

Neural Gas demo

This notebook contains a short example about the usage of the NeuGas class.

You can download the code from [Taracchi repository](#).

```
In [ ]: from sklearn import datasets
        from neugas import NeuGas, quantization_error
        import numpy as np
        import time

        from bokeh.plotting import figure, show
        from bokeh.io import output_notebook
        from bokeh.palettes import Vibrant3

        output_notebook()
        np.random.seed(1976)
```

BokehJS 3.3.2 successfully loaded.

Parameters

Some parameters about the tests and the adopted Neural Gas:

- number of points in the dataset
- number of particles of the NeuGas
- uprate value

```
In [ ]: NUM_POINTS=5000
        NG_PARTICLES=NUM_POINTS//50
        UPRATE_VALUE=0.5
```

Datasets creation

```
In [ ]: datasetbag=[]
        datasetbag.append(datasets.make_moons(n_samples=NUM_POINTS,noise=0.05)[0])
        datasetbag.append(datasets.make_blobs(n_samples=NUM_POINTS, n_features=2,cluster_std=1.0)[0])
        datasetbag.append(datasets.make_circles(n_samples=NUM_POINTS, factor=0.5, noise=0.05)[0])
```

NeuGas training

... and visualization of the results on the three datasets

```
In [ ]: for i,data in enumerate(datasetbag):

        ng = NeuGas(data, NG_PARTICLES)

        start_time=time.time()
        ng.fit(data,
              iterations=2*NUM_POINTS,
```

100.0%

Quantization error: 0.042

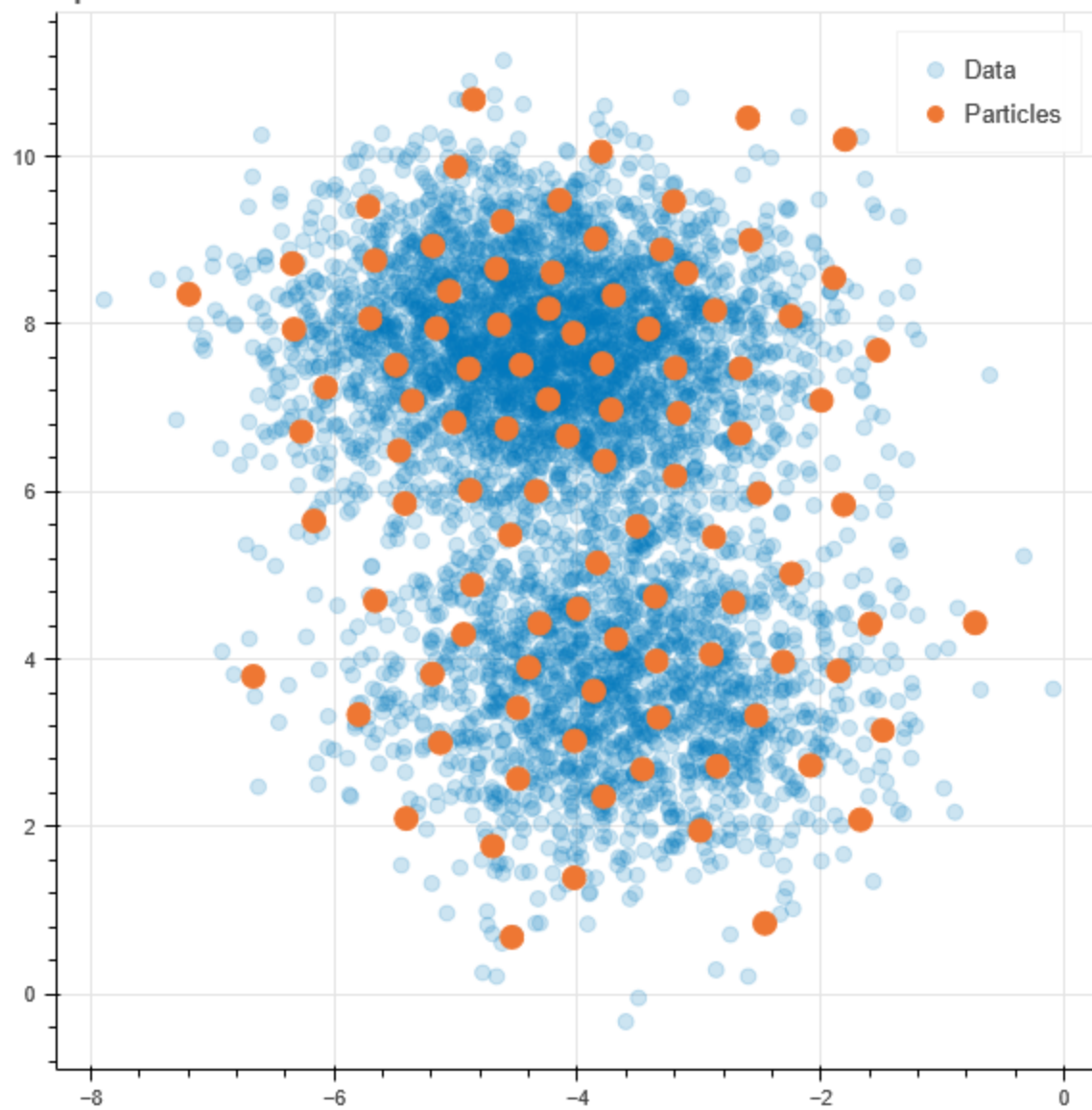
The figure displays a scatter plot with two data series: 'Data' (light blue dots) and 'Particles' (orange dots). The 'Data' series forms a dense, noisy ring-like structure, while the 'Particles' series consists of a sparse set of points following the same general path. The plot includes a grid and axes ranging from -1 to 2 on the x-axis and -0.5 to 1 on the y-axis.

100.0%

Dataset 2 training time 10

Quantization error: 0.23

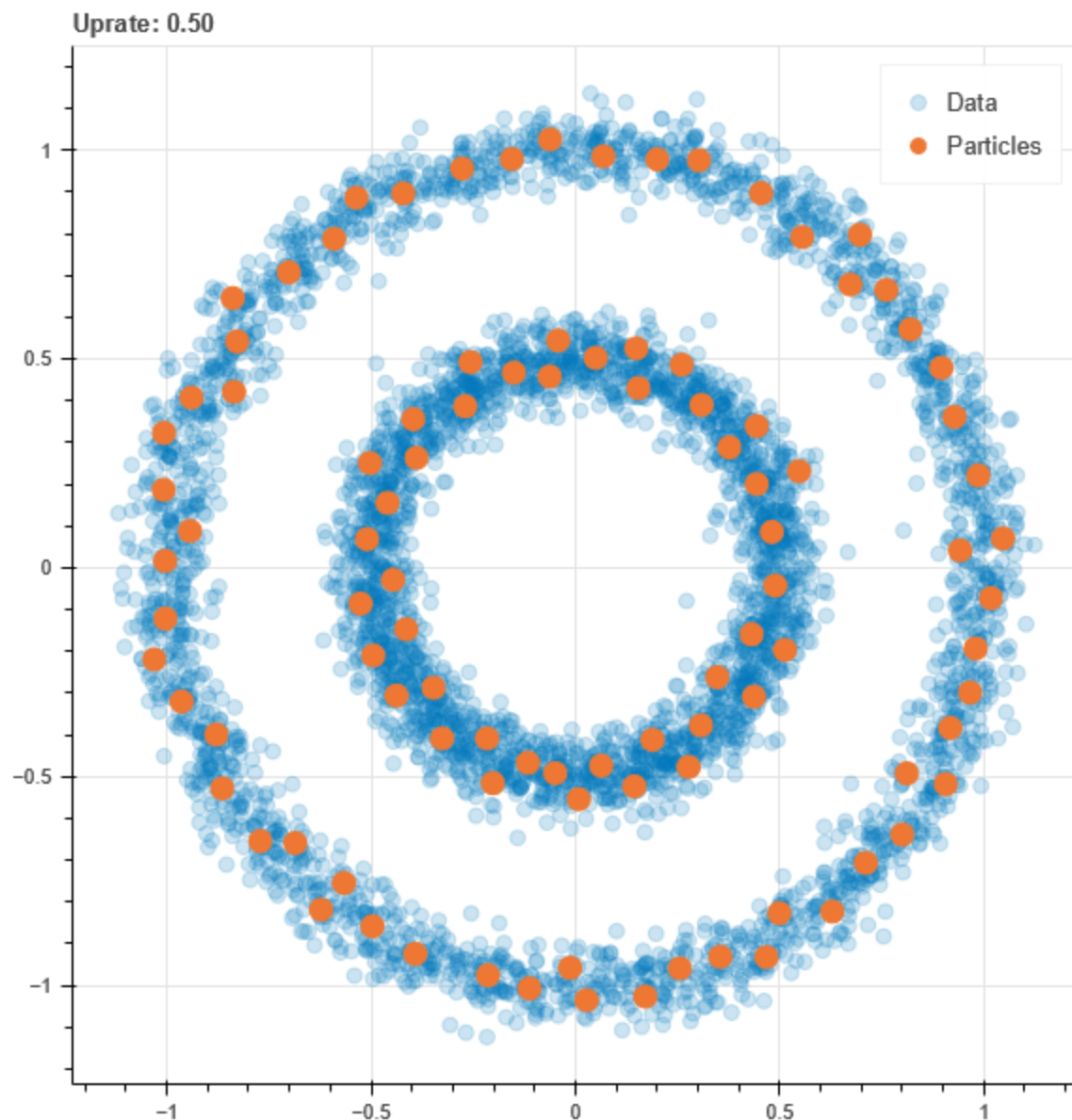
Uprate: 0.50



100.0%

Dataset 3 training time 14

Quantization error: 0.049



Calculation of quantization error

Average Quantization Error (QE) is calculated for this latter data (the *circles*) with respect to the last trained neural gas.

First method is based on the use of the `quantization_error` function within the `NeuGas` package.

```
In [ ]: qe=quantization_error(ng.particles,data)
print('Quantization error is: %3g'%qe)
```

Quantization error is: 0.0494375

The same can be done by using the `quantize` **method** of the `NeuGas` object that calculate the individual quantization error of each sample in the dataset together with the *id* of the *Best Matching Unit* (BMU) for each sample.

```
In [ ]: partcile_id,dist=ng.quantize(data)

print('Particle    Distance')
print('-----')
for i in range(20):
    print('%3d          %5.2g'%(partcile_id[i],dist[i]))
```

```
print('\n Average quantization error is: %3g'%np.mean(dist))
```

Particle	Distance
----------	----------

79	0.039
86	0.028
87	0.044
51	0.033
48	0.045
1	0.039
21	0.0084
87	0.051
47	0.061
96	0.04
32	0.033
99	0.056
71	0.082
62	0.026
40	0.14
95	0.067
15	0.064
88	0.054
15	0.073
79	0.043

Average quantization error is: 0.0494375

In []: