

New formulations for consistent slip properties

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Outline

- Use of slip additives in film
- Test methods for films containing slip
- Migratory nature of traditional slip agents
- Traditional non-migratory slip agents
- New formulations for consistent slip properties

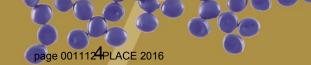


Use of masterbatches in film production

- Ease of handling and feeding
- Controlled levels in film
- Improved incorporation in film
- Custom design of products to meet specific customer applications and targets

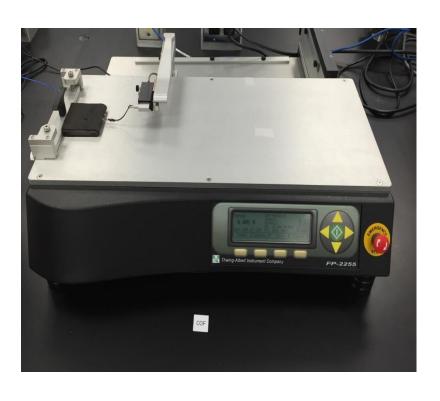
Use of slip additives in film

- Control of coefficient of friction (COF)
- Typically COF < 0.2 is desired
- Improved film extrusion and converting processes
- In traditional migratory slip additives performance is based on migration of additives to the surface



Test methods for films containing slip

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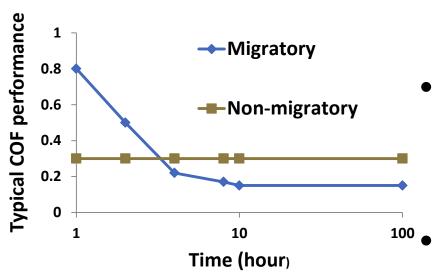


- ASTM D1894 standard
- Typically film-on-film performance is tested
- Blocking tests per ASTM D3354

Migratory versus non-migratory additives

- Typical migratory additives are long chain amides
- Typical non-migratory additives are polymeric in nature
- Sufficient additive has to be present to cover the surface in both systems

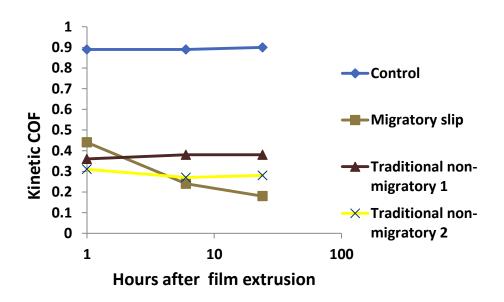
Traditional slip additives



- Additives start as a homogeneous distribution in polymer
- With time migratory additives cover the surface of film
 - Non-migratory additives do not migrate and COF values do not change with time



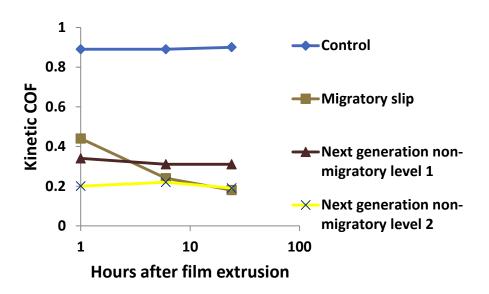
Slip performance in monolayer LDPE film



- Films were 1 mil in thickness and produced using 2 MFR LDPE
- Typical non-migratory slip agents did not reach
 0.2 COF

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New formulation for slip in monolayer film



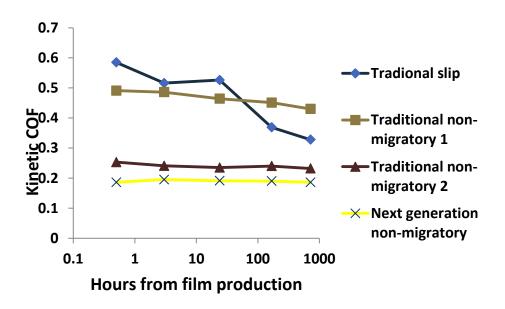
- Films were 1 mil in thickness and produced using 2 MFR LDPE
- The next generation non-migratory product achieves COF < 0.2

Multi-layer film work

- Three layer films
 - Sealant layer metallocene polyethylene (m-PE) 1.4 MFR
 / 0.916 density
 - Core layer 70% h-LLDPE 0.9 MFR, 0.918 density / 30%
 LDPE 2.1 MFR, 0.92 density
 - Outer layer composition same as core layer
- m-PE contains PPA, other resins have base antioxidant
- One mil total thickness with 15:70:15 layer ratios

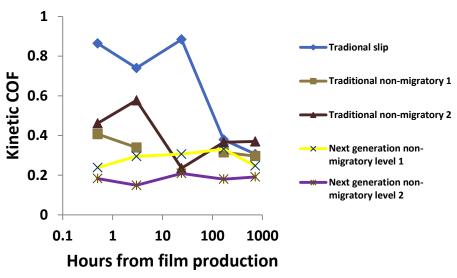


Slip performance in multi-layer films



- Performance in LDPE / LLDPE outer layer
- Next generation non-migratory product achieves
 COF levels below 0.2

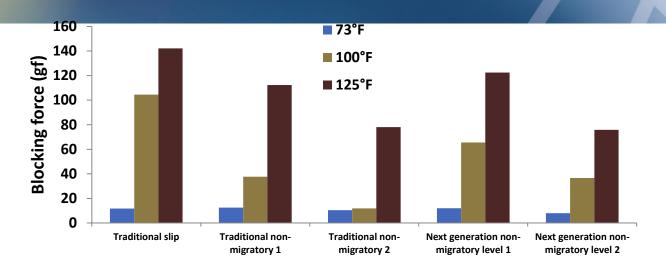
Slip performance in multi-layer films



- Performance in m-PE sealant layer
- Next generation non-migratory product achieves COF levels below 0.2, however higher levels are required with the sealant resins versus LDPE / LLDPE resins
- Greater variation in COF is observed in m-PE layer



Blocking performance in multi-layer films



- Performance in LDPE / LLDPE skin layer
- Traditional slip and some traditional non-migratory products require the presence of antiblock
- Next generation non-migratory product has equal or better performance as compared to traditional slip with antiblock

Conclusions

- Traditional slip agents require time for development of slip properties
- Traditional non-migratory slip agents act instantaneously but typically have COF > 0.2
- Next generation non-migratory product shows consistent COF over time and achieves COF < 0.2
- Next generation non-migratory product works in LDPE, LLDPE, and sealant layers like m-PE
- Next generation non-migratory product outperforms traditional non-migratory slip agents in slip and blocking properties

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