

# Universal Semantic Search Project

Tara Rajagopalan

# Objective

- Input Query is typed into a task bar.
- Top 5 related universal documents will appear. These documents are of types PDF, Text, Image, and Video. They will appear in results based on cosine similarity distance of vector embeddings.



#### **How Site Works**

### Enter Query into Search Bar & Apply Filter, Click "Submit"



### Most Similar Documents Show Up: Document Link, Text Summary, Cosine Distance Presented

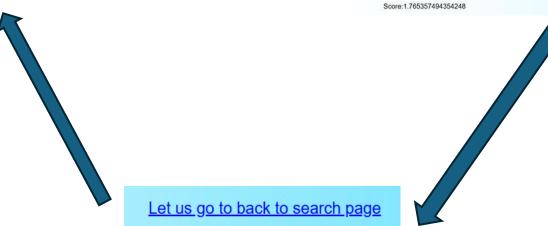
#### ClayMoldMaking.pdf

This document outlines an Arts Center curriculum lesson plan on "Mold Making," offering two distinct projects: plaster casting (Grades 3-12) and more advanced pewter casting (High School). The lesson aims to connect art to everyday life by exploring how molds are used in common objects and by artists like Mary Nohl and Stella Waitzkin, fostering an understanding of three-dimensional art. "\*Key Learning Objectives:" \* Students will recognize the presence of molds in everyday life. \* They will develop a mold design emphasizing depth and/or pattern. \* Students will create a mold and cast an object using either plaster or pewter. "Plaster Casting Process (Grades 3-12): "Students begin by designing their mold within a paper container, pressing designs into air-dry or bench clay. This step emphasizes understanding negative space, as pressed-in areas will protrude in the final plaster piece. Optional embellishments like buttons or colored sand can be added. After pouring quick-set craft plaster, a wire or paper clip can be inserted to create a hanging device. The plaster is then allowed to set before demoiding. "Pewter Casting Process (High School):" This more complex project involves carving designs into cuttlefish bones. Students prepare the bones by cutting and smoothing them, then carve their designs and a sprue (entry point for the metal). The two bone halves are secured tily, optionally sealed with bench clay. Crucially, an instructor or adult melts the pewter in a crucible using a propane blowtorch and carefully pours it into the mold over a flame-resistant surface. After cooling, the pewter piece is demolded and refined using files, pilers, and sandpaper to remove excess material. "Materials:" Both projects require specific materials, including clay, plaster, paper containers, and sculpting tools for plaster casting, and cuttlefish bones. Pewfer, carving tools, a crucible, and a propone blowtorch for pewter casting. The lesson includes discussion prompts, national visual arts standards (#Wa:Cr2.3), and a vocab

Score: 1.408015251159668

#### EasyRecipes.pdf

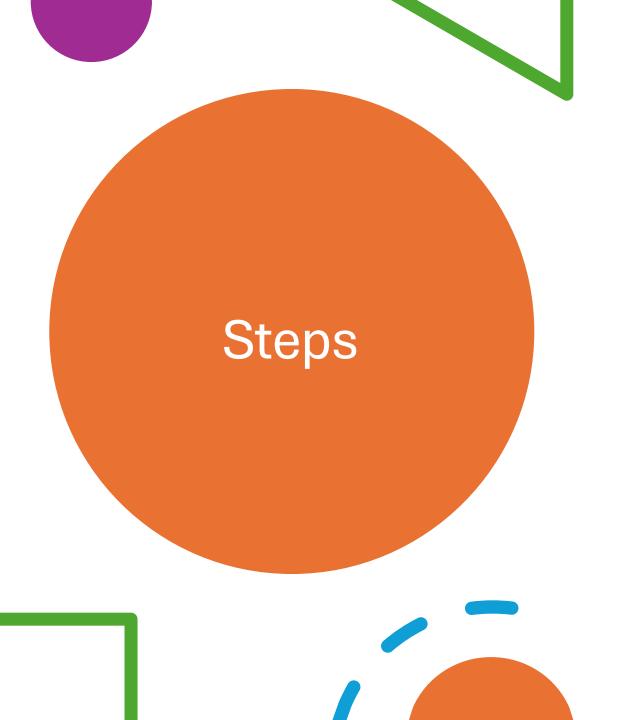
This document is a collection of "Quick and easy recipes" specifically curated to encourage students and friends to cook at home, emphasizing that it's a much cheaper and healthier alternative to eating out, especially in places like Geneva. The document features: "An introductory section that motivates readers to start cooking, highlighting the financial benefits and the social aspect of cooking for roommates and friends. "An index listing 14 distinct recipes, ranging from international dishes like Chili con Carne, Pad Thai Chicken, and Thai Green Curry, to simpler meals such as Omelette, Basic Pasta, and various salads. "Individual pages for each recipe, providing a clear list of ingredients and step-by-step cooking instructions. The recipes are sourced from student-focused websites (studentrecipes.com and squidoo.com/studentfood) and are presented as "easy," "healthy," "cheap," and "tasty" options ideal for a student budget and lifestyle.



Link at Bottom of Page redirects back to main page

### Folder Structure

- + Flask
- Server.jpynb
- + Data Processing // your data processing files go here
  - + GeneratingTextSummaries.ipnyb
  - + projectdatatable\_script.ipnyb
  - + project\_querySearch.ipnyb
- + Static
- Style.css
- + Images // your image files go here
- + PDF // your PDF files go here
- + Images // your image files go here
- + videos // your video files go here
- + Templates // all the html files go here
- Main.html
- Results.html
- Image.html
- Video.html



- Build Collection Table (Milvus Database) for File Information using Milvus Client
- 2) Generate Text Summaries of Every File Using Gemini Client
- 3) Compute Vector Embeddings using pymilvus Default Embedding Function
- 4) Load Key information into Collection Table (Milvus Database)
- 5) Write a Flask App, Include Query Functions, Serve Up Site Pages.

# Build Collection Table

- Collection table was named "project\_collection"
- Fields included:
- ID
- Text: Text Summary of Files
- Embedding: Vector Embeddings of Files
- FilePath: Path of File
- FileExtension: Extension of File

```
#below are all of the fields that we want in the project_collection table!
#FileName is probably going to be the path of the file or name of the file?
#FileExtension is the file type; ex .pdf is pdf, .mp4 is video, .jgp is photo
fields = [
    FieldSchema(name="id", dtype=DataType.INT64, is primary=True, auto id=True), #automatically fills in the id field
    FieldSchema(name="text", dtype=DataType.VARCHAR, max length=2048),
    FieldSchema(name="embedding", dtype=DataType.FLOAT_VECTOR, dim=768),
    FieldSchema(name="FilePath", dtype=DataType.VARCHAR, max_length=80),
    FieldSchema(name="FileExtension", dtype=DataType.VARCHAR, max length=80)
#exclude line below from fields for now, ask and figure this out
schema = CollectionSchema(fields=fields)
# Create the collection called project collection with the schema created in the previous code block
client.create collection(
    collection name="project collection",
    schema=schema,
```

from pymilvus import connections, Collection, FieldSchema, CollectionSchema, DataType

### File Summarization Helper Functions

```
def getTextSummary(txtFilePath, client):
    Generates a short summary of a text file.
    with open(txtFilePath, 'r') as f:
        text = f.read()
    prompt = "Summarize the Document"
    response = client.models.generate content(
        model="gemini-2.5-flash",
        contents=[
            types.Part(text=text),
            prompt
    return response.text
```

```
def getImageSummary(ImageFilePath, client, max words=30):
        Generates a short caption for an image.
        max words = the maximum number of words in the returned caption.
        # Read image bytes
        with open(ImageFilePath, 'rb') as f:
            image bytes = f.read()
        prompt = f"Caption this image in under {max words} words, concise and vivid."
        # Send request with a prompt that explicitly asks for brevity
        response = client.models.generate content(
            model="gemini-2.5-flash",
            contents=[
                types.Part.from_bytes(
                    data=image_bytes,
                    mime type="image/jpeg"
                #f"Caption this image in under {max_words} words, concise and vivid."
        return response.text.strip()
```

```
#Function for getVideoSummary (MederSinerth, Client):

### Only for videos of size (2009

### Only for videos of size (2009)

### West are passing in the video file path, reading the contents of the file into video bytes

### video_file_path * VideoFilePath (prof.)_read()

#### Passing in the video File_path, "re")_read()

#### Interest the profit of the prof. The passing of the
```

```
#Function for getPDFSummary for PDF Files
def getPDFSummary(PDFFilePath,client):
 #Retrieve and encode the PDF byte
 file path = pathlib.Path(PDFFilePath)
 #Upload the pdf using the File API
 sample file = client.files.upload(
    file = file path,
 prompt = "Summarize the Document"
 #client is sending a request to the REST API server and wants to use the generate_content function on the REST API SERVER
 #parameters: model (gemini-2.5-flash), contents has the pdf file to pass in and prompt of what we want to do
  response = client.models.generate_content(
     model = "gemini-2.5-flash",
     contents = [sample file, "Summarize the Document"]
 #response CONTAINS THE SUMMARY and by saying 'return response.text' we are saying to only return the text portion of the response
  return response.text
```

## Collecting Data for Each File

- Shown here is the getInformationForEachFile() function:
- A for loop is used to iterate through the Folder Path that was passed in,
- The File Extension of each file in the folder path is collected.
- Appropriate helper functions summarize the files based on file type using Gemini Client
- Embeddings are generated for each file.
- Item path information is collected.
- Each file's information is stored in a dictionary.
- As a result, an array with dictionaries pertaining to each file is returned!

```
import time
def getInformationForEachFile(folderPath,gemini client,milvus client):
 folderPathArray = []
 for item name in os.listdir(folderPath):
       item path = os.path.join(folderPath, item name)
       print("Processing: " + item_path)
       #item path: full path to item (file or folder), combines folder and item name
       if os.path.isfile(item_path):
            #print(f"File: {item name}")
            _, extension = os.path.splitext(item_name)
            ext = extension.lower()
            #summary = getFileSummary(extension,item_path,gemini_client)
            if ext in [".jpeg",".webp",".jpg"]:
             summary = getImageSummary(item path,gemini client)
              summary = getPDFSummary(item_path,gemini_client)
            elif ext in [".mp4",".mov"]:
             summary = getVideoSummary(item_path,gemini_client)
              summary = getTextSummary(item path,gemini client)
             summary = "Invalid File Type"
            embedding_fn = model.DefaultEmbeddingFunction()
            vectors = embedding_fn.encode_documents([summary])
           item path = item path.split("Static/",1)[1]
            folderPathArray.append({"text":summary,"embedding":vectors[0], "FilePath":item
```

# Load Data Into Collection Table

#### Shown here is the insertDataIntoCollection Function:

- The insertDataIntoCollection function calls the getInformationForEachFileFunction to get appropriate information for each file. Information for each file is stored in an array called "data"
- Milvus Client is used to insert data into project\_collection table

```
#function to insert summaries into the client collection
def insertDataIntoCollection(folderpath, gemini_client, milvus_client, collection_name):

data = getInformationForEachFile(folderpath,gemini_client,milvus_client)

print(data)

#uses milvus client to insert data into the appropriate collection for the project (project_collection)
res = milvus_client.insert(collection_name=collection_name,data=data)
print(res)
```

# Flask App Creation

Used the Static and Template folders to create a flask app

```
#writing a simple flask app that will return the main.html page using render_template function (not JSON)
#main.html is stored in the Templates folder under Flask folder in google drive

from flask import Flask, jsonify, request
from flask import render_template
import os

#specifiying the folder paths for static and template folders & using those folders to make the flask app
static_folder_path = 'drive/My Drive/Flask/Static'
template_folder_path = 'drive/My Drive/Flask/Templates'
print(os.listdir("/content/drive/My Drive/Flask/Templates"))
app = Flask(__name__, static_folder=static_folder_path, template_folder=template_folder_path)
```

# Serve Up Site Pages and Query

- Serves up the pages for the different files by rendering their html templates:
- Main Page
- Image Files
- Video Files
- PDF Files
- Text Files

```
#LIIC IIICSSAGC TIOWUY IS PASSEU III A IIICSSAGC TLUII LIASK APP LO TITI'L
@app.route("/")
    def main():
      return render_template("main.html", message="howdy")
    @app.route("/page1")
    def serve page1():
        return render_template('page1.html')
    @app.route("/page2")
    def serve_page2():
        return render_template('page2.html')
    @app.route("/image/<fileName>")
    def serve_image(fileName):
        message = fileName
        img = '/Static/Images/Samples/' + fileName
        return render_template('Images.html', message=message, img=img)
    @app.route("/video/<fileName>")
    def serve_video(fileName):
        #message = "Video Route"
        message = fileName
        vid = '/Static/Videos/Samples/' + fileName
        return render_template('Video.html', message=message, vid=vid)
    @app.route("/pdf/<fileName>")
    def serve_pdf(fileName):
        #message = "Video Route"
        message = fileName
        pdf = '/Static/PDF/Samples/' + fileName
        return render_template('PDF.html', message=message, pdf=pdf)
    @app.route("/text/<fileName>")
    def serve text(fileName):
        #message = "Video Route"
        message = fileName
        txt = '/Static/Text/Samples/' + fileName
        return render_template('Text.html', message=message, txt=txt)
```

# Serve Up Site Pages and Query

• This search function is responsible for querying and rendering the template of the resulting list.

- The querying according to the specified filter is shown here.
- The milvus client was used to query the project\_collection data base.

```
@app.route('/search', methods=['POST'])
def search():
 json = request.get json()
 searchStr = json['searchText']
 fileType = json['fileType']
 print(fileType)
 query_vector= embedding_fn.encode_queries([searchStr])
 if fileType == "all":
   res1 = milvus client.search(
        collection name="project collection",
        data=query vector,
        anns_field="embedding",
        search params = search params,
        limit=5, #returns top 5 similar results
        output_fields=["text", "FilePath", "FileExtension"],
  else:
   filter = 'FileExtension in ["'+fileType+'"]'
   res1 = milvus client.search(
        collection_name="project_collection",
        data=query vector,
        anns_field="embedding",
        filter=filter,
        search params = search params,
        limit=5, #returns top 5 similar results
        output_fields=["text","FilePath","FileExtension"],
```

# Links of Documents Displayed

- Iterates through the resulting array of dictionaries representing each file after the query
- Calls the appropriate serve function based on the File Extension
- Renders the index template to display the links of the resulting documents after querying.

```
links = []
innerRes1 = res1[0]
for dict in innerRes1:
    distance = dict.distance
   entityDict = dict.entity
   fileSummary = entityDict.text
   FilePath = entityDict.FilePath
    FileExtension = entityDict.FileExtension
    FileName = os.path.basename(FilePath)
    if FileExtension == ".jpg" or FileExtension == ".jpeg" or FileExtension == ".webp":
      links.append({'summary':fileSummary, 'endpoint':'serve image', 'fileName': FileName, 'distance':distance})
    elif FileExtension == ".pdf":
      links.append({'summary':fileSummary, 'endpoint':'serve pdf', 'fileName': FileName, 'distance':distance})
    elif FileExtension == ".mp4" or FileExtension ==".mov":
      links.append({'summary':fileSummary, 'endpoint':'serve video', 'fileName': FileName, 'distance':distance})
    elif FileExtension == ".txt":
      links.append({'summary':fileSummary, 'endpoint':'serve text', 'fileName': FileName, 'distance':distance})
print(links)
return render_template('index.html', links=links)
```

### Results

#### · ClayMoldMaking.pdf

This document outlines an Arts Center curriculum lesson plan on "Mold Making," offering two distinct projects: plaster casting (Grades 3-12) and more advanced pewter casting (High School). The lesson aims to connect art to everyday life by exploring how molds are used in common objects and by artists like Mary Nohl and Stella Waitzkin, fostering an understanding of three-dimensional art. \*\*Key Learning Objectives:\*\* \* Students will recognize the presence of molds in everyday life. \* They will develop a mold design emphasizing depth and/or pattern. \* Students will create a mold and cast an object using either plaster or pewter. \*\*Plaster Casting Process (Grades 3-12):\*\* Students begin by designing their mold within a paper container, pressing designs into air-dry or bench clay. This step emphasizes understanding negative space, as pressed-in areas will protrude in the final plaster piece. Optional embellishments like buttons or colored sand can be added. After pouring quick-set craft plaster, a wire or paper clip can be inserted to create a hanging device. The plaster is then allowed to set before demolding. \*\*Pewter Casting Process (High School):\*\* This more complex project involves carving designs into cuttlefish bones. Students prepare the bones by cutting and smoothing them, then carve their designs and a sprue (entry point for the metal). The two bone halves are secured tightly, optionally sealed with bench clay. Crucially, an instructor or adult melts the pewter in a crucible using a propane blowtorch and carefully pours it into the mold over a flame-resistant surface. After cooling, the pewter piece is demolded and refined using files, pliers, and sandpaper to remove excess material. \*\*Materials:\*\* Both projects require specific materials, including clay, plaster, paper containers, and sculpting tools for plaster casting, and cuttlefish bones, pewter, carving tools, a crucible, and a propane blowtorch for pewter casting. The lesson includes discussion prompts, national visual arts standards (#VA:Cr2.3), a

Score: 1.408015251159668

#### EasyRecipes.pdf

This document is a collection of "Quick and easy recipes" specifically curated to encourage students and friends to cook at home, emphasizing that it's a much cheaper and healthier alternative to eating out, especially in places like Geneva. The document features: \* An introductory section that motivates readers to start cooking, highlighting the financial benefits and the social aspect of cooking for roommates and friends. \* An index listing 14 distinct recipes, ranging from international dishes like Chili con Carne, Pad Thai Chicken, and Thai Green Curry, to simpler meals such as Omelette, Basic Pasta, and various salads. \* Individual pages for each recipe, providing a clear list of ingredients and step-by-step cooking instructions. The recipes are sourced from student-focused websites (studentrecipes.com and squidoo.com/studentfood) and are presented as "easy," "healthy," "cheap," and "tasty" options ideal for a student budget and lifestyle.

Score:1.765357494354248

#### dance.mp4

The video features a young woman dancing outdoors, dressed in a black crop top with red stripes and black pants. She performs a series of fluid movements, turning and extending her arms. Her dance appears to be a blend of contemporary and hip-hop styles, set against the backdrop of a modern building and green trees.

Score: 1.9009466171264648

### Clicking on Links Directs You to Another Page!

• gymnast.jpeg

A gymnast in a dazzling blue leotard gracefully performs her routine on the mat, showcasing strength and poise before a captivated arena audience.

Score:1.9538261890411377

When you click on a link, it will direct you to that document in another browser. For example, when you click on "gymnast.jpeg" link, it directs you to the image of the gymnast in another browser.

