

# EEE424 Homework 3

## (Clearly justify all answers.)

(Due 3 April 2023)

In this homework, you will investigate some DFT properties.

Let  $N$  be an even integer, and  $x[n]$  be a finite length signal over the interval  $n \in [0, N - 1]$ ; let  $X[k]$  be the  $N$ -pt DFT of  $x[n]$ .

- 1- Analytically find the DFT of each sequence below in terms of  $X[k]$ . (The DFT size is  $N$  unless specified otherwise.):

a)  $x_1[n] = x[N - 1 - n]$

b)  $x_2[n] = (-1)^n x[n]$

c) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_3[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] & \text{if } n \in [0, N - 1] \\ x[n - N] & \text{if } n \in [N, 2N - 1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

d) DFT size is  $N/2$ .

$$x_4[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] + x[n + N/2] & \text{if } n \in [0, N/2 - 1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

e) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_5[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] & \text{if } n \in [0, N - 1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

f) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_6[n] = \begin{cases} x[n/2] & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

g) DFT size is  $N/2$ .  $x_7[n] = x[2n]$

Choose an arbitrary 16-pt complex valued array  $x[n]$ . Make sure that the array is not too simple (for example, do not choose a constant  $x[n]$ .) Plot the real and imaginary parts of  $x[n]$

Write a MATLAB code to compute the 16-point DFT of your  $x[n]$ ; do not use the `fft` or related commands of the MATLAB; rather directly implement the DFT definition. Then, computationally find the DFT's of each item above (with their indicated sizes (8, 16 or 32)), again using MATLAB and direct implementation of the DFT. Finally, numerically compute your analytical solutions for each item, again using MATLAB.

For each item, print the direct DFT implementation and the numerical implementation of your analytical results as two side-by-side arrays. If you find any mismatch between those two arrays, either your analytic solutions are wrong, or your MATLAB DFT implementation has a problem. In that case, go over your solutions and the implementation until the mismatches are resolved. Plot the real and imaginary parts of your MATLAB outputs.

## EEE424 - Digital Signal Processing Homework 3

Let  $N$  be an even integer, and  $x[n]$  be a finite length signal over the interval  $n \in [0, N-1]$ ; let  $X[k]$  be the  $N$ -pt DFT of  $x[n]$ .

- 1- Analytically find the DFT of each sequence below in terms of  $X[k]$ . (The DFT size is  $N$  unless specified otherwise.):

a)  $x_1[n] = x[N-1-n]$

$$\text{Let } \tilde{x}_1[n] = x_1[n \bmod N] = x[N-1-n \bmod N] = x[(N-1-n) \bmod N]$$

$$\text{Let } \tilde{X}[k] = \text{DFT}_N\{\tilde{x}_1[n]\} = \frac{1}{N} \text{DFT}_N\{x[n]\} = \frac{X[k \bmod N]}{N}$$

$$\tilde{x}_1[-1-n] = \tilde{x}_1[n]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DFT}_N\{\tilde{x}_1[n]\} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[-1-n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n-1] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n} \\ &= \frac{e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}}}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n} = \tilde{X}[-k] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}} = \tilde{X}_1[k] \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{X}_1[k] = X[(N-k) \bmod N] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N} \bmod N} \quad \text{Then,}$$

$$X_1[k] = X[(N-k) \bmod N] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N} \bmod N} \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

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b)  $x_2[n] = (-1)^n x[n]$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} X[k]$$

$$x_2[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x_2[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot (-e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}})^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi(k - N/2)}{N}n} = X[(k + \frac{N}{2})_{\text{mod } N}] = x_2[k] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$

c) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_3[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] & \text{if } n \in [0, N-1] \\ x[n-N] & \text{if } n \in [N, 2N-1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n}$$

$$x_3[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{2N}} X_3[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{2N-1} x_3[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{2N}n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{2N}n} + \sum_{n=N}^{2N-1} x[n-N] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{2N}n}$$

$$= X(\frac{k}{2}) + \left( \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{2N}n} \right) \cdot \underbrace{e^{-j\pi k}}_{(-1)^k} = X[\frac{k}{2}] \cdot [1 + (-1)^k]$$

$$X_3[k] = \begin{cases} 2X(\frac{k}{2}) & k \text{ even} \\ 0 & k \text{ odd} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, 2N-1$$

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d) DFT size is  $N/2$ .

$$x_4[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] + x[n + N/2] & \text{if } n \in [0, N/2 - 1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_4[n] &\xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{N/2}} X_4[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N/2-1} x_4[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N/2}kn} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{N/2-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{N}kn} + \sum_{n=0}^{N/2-1} x[n + \frac{N}{2}] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{N}kn} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{N/2-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{N}kn} + \left( \sum_{n=\frac{N}{2}}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{N}kn} \right) \cdot \underbrace{e^{j\frac{4\pi}{N}k \frac{N}{2}}}_{=1} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{N}kn} = X[2k] \end{aligned}$$

$X_4[k] = X[2k] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{2} - 1$

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e) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_5[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] & \text{if } n \in [0, N-1] \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn} = X[k]$$

$$x_5[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{2N}} \sum_{n=0}^{2N-1} x_5[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{2N}kn} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{2N}kn} = X_5[k] \stackrel{?}{=} X\left[\frac{k}{2}\right]$$

$$x_5[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DTFT}} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x_5[n] \cdot e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$X_5(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \left( \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] \cdot e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn} \right) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{N}k - \omega)n} \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{2N}} X_5[M] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{N}k - \omega)n} \Bigg|_{\omega = \frac{2\pi M}{2N}}$$

Not a valid answer since  $X[k]$  is only defined for integer  $k$ . Then try sampling DTFT instead. 4

$$X_5[M] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{N}k - \frac{\pi}{N}M)n} = \frac{1 - (-1)^{M-2k}}{1 - e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}(M-2k)}} \quad \text{if } (M-2k)_{\text{mod } N} \neq 0$$

$$M-2k = N$$

$$M-2k = -N$$

$$N \quad \text{if } (M-2k) = 0$$

$$X_5[M] = \begin{cases} X[k] & \text{for } (M-2k)_{\text{mod } 2} = 0 \\ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] \cdot \frac{1 - (-1)^{M-2k}}{1 - e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}(M-2k)}} & \text{for } (M-2k)_{\text{mod } 2} \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

f) DFT size is  $2N$ .

$$x_6[n] = \begin{cases} x[n/2] & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_N} X[k] \quad \text{for } k = 0, \dots, N-1$$

$$x_6[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{2N}} X_6[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{2N-1} x_6[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{2N}kn} \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, 2N-1$$

$$= x[0] \cdot e^0 + x[1] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{2N}k} + x[2] \cdot e^{-j\frac{8\pi}{2N}k} + \dots + x[N-1] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{2N}k(N-1)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{2N}kn} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn} \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

$$X_6[k] = X[k \bmod N] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, 2N-1$$

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g) DFT size is  $N/2$ .  $x_7[n] = x[2n]$

$$x_7[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}_{N/2}} X_7[k]$$

$$x_0[n] = x[n]$$

$$x_1[n] = x[n] \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi n}{2}} = x[n] \cdot (-1)^n$$

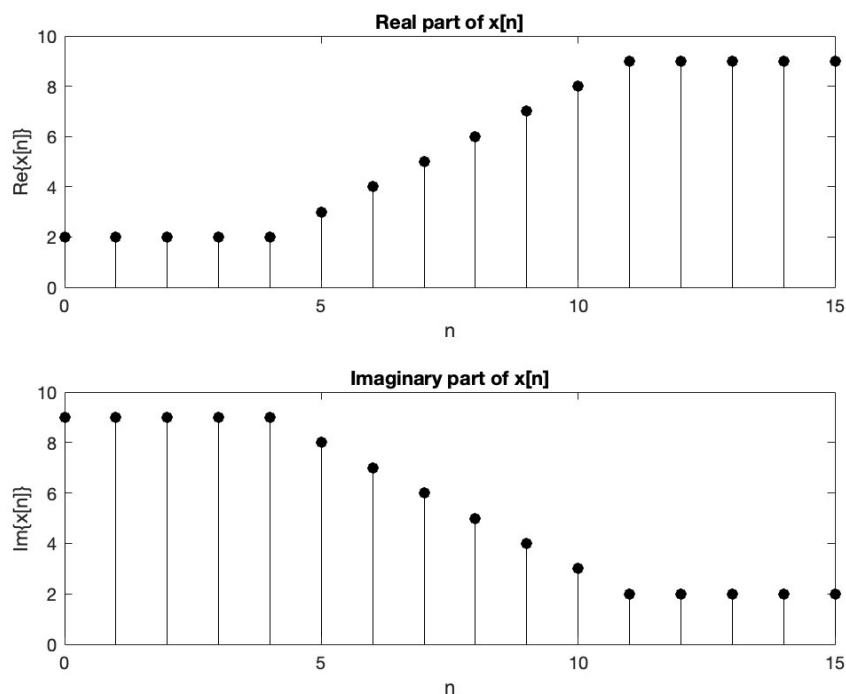
$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=0}^L x_k[n] = \frac{x[n] \cdot (1 + (-1)^n)}{2} = \begin{cases} x[2n] & \text{for even } n \\ 0 & \text{for odd } n \end{cases} = x_7'[n]$$

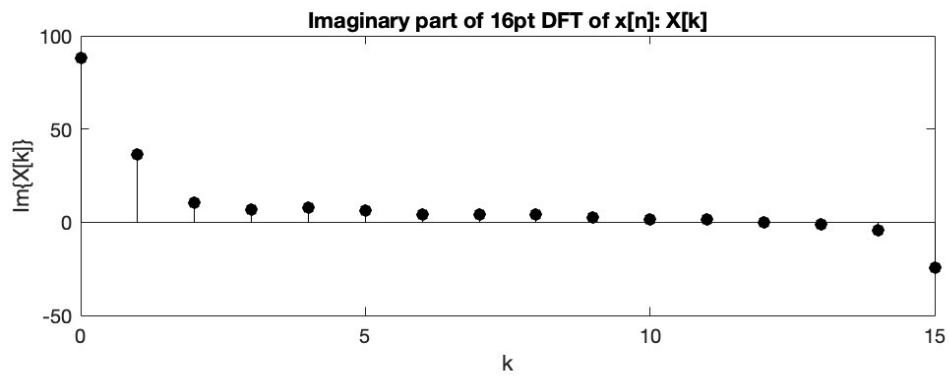
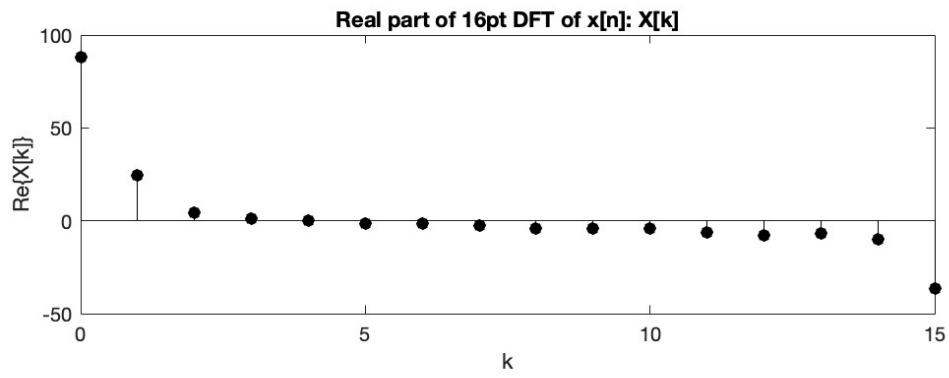
$$X_7'[k] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot [X[k] + X[k + \frac{N}{2}]] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

$$X_7[k] = X_7'[k] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \frac{N}{2} - 1$$

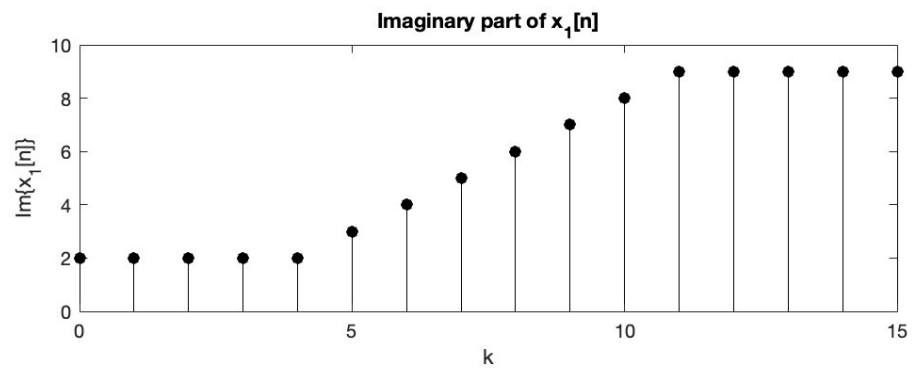
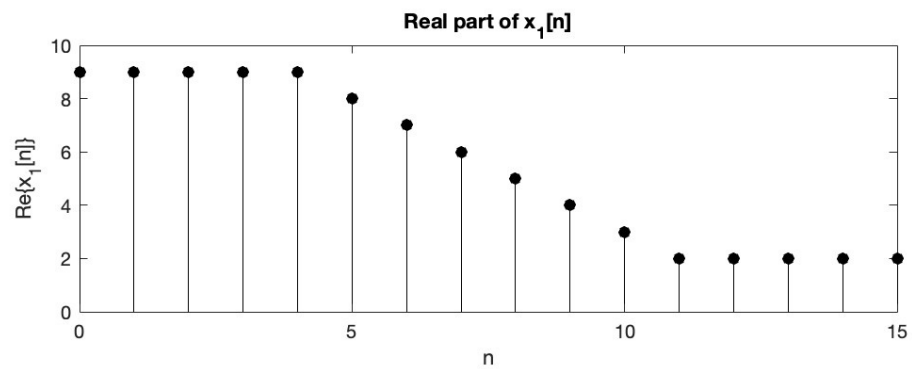
$$X_7[k] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot [X[k] + X[k + \frac{N}{2}]] \quad \text{for } k = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{2} - 1$$

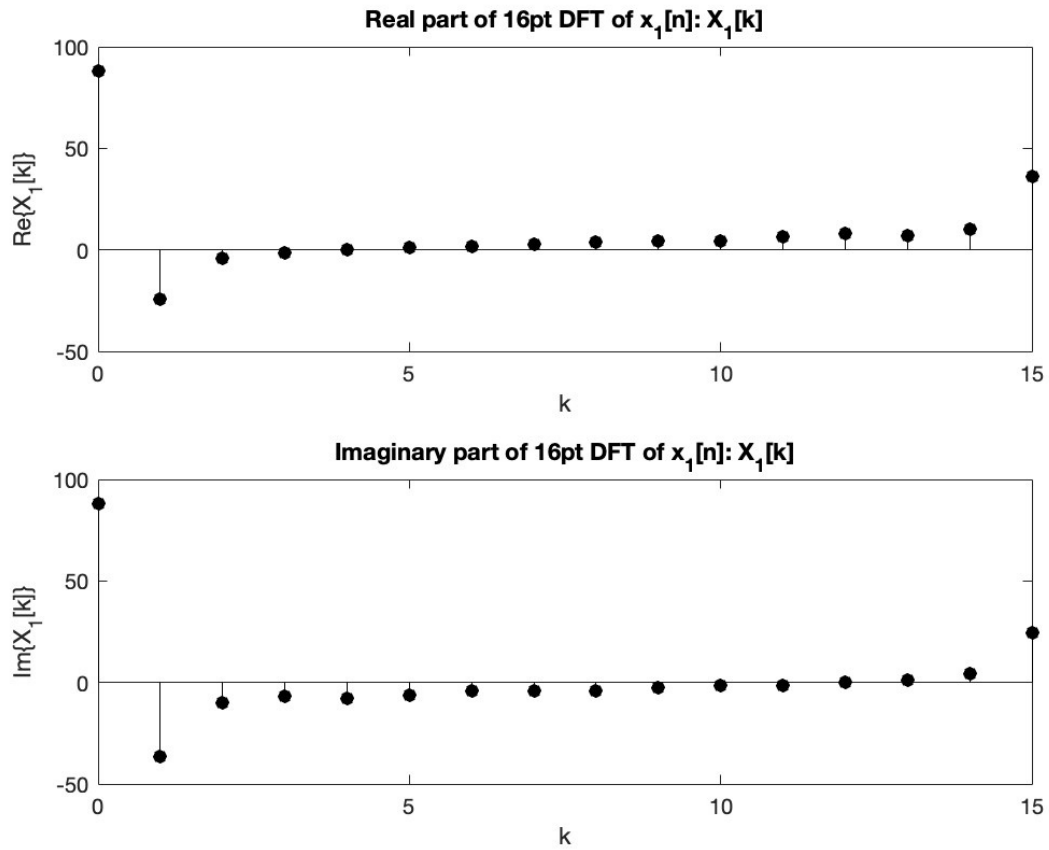
Choose an arbitrary 16-pt complex valued array  $x[n]$ . Make sure that the array is not too simple (for example, do not choose a constant  $x[n]$ .) Plot the real and imaginary parts of  $x[n]$





## Part A:



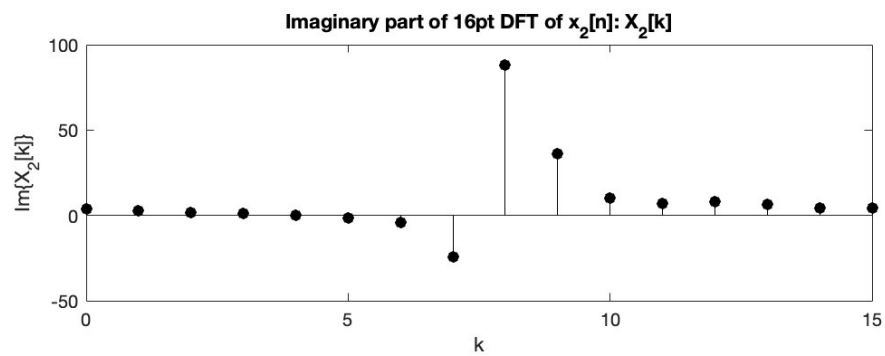
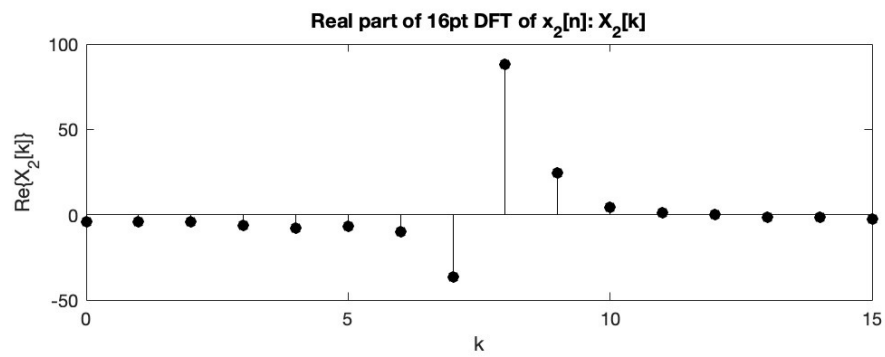
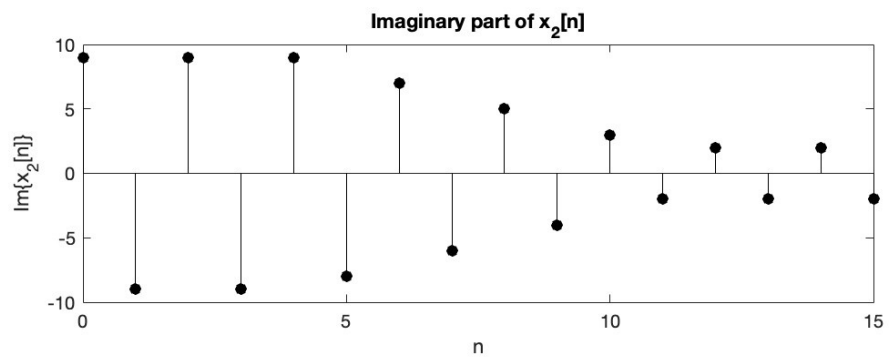
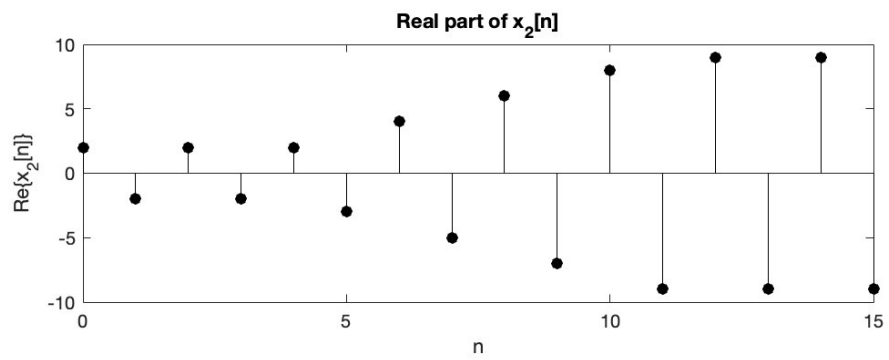


DFTx1\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx1\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
DFTx1_0 =
Columns 1 through 5
88.0000 +88.0000i -24.2191 -36.2464i -4.2426 -10.2426i -1.3665 - 6.8699i -0.0000 - 8.0000i
Columns 6 through 10
1.2722 - 6.3959i 1.7574 - 4.2426i 2.7241 - 4.0770i 4.0000 - 4.0000i 4.0770 - 2.7241i
Columns 11 through 15
4.2426 - 1.7574i 6.3959 - 1.2722i 8.0000 - 0.0000i 6.8699 + 1.3665i 10.2426 + 4.2426i
Column 16
36.2464 +24.2191i
>> DFTx1_1
DFTx1_1 =
Columns 1 through 5
88.0000 +88.0000i -24.2191 -36.2464i -4.2426 -10.2426i -1.3665 - 6.8699i 0.0000 - 8.0000i
Columns 6 through 10
1.2722 - 6.3959i 1.7574 - 4.2426i 2.7241 - 4.0770i 4.0000 - 4.0000i 4.0770 - 2.7241i
Columns 11 through 15
4.2426 - 1.7574i 6.3959 - 1.2722i 8.0000 + 0.0000i 6.8699 + 1.3665i 10.2426 + 4.2426i
Column 16
36.2464 +24.2191i
```



## Part B:

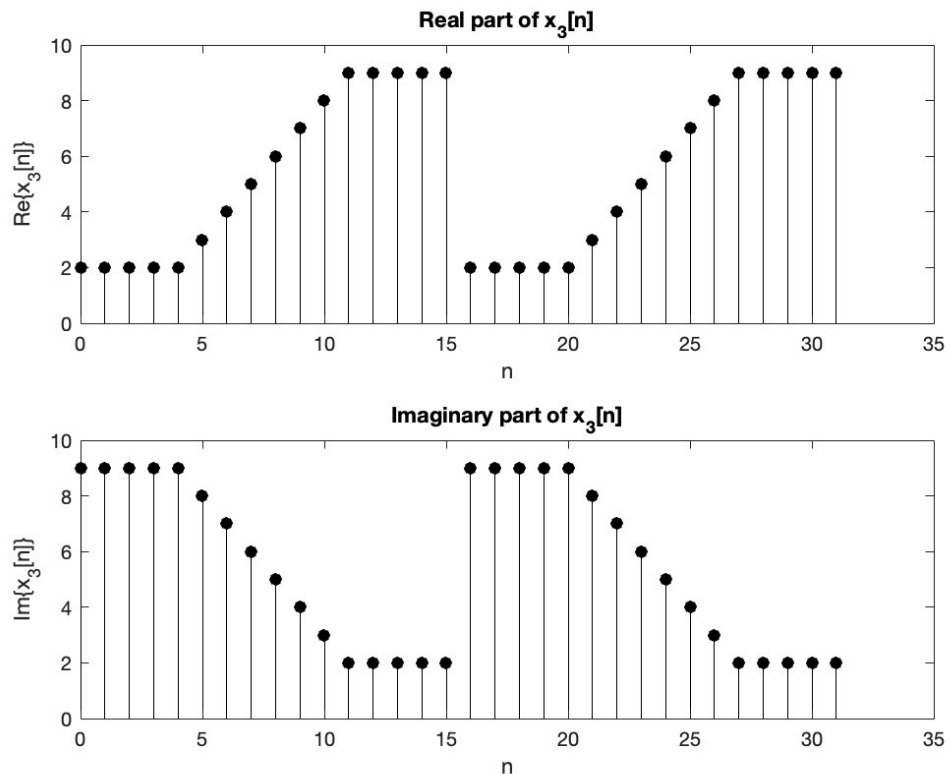


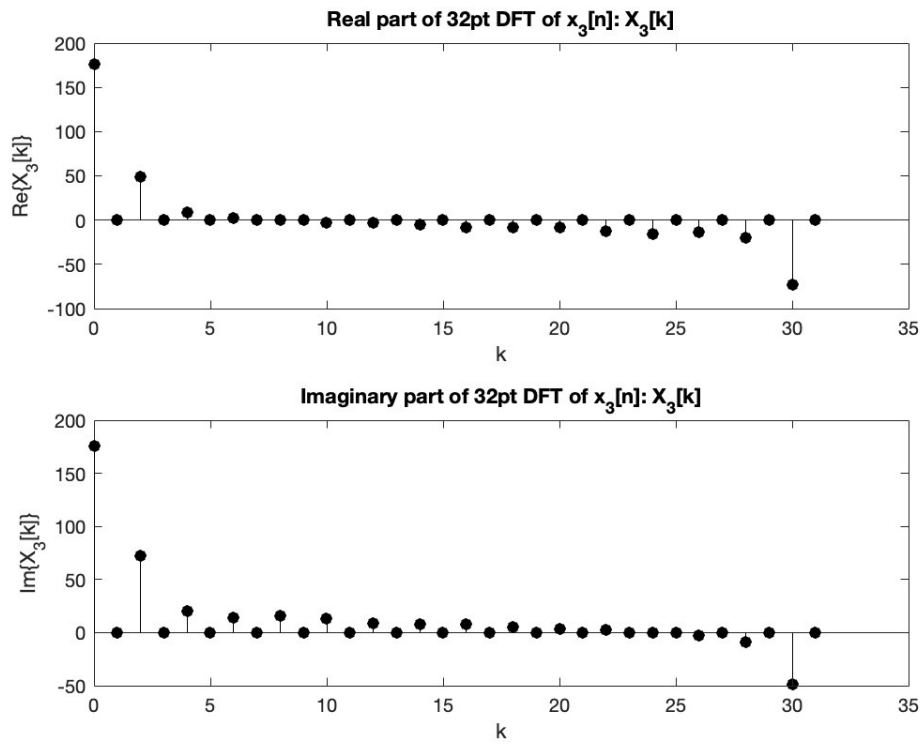
DFTx2\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx2\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
>> DFTx2_0
DFTx2_0 =
Columns 1 through 5
-4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i -8.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 6 through 10
-6.8699 - 1.3665i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i 88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i
Columns 11 through 15
4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i 0.0000 + 8.0000i -1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i
Column 16
-2.7241 + 4.0770i

>> DFTx2_1
DFTx2_1 =
Columns 1 through 5
-4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i -8.0000 - 0.0000i
Columns 6 through 10
-6.8699 - 1.3665i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i 88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i
Columns 11 through 15
4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i -0.0000 + 8.0000i -1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i
Column 16
-2.7241 + 4.0770i
```

## Part C:



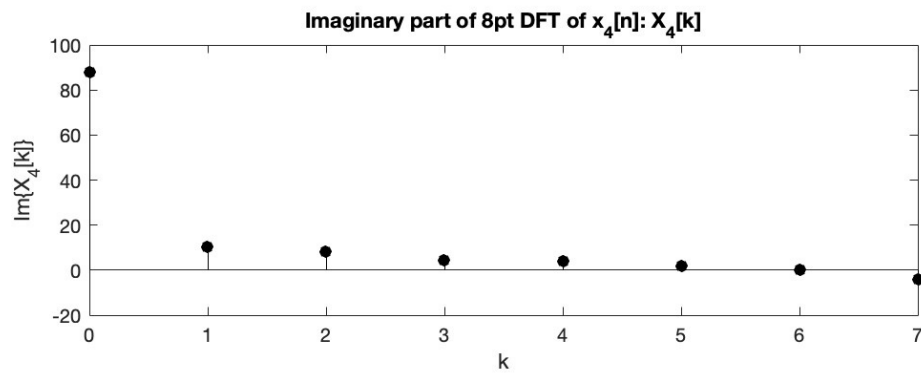
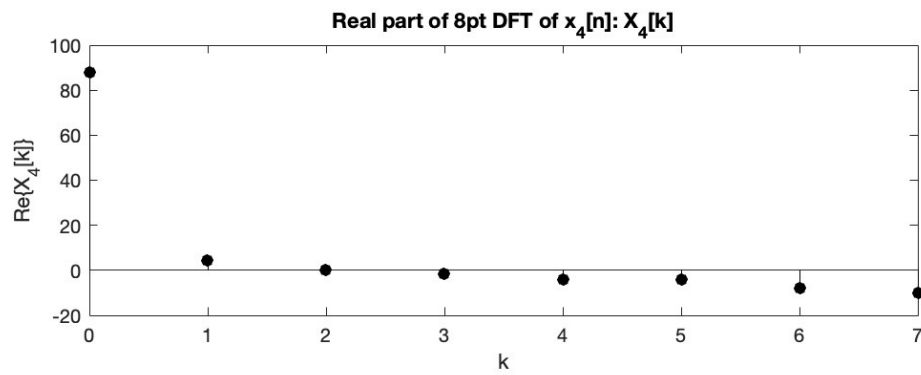
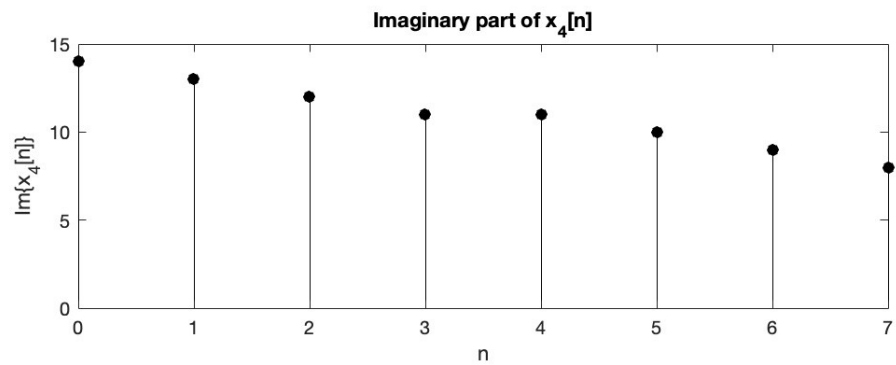
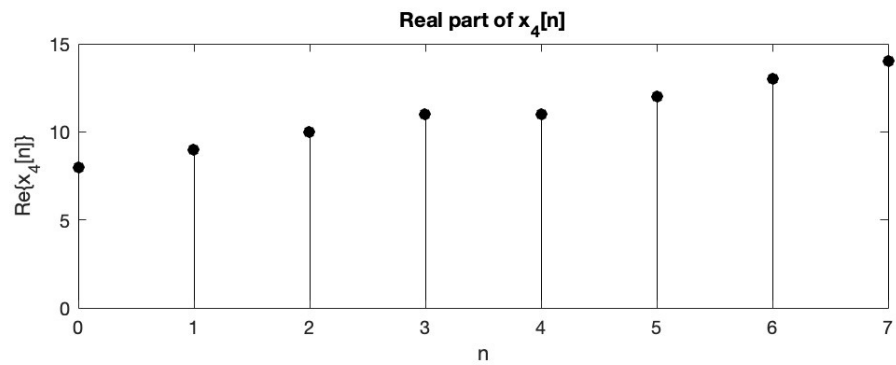


DFTx3\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx3\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
DFTx3_0 =
    1.0e+02 *
Columns 1 through 6
    1.7600 + 1.7600i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i   0.4844 + 0.7249i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i   0.0849 + 0.2049i   -0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 7 through 12
    0.0273 + 0.1374i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0000 + 0.1600i   0.0000 - 0.0000i   -0.0254 + 0.1279i   0.0000 - 0.0000i
Columns 13 through 18
   -0.0351 + 0.0849i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0545 + 0.0815i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i   -0.0800 + 0.0800i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 19 through 24
   -0.0815 + 0.0545i   -0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0849 + 0.0351i   0.0000 - 0.0000i   -0.1279 + 0.0254i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i
Columns 25 through 30
   -0.1600 - 0.0000i   0.0000 - 0.0000i   -0.1374 - 0.0273i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i   -0.2049 - 0.0849i   -0.0000 - 0.0000i
Columns 31 through 32
   -0.7249 - 0.4844i   0.0000 + 0.0000i

DFTx3_1 =
    1.0e+02 *
Columns 1 through 6
    1.7600 + 1.7600i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   0.4844 + 0.7249i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   0.0849 + 0.2049i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 7 through 12
    0.0273 + 0.1374i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0000 + 0.1600i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0254 + 0.1279i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 13 through 18
   -0.0351 + 0.0849i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0545 + 0.0815i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0800 + 0.0800i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 19 through 24
   -0.0815 + 0.0545i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.0849 + 0.0351i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.1279 + 0.0254i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 25 through 30
   -0.1600 - 0.0000i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.1374 - 0.0273i   0.0000 + 0.0000i   -0.2049 - 0.0849i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
Columns 31 through 32
   -0.7249 - 0.4844i   0.0000 + 0.0000i
```

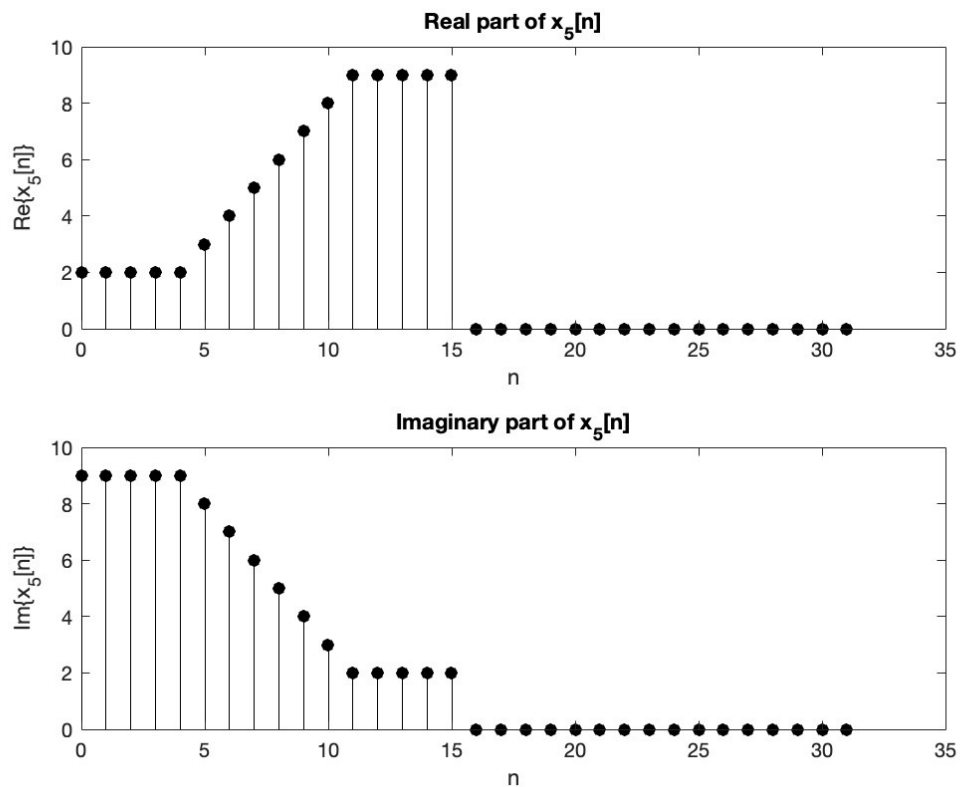
**Part D:**

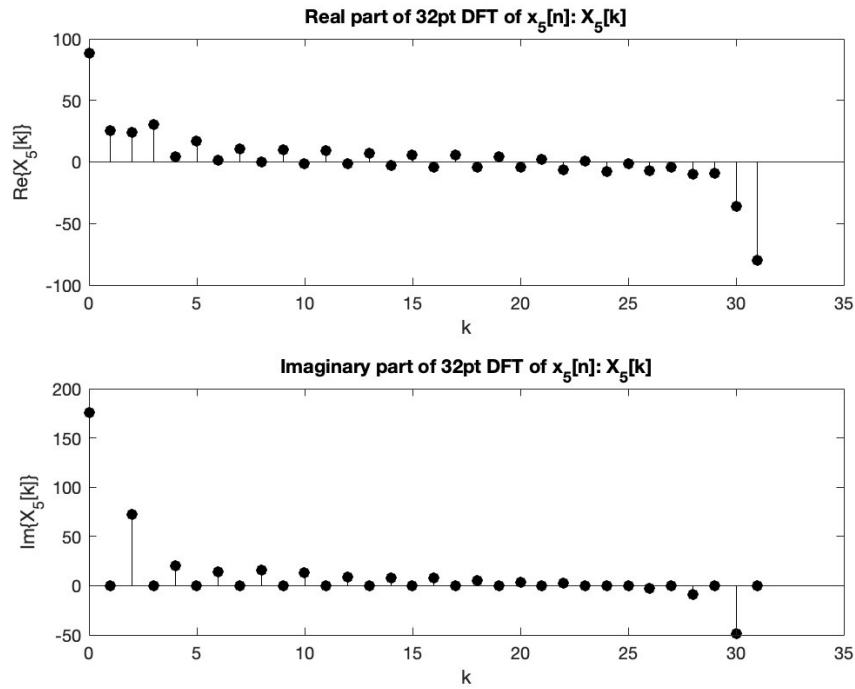


DFTx4\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx4\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
DFTx4_0 =
Columns 1 through 6
88.0000 +88.0000i  4.2426 +10.2426i  -0.0000 + 8.0000i  -1.7574 + 4.2426i  -4.0000 + 4.0000i  -4.2426 + 1.7574i
Columns 7 through 8
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -10.2426 - 4.2426i
>> DFTx4_1
DFTx4_1 =
Columns 1 through 6
88.0000 +88.0000i  4.2426 +10.2426i  -0.0000 + 8.0000i  -1.7574 + 4.2426i  -4.0000 + 4.0000i  -4.2426 + 1.7574i
Columns 7 through 8
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -10.2426 - 4.2426i
```

## Part E:



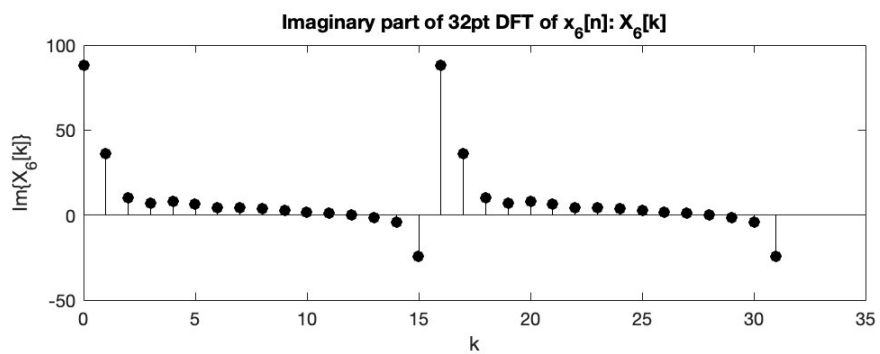
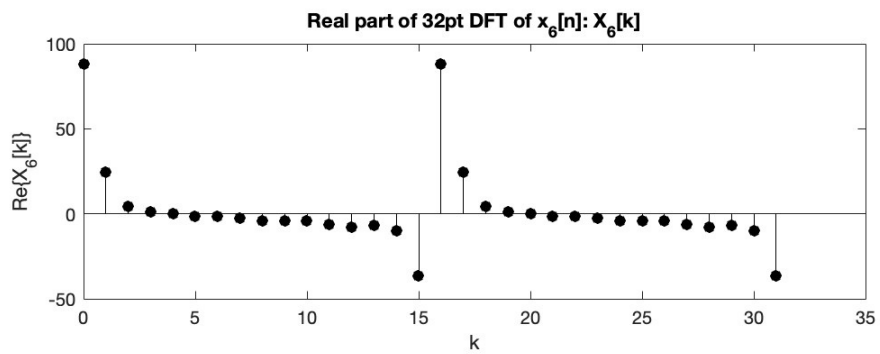
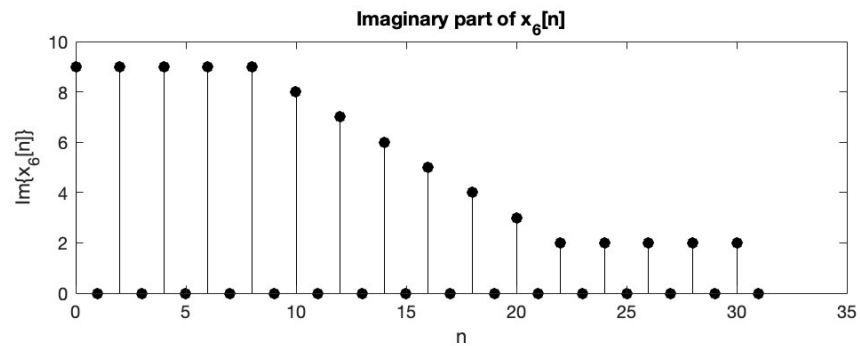
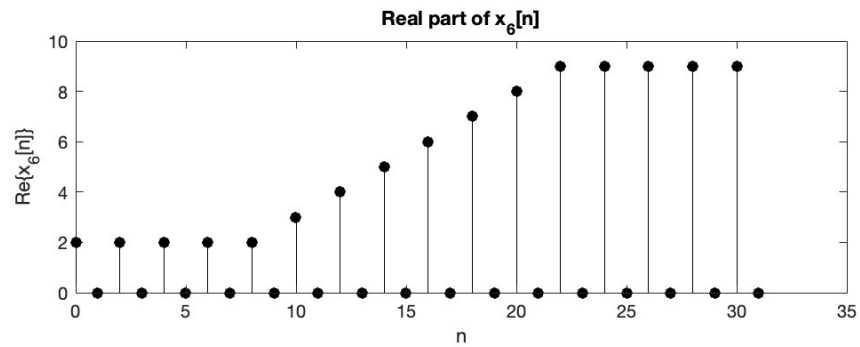


DFTx5\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx5\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
DFTx5_0 =
Columns 1 through 6
88.0000 +88.0000i 25.2493 -20.7215i 24.2191 +36.2464i 30.1578 -16.1197i 4.2426 +10.2426i 16.6737 - 5.0579i
Columns 7 through 12
1.3665 + 6.8699i 10.4617 - 1.0304i -0.0000 + 8.0000i 10.1292 + 0.9976i -1.2722 + 6.3959i 9.2723 + 2.8127i
Columns 13 through 18
-1.7574 + 4.2426i 6.8474 + 3.6600i -2.7241 + 4.0770i 5.6151 + 4.6082i -4.0000 + 4.0000i 5.3084 + 6.4683i
Columns 19 through 24
-4.0770 + 2.7241i 4.0032 + 7.4894i -4.2426 + 1.7574i 2.3076 + 7.6073i -6.3959 + 1.2722i 0.9749 + 9.8983i
Columns 25 through 30
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -1.3732 +13.9419i -6.8699 - 1.3665i -4.5216 +14.9058i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -9.1425 +17.1043i
Columns 31 through 32
-36.2464 -24.2191i -79.9633 +97.4356i

DFTx5_1 =
Columns 1 through 6
88.0000 +88.0000i 25.2493 -20.7215i 24.2191 +36.2464i 30.1578 -16.1197i 4.2426 +10.2426i 16.6737 - 5.0579i
Columns 7 through 12
1.3665 + 6.8699i 10.4617 - 1.0304i -0.0000 + 8.0000i 10.1292 + 0.9976i -1.2722 + 6.3959i 9.2723 + 2.8127i
Columns 13 through 18
-1.7574 + 4.2426i 6.8474 + 3.6600i -2.7241 + 4.0770i 5.6151 + 4.6082i -4.0000 + 4.0000i 5.3084 + 6.4683i
Columns 19 through 24
-4.0770 + 2.7241i 4.0032 + 7.4894i -4.2426 + 1.7574i 2.3076 + 7.6073i -6.3959 + 1.2722i 0.9749 + 9.8983i
Columns 25 through 30
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -1.3732 +13.9419i -6.8699 - 1.3665i -4.5216 +14.9058i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -9.1425 +17.1043i
Columns 31 through 32
-36.2464 -24.2191i -79.9633 +97.4356i
```

## Part F:

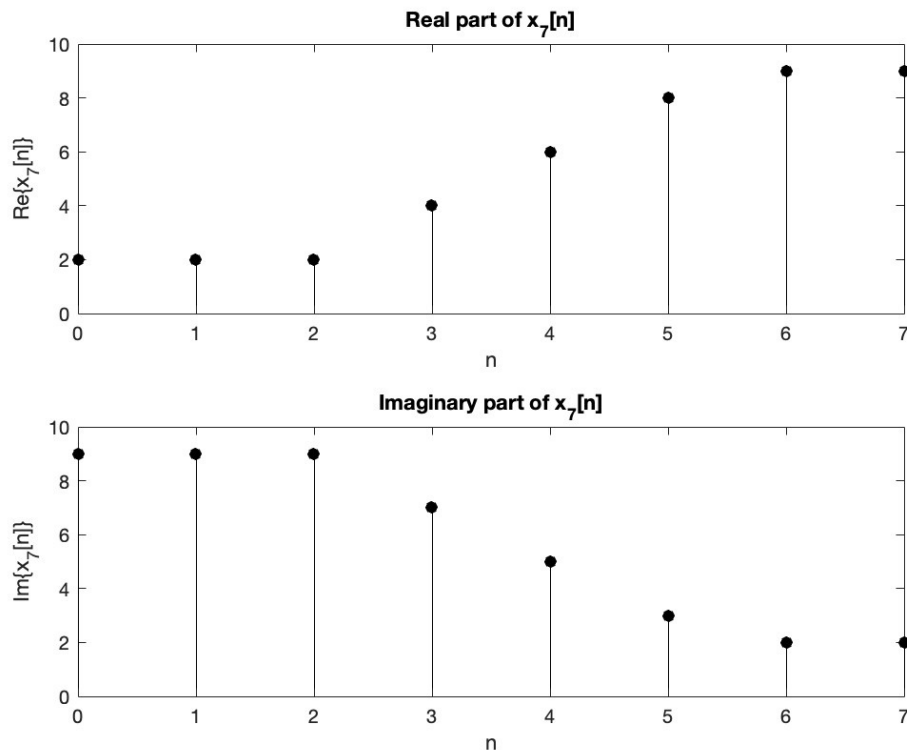


DFTx6\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx6\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

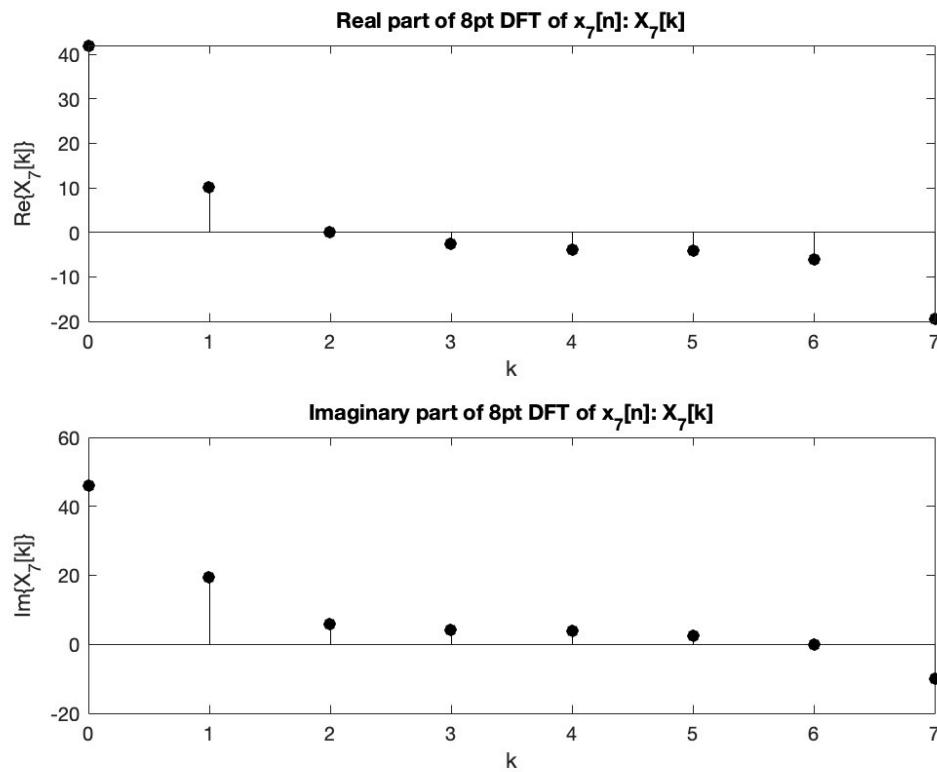
```
DFTx6_0 =
Columns 1 through 7
88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i 4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i -0.0000 + 8.0000i -1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i
Columns 8 through 14
-2.7241 + 4.0770i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i -8.0000 - 0.0000i -6.8699 - 1.3665i
Columns 15 through 21
-10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i 88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i 4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i 0.0000 + 8.0000i
Columns 22 through 28
-1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i -2.7241 + 4.0770i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i
Columns 29 through 32
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -6.8699 - 1.3665i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i

DFTx6_1 =
Columns 1 through 7
88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i 4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i -0.0000 + 8.0000i -1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i
Columns 8 through 14
-2.7241 + 4.0770i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i -8.0000 - 0.0000i -6.8699 - 1.3665i
Columns 15 through 21
-10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i 88.0000 +88.0000i 24.2191 +36.2464i 4.2426 +10.2426i 1.3665 + 6.8699i -0.0000 + 8.0000i
Columns 22 through 28
-1.2722 + 6.3959i -1.7574 + 4.2426i -2.7241 + 4.0770i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0770 + 2.7241i -4.2426 + 1.7574i -6.3959 + 1.2722i
Columns 29 through 32
-8.0000 - 0.0000i -6.8699 - 1.3665i -10.2426 - 4.2426i -36.2464 -24.2191i
```

## Part G:







DFTx7\_0 is the numerically found DFT while the DFTx7\_1 is the computationally found DFT. They are equal as it can be seen.

```
DFTx7_0 =
Columns 1 through 7
42.0000 +46.0000i 10.0711 +19.4853i -0.0000 + 6.0000i -2.5147 + 4.0711i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0711 + 2.5147i -6.0000 - 0.0000i
Column 8
-19.4853 -10.0711i
>> DFTx7_1
DFTx7_1 =
Columns 1 through 7
42.0000 +46.0000i 10.0711 +19.4853i 0.0000 + 6.0000i -2.5147 + 4.0711i -4.0000 + 4.0000i -4.0711 + 2.5147i -6.0000 + 0.0000i
Column 8
-19.4853 -10.0711i
```

### MATLAB Code of HW3

```
%% GENERATING x[n]:
```

```
arr1 = [9 9 9 9 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 2 2 2 2];  
arr1 = 1i.*arr1;  
arr2 = [2 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9];  
x = arr1 + arr2;  
%%-----////
```

```
%% PLOTTING THE REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF x[n]:
```

```
figure(1);  
tiledlayout(2,1);  
  
ax1 = nexttile;  
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(x),'filled','k');  
title("Real part of x[n]");  
ylabel("Re\{x[n]\}");  
xlabel("n");
```

```
ax2 = nexttile;  
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(x),'filled','k');  
title("Imaginary part of x[n]");  
ylabel("Im\{x[n]\}");  
xlabel("n");  
%%-----////
```

```
%% FINDING 16 pt DFT:
```

```
DFTx = 0;  
for q = (0:15)  
    DFTx(1:16) = DFTx + x(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:15)*q/16);  
end
```

```
end
```

```
figure(2);
```

```
tiledlayout(2,1);
```

```
ax1 = nexttile;
```

```
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(DFTx),'filled','k');
```

```
title("Real part of 16pt DFT of x[n]: X[k]");
```

```
ylabel("Re\{X[k]\}");
```

```
xlabel("k");
```

```
ax2 = nexttile;
```

```
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(DFTx),'filled','k');
```

```
title("Imaginary part of 16pt DFT of x[n]: X[k]");
```

```
ylabel("Im\{X[k]\}");
```

```
xlabel("k");
```

```
%% -----////
```

```
%% Part a:
```

```
x1((0:15)+1) = x(15-(0:15)+1);
```

```
figure(3);
```

```
tiledlayout(2,1);
```

```
ax1 = nexttile;
```

```
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(x1),'filled','k');
```

```
title("Real part of x_{1}[n]");
```

```
ylabel("Re\{x_{1}[n]\}");
```

```
xlabel("n");
```

```
ax2 = nexttile;
```

```
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(x1),'filled','k');
```

```
title("Imaginary part of x_{1}[n]");
```

```
ylabel("Im\{x_{1}[n]\}");
```

```
xlabel("n");
```

```

DFTx1_0 = 0;
for q = (0:15)
    DFTx1_0(1:16) = DFTx1_0 + x1(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:15)*q/16);
end

```

```

k = 0:15;
DFTx1_1(k+1) = DFTx(mod(-(k),16)+1).*exp(2*pi*1i*mod(k,16)/16);

```

```

figure(4);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(DFTx1_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 16pt DFT of x_{1}[n]: X_{1}[k]");
ylabel("Re\{X_{1}[k]\}");
xlabel("k");

```

```

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(DFTx1_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 16pt DFT of x_{1}[n]: X_{1}[k]");
ylabel("Im\{X_{1}[k]\}");
xlabel("k");

```

```

%%-----////

```

```

%% Part b:

```

```

x2((0:15)+1) = x((0:15)+1).*(-1).^(0:15);

```

```

figure(5);
tiledlayout(2,1);

```

```

ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(x2),'filled','k');
title("Real part of x_{2}[n]");
ylabel("Re\{x_{2}[n]\}");
xlabel("n");

```

```

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(x2),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of  $x_{[n]}$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $x_{[n]}$ \}");
xlabel("n");

DFTx2_0 = 0;
for q = (0:15)
    DFTx2_0(1:16) = DFTx2_0 + x2(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:15)*q/16);
end

k = 0:15;
DFTx2_1(k+1) = DFTx(mod((k+8),16)+1);

figure(6);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:15),real(DFTx2_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 16pt DFT of  $x_{[n]}$ :  $X_{[k]}$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $X_{[k]}$ \}");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:15),imag(DFTx2_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 16pt DFT of  $x_{[n]}$ :  $X_{[k]}$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $X_{[k]}$ \}");
xlabel("k");

%%-----////

%% Part c:
x3((0:15)+1) = x((0:15)+1);
x3((16:31)+1) = x((0:15)+1);

```

```

figure(7);
tiledlayout(2,1);

ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(x3),'filled','k');
title("Real part of  $x_{3}[n]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $x_{3}[n]\}$ ");
xlabel("n");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(x3),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of  $x_{3}[n]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $x_{3}[n]\}$ ");
xlabel("n");

DFTx3_0 = 0;
for q = (0:31)
    DFTx3_0(1:32) = DFTx3_0 + x3(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:31)*q/32);
end

DFTx3_1(2*(0:15)+1) = 2*DFTx((0:15)+1);
DFTx3_1(2*(0:15)+2) = 0;

figure(8);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(DFTx3_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 32pt DFT of  $x_{3}[n]$ :  $X_{3}[k]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $X_{3}[k]\}$ ");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(DFTx3_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 32pt DFT of  $x_{3}[n]$ :  $X_{3}[k]$ ");

```

```

ylabel("Im\{X_{3}[k]\}");
xlabel("k");

%%-----///

%% Part d:
x4((0:7)+1) = x((0:7)+1) + x((0:7)+9);

figure(9);
tiledlayout(2,1);

ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:7),real(x4),'filled','k');
title("Real part of x_{4}[n]");
ylabel("Re\{x_{4}[n]\}");
xlabel("n");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:7),imag(x4),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of x_{4}[n]");
ylabel("Im\{x_{4}[n]\}");
xlabel("n");

DFTx4_0 = 0;
for q = (0:7)
    DFTx4_0(1:8) = DFTx4_0 + x4(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:7)*q/8);
end

k = 0:7;
DFTx4_1(k+1) = DFTx(2*k+1);

figure(10);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:7),real(DFTx4_1),'filled','k');

```

```

title("Real part of 8pt DFT of  $x_4[n]$ :  $X_4[k]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $X_4[k]$ \}");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:7),imag(DFTx4_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 8pt DFT of  $x_4[n]$ :  $X_4[k]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $X_4[k]$ \}");
xlabel("k");

%%-----////

%% Part e:
x5((0:15)+1) = x((0:15)+1);
x5((16:31)+1) = 0+0i;

figure(11);
tiledlayout(2,1);

ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(x5),'filled','k');
title("Real part of  $x_5[n]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $x_5[n]$ \}");
xlabel("n");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(x5),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of  $x_5[n]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $x_5[n]$ \}");
xlabel("n");

DFTx5_0 = 0;
for q = (0:31)
    DFTx5_0(1:32) = DFTx5_0 + x5(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:31)*q/32);
end

```



```

DFTx5_1 = (0:31)*0;
for m = (0:31)
    for k = (0:15)
        if 2*k-m == 0
            DFTx5_1(m+1) = DFTx(k+1);
        else
            DFTx5_1(m+1) = DFTx5_1(m+1) + DFTx(k+1)*(1-(-1)^(2*k-m))/(1-exp(1i*pi*(2*k-m)/16))/16;
        end
    end
end
end

```

```

figure(12);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(DFTx5_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 32pt DFT of x_{5}[n]: X_{5}[k]");
ylabel("Re\{X_{5}[k]\}");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(DFTx3_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 32pt DFT of x_{5}[n]: X_{5}[k]");
ylabel("Im\{X_{5}[k]\}");
xlabel("k");

```

```

%%-----////

```

```

%% Part f:

```

```

x6((0:2:31)+1) = x((0:15)+1);
x6((0:2:31)+2) = 0;

```

```

figure(13);
tiledlayout(2,1);

ax1 = nexttile;

```

```

stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(x6),'filled','k');
title("Real part of  $x_{\{6\}}[n]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $x_{\{6\}}[n]\}$ ");
xlabel("n");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(x6),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of  $x_{\{6\}}[n]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $x_{\{6\}}[n]\}$ ");
xlabel("n");

DFTx6_0 = 0;
for q = (0:31)
    DFTx6_0(1:32) = DFTx6_0 + x6(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:31)*q/32);
end

DFTx6_1 = DFTx(mod(0:31,16)+1);

figure(14);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:31),real(DFTx6_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 32pt DFT of  $x_{\{6\}}[n]$ :  $X_{\{6\}}[k]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $X_{\{6\}}[k]\}$ ");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:31),imag(DFTx6_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 32pt DFT of  $x_{\{6\}}[n]$ :  $X_{\{6\}}[k]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $X_{\{6\}}[k]\}$ ");
xlabel("k");

%%-----////

%% Part g:
x7((0:7)+1) = x((0:2:15)+1);

```

```

figure(15);
tiledlayout(2,1);

ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:7),real(x7),'filled','k');
title("Real part of  $x_7[n]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $x_7[n]$ \}");
xlabel("n");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:7),imag(x7),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of  $x_7[n]$ ");
ylabel("Im\{ $x_7[n]$ \}");
xlabel("n");

DFTx7_0 = 0;
for q = (0:7)
    DFTx7_0(1:8) = DFTx7_0 + x7(q+1)*exp(-2*pi*1i*(0:7)*q/8);
end

k = 0:7;
DFTx7_1(k+1) = 0.5*(DFTx(k+1)+DFTx(k+9));

figure(16);
tiledlayout(2,1);
ax1 = nexttile;
stem(ax1,(0:1:7),real(DFTx7_1),'filled','k');
title("Real part of 8pt DFT of  $x_7[n]$ :  $X_7[k]$ ");
ylabel("Re\{ $X_7[k]$ \}");
xlabel("k");

ax2 = nexttile;
stem(ax2,(0:1:7),imag(DFTx7_1),'filled','k');
title("Imaginary part of 8pt DFT of  $x_7[n]$ :  $X_7[k]$ ");

```

```
ylabel("Im\{X_{7}[k]\}");
```

```
xlabel("k");
```

```
% %-----//
```