# Section 1

## Question 1

Tag Checker Problem

Answer

Please open the project name as "HtmlChecker"

# Section 2

### Question

Provide a concise functional overview of the code excerpt mentioned below,

#### Answer

Please open the project name as "Section2Solution"

# Section 3

## Question 1

Develop a recursive function that iterates through a directory and executes an arbitrary action on each identified file

#### Answer

Please open project "Section3Question1"

## **Question 2**

Design a database to keep track of student's subjects and marks. Each student will be enrolled in 1 or more courses and will have written 0 or more tests per course. The data provided will be:

Student number

Student Name

Course Number

Course Name

Test date

Test Mark

## Answer

Please open the "DB diagram.jpg" file to view the diagram drawn for the given information and below tables are given with sample data.

# $tbl\_Students$

Id	Number	Name
1	10-16235-1	A
2	10-16233-1	В

3 10-16322-1 C	
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## tbl\_Courses

Id	Number	Name
1	CS101	C. F
2	CS102	PL 1
3	CS103	PL 2

## tbl\_StudentCourses

Id	StudentId	CourseId
1	1	1
2	1	3
3	2	2
4	2	1
5	2	3
6	3	1

# tbl\_StudentCourseTests

id	StudentCouresId	TestDate	TestMark
1	1	23/05/2020	70
2	3	25/05/2020	80
3	4	27/05/2020	60

# Section 4

# **Question 1**

What is shared memory and when will you use it?

## Answer

Shared memory for software is a way for different programs to communicate and pass data without more overhead from communications processes. With shared memory, one program writes to the shared memory any data it needs another program to receive.

For example, if Program A wants to give a list to Program B, it saves the data in shared memory and marks it with a semaphore or other flagging system to signal that it is ready to be read by Program B.

When Program B finds the file, it checks the semaphore to see if it is allowed to touch that file. If allowed, then it does what it needs to do to the file, puts it in shared memory or updates it. It also updates the semaphore, so that Program A knows that it should take the file.

# **Question 2**

What are the restrictions, if any, in C# OOP?

### Answer

C# does not support multiple-inheritance. But you can use Interfaces.

## **Question 3**

Give an example, in your own words, of polymorphism and when it should be used **Answer**:

The word "poly" means many and "morphs" means forms, So it means many forms. Polymorphism allows us to perform a single action in different ways. In other words, polymorphism allows you to define one interface and have multiple implementations.

The main benefit of polymorphism is that it simplifies the programming interface. It permits conventions to be established that can be reused in class after class

### **Ouestion 4**

Please provide a practical example of interface implementation in C#, describing exactly what benefits you would achieve through your design

#### **Answer:**

By using interfaces it can achieve multiple inheritance. It is also used to achieve loose coupling and also accessing objects using interfaces, implementation hiding, and extensibility. Interfaces are used to implement abstraction.

Practical example given bellow

### **Home Controller class**

```
public class HomeController : ControllerBase
{
    IHomeService _homeService;

    public HomeController(IHomeService homeService) {
        _homeService = homeService;
    }
}
```

```
[HttpGet]
  public ActionResult Get()
    ReadJsonDto readJsonDto = _homeService.ReadJsonFile();
    if (readJsonDto !=null)
       return Ok(readJsonDto);
    else
       return NotFound();
  [HttpPost]
  public IActionResult Post([FromBody] ReadJsonDto readJsonDto)
    Boolean result = _homeService.save(readJsonDto);
    if (result)
    {
       return Ok(readJsonDto);
    else
       return NotFound();
}
```

## **Home interface Service**

```
public interface IHomeService
{
    ReadJsonDto ReadJsonFIle();
    Boolean save(ReadJsonDto readJsonDto);
}
```

## **Home Service**

```
public class HomeService: IHomeService
  {
    public readonly string filePath = @"D:\test\file\jsonFileSaving.json";
    public ReadJsonDto ReadJsonFIle()
       ReadJsonDto readJsonDto = new ReadJsonDto();
         if (File.Exists(filePath))
            string file = File.ReadAllText(filePath);
            readJsonDto = Newtonsoft.Json.JsonConvert.DeserializeObject<ReadJsonDto>(file);
          }
         else
            readJsonDto = null;
       }catch (Exception ex)
         readJsonDto = null;
       return readJsonDto;
 public Boolean ReadJsonFIleById(int id)
       Console.WriteLine("hello world " +id);
        return true;
    public Boolean save(ReadJsonDto readJsonDto)
       try
         var jsonFormattedContent =
Newtonsoft.Json.JsonConvert.SerializeObject(readJsonDto);
         if (File.Exists(filePath) == false)
            File.WriteAllText(filePath, jsonFormattedContent);
          }
         else
            File.Delete(filePath);
```

```
File.WriteAllText(filePath, jsonFormattedContent);
}
return true;
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
    return false;
}
}
```