

Autonomous system numbers based internet censorship detection

Using machine learning to identify network disruptions

Project Overview

Goal

- Detect internet potential censorship events using Autonomous System Number (ASN) data
- Apply both supervised and unsupervised machine learning approaches

Data Sources

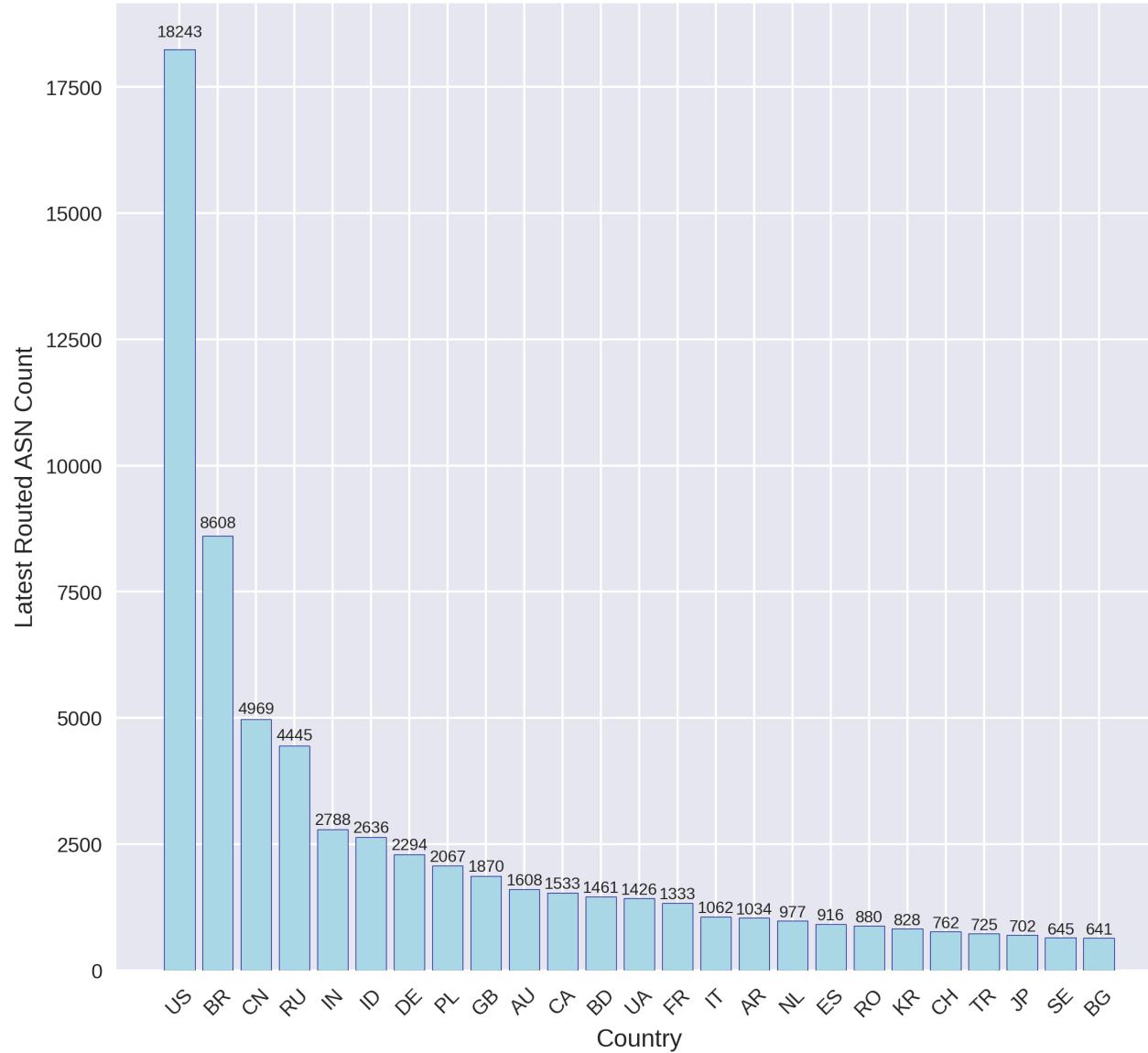
- RIPE API <https://www.ripe.net/>
 - RIPE NCC is the regional Internet registry for Europe, the Middle East, and parts of Central Asia



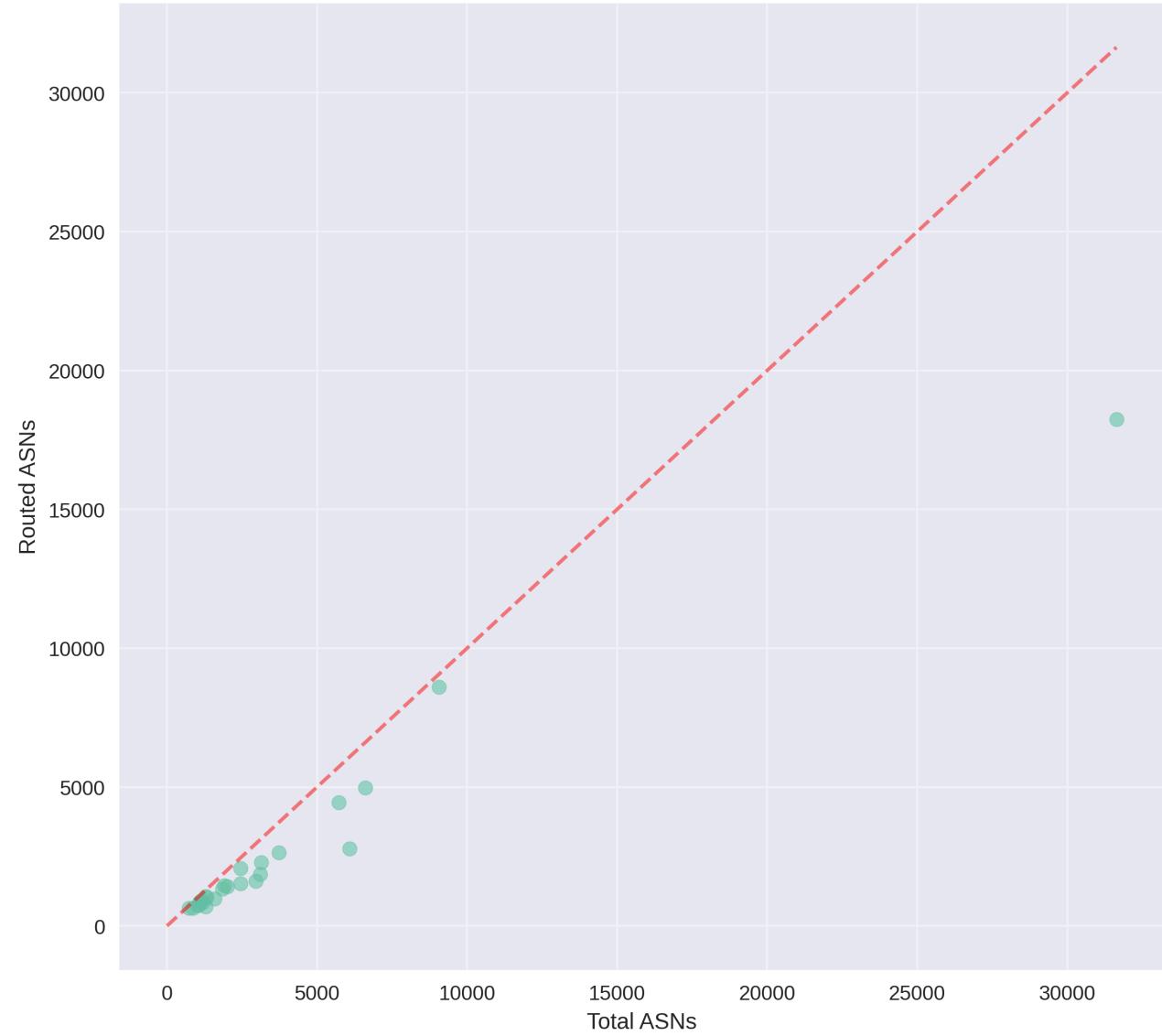
- An autonomous system (AS) is a very large network or group of networks with a single routing policy.
- In a simplified case it is a network of a single internet provider or company serving traffic (e.g. AWS and Cloudflare each has several ASs at least).
- AS can be routed (serve traffic), or only registered (not in work)
- AS can be connected to other inland ASs or to foreign ASs

Latest ASN Counts - Snapshot View

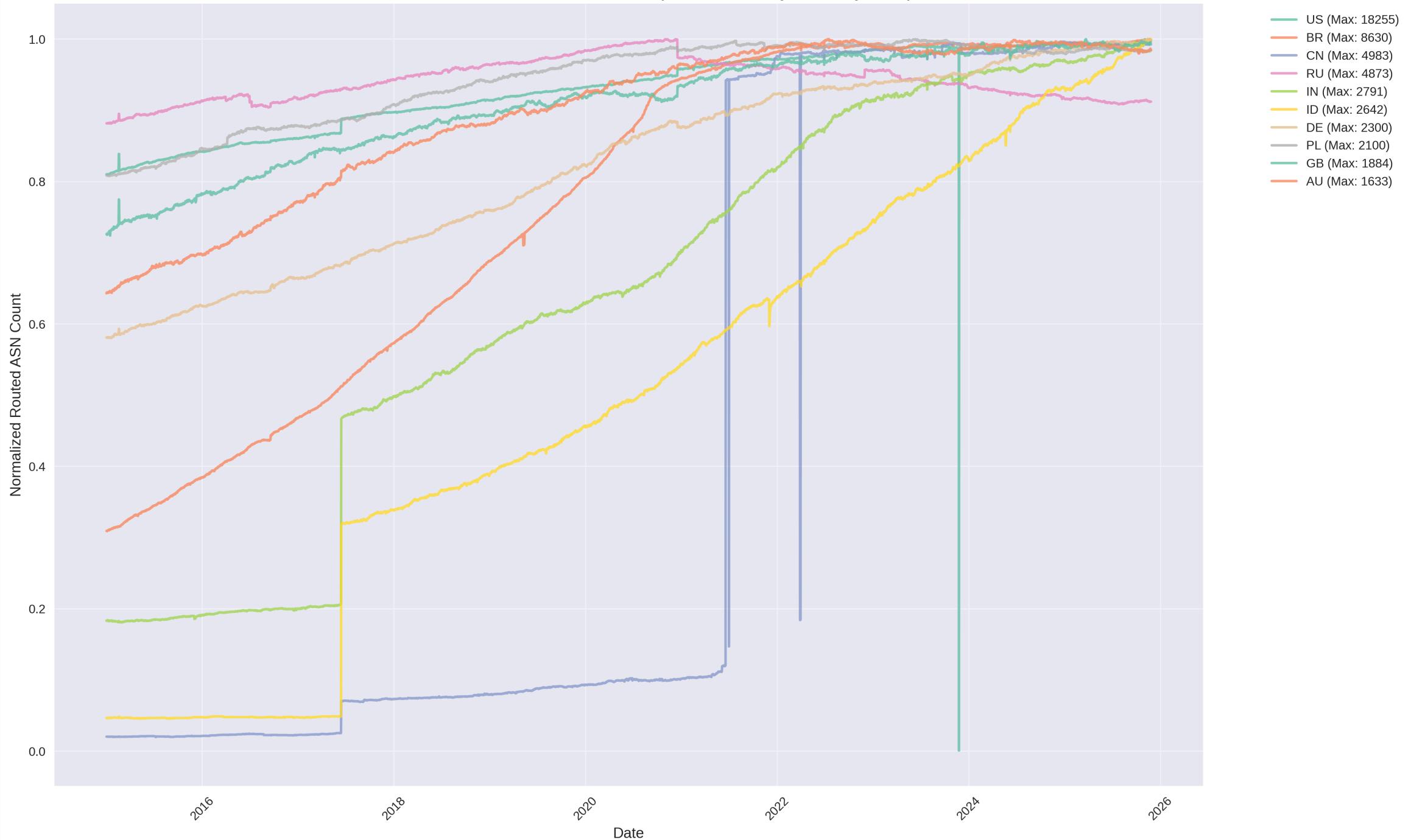
Top 25 Countries by Latest Routed ASN Count



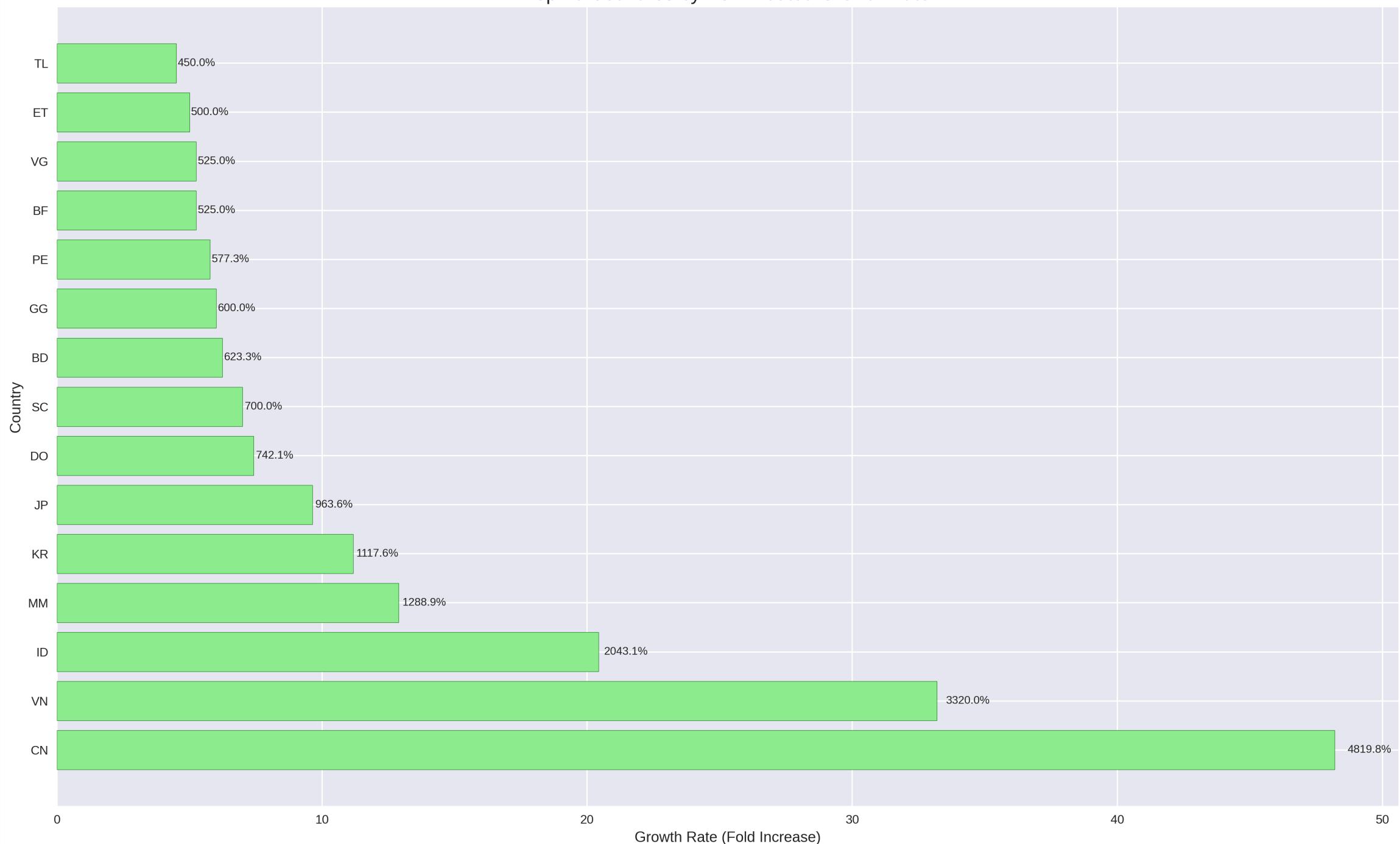
Routed vs Total ASNs (Latest Values)



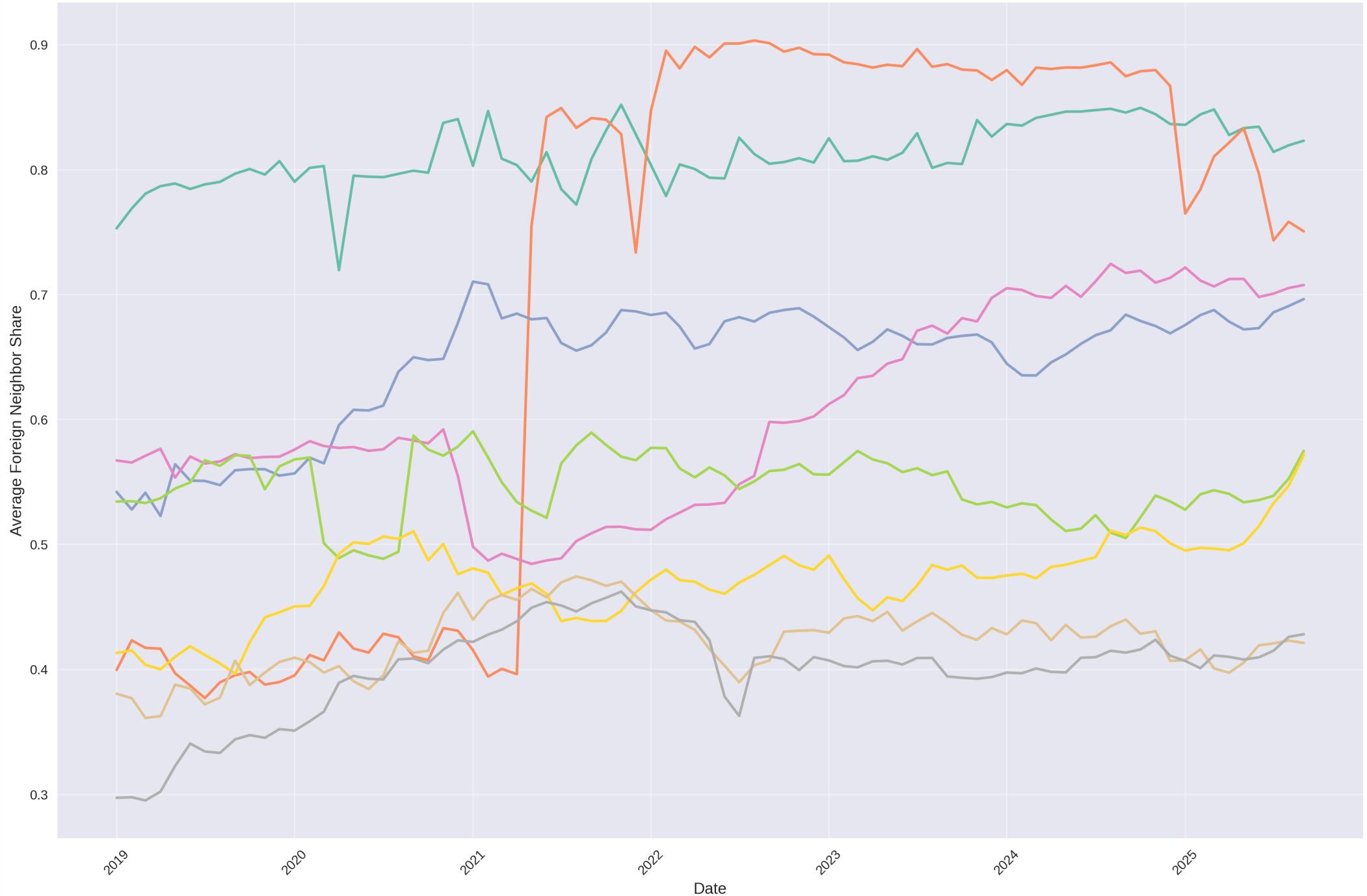
Time Series of Routed ASN Counts (Normalized by Country Max)



Top 15 Countries by ASN Routed Growth Rate



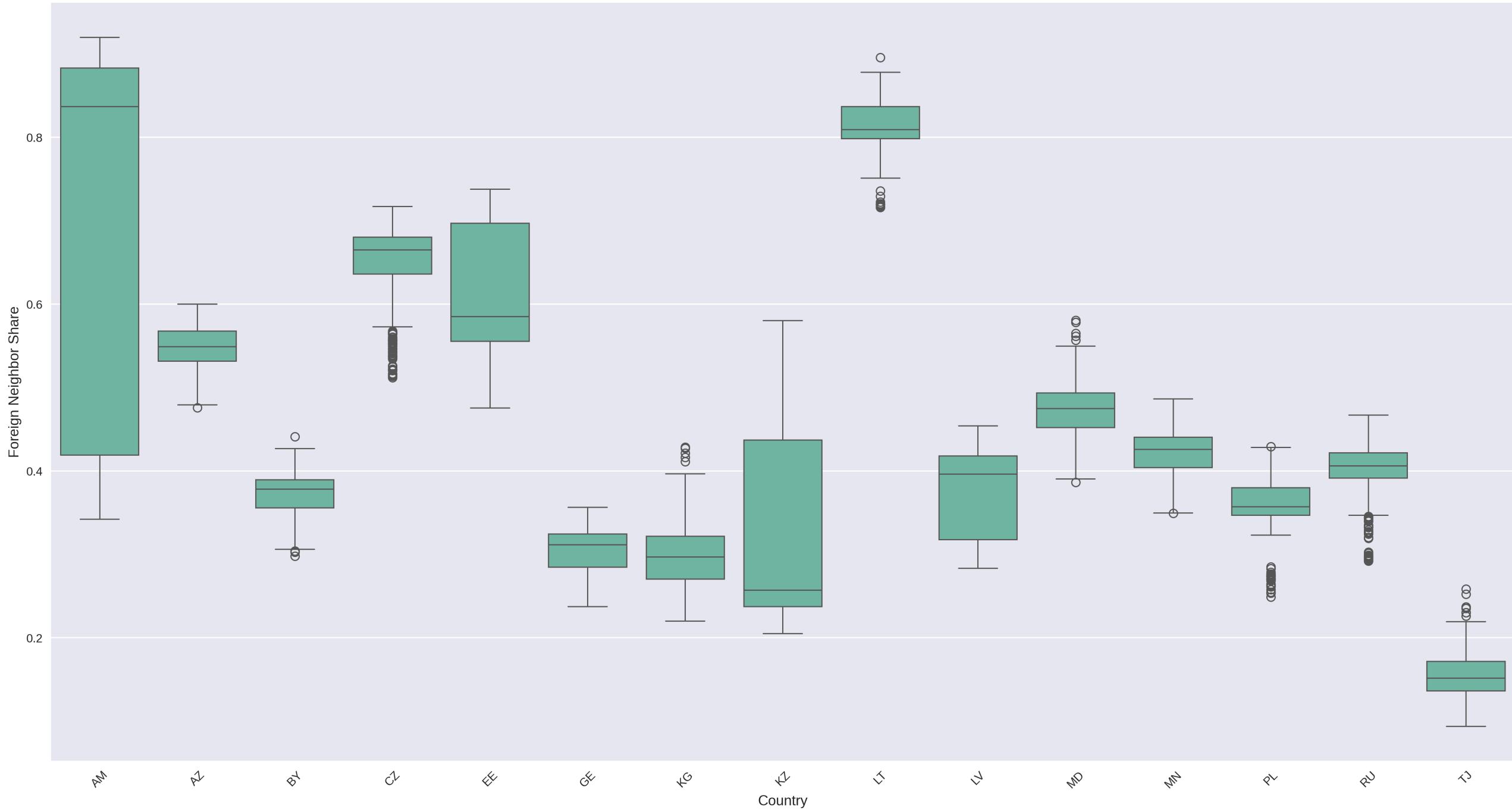
Monthly Average Foreign Neighbor Share



Legend:

- LT
- AM
- CZ
- EE
- AZ
- MD
- MN
- RU

Distribution of Foreign Neighbor Share by Country



Machine Learning

Feature Engineering

- Created `asn_censorship_indicator` based on significant ASN count drops
- Calculated connectivity metrics including foreign neighbor share

Models

- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest Classifier
- Time Series Autoencoder for anomaly detection

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 30, 64)	17,152
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 32)	12,416
repeat_vector (RepeatVector)	(None, 30, 32)	0
lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None, 30, 32)	8,320
lstm_3 (LSTM)	(None, 30, 64)	24,832
time_distributed (TimeDistributed)	(None, 30, 2)	130

Key Findings

Potential censorship events detected

- **Total Events:** 1,367 potential censorship events
- **Affected Countries:** 75 countries
- **Top Country:** Dominica (DM) with 289 events

Top Countries

1. Dominica (DM) - 289 events
2. Syria (SY) - Significant events
3. Saint Kitts and Nevis (KN) - Significant events
4. Suriname (SR) - Significant events
5. Kiribati (KI) - Significant events

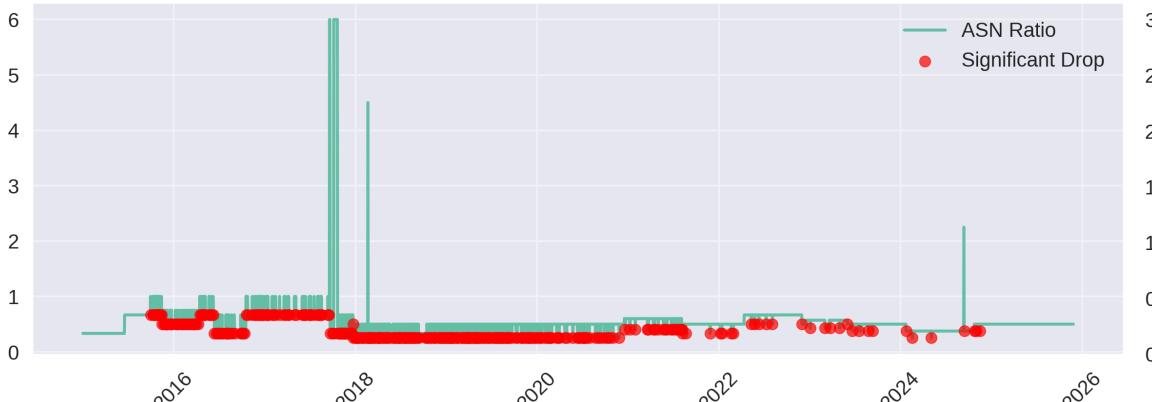
Supervised vs Unsupervised Comparison

Method Comparison

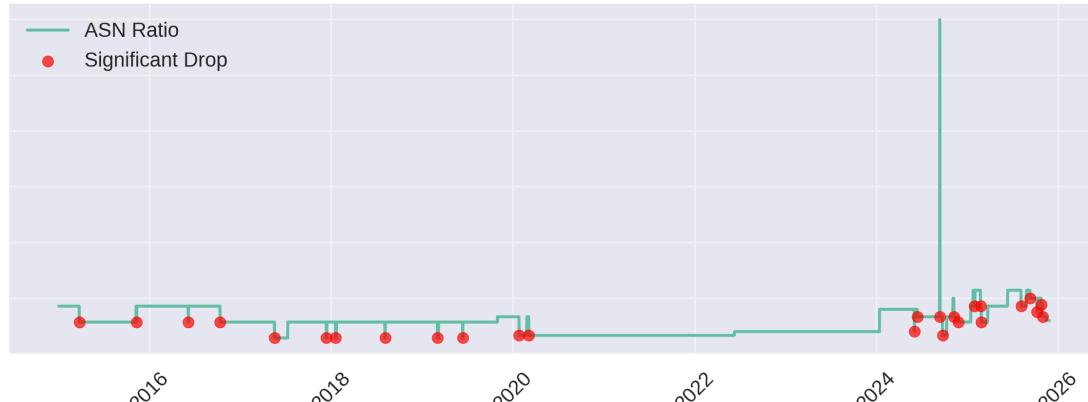
- *Supervised*: 1,367 events detected using labeled patterns
- *Unsupervised*: 87 anomalies detected using statistical methods
- *Overlap*: 63 events detected by both methods (4.61% overlap)

ASN Ratio Changes - Identifying Potential Censorship Events

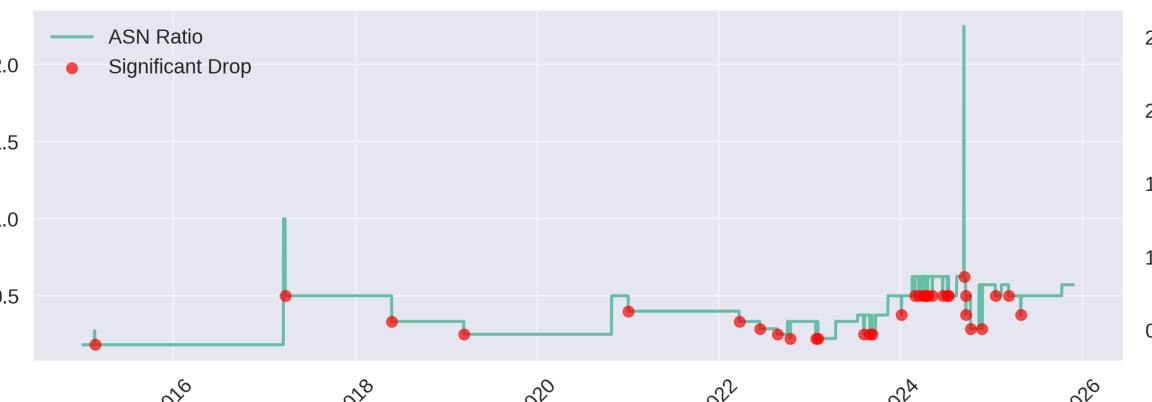
ASN Ratio Trend - DM



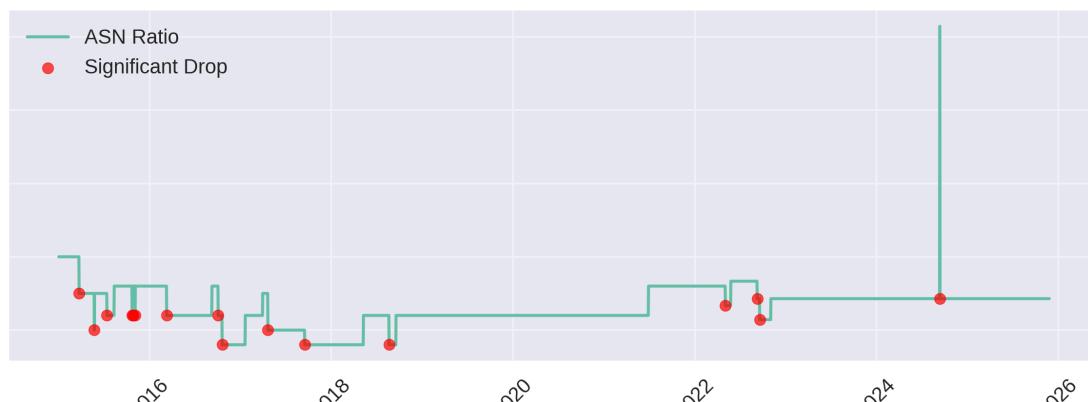
ASN Ratio Trend - SY



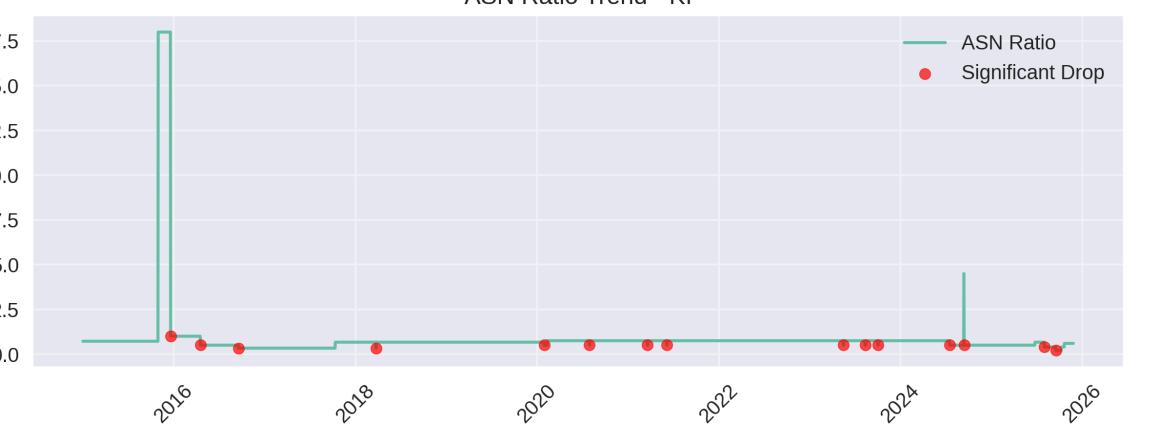
ASN Ratio Trend - KN



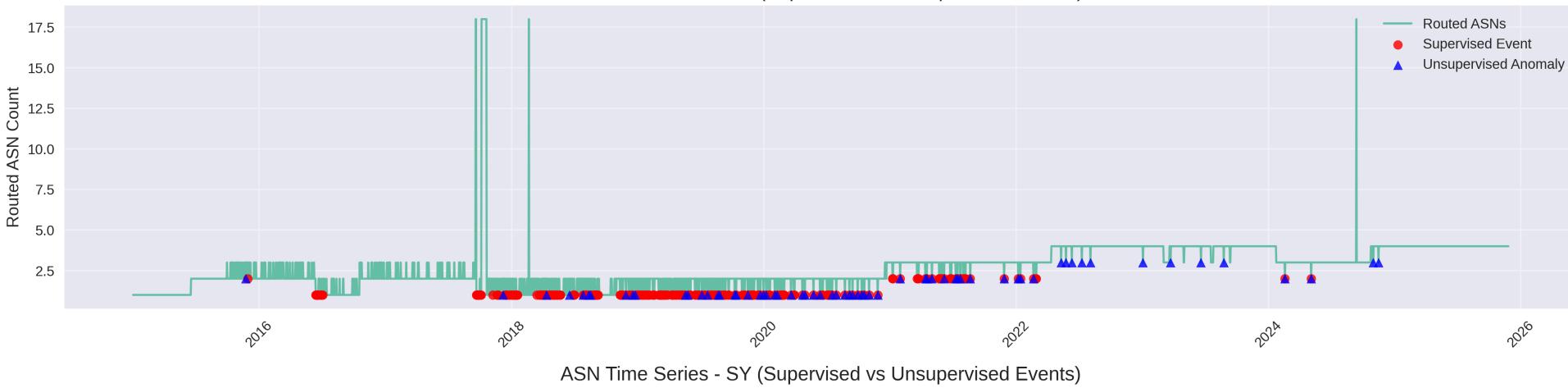
ASN Ratio Trend - SR



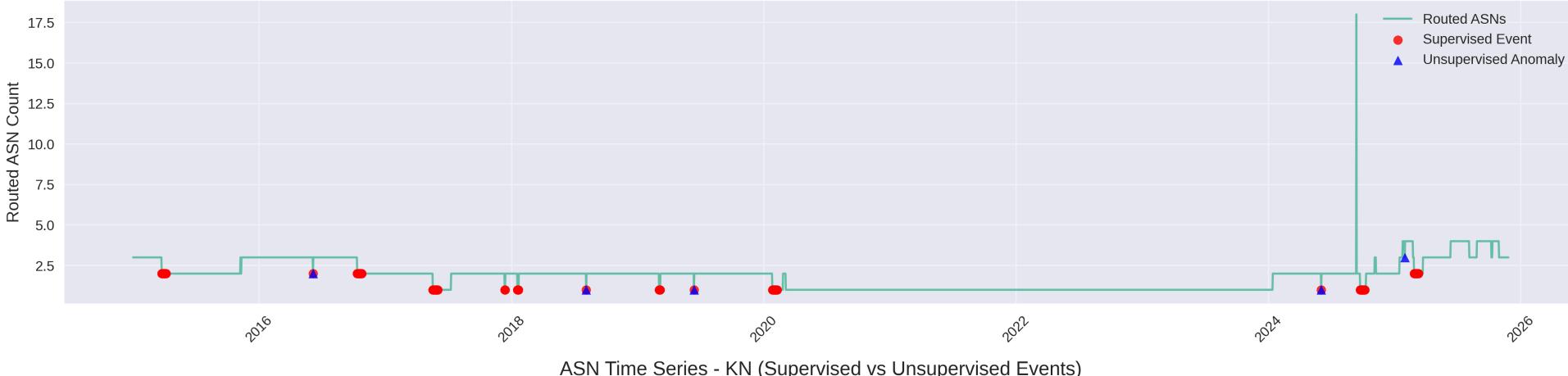
ASN Ratio Trend - KI



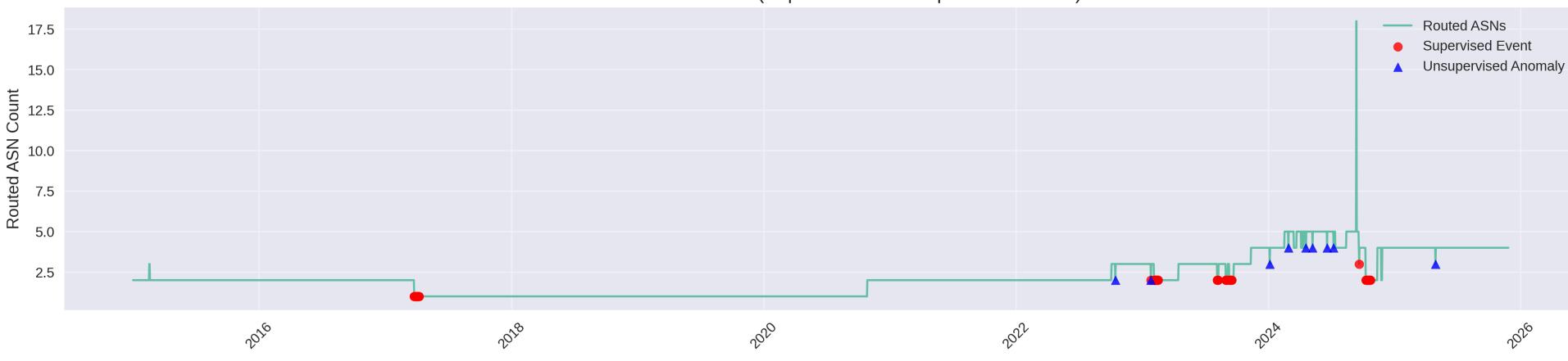
Comparison of Supervised and Unsupervised Event Detection
ASN Time Series - DM (Supervised vs Unsupervised Events)



ASN Time Series - SY (Supervised vs Unsupervised Events)



ASN Time Series - KN (Supervised vs Unsupervised Events)



Results Summary

Key Insights

- Different detection methods identify complementary event patterns
- ASN data provides valuable insights into network disruptions
- Many significant drop in ASN are small numbers effect

Conclusion

Future Work

- Handle small countries
- Cross-reference with known censorship events
- Refine unsupervised anomaly detection algorithms
- Apply to real-time monitoring systems