

Analytic Tests regarding Stochastic Collocation for gPC

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1 Uniform Uncertainty

1.1 $u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$

$$y_1 \sim U(a_1, b_1),$$

$$y_2 \sim U(a_2, b_2),$$

$$R_i \equiv b_i - a_i,$$

1.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_{a_1}^{b_1} \int_{a_2}^{b_2} (y_1 + y_2)^r \rho(y_1) \rho(y_2) dy_2 dy_1, \quad (1)$$

$$= \int_{a_1}^{b_1} \int_{a_2}^{b_2} \frac{(y_1 + y_2)^r}{R_1 R_2} dy_2 dy_1, \quad (2)$$

$$(3)$$

For $b_i = 5, a_i = 1 \ \forall i \in [1, 2]$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = 6, \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = \frac{116}{3} \approx 38.66667, \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = 264, \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = \frac{28336}{15} \approx 1889.066667. \quad (7)$$

2 Normal Uncertainty

2.1 $u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$

$$y_1 \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1),$$

$$y_2 \sim N(\mu_2, \sigma_2),$$

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2.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (y_1 + y_2)^r \rho(y_1) \rho(y_2) dy_2 dy_1, \quad (8)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(y_1 + y_2)^r}{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 2\pi} \exp\left[-\frac{(y_1 - \mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right] \exp\left[-\frac{(y_2 - \mu_2)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right] dy_2 dy_1, \quad (9)$$

$$(10)$$

For $\mu_i = 3, \sigma_i = 2 \forall i \in [1, 2]$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = 6, \quad (11)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = 44, \quad (12)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = 360, \quad (13)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = 3216. \quad (14)$$

3 Gamma Uncertainty

$$3.1 \quad u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$$

$$y_i \sim G(\min, \alpha) \forall i \in [1, 2],$$

3.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_{\min}^{\infty} \int_{\min}^{\infty} (y_1 + y_2)^r \rho(y_1) \rho(y_2) dy_2 dy_1, \quad (15)$$

$$= \int_{\min}^{\infty} \int_{\min}^{\infty} \frac{(y_1 + y_2)^r}{(\alpha - 1)! (\alpha - 1)!} y_1^{\alpha-1} y_2^{\alpha-1} e^{-y_1 - y_2} dy_2 dy_1. \quad (16)$$

For $\min = 0, \alpha = 2$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = 4, \quad (17)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = 20, \quad (18)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = 120, \quad (19)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = 840. \quad (20)$$

4 Beta Uncertainty

$$4.1 \quad u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$$

$$y_i \sim B(a, b, \alpha, \beta) \forall i \in [1, 2],$$

4.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_{a_1}^{b_1} \int_{a_2}^{b_2} (y_1 + y_2)^r \rho(y_1) \rho(y_2) dy_2 dy_1, \quad (21)$$

$$= \int_{a_1}^{b_1} \int_{a_2}^{b_2} (y_1 + y_2)^r \frac{(\alpha + \beta - 1)!}{(\alpha - 1)!(\beta - 1)!} y_1^{\alpha-1} y_2^{\alpha-1} (1 - y_1)^{\beta-1} (1 - y_2)^{\beta-1} dy_2 dy_1. \quad (22)$$

For $a = 0, b = 1, \alpha = 2, \beta = 5$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = \frac{4}{7} \sim 0.571429, \quad (23)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = \frac{37}{98} \sim 0.377551, \quad (24)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = \frac{41}{147} \sim 0.278912, \quad (25)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = \frac{265}{1176} \sim 0.22534. \quad (26)$$

5 Triangular Uncertainty

5.1 $u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$

$$y_i \sim T(a, b, c) \quad \forall i \in [1, 2],$$

5.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_a^c \int_a^c (y_1 + y_2)^r \frac{y_1 - a}{c - a} \frac{y_2 - a}{c - a} dy_2 dy_1 \quad (27)$$

$$+ 2 \int_a^c \int_c^b (y_1 + y_2)^r \frac{y_1 - a}{c - a} \frac{b - y_2}{b - c} dy_2 dy_1 \quad (28)$$

$$+ \int_c^b \int_c^b (y_1 + y_2)^r \frac{b - y_1}{b - c} \frac{b - y_2}{b - c} dy_2 dy_1. \quad (29)$$

For $a = 1, b = 5, c = 4$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = \frac{20}{3} \sim 6.66667, \quad (30)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = \frac{413}{9} \sim 45.88889, \quad (31)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = \frac{974}{3} \sim 324.66667, \quad (32)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = \frac{23523}{10} \sim 2352.3. \quad (33)$$

6 Exponential Uncertainty

6.1 $u(Y) = y_1 + y_2$

$$y_i \sim E(\lambda) \quad \forall i \in [1, 2],$$

6.1.1 Moments

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^r] = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty (y_1 + y_2)^r \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda(x+y)} dx dy \quad (34)$$

For $\lambda = 1.5$,

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)] = \frac{4}{3} \sim 1.33333, \quad (35)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^2] = \frac{8}{3} \sim 2.66667, \quad (36)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^3] = \frac{64}{9} \sim 7.11111, \quad (37)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[u(Y)^4] = \frac{640}{27} \sim 23.7037. \quad (38)$$