{x_0, \dots, x_{k-1}\}$ where $x_0 \le \dots \le x_{k-1}$. Then the pattern of consecutive differences for X, denoted N_X , is $N_X = (x_1 - x_0, x_2 - x_1, \dots, x_{k-1} - x_{k-2}, x_0 - x_{k-1})$; additionally, we consider N_X to be rotationally invariant, so all we care about is the cyclic ordering of the consecutive differences. Note that N_X is an integer necklace with k beads of at most n colours. Let N be an integer necklace with k beads of at most n colours. Then define $\mathcal{F}_N \subset {\mathbb{Z}_n \choose k}$ where for every $X \in \mathcal{F}_N$, $N_X = N$. Observe that \mathcal{F}_N is closed under taking translates, so for every $X, Y \in \mathcal{F}_N$, Y = X + t for some $t \in \mathbb{Z}_n$ and $|\mathcal{F}_N| = n$. The primary structure of interest is the subgraph of J(n, k, i) induced by \mathcal{F}_N for a given n, k, i, and N.

[Examples of JISs for]

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 $\{1, 2, 3\}$

2 Initial Questions

Question 1. Let N_1 and N_2 be distinct integer necklaces with k beads of at most n colours. Let G be the subgraph of J(n,k,i) induced by $\mathcal{F}_{N_1} \cup \mathcal{F}_{N_2}$. Does there exist an integer necklace N' with k' beads of at most n' colours such that $G \equiv H$ where H is the subgraph of J(n',k',i') induced by $\mathcal{F}_{N'}$?

References