Image feature Extraction Transfer Learning

- * Tapan Kumar Patro
- * tapankumarpatro05@gmail.com

Work Items:

```
1. Image Load
2. Feature Extraction for all Image
3. Save into A pickel file
4.Load the pickel file
5.Extract feature from given image
6. Find the minimum distance and return the images
```

Importing Libraries

```
1 from future import absolute import, division, print function, unicode litera
2 # from google images download import google images download
3
4 try:
   # The %tensorflow version magic only works in colab.
    %tensorflow version 2.x
7 except Exception:
    pass
9 import tensorflow as tf
10
11 import os
12 import numpy as np
13 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
14 import matplotlib.image as mpimg
1 tf. version
[ → '2.3.0'
1 import os
2 from tqdm import tqdm
3 from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
4 from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
5 from tensorflow.keras.layers import BatchNormalization, Activation, Flatten
6 from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
7 from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12
 8 from tensorflow.keras.lavers import Dense.AveragePooling2D.BatchNormalization.Co
```

```
9 from time import time
10 from datetime import datetime
11 from tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks import TensorBoard
12 import cv2
```

Setup Google Colab for importing Dataset

Clustring

```
1 # # Navigating to Dataset folder in my drive
2 # path = 'drive/My Drive/PocketApps/Avantari'
3 # os.chdir(path)
4 # %cd ..

1 import pickle
2

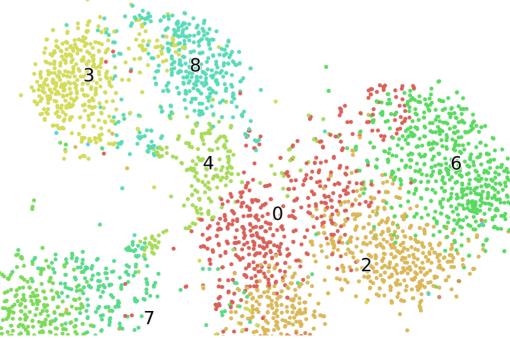
1 # Loading pickle file
2
3 def load_stuff(filename):
4    saved_stuff = open(filename, "rb")
5    stuff = pickle.load(saved_stuff)
6    saved_stuff.close()
7    return stuff
8
9 precompute_features = load_stuff("precompute_img_features.pickle")
```

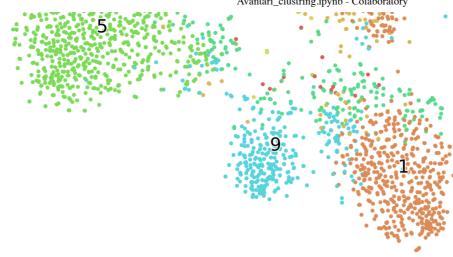
```
1 z = pd.DataFrame(Y.tolist()) # a list
2 # Fit the model using t-SNE randomized algorithm
3 digits proj = TSNE(random state=25111993).fit transform(all features)
1 # An user defined function to create scatter plot of features
2 def scatter(x, colors):
3
      # We choose a color palette with seaborn.
      palette = np.array(sns.color palette("hls", 18))
4
5
6
      # We create a scatter plot.
7
      f = plt.figure(figsize=(32, 32))
      ax = plt.subplot(aspect='equal')
8
9
      sc = ax.scatter(x[:,0], x[:,1], lw=0, s=120,
10
                       c=palette[colors.astype(np.int)])
11
12
      ax.axis('off')
13
      ax.axis('tight')
14
      # We add the labels for each cluster.
15
16
      txts = []
17
      for i in range(18):
18
          # Position of each label.
          xtext, ytext = np.median(x[colors == i, :], axis=0)
19
20
          txt = ax.text(xtext, ytext, str(i), fontsize=50)
21
          txt.set path effects([
               PathEffects.Stroke(linewidth=5, foreground="w"),
22
               PathEffects.Normal()])
23
24
           txts.append(txt)
25
      return f, ax, sc, txts
26
1 # Ploting the graph.
2 print(list(range(0,18)))
3 sns.palplot(np.array(sns.color palette("hls", 18)))
4 scatter(digits proj, Y)
5 plt.savefig('animal cluster .png', dpi=120)
6
```

2 Y=kmeans.labels

```
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17]
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:3335: Runtime
  out=out, **kwargs)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/numpy/core/ methods.py:154: RuntimeWarr
  ret, rcount, out=ret, casting='unsafe', subok=False)
posx and posy should be finite values
```

posx and posy should be finite values posx and posy should be finite values





```
1 cluster1 = []
2 cluster5 = []
```

Some Image Samples from Clusters

```
1 from PIL import Image
1 all_images_cluster = os.listdir()
1 for img_name in all_images_cluster:
     if "1 " in img name:
2
3
         cluster1.append(img_name)
     elif "5_" in img_name:
5
         cluster5.append(img name)
```

pass

```
1 cluster1[:3]

[ '1_42.jpg', '1_115.jpg', '1_123.jpg']

1 cluster5[:3]

[ '5_3.jpg', '5_5.jpg', '5_6.jpg']
```

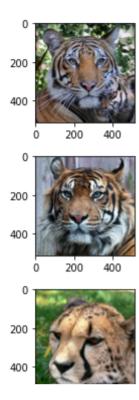
Ploting 3 images from Cluster 1

Ploting 3 images from Cluster 5

400

200

```
1 for i, val in enumerate(cluster5[7:10]):
2    plt.subplot(1, 3, i+1)
3    image_data = Image.open(val)
4    plt.imshow(image_data)
5    plt.show()
```



1

1

1

1

1