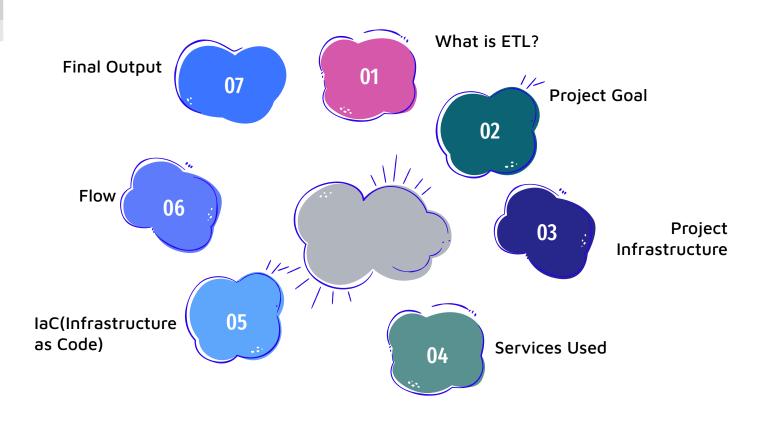
HTW Winter Semester 2023/24 Cloud Computing Presentation

Developing ETL Pipelines Using API's

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What is ETL?

The ETL Process Explained



Retrieves and verifies data from various sources

Processes and organizes extracted data so it is usable

Moves transformed data to a data repository

Project Goal

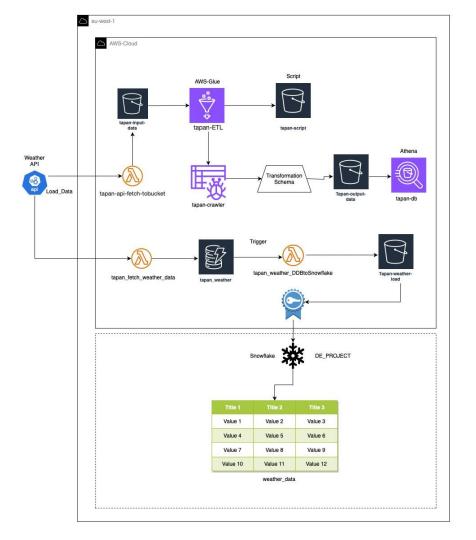
The overall goal of an ETL project using AWS is to efficiently and reliably integrate, transform, and load data into a target system for analysis and decision-making

This can lead to various benefits, such as:

- Improved business insights: Gain deeper understanding of customers, operations, and trends.
- Enhanced decision-making: Make data-driven decisions based on accurate and timely information.
- Increased efficiency: Automate data pipelines and reduce manual effort.
- Reduced costs: Optimize data storage and processing for cost-effectiveness.



Project Infrastructure



Services Used:

- Weather API
- 2. S3 Bucket
- 3. Lambda Functions
- 4. AWS Glue
- 5. Amazon Athena
- 6. Amazon Crawler
- 7. Dynamodb
- 8. Snowflake
- 9. Cloud Formation for IAC



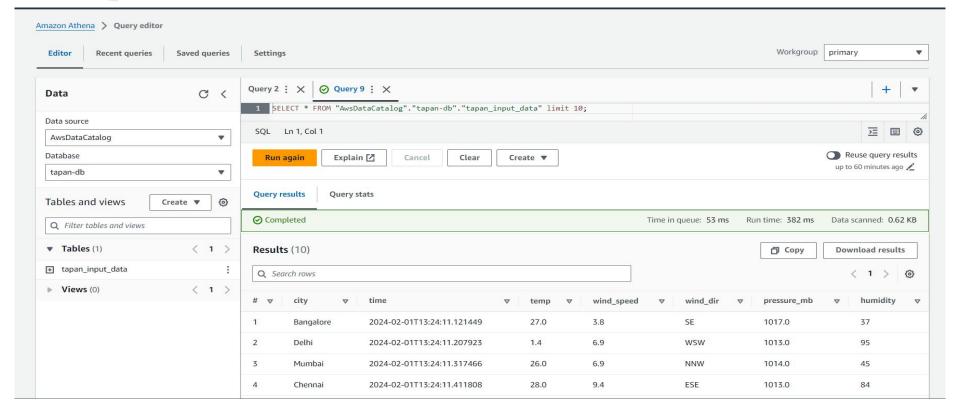
Amazon Services Overview:

- 1. **Weather API**: Get real time weather and geo data in .json format.
- 2. Lambda Function 1(tapan_fetch_weather_data): Get data from the API (Extract) and insert it into DynamoDB
- 3. **Amazon DynamoDB(tapan_weather)**: To store the data we get from API. Good for handling large amount of data
- 4. **Lambda Function 2**(tapan_weather_DDBtoSnowflake): **Transform** the data stored in DynamoDB in .csv format and put it in a S3 Bucket.
- 5. Amazon S3 Bucket(tapan-weather-load): Store the transformed data and pass it on to Snowflake DB
- 6. **Snowflake**: A DB service which helps us store, retrieve and view our data. Useful for Data Analysis. Here we **Load** our data
- 7. **AWS Glue**:(tapan-ETL) A fully managed extract, transform, and load (ETL) service that makes it easy for users to prepare and load their data for analysis.
- 8. AWS Crawler:(tapan-crawler) An AWS Glue component that automatically discovers, classifies, and extracts metadata from various data sources, facilitating efficient data cataloging and ETL processes.
- 9. AWS Athena:(tapan-db) A serverless, interactive query service that enables users to analyze data in Amazon S3 using standard SQL, without the need for infrastructure management.

Final Data: Snowflake



Final Data: Athena





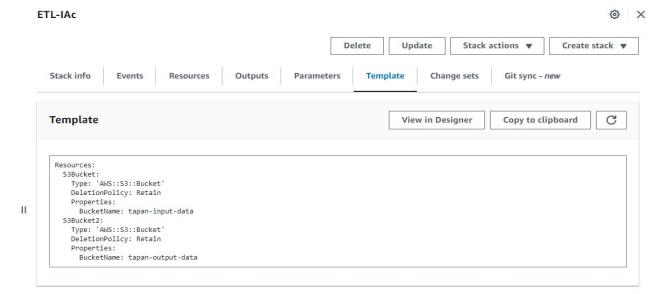
IaC (Infrastructure as Code)

In our infrastructure we have used Cloud Formation for implementing Infrastructure as code.

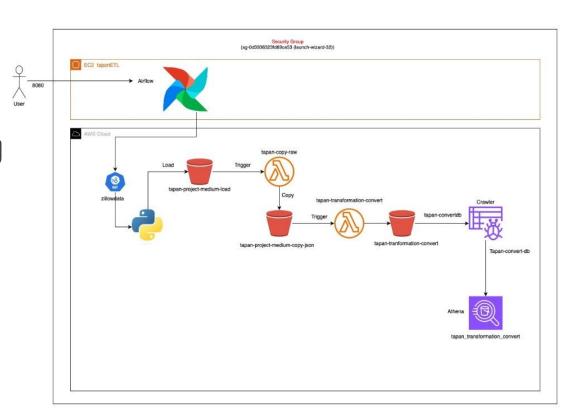
Created two S3 Buckets using this code.

- tapan-input-data
- tapan-output-data





ETL: Pipeline Using Airflow



Services Used:

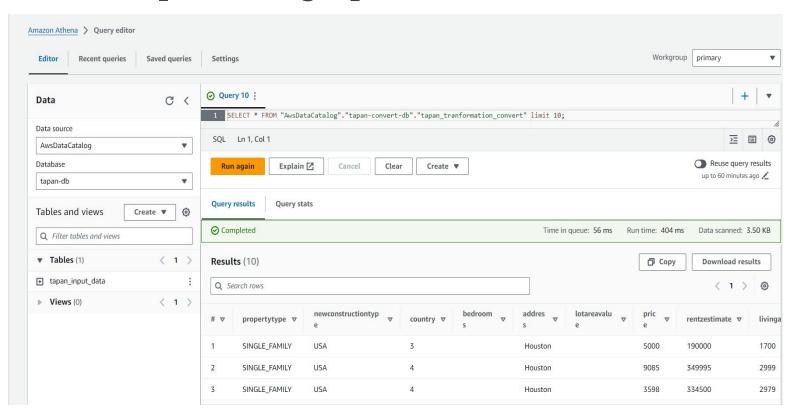
- Zillow Rapid API
- EC2 : Medium Instance
- Apache Airflow
- S3 Buckets
- Lambda Functions
- AWS Crawler
- Athena



Amazon Services Overview:

- 1. **Zillow API**: Get real time Housing data in .json format.
- 2. Airflow: We are using Python operators to fetch and load data into S3 bucket.
- 3. S3 Bucket (tapan-project-medium-load): Get data from the API (Extract) and getting loaded in this bucket.
- 4. **Lambda Function (tapan_copy_raw)**: To copy the data we get from API to new S3 Bucket.
- 5. S3 Bucket (tapan-project-medium-copy-json): json stored in previous Bucket get copied to this Bucket.
- 6. Lambda Function (tapan-transformation-convert): Transform json data to csv and pass it to S3 Bucket.
- 7. **S3 Bucket** (*tapan-transformation-convert*): Generated csv file will get stored in this Bucket for further use.
- 8. AWS Crawler:(tapan-convert-db) An AWS Glue component that automatically discovers, classifies, and extracts metadata from various data sources, facilitating efficient data cataloging and ETL processes.
- 9. AWS Athena:(tapan_transformation_convert) A serverless, interactive query service that enables users to analyze data in Amazon S3 using standard SQL, without the need for infrastructure management.

Final Output: using Apache AirFlow



THANK YOU

