

ADVANCE CODING ASSIGNMENT-1

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1. Write a C program to calculate sum of digits of a number.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 int num, sum = 0, digit; 4 printf("Enter a number: "); 5 scanf("%d", &num); 6 while (num != 0) { 7 digit = num % 10; 8 sum += digit; 9 num /= 10; 10 } 11 printf("Sum of digits = %d\n", sum); 12 return 0; 13 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a number: 3468957 Sum of digits = 42 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

2. Write a C program to find first and last digit of a number.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 int num, last, first; 4 printf("Enter a number: "); 5 scanf("%d", &num); 6 last = num % 10; 7 while (num >= 10) { 8 num /= 10; 9 } 10 first = num; 11 printf("First digit = %d, Last digit = %d\n", first, last); 12 return 0; 13 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a number: 2367 First digit = 2, Last digit = 7 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

3. Write a C program to find sum of first and last digit of a number.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre> 1 #include <stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 int num, last, first, sum; 4 printf("Enter a number: "); 5 scanf("%d", &num); 6 last = num % 10; 7 while (num >= 10) { 8 num /= 10; 9 } 10 first = num; 11 sum = first + last; 12 printf("Sum of first and last digit = %d\n", sum); 13 return 0; 14 }</pre>	Run	Enter a number: 53789 Sum of first and last digit = 14 === Code Execution Successful ===

4. Write a C program to swap first and last digits of a number.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre> 1 #include <stdio.h> 2 #include <math.h> 3 int main() { 4 int num, first, last, digits, swapped; 5 printf("Enter a number: "); 6 scanf("%d", &num); 7 last = num % 10; 8 digits = log10(num); 9 first = num / pow(10, digits); 10 swapped = last * pow(10, digits) + (num % (int)pow(10, digits)) - last + first; 11 printf("Number after swapping first and last digits = %d\n", swapped); 12 return 0; 13 }</pre>	Run	Enter a number: 45678 Number after swapping first and last digits = 85674 === Code Execution Successful ===

5. Write a C program to find frequency of each digit in a given integer.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre> 1 #include <stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 int num, digit, freq[10] = {0}; 4 printf("Enter a number: "); 5 scanf("%d", &num); 6 while (num != 0) { 7 digit = num % 10; 8 freq[digit]++; 9 num /= 10; 10 } 11 printf("Digit frequencies:\n"); 12 for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) { 13 if (freq[i] > 0) { 14 printf("%d: %d times\n", i, freq[i]); 15 } 16 } 17 return 0; 18 }</pre>	Run	Enter a number: 3546374 Digit frequencies: 3: 2 times 4: 2 times 5: 1 times 6: 1 times 7: 1 times === Code Execution Successful ===

6. Write a C program to enter a number and print it in words.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 3 const char *ones[] = {"", "One", "Two", "Three", "Four", "Five", "Six", "Seven", 4 "Eight", "Nine"}; 5 const char *teens[] = {"Ten", "Eleven", "Twelve", "Thirteen", "Fourteen", 6 "Fifteen", "Sixteen", "Seventeen", "Eighteen", "Nineteen"}; 7 const char *tens[] = {"", "", "Twenty", "Thirty", "Forty", "Fifty", "Sixty", 8 "Seventy", "Eighty", "Ninety"}; 9 10 void numberToWords(int num) { 11 if (num == 0) { 12 printf("Zero"); 13 return; 14 } 15 if (num < 0) { 16 printf("Minus "); 17 num = -num; 18 } 19 if (num >= 100) { 20 printf("%s hundred ", ones[num / 100]); 21 num %= 100; 22 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a number: 347 In words: Three hundred Forty-Seven === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

main.c	Output
<pre>23 if (num >= 20) { 24 printf("%s", tens[num / 10]); 25 if (num % 10) { 26 printf("-%s", ones[num % 10]); 27 } 28 } else if (num >= 10) { 29 printf("%s", teens[num - 10]); 30 } else if (num > 0) { 31 printf("%s", ones[num]); 32 } 33 } 34 35 int main() { 36 int num; 37 38 printf("Enter a number: "); 39 scanf("%d", &num); 40 41 printf("In words: "); 42 numberToWords(num); 43 44 printf("\n"); 45 return 0; 46 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a number: 347 In words: Three hundred Forty-Seven === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

7. Write a C program to find one's complement of a binary number.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 #include <string.h> 3 int main() { 4 char binary[32]; 5 printf("Enter a binary number: "); 6 scanf("%s", binary); 7 printf("One's complement: "); 8 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(binary); i++) { 9 if (binary[i] == '0') { 10 printf("1"); 11 } else { 12 printf("0"); 13 } 14 } 15 printf("\n"); 16 return 0; 17 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a binary number: 1100101 One's complement: 0011010 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

8. Write a C program to find two's complement of a binary number.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 #include <string.h> 3 int main() { 4 char binary[32], ones[32]; 5 int carry = 1; 6 printf("Enter a binary number: "); 7 scanf("%s", binary); 8 // Find one's complement 9 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(binary); i++) { 10 ones[i] = (binary[i] == '0') ? '1' : '0'; 11 } 12 ones[strlen(binary)] = '\0'; 13 // Add 1 to find two's complement 14 for (int i = strlen(binary) - 1; i >= 0; i--) { 15 if (ones[i] == '1' && carry == 1) { 16 ones[i] = '0'; 17 } else if (carry == 1) { 18 ones[i] = '1'; 19 carry = 0; 20 } 21 } 22 printf("Two's complement: %s\n", ones); 23 return 0; 24 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a binary number: 1100101 Two's complement: 0011011 === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

9. Write a C program to convert Decimal to Hexadecimal number system.

main.c	Output
<pre>1 #include <stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 int num; 4 printf("Enter a decimal number: "); 5 scanf("%d", &num); 6 printf("Hexadecimal: %X\n", num); 7 return 0; 8 }</pre>	<pre>Enter a decimal number: 44 Hexadecimal: 2C === Code Execution Successful ===</pre>

