

# INFSCI 2725: Data Analytics

### Assignment 3: Validation and Testing

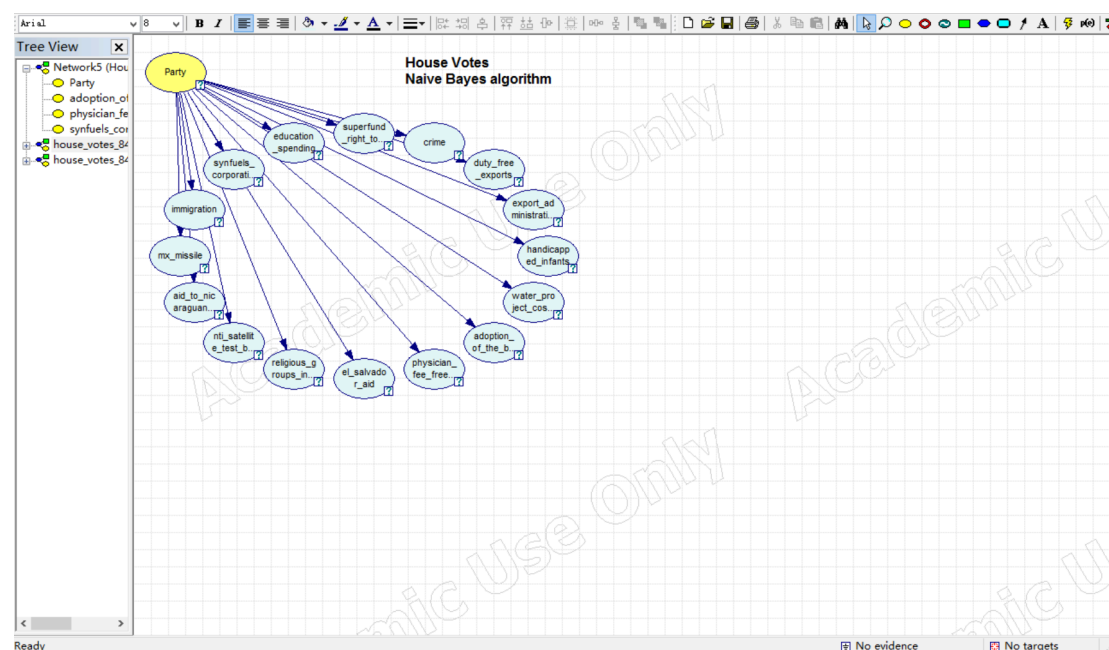
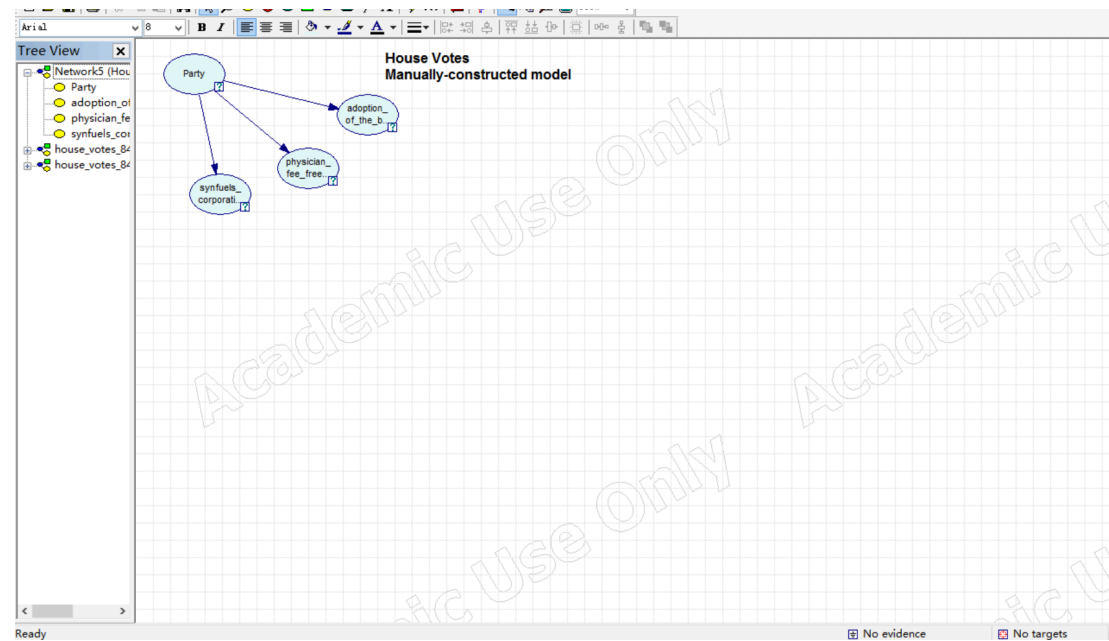
**Team members:** Yumeng Lu

Zhaoxuan Ren

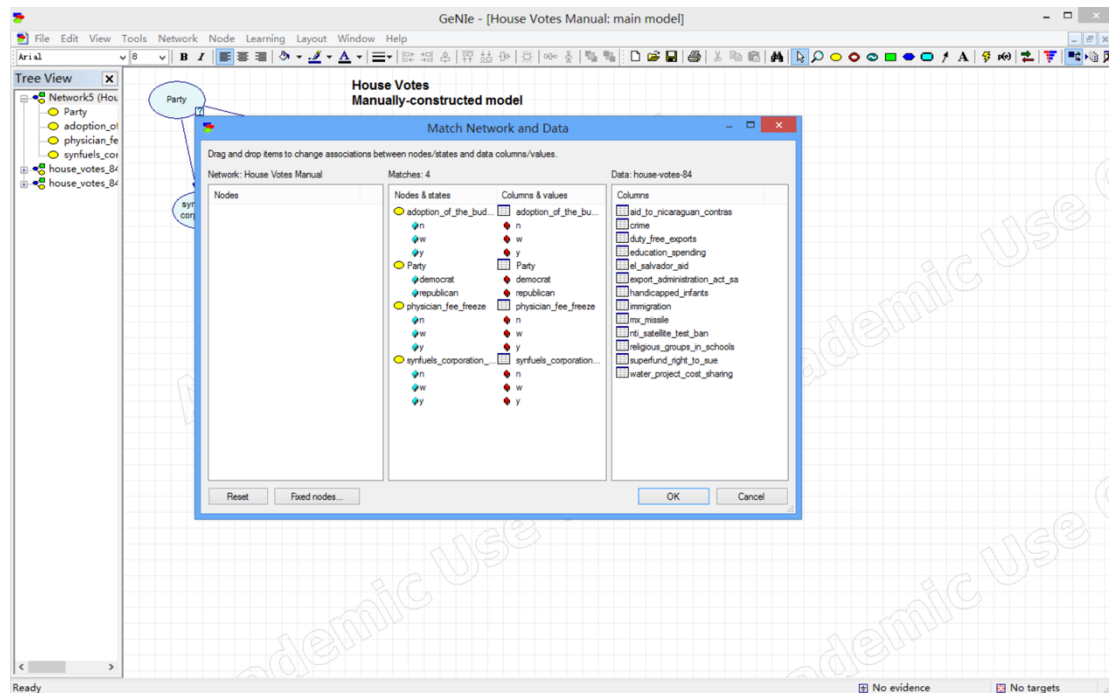
Tao Li

In assignment 3, we use GeNIe to the tasks.

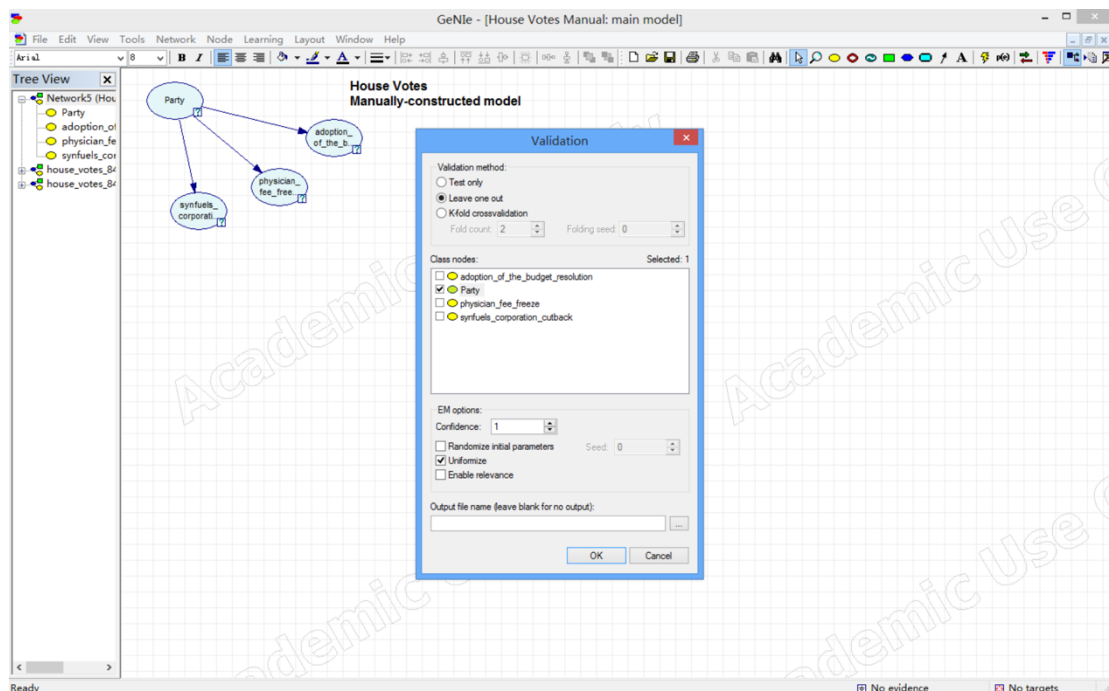
Firstly, input the GeNIe models:







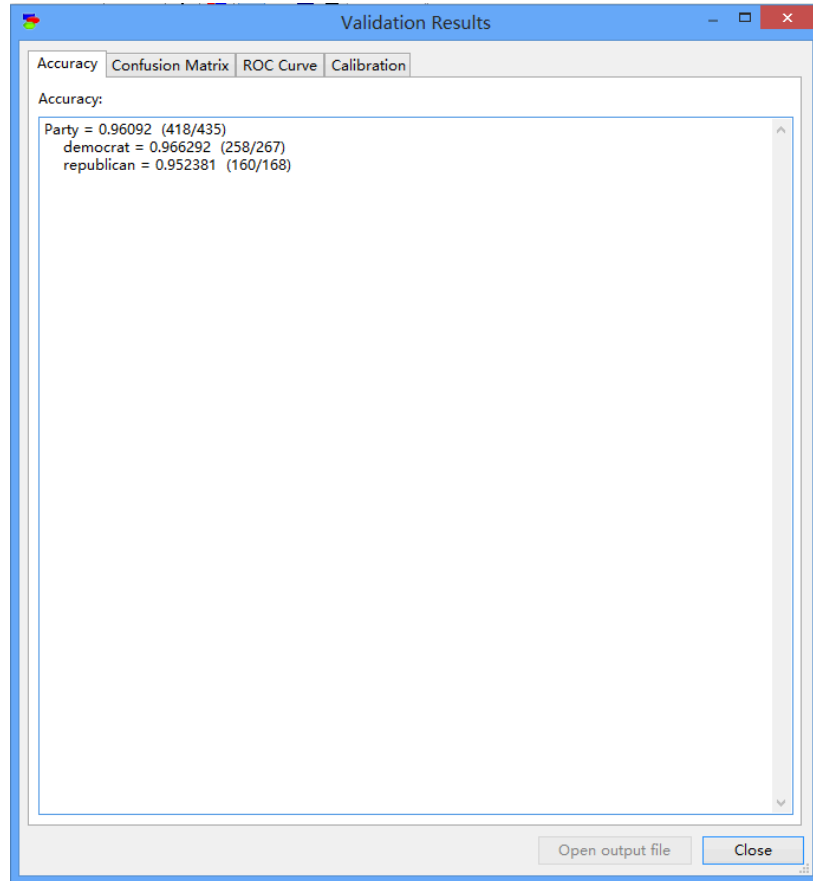
Choose validation method as leave-one-out, and the class nodes to be Party:



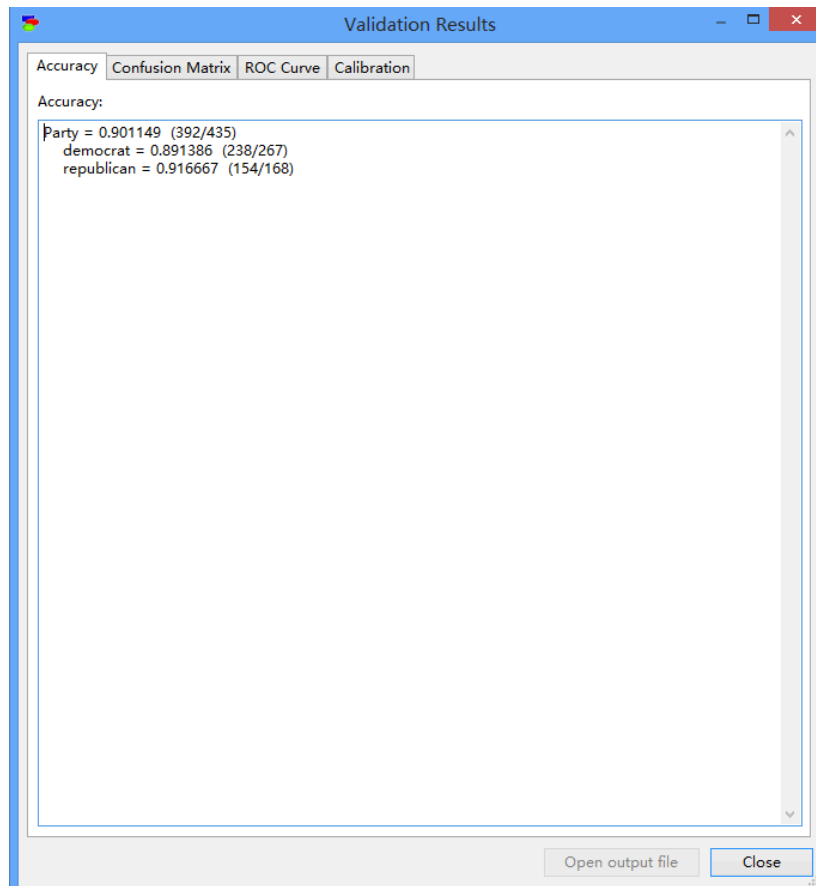
**Tasks:**

**(1) Overall classification accuracy**

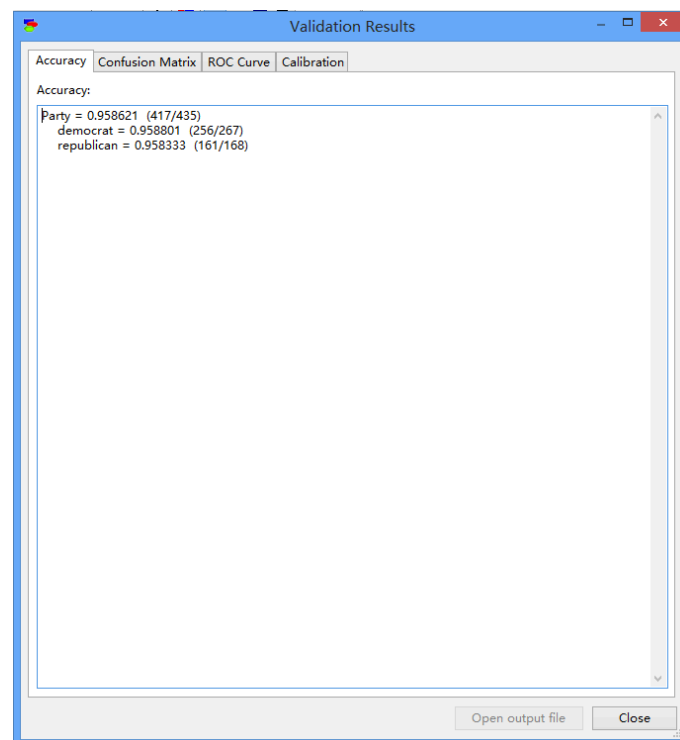
Manually-constructed model:



Naive Bayes algorithm:



PC algorithm:



## (2) Sensitivity and specificity for each of the two parties

### House Votes Manual.xdsl

	democrat	republican
democrat	258	9
republican	8	160

$$\text{Sensitivity} = 258 / (258 + 8) = 0.96992481$$

$$\text{Specificity} = 160 / (160 + 9) = 0.94674556$$

### House Votes Naive.xdsl

	democrat	republican
democrat	238	29
republican	14	154

$$\text{Sensitivity} = 238 / (238 + 14) = 0.9444444444$$

$$\text{Specificity} = 154 / (154 + 29) = 0.8415300546$$

### House Votes PC.xdsl

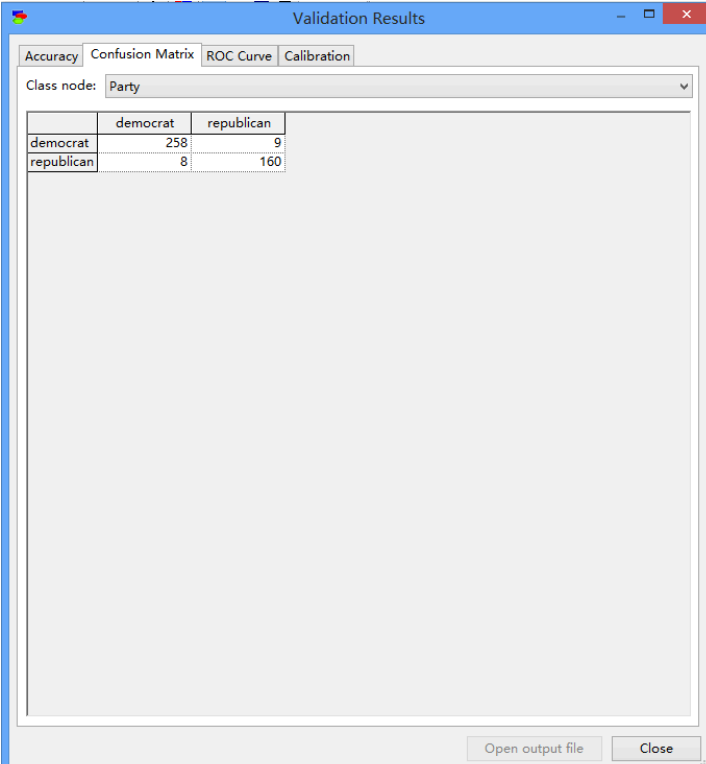
	democrat	republican
democrat	258	9
republican	5	163

$$\text{Sensitivity} = 258 / (258 + 5) = 0.980988$$

$$\text{Specificity} = 163 / (163 + 9) = 0.947674$$

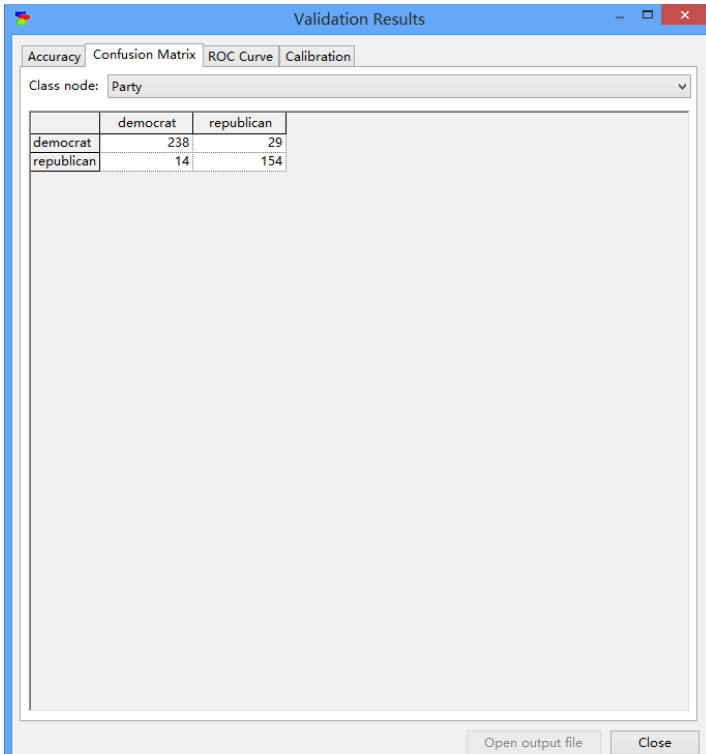
### (3) Positive and negative predictive value for each of the two parties

Manually-constructed model:



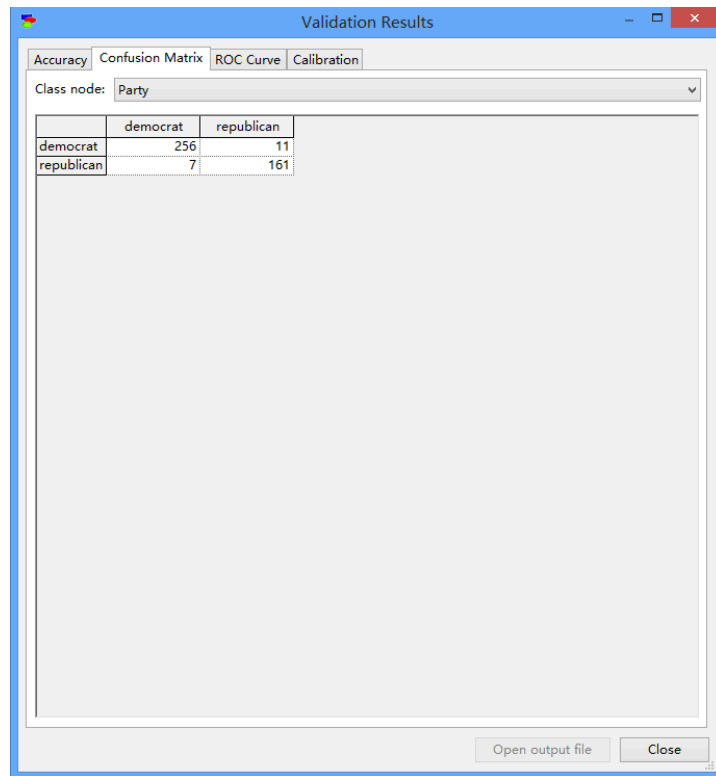
	democrat	republican
democrat	258	9
republican	8	160

Naive Bayes algorithm:



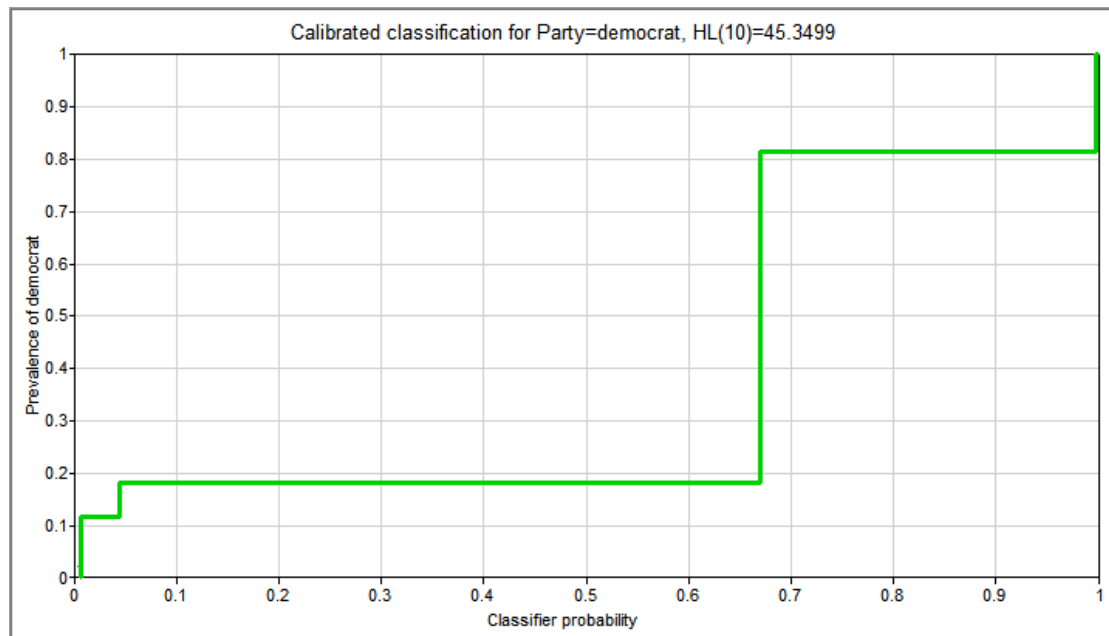
	democrat	republican
democrat	238	29
republican	14	154

PC algorithm:



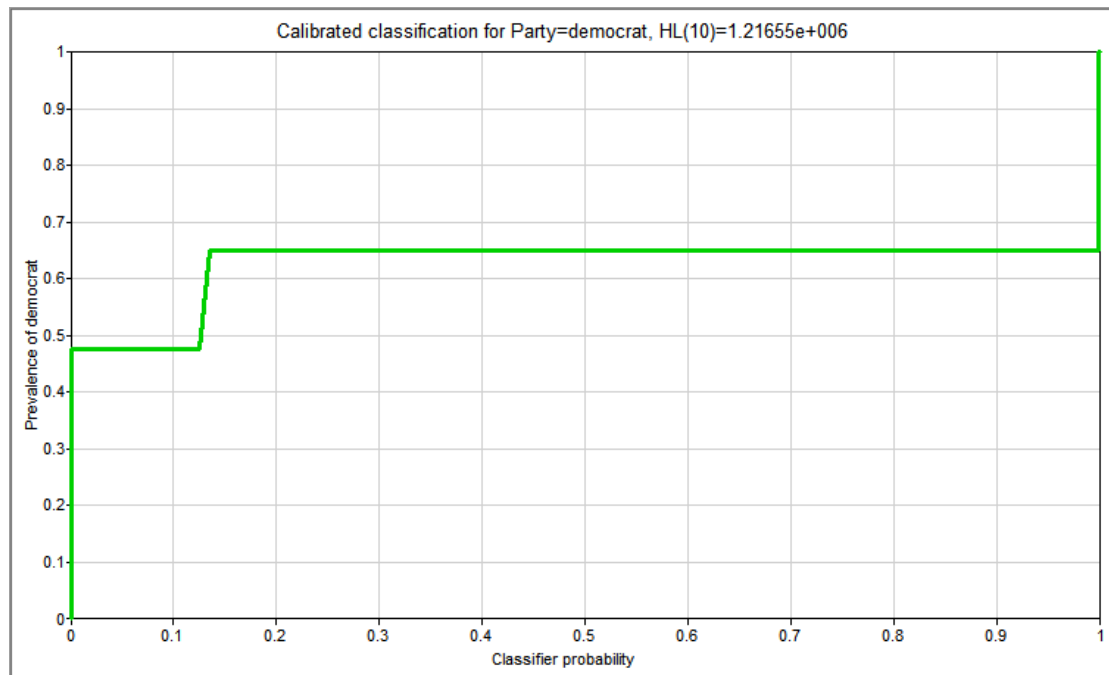
#### (4) Calibration curve for a selected bin count or window size

1) House Vote Manual.xdsl



Bin count:10

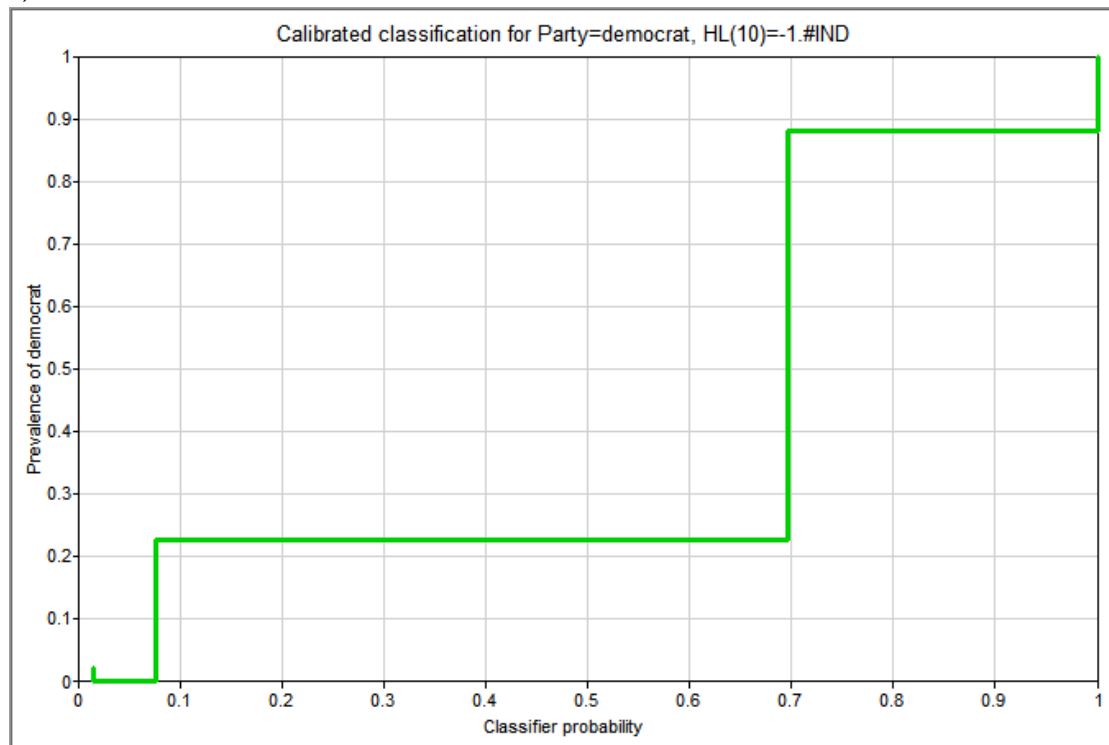
## 2) House Votes Naïve.xdsl



Bin count:10



### 3) House Votes PC.xdsl



Bin count: 10